

COMODO
Creating Trust Online®



Comodo Certificate Manager

Version 5.9

RAO Administrator Guide

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1 Introduction to Comodo Certificate Manager

Comodo Certificate Manager (CCM) centralizes and streamlines the life-cycle management of web-server, S/MIME, code signing and Device Authentication certificates through a unified interface. The system features full integration with Comodo Certificate Authority and enables nominated administrators to manage the lifespan, issuance, deployment, renewal and revocation of certificates on an Organization, Department and per-user basis. By consolidating and automating the often disparate processes involved in complex enterprise wide PKI deployments, CCM reduces the need for manual certificate management and thus creates a more efficient, productive and secure certification environment.

1.1 Guide Structure

This guide is intended to take you through the step-by-step process of Organization, configuration and use of Comodo CM service.

- Section 1, **Introduction to Comodo Certificate Manager** - Contains a high level overview of the solution and serves as an introduction to the main themes and concepts that are discussed in more detail later in the guide - including security roles, Organizations, Reports and a summary of the main areas of the interface.
- Section 2, **The Dashboard** - Contains an overview of the dashboard that provides an at-a-glance graphical summary of key life-cycle information (such as certificates approaching expiry, certificates issued/requested and DCV status).
- Section 3, **Certificates Management** - Contains an overview of the area's main functionality and detailed explanations on how to request, collect and manage SSL certificates for web-servers and hosts, client certificates for employees and corporate clients (end-users) and code signing certificates for digitally signing executables and scripts
- Section 4, **Code Signing on Demand** - Contains an overview of the area's main functionality and detailed explanations on how to enroll developers, issue code signing certificates for them and code signing executables and script files without the need for developer downloading their certificate. The feature is available only if enabled for your account. Contact your **Master Administrator** or Comodo Account manager if you wish to enable this feature for you.
- Section 5, **Admin Management** - Covers the creation and management of Certificate Service Manager administrators and the assigning of privileges and responsibilities to those administrators.
- Section 6, **Settings** - Contains overviews and tutorials pertaining to the functional areas housed under the 'Settings' tab, including guidance on how to **edit an Organization**, **manage Organizations**, **add domains** and associate them with an Organization or Department, set up **Notifications**, manage **Encryption** settings, and managing **Assignment rules** for auto-assignment of unmanaged certificates to required Organizations and Departments. To view detailed information about each area, click on the links below:
 - **Organizations**
 - **Departments**
 - **Domains**
 - **Encryption and Key Escrow**
 - **Notifications**
 - **Assignment Rules**

- Section 7, **Certificate Discovery and Agents** - explains how to scan and monitor a network for all installed SSL certificates including certificates that may or may not have been issued using Comodo CM, any third party vendor certificates and any self-signed certificates. This section also explains how to download and install agents that are used for automatic installation of certificates and for certificate scan.
- Section 7, The **Reports** section - Contains an overview of the area, descriptions of each report type and guidance on how to access the required report type.
- Section 9, **Version and Feature information** - explains how to view the version of CCM and the features enabled for the subscription.
- Section 9, **My Profile** - explains how to changes the time format and the password.
- Section 10, **Logging out** of Comodo Certificate Manager explains the process for logging out.

1.2 Definitions of Terms

1.2.1 Organizations and Departments

Organizations and Departments are created by administrators for the purposes of requesting, issuing and managing Comodo digital certificates. Each Organization can have multiple Departments. Organizations are typically managed by a Registration Authority Officer (RAO) while Departments are typically managed by a Department Registration Authority Officer (DRAO).

Once an Organization or Department has been created:

- Appropriately privileged administrators can request and delegate domains to that Organization/Department
- Appropriately privileged administrators can request, approve/decline requests and manage certificates on behalf of that Organization or Department.
- End-users can enroll into (or be assigned membership of) that Organization or Department and be provisioned with client certificates

1.2.2 Certificate Types

Comodo Certificate Manager can be used to request and manage the following types of digital certificate:

SSL Certificates - SSL Certificates are used to secure communications between a website, host or server and end-users that are connecting to that server. An SSL certificate will confirm the identity of the Organization that is operating the website; encrypt all information passed between the site and the visitor and will ensure the integrity of all transmitted data.

Client Certificates - Client certificates are issued to individuals and can be used to encrypt and digitally sign email messages; to digitally sign documents and files and to authenticate the identity of an individual prior to granting them access to secure online services.

Code Signing Certificates - Code Signing Certificates are used to digitally sign software executables and scripts. Doing so helps users to confirm that the software is 'genuine' by verifying content source (authentication of the publisher of the software) and content integrity that the software has not been modified, corrupted or hacked since the time it was originally signed.

Device Certificates - Device authentication certificates are issued to desktop and mobile devices to authenticate those devices to networks and VPNs. Device certificates can be issued to devices that are enrolled to an AD server via NDES; by over-the-air enrollment through SCEP, by API integration or by self enrollment by the end-user.

1.2.3 Administrative Roles

There are 2 classes of Administrator in Comodo Certificate Manager:

- **Registration Authority Officer (RAO)** - A Registration Authority Officer (RAO) manages the certificates and end-users belonging to one or more CCM Organizations. They have control over the certificates that are ordered on behalf of their Organization(s); over Domains that have been delegated to their Organization/Dept; over any Departments of their Organization and over that Organization's end-user membership. RAOs can also create peer RAOs for their Organizations and edit or remove existing RAOs of their Organizations, if appropriate privileges are assigned by the **Master Administrator**.
- **Department Registration Authority Officer (DRAO)** - Department Registration Authority Officers are created by, and subordinate to, the RAO class of Administrator. They are assigned control over the certificates, users and domains belonging to a Department(s) of an Organization. DRAOs can also create peer DRAOs for their Departments and edit or remove existing RAOs of their Departments, if appropriate privileges are assigned by the RAO or the **Master Administrator**.

RAO and DRAO administrators are sub-divided into specific roles by certificate type:

- **RAO SSL administrators**
- **RAO S/MIME administrators**
- **RAO Code Signing administrators**
- **RAO Device Cert administrators**
- **DRAO SSL administrators**
- **DRAO S/MIME administrators**
- **DRAO Code Signing administrators**
- **DRAO Device Cert administrators**

The privileges of any particular CCM administrator are, therefore, broadly defined by the elements described in sections **1.2.1**, **1.2.2** and **1.2.3**:

1. The Organization or Department that they are delegated to
2. The specific type of certificate that they are delegated responsibility for
3. Their specific administrative class (whether they are an RAO or a DRAO)

CCM also uses the following terms to identify personnel:

- **End-User**
- **Owner**
- **Requester**
- **Developer**

The following tables contains detailed summaries of the privileges that apply to each type of administrator and also features descriptions of the 'end-user', 'owner' and 'requester' and 'developer' types of personnel.

RAO Administrators

Security Role / Type of Administrator	Definition
RAO SSL (Registration Authority Officer - SSL Certificates)	Administrators with the security role 'RAO SSL' have privileges to request and manage SSL certificates for domains that have been delegated to their Organization. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RAO SSL admins have visibility and control over SSL certificates for Organizations that have delegated to them. They can approve or decline requests for SSL certificates that have been made using the Self-Enrollment form for their Organization(s) and sub-ordinate Department(s). • RAO SSL admins can upload private keys of SSL certificates

Security Role / Type of Administrator	Definition
	<p>belonging to their organizations and their sub-ordinate departments for management by Private Key Store, configured in the local network. They can also download the private keys of the certificates.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • They have no access to manage SSL certificates belonging to Organizations for which they have not been granted permissions. • RAO SSL admins can only manage SSL Certificates and have no privileges to manage other certificate types (such as client certificates, code signing certificates and device certificates) - including those that belong to the Organization that he or she is the SSL Administrator of. • RAO SSL admins will see only those Organizations that have been delegated to them in the 'Organizations' area. • RAO SSL admins cannot create new Organizations. Neither can they edit the General settings of any Organization - even those Organizations of which they are SSL Certificate administrator. • RAO SSL administrators can create Departments only within Organizations that have been delegated to them. • RAO SSL admins cannot approve or request the creation of administrators that have more privileges than themselves. They can: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Request the creation of fellow RAO SSL admins only for Organizations that have been delegated to them if the Master Administrator has enabled this feature for them • Request and approve the creation of DRAO SSL admins • Cannot request or approve the creation of any type of administrator for Organizations that have not been delegated to them • Cannot request or approve creation of administrators of any other certificate type - even for those Organizations that have been delegated to them • RAO SSL admins can delegate Domains to sub-ordinate Departments of Organizations that they have been delegated to them. • RAO SSL admins can initiate DCV process for the Domains delegated to sub-ordinate Departments of Organizations that they administrate if they were given 'Allow DCV' privileges. RAO SSL with 'Allow DCV' privileges can be created only by the Master Administrator. • RAO SSL Admins can setup Certificate Controller Agents in a local network for scanning internal hosts with internally facing IP addresses for installed SSL certificates for the Organization(s) that are delegated to them and any sub-ordinate Departments there of. Agents also facilitate the

Security Role / Type of Administrator	Definition
	<p>automatic installation of SSL certificates on Apache Httpd, Apache Tomcat and IIS web servers.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RAO SSL Admins can view the network assets like certificates installed on various servers and endpoints and web servers with websites/domains hosted on them, as identified by manual or scheduled discovery scans configured for the networks belonging to their Organizations (and their subordinate Departments). • RAO SSL Admins can assign unmanaged SSL certificates identified by discovery scans to their Organizations and Departments, in order to bring them under management through CCM. • RAO SSL admins can view the SSL certificates Reports and Certificate Discovery Reports for the Organization that they were assigned rights to. • RAO SSL admins cannot access or manage 'Settings' > 'Encryption' as this can only be managed by those with 'RAO S/MIME' role. • RAO SSL admins can view Activity Logs only for their Organization(s). <p>An 'at-a-glance' summary of Administrator security roles and access rights is available here.</p>
<p>RAO S/MIME (Registration Authority Officer - S/MIME Certificates)</p>	<p>Administrators with the security role 'RAO S/MIME' have privileges to access, manage, request and approve the requests of Client Certificates for domains that have been delegated to their Organization</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RAO S/MIME admins have visibility and control over the client certificates belonging to End-Users of the Organizations for which they have been assigned rights. They have no access to manage the Client Certificates of End-Users that belong to Organizations which they have not been granted permissions. • RAO S/MIME admins can only manage S/MIME certificates and have no privileges to manage other certificate types (such as SSL Certificates, Code Signing Certificates and Device certificates) - including those that belong to the Organization of which they are S/MIME Administrator. • RAO S/MIME admins will see only those Organizations that have been delegated to them in the 'Organizations' area. • RAO S/MIME admins cannot create new Organizations. Neither can they edit the General settings of any Organization - even those Organizations of which they are S/MIME administrator. • RAO S/MIME admins can request the Master administrator or their Account Manager for different types of client certificates with different capabilities to be added to their Organization. For example, 'Signing Only', 'Encryption Only', 'Dual Use' (Signing + Encryption), 'Smart Card Logon and Authentication' and more. It also possible to create custom client certificate types with combinations of capabilities. RAOs can also restrict

Security Role / Type of Administrator	Definition
	<p>issuance of types of client certificates to end-users belonging to their organization.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RAO S/MIME administrators can create Departments only within Organizations that have been delegated to them • RAO S/MIME admins cannot approve or request the creation of administrators that have more privileges than themselves. They can: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Request the creation of fellow RAO S/MIME admins only for Organizations that have been delegated to them if the Master Administrator has enabled this feature for them • Request and approve the creation of DRAO S/MIME admins • Cannot request or approve the creation of any type of administrator for Organizations that have not been delegated to them • Cannot request or approve creation of administrators of any other certificate type - even for those Organizations that have been delegated to them • RAO S/MIME admins can delegate Domains to subordinate Departments of Organizations that have been delegated to them. • When creating a new Department, an RAO S/MIME admin can: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enable or disable the ability of RAO S/MIME admins (themselves) to recover the private keys of client certificates that belong to this Department • Enable or disable the ability of DRAO S/MIME admins to recover the private keys of client certificates that belong to this Department • All or any combination of the above • RAO S/MIME admins can only view Activity Logs for their Organization. • An 'at-a-glance' summary of Administrator security roles and access rights is available here.
<p>RAO Code Signing (Registration Authority Officer - Code Signing Certificates)</p>	<p>Administrators with the security role 'RAO Code Signing' have privileges to access, manage, request and approve the requests of Code Signing Certificates for domains that have been delegated to their Organization</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RAO Code Signing Administrators have visibility and control over the code signing certificates belonging to End-Users of the Organization for which they have been assigned rights. They have no access to manage the Code Signing Certificates of End-Users that belong to Organizations of which they have not been granted permissions. • RAO Code Signing admins can only manage Code Signing Certificates. They have no privileges to manage other types

Security Role / Type of Administrator	Definition
	<p>such as SSL, S/MIME or Device certificates - including those SSL/S/MIME/Device certificates belonging to the Organization of which they are Code Signing Certificate Administrator.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RAO Code Signing admins will see only those Organizations that have been delegated to them in the 'Organizations' area. • RAO Code Signing admins cannot create new Organizations. Neither can they edit the General settings of any Organization - even those Organizations of which they are Code Signing Certificate administrator. • RAO Code Signing administrators can create Departments only within Organizations that have been delegated to them • RAO Code Signing admins cannot approve or request the creation of administrators that have more privileges than themselves. They can: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Request the creation of fellow RAO Code Signing admins only for Organizations that have been delegated to them if the Master Administrator has enabled this feature for them • Request and approve the creation of DRAO Code Signing admins • Cannot request or approve the creation of any type of administrator for Organizations that have not been delegated to them • Cannot request or approve creation of administrators of any other certificate type - even for those Organizations that have been delegated to them • RAO Code Signing admins cannot access or manage 'Settings' > 'Encryption' as this can only be managed by those with 'RAO S/MIME' role. • RAO Code Signing admins can delegate Domains to sub-ordinate Departments of Organizations that have been delegated to them. • RAO Code Signing admins can create developers for Code Signing on Demand (CSD) service and approve code signing requests generated by developers only for the Organization(s) (and their sub-ordinate Departments) that are delegated to them. (Applicable only if CSD service is enabled for your account). • RAO Code Signing admins can only view Activity Logs for their Organization. • An 'at-a-glance' summary of Administrator security roles and access rights is available here.
<p>RAO Device Cert (Registration Authority Officer - Device Certificates)</p>	<p>Administrators with the security role 'RAO Device Cert' have privileges to access, manage, request and approve the requests of Device Certificates for devices enrolled to the Active Directory servers or networks belonging to the Organization(and their sub-ordinate Departments) delegated to them.</p>

Security Role / Type of Administrator	Definition
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RAO Device Cert admins have visibility and control over the device certificates issued to the devices belonging to the Organization for which they have been assigned rights. They have no access to manage the device certificates that belong to Organizations of which they have not been granted permissions. • RAO Device Cert admins can only manage device certs. They have no privileges to manage other types such as SSL S/MIME or code signing certificates - including those SSL/S/MIME/code signing certificates belonging to the Organization of which they are Device Certificate Administrator. • RAO Device Cert admins will see only those Organizations that have been delegated to them in the 'Organizations' area. • RAO Device Cert admins cannot create new Organizations. Neither can they edit the General settings of any Organization - even those Organizations of which they are Device Certificate administrator. • RAO Device Cert administrators can create Departments only within Organizations that have been delegated to them • RAO Code Signing admins cannot approve or request the creation of administrators that have more privileges than themselves. They can: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Request the creation of fellow RAO Device Cert admins only for Organizations that have been delegated to them if MRAO has enabled this feature for them • Request and approve the creation of DRAO Device Cert admins • Cannot request or approve the creation of any type of administrator for Organizations that have not been delegated to them • Cannot request or approve creation of administrators of any other certificate type - even for those Organizations that have been delegated to them • RAO Device Cert Admins can delegate Domains to subordinate Departments of Organizations that they administrate. • RAO Device Cert admins can approve requests for device certificates from MS Agents (installed on AD servers with AD CS/NDES role) or directly from the Devices through SCEP for request and issuance of Device Certificates. • RAO Device Cert admins can enable their Organizations / Departments for enrollment of device certificates via SCEP • RAO Device Cert admins can only view Activity Logs for their Organization. • An 'at-a-glance' summary of Administrator security roles and access rights is available here.

DRAO Administrators

Security Role / Type of Administrator	Definition
<p>DRAO SSL (Department Registration Authority Officer - SSL Certificates)</p>	<p>Administrators with the security role 'DRAO SSL' have privileges to access, manage and request SSL certificates for domains that have been delegated to their Department by an RAO</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DRAO SSL admins have visibility and control over SSL certificates that belong to their delegated Department(s). A DRAO SSL admin can only request SSL certificates for domains that have been delegated to their Department. They can approve or decline requests for SSL certificates made using the Self-Enrollment form for their Department(s). • DRAO SSL admins can upload private keys of SSL certificates belonging to their sub-ordinate Department(s) for management by Private Key Store, configured in the local network. They can also download the private keys of the certificates. • They have no access to manage SSL certificates belonging to Departments for which they have not been granted permissions. They will only see their own Departments(s) listed in the 'Departments' area. The 'Organizations' area is not visible to DRAOs. • DRAO SSL admins have no visibility of and cannot request certificates of any other type - including those other certificate types that belong to the Department of which they are DRAO SSL . • It is possible for an RAO to make the same individual a 'DRAO S/MIME' , 'DRAO SSL', and a 'DRAO Code Signing' for the same Department during the Admin creation or editing process (for more details, see section Admin Management). • DRAO SSL admins cannot request the creation of administrators that have more privileges than themselves. They can: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Request the creation of fellow DRAO SSL admins only for Departments that have been delegated to them if the RAO administrator has enabled this feature for them • Cannot request the creation of any type of administrator for Departments that have not been delegated to them • Cannot request creation of administrators of any other certificate type - even for those Departments that have been delegated to them • DRAO SSL admins can initiate DCV process for the Domains delegated to their Department(s) they administrate if they were given 'Allow DCV' privileges. DRAO SSL admin with such privileges can be created only by Master Administrator or RAO SSL having the same privilege. • DRAO SSL Admins can setup Certificate Controller Agents in a local network for scanning internal hosts with internally facing IP addresses for installed SSL certificates for the

Security Role / Type of Administrator	Definition
	<p>Department(s) that are delegated to them. Agents also facilitate the automatic installation of SSL certificates on Apache, Apache Tomcat and IIS web servers..</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DRAO SSL Admins can view the network assets like certificates installed on various servers and endpoints and web servers with websites/domains hosted from them, as identified by manual or scheduled discovery scans run on networks belonging to their department. • DRAO SSL Admins can assign unmanaged SSL certificates identified from discovery scans to their Department, to bring them under management through CCM. • DRAO SSL admins can view Reports, edit Access Control Lists and modify Email Templates for the Department that has been delegated to them. • DRAO SSL admins cannot access or manage 'Settings' > 'Encryption' as this can only be managed by those with 'DRAO S/MIME' role. • DRAO SSL admins cannot view Activity Logs. • An 'at-a-glance' summary of Administrator security roles and access rights is available here.
<p>DRAO S/MIME (Department Registration Authority Officer - S/MIME Certificates)</p>	<p>Administrators with the security role 'DRAO S/MIME' have privileges to access, manage and request Client Certificates for domains that have been delegated to their Department by an RAO</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DRAO S/MIME admins have visibility over the client certificates belonging to End-Users of the Department(s) which have been delegated to them. They have no access to manage the Client Certificates of End-Users that belong to Departments which they have not been delegated. They will only see their own Departments(s) listed in the 'Departments' area. The 'Organizations' area is not visible to DRAOs. • A DRAO S/MIME admin can only request S/MIME certificates for domains that have been delegated to their Department. • DRAO S/MIME admins have no visibility of and cannot request certificates of any other type - including those other certificate types that belong to the Department of which they are DRAO S/MIME. • It is possible for an RAO to make the same individual a 'DRAO S/MIME', 'DRAO SSL', and a 'DRAO Code Signing' for the same Department during the Admin creation or editing process (for more details, see section Admin Management). • DRAO S/MIME admins cannot request the creation of administrators that have more privileges than themselves. They can: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Request the creation of fellow DRAO S/MIME admins only for Departments that have been delegated to them if the RAO administrator has enabled this feature for them

Security Role / Type of Administrator	Definition
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cannot request the creation of any type of administrator for Departments that have not been delegated to them • Cannot request creation of administrators of any other certificate type - even for those Departments that have been delegated to them • DRAO S/MIME admins can request the addition of new Domains only for to Departments that have been delegated to them. • If enabled for their Department, a DRAO S/MIME admin can recover the private keys of client certificates belonging to their Department. • DRAO Code Signing admins can view Reports, edit Access Control Lists and modify Email Templates for the Department that has been delegated to them. • DRAO S/MIME admins cannot view Activity Logs. • An 'at-a-glance' summary of Administrator security roles and access rights is available here.
<p>DRAO Code Signing (Department Registration Authority Officer - Code Signing Certificates)</p>	<p>Administrators with the security role 'DRAO Code Signing' have privileges to access, manage and request Code Signing certificates for Departments of an Organization that have been delegated to them by an RAO.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DRAO Code Signing admins have visibility of and can request Code Signing certificates for the Department(s) that have been delegated to them. They have no access to manage Code Signing certificates belonging to Departments for which have not been delegated to them. They will only see their own Departments(s) listed in the 'Departments' area. The 'Organizations' area is not visible to DRAOs. • A DRAO Code Signing admin can only request Code Signing certificates for domains that have been delegated to their Department. • DRAO Code Signing admins have no visibility of and cannot request certificates of any other type - including those other types of certificate that belong to the Department of which they are DRAO Code Signing. • It is possible for an RAO to make the same individual a 'DRAO S/MIME', 'DRAO SSL', and a 'DRAO Code Signing' for the same Department during the Admin creation or editing process (for more details, see section Admin Management). • DRAO Code Signing admins cannot approve or request the creation of administrators that have more privileges than themselves. They can: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Request the creation of fellow DRAO Code Signing admins only for Departments that have been delegated to them if the RAO administrator has enabled this feature for them

Security Role / Type of Administrator	Definition
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cannot request the creation of any type of administrator for Departments that have not been delegated to them • Cannot request creation of administrators of any other certificate type - even for those Departments that have been delegated to them • DRAO Code Signing admins can request the creation of new Domains only for Departments that have been delegated to them. • DRAO Code Signing admins can view Reports, edit Access Control Lists and modify Email Templates for the Department that has been delegated to them. • DRAO Code Signing admins cannot access or manage 'Settings' > 'Encryption' as this can only be managed by those with 'DRAO S/MIME' role. • DRAO Code Signing admins can create developers for Code Signing on Demand (CSD) service and approve code signing requests generated by developers only for the Department(s) that are delegated to them. (Applicable only if CSD service is enabled for your account) • DRAO Code Signing Administrators cannot view Activity Logs. • An 'at-a-glance' summary of Administrator security roles and access rights is available here.
<p>DRAO Device Cert (Department Registration Authority Officer - Device Certificates)</p>	<p>Administrators with the security role 'DRAO Device Cert' have privileges to access, manage and request Device certificates for Departments of an Organization that have been delegated to them by an RAO or MRAO.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DRAO Device Cert admins have visibility of and can approve device certificate requests for the Department(s) that have been delegated to them. They have no access to manage device certificates belonging to Departments for which have not been delegated to them. They will only see their own Departments(s) listed in the 'Departments' area. The 'Organizations' area is not visible to DRAOs. • DRAO Device Cert admins have no visibility of and cannot request certificates of any other type - including those other types of certificate that belong to the Department of which they are DRAO Device Cert. • DRAO Device Cert admins cannot approve or request the creation of administrators that have more privileges than themselves. They can: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Request the creation of fellow DRAO Device Cert admins only for Departments that have been delegated to them if the RAO administrator has enabled this feature for them • Cannot request the creation of any type of administrator for Departments that have not been

Security Role / Type of Administrator	Definition
	<p>delegated to them</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cannot request creation of administrators of any other certificate type - even for those Departments that have been delegated to them • DRAO Device Cert Admins can request the creation of new Domains only for Departments that have been delegated to them. • DRAO Device Cert admins can view Reports, edit Access Control Lists and modify Email Templates for the Department that has been delegated to them. • DRAO Device Cert Administrators cannot access or manage 'Settings' > 'Encryption' as this can only be managed by those with DRAO S/MIME role. • DRAO Device Cert Admins cannot view Activity Logs. • An 'at-a-glance' summary of Administrator security roles and access rights is available here.

End-User, Owner, Requester and Developer

Security Role / Type of Administrator	Definition
<p>End-User</p>	<p>An End-User in CCM is a person that has been issued with or requested a Client Certificate or has made an application for an SSL certificate using the Self Enrollment form.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 'End-Users' have no access rights whatsoever to the CCM interface. They exist in CCM only as a function of their request for or ownership of a client certificate. • A new End-User and the Client Certificate for that End-User can be created in CCM via: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manual creation by a Master or Client Certificate Administrator in the 'Client Certificate' area; • The End-User ordering a Client Certificate using the Self Enrollment Form; • End-User is imported into CCM from .csv file. • A new End User will also be added via SSL certificate applications made through the self enrollment form. If the applicant does not already exist as an End-User then Comodo Certificate Manager will automatically add this applicant when the form is submitted. End-Users that are auto-created in this way will not (yet) have a Client Certificate. • All End-Users and Client Certificates owned or requested by that End-User are listed in the 'Client Cert' sub-tab of the 'Certificates' section of CCM interface.
<p>Owner</p>	<p>The Owner of the certificate is the Administrator that first approved the request for the certificate. The privileges of the 'Owner' therefore depend on that Administrator's administrative role. (See the definitions</p>

Security Role / Type of Administrator	Definition
	above).
Requester	<p>The Requester of the certificate is the person that created and successfully submitted the initial application for the certificate.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The 'Requester' can be any class of Administrator or End-User SSL certificates and Client certificates can be requested by people that do not yet 'exist' in CCM as either End-Users or Administrators if they applied using use the self-enrollment/external application forms
Developer	<p>Applicable only if 'Code Signing on Demand' feature is enabled for your account.</p> <p>A developer is the person that can use the 'Code Signing on Demand' service to sign the executables and script files. CCM can store the code-signing certificate issued to them and use it for signing code files uploaded by the developer. The developer can then download the signed file from CCM.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A new user can be added as a developer as a new user or an existing end-user can be assigned the 'Developer' role

1.2.4 Security Roles - Comparative Table

Administrator Management			
Action	Controls	RAO	DRAO
Configure other Administrators	Add, View Delete, Edit	<p>Create DRAOs of Subordinate Departments who are responsible for same Certificate Type</p> <p>Create RAOs of Delegated Organization who are responsible for same Certificate Type</p>	Create DRAOs of Delegated Department who are responsible for the same certificate type if enabled by a RAO administrator or Master Administrator
Approve/Reject Administrator Creation Requests	Approve, Reject	DRAOs of Subordinate Departments who are responsible for same Certificate Type	✘
Activate/Deactivate Administrators	Checkbox	<p>RAOs of Delegated Organization who are responsible for same Certificate Type</p> <p>DRAOs of Subordinate Departments who are responsible for same Certificate Type</p>	✘
Certificate Management			
Action	Controls	RAO	DRAO

Directly submit Certificate Requests using the built-in application form	Add, Renew, Replace	Delegated Organizations Subordinate Departments		Delegated Departments	
		Only those Certificate Types for which RAO is responsible		Only those Certificate Types for which DRAO is responsible	
Directly submit Certificate Requests to the issuing Certificate Authority for Auto-Installation by CCM (IIS , Apache and Apache Tomcat only)	Add, Renew, Approve, Decline, Install	Delegated Organizations Subordinate Departments		Delegated Departments	
		RAO SSL	✓	DRAO SSL	✓
		RAO S/MIME	✗	DRAO S/MIME	✗
		RAO Code Signing	✗	DRAO Code Signing	✗
Approve/Decline Certificate Requests that have been made using the Self-Enrollment form	Approve, Decline	Delegated Organizations Subordinate Departments		Delegated Departments	
		Only those Certificate Types for which RAO is responsible		Only those Certificate Types for which DRAO is responsible	
Download the Private Key of an SSL certificate Upload the Private Key of an SSL certificate		Delegated Organizations Subordinate Departments		Delegated Departments	
		RAO SSL	✓	DRAO SSL	✓
		RAO S/MIME	✗	DRAO S/MIME	✗
		RAO Code Signing	✗	DRAO Code Signing	✗
Manage Certificates	View, Edit, Revoke	Delegated Organizations Subordinate Departments		Delegated Department	
		Only those SSL certificates for which RAO is responsible		Only those SSL certificates for which DRAO is responsible	
Certificate Discovery	Add CIDR, Delete CIDR, Setup Certificate Discovery (CD) agent for internal scanning	RAO SSL	✓	DRAO SSL	✓
		RAO S/MIME	✗	DRAO S/MIME	✗
		RAO Code Signing	✗	DRAO Code Signing	✗

Request New Domains for...	Add	Delegated Organizations Subordinate Departments		Delegated Departments	
Approve / Reject New Domain Requests	Approve, Reject	x		x	
Delegate Existing Domains to...	Delegate	Subordinate Departments RAOs can only delegate domains to the Departments belonging to the Organization that have been delegated to them but cannot re-delegate to remove a domain's delegation .		x	
Activate/Deactivate Existing Domains	Checkbox	x		x	
Initiate DCV	Select method of DCV as applicable to the domain	RAO SSL	On Domains added to Delegated Organizations and Subordinate Departments	DRAO SSL	On Domains added to Delegated Department
		RAO S/MIME	x	DRAO S/MIME	x
		RAO Code Signing	x	DRAO Code Signing	x
Department Management					
Action	Controls	RAO		DRAO	
Create and Manage Departments	Add, Delete, Edit	Subordinate Departments of Delegated Organization		x	
Approve Department Creation	Approve	Subordinate Departments of Delegated Organization		x	
Key Escrow					
Action	Controls	RAO S/MIME		DRAO S/MIME	
Manage Encryption of client certificates	Initialize, Re-encrypt	Delegated Organizations Subordinate Departments		Delegated Departments	
Recover private keys from escrow	Decrypt	Delegated Organizations Subordinate Departments		Delegated Departments	
Can permit Administrators other than themselves to	Allow key recovery by...	RAO S/MIME Admins DRAO S/MIME Admins		x	

recover keys for a particular Organization or Department	(checkbox)		
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Note: Escrow privileges are configured at the point of Organization / Department creation. If granted escrow privileges, the RAO S/MIME admin will be subsequently be able to specify any, all or none of the following for any Departments they create:

1. Whether or not the RAO S/MIME admin (themselves) should have the ability to recover the private keys of client certificates of that belonging to that Department
2. Whether or not the DRAO S/MIME admin should have the ability to recover the private keys of client certificates belonging to that Department

See '**Encryption and Key Escrow**' for more details.

Notifications, Reports and Miscellaneous

Action	Controls	RAO Administrator	DRAO Administrator
Configure access control settings	Add, Delete, Edit CIDR	✓	✓
View Notifications for...	Add, Delete, Edit	Delegated Organizations Subordinate Departments	Delegated Department
Create Notifications for...	Add, Delete, Edit	Delegated Organizations Subordinate Departments	Delegated Department
View Reports for...	See ' Reports - Security Role Access Table ' section for details.	Delegated Organizations Subordinate Departments	Delegated Department
Modify Email Templates for..	Edit	Delegated Organizations Subordinate Departments	Delegated Department

1.2.5 Multiple Security Roles

Multiple security roles may be selected for any particular administrator. A RAO that has been granted administrative rights over multiple certificate types for a particular Organization can assign similar, multi-role, privileges to a subordinate DRAO administrator for a particular Department.

1.2.6 Organizations and Departments

The creation of an Organization and the delegation of a domain to that Organization is an important step towards the issuance and effective management of SSL, code signing or client certificates via the Certificate Manager interface.

Organizations and Departments are created by administrators for the purposes of requesting, issuing and managing certificates for domains and employees. Organizations can be sub-divided into Departments for the purposes of

certificate and end-user management. (See section **Organization** for more details).

Each Organization can have multiple Departments. Organizations are typically managed by a Registration Authority Officer (RAO). Departments are typically managed by a Department Registration Authority Officer (DRAO).

Once an Organization has been created:

- RAO administrators can create multiple Departments within an Organization (See '**Organizations / Section Overview**' for more details).
- RAO and DRAO administrators can directly request that certificates be issued to domains that have been delegated to their Organization(s) and/or Department. They can also approve/decline certificate requests from individuals that have applied using one of the external application forms.
- End-users can be assigned membership of an Organization or Department and provisioned with client certificates for the domain that is associated with that Organization/Department.
- Administrators can manage the client certificates of end-users belonging to an Organization or Department via the 'Certificates Management - Client Certificates' interface and can manage SSL certificates for the Organization via the '**Certificate Managements - SSL Certificates**' area. Code Signing Certificates are managed from the 'Code Signing' area
- A wide range of Organization and Department specific email notifications can be set up to alert personnel to changes in certificate status, changes to domain status, Discovery Scan Summaries, Admin creation and more.
- RAOs and DRAOs can utilize the **Certificate Discovery** feature to audit then monitor all existing certificates on the network by assigning them to either an Organization or one of its Departments.
- Certificate reports can be viewed and exported for that Organization and/or specific Department

1.2.7 Reports

Certificate reports can be viewed and exported for an Organization and/or Department via the **Report** section. An appropriately privileged administrator is enabled to view different types of reports according to their security roles. The following types of reports are available:

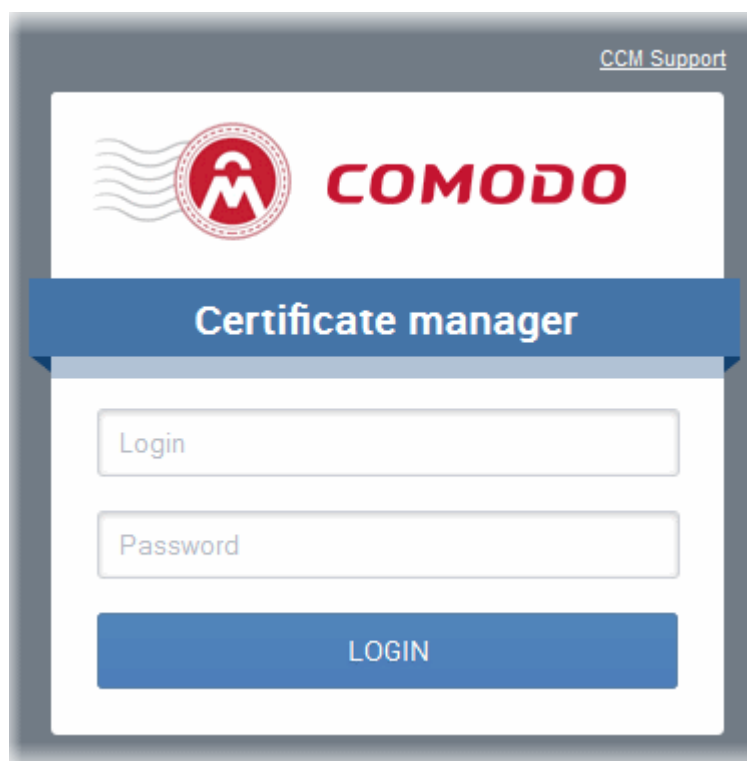
Type of Report	Description
SSL Certificates	Enables the administrator to monitor all statistics related to SSL certificates including usage, ownership, issuance, provisioning and status.
Client Certificates	Enables the administrator to monitor all statistics, related to client certificates including usage, ownership, issuance, provisioning and status.
Code Signing Certificates	Enables RAO/DRAO Code Signing administrators to monitor all statistics, related to code signing certificates including usage, ownership, issuance, provisioning and status.
Code Signing Requests	Enables the RAO/DRAO Code Signing administrators to view reports containing the Code Signing on Demand (CSoD) requests and their activities.
Discovery Scan Log	Enables the administrator to view the Discovery Scan Log. A Discovery Scan is an audit of all SSL certificates installed on your network.
DCV Report	Enables RAO/DRAO SSL administrators to generate a report containing details on all of their registered domains, with their DCV status and expiration dates.

Type of Report	Description
Discovery Tasks	Enables RAO/DRAO SSL Administrators to generate reports on configured Discovery tasks. Reports are delivered in .csv format.
Device Certificates	Enables RAO/DRAO Device Cert administrators to monitor all statistics related to device certificates, including key usage, ownership, issuance, provisioning and status.

For more detailed information see the **'Report'** section of the guide.

1.3 Logging into Your Account

Once your Organization has subscribed for an Comodo Certificate Manager account, Comodo will provide your account manager with a username, password and login URL for the Certificate Manager interface. By default, the format of this URL is: [https://cert-manager.Comodo.com/customer/\[REAL CUSTOMER URI\]](https://cert-manager.Comodo.com/customer/[REAL CUSTOMER URI]).



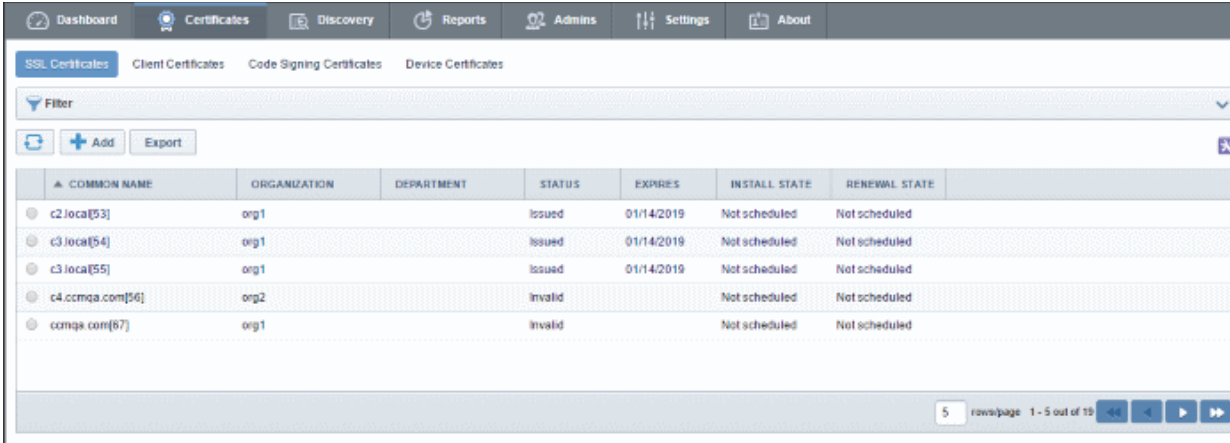
If you have not been supplied with your login details, please contact your Comodo account manager.

If you are not able to login with your login details, you can raise a support ticket at the Comodo Support portal by clicking 'Support link'. You can create an account for free and submit your ticket to get your login problems resolved.

Depending on the Access Control Settings specified by the administrator, you will be prompted to change your password after logging in for the first time. You may also change your password at any time via the **'My Profile'** area.

1.4 The Main Interface - Summary of Areas

Comodo Certificate Manager interface has a tab structure that facilitates access to all major settings.



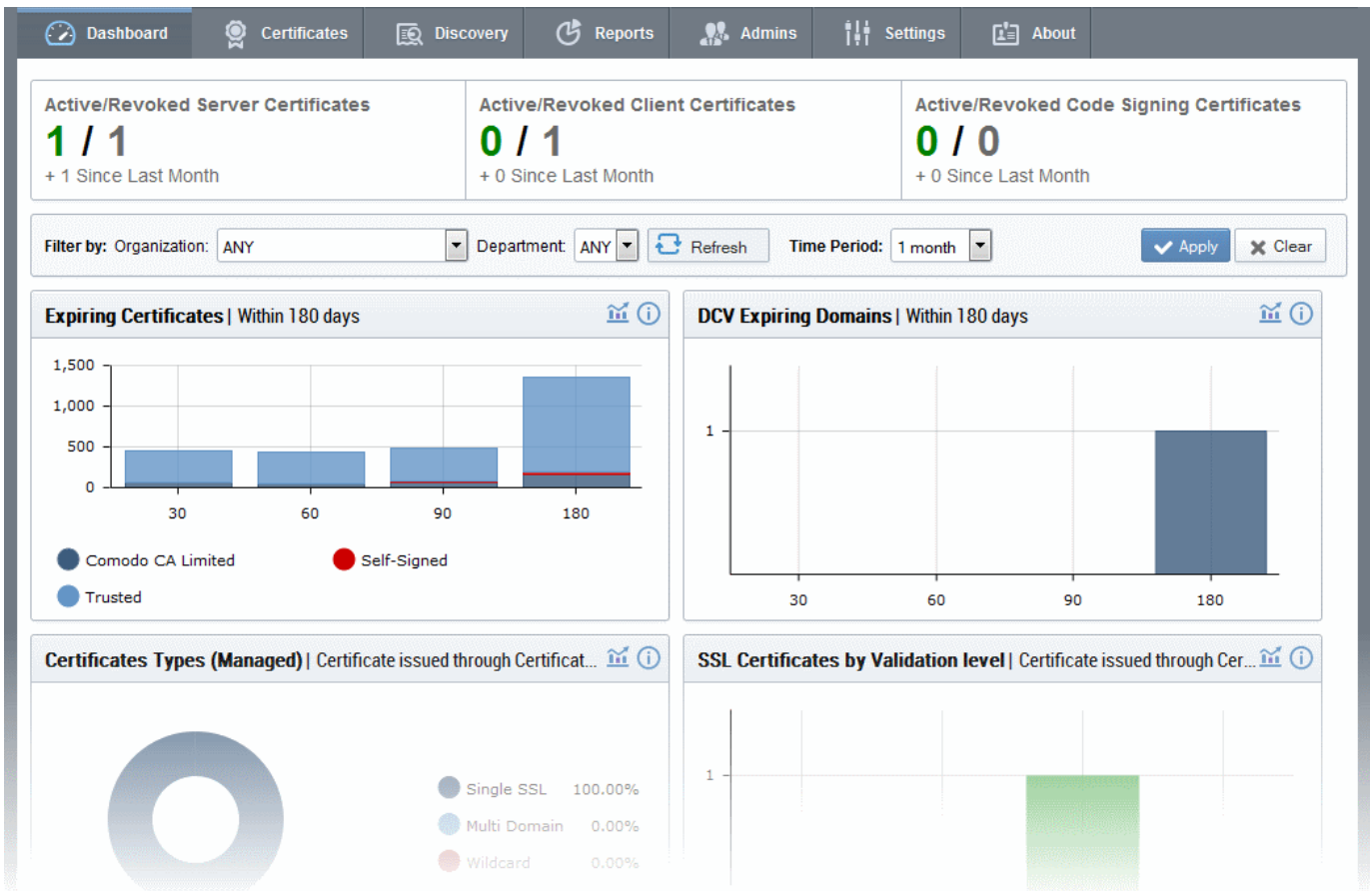
The screenshot shows the 'Certificates' tab in the Comodo Certificate Manager. It features a navigation bar with tabs for 'SSL Certificates', 'Client Certificates', 'Code Signing Certificates', and 'Device Certificates'. Below the navigation bar is a filter input field and buttons for '+ Add' and 'Export'. The main content is a table with the following columns: COMMON NAME, ORGANIZATION, DEPARTMENT, STATUS, EXPIRES, INSTALL STATE, and RENEWAL STATE. The table contains five rows of certificate data.

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRES	INSTALL STATE	RENEWAL STATE
c2.loca[53]	org1		Issued	01/14/2019	Not scheduled	Not scheduled
c3.loca[54]	org1		Issued	01/14/2019	Not scheduled	Not scheduled
c3.loca[55]	org1		Issued	01/14/2019	Not scheduled	Not scheduled
c4.ccmqa.com[56]	org2		Invalid		Not scheduled	Not scheduled
ccmqa.com[87]	org1		Invalid		Not scheduled	Not scheduled

At the bottom right of the table, there is a pagination control showing '5 rows/page' and '1 - 5 out of 19'.

- There are (a maximum of) eight tabs that cover each of the main functional areas of the application. These are **'Dashboard'**, **'Certificates'**, **'Discovery'**, **'Code Signing on Demand'**, **'Reports'**, **'Admins'**, **'Settings'** and **'About'**.
- The **'Certificates'** tab contains sub-sections for managing the certificate types that have been enabled for your company. There are a maximum of four certificate sections - **'SSL Certificates'**, **'Client Certificates'**, **'Code Signing Certificates'** and **'Device Certificates'**.
- The **'Discovery'** tab contains sub-sections for scanning the network for installed certificates and for managing Certificate Discovery (CD) agents. The sub-sections are **Network Assets**, **Discovery Tasks** and **Agents**.
- The **'Code Signing on Demand'** tab is displayed only if the Code Signing on Demand (CSD) feature is enabled for your account. The tab contains sub-sections for adding and managing developers and handling code signing requests from the developers. The sub-sections are **Requests** and **Developers**.
- The **'Settings'** tab contains sub-sections for **'Organizations'**, **'Domains'**, **'Notifications'**, **'Encryption'** and **Assignment Rules**.
- The remainder of this introduction contains an overview of each tabbed area and the Security Role requirements for access to that area. Full details of the actual usage and functionality of the tabbed areas listed above are in sections **2. The Dashboard**, **3. Certificates Management**, **4. Code Signing on Demand**, **5. Admin management**, **6. Settings**, **7. Certificate Discovery and Agents**, **8. Reports**, **9. Version and Feature Information**, **10. My Profile** and **11. Logging out of Comodo Certificate Manager**.

Dashboard: Contains graphs and charts that display snap-shot summaries of certificate key life-cycle information such as certificates approaching expiry, certificates issued/requested, DCV status, breakdown of certificates by types, issuers, and more.



[Click here for more information about the Dashboard.](#)

Certificates Management: Contains up to four sub-sections for the management of SSL, Client, Code Signing and device certificates.

The screenshot shows the 'SSL Certificates' sub-section of the Comodo Certificate Manager. It includes a filter dropdown, 'Add' and 'Export' buttons, and a table of certificate details. The table has the following columns: COMMON NAME, ORGANIZATION, DEPARTMENT, STATUS, EXPIRES, INSTALL STATE, and RENEWAL STATE.

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRES	INSTALL STATE	RENEWAL STATE
c2.loca[53]	org1		Issued	01/14/2019	Not scheduled	Not scheduled
c3.loca[54]	org1		Issued	01/14/2019	Not scheduled	Not scheduled
c3.loca[55]	org1		Issued	01/14/2019	Not scheduled	Not scheduled
c4.ccmqa.com[56]	org2		Invalid		Not scheduled	Not scheduled
cmqa.com[57]	org1		Invalid		Not scheduled	Not scheduled

At the bottom of the table, there is a pagination control showing '5 rows/page' and '1 - 5 out of 15'.

These sub-tabs are accessible according to administrator security role privileges:

Security Role / Type of Administrator	Available Action
RAO SSL	Can access all areas and functionality of the SSL Certificates section; has visibility and control over SSL Certificates belonging to their delegated Organization(s).
RAO S/MIME	Can access all areas and functionality of the Client Certificates section; has visibility and control over client certificates and end-users belonging

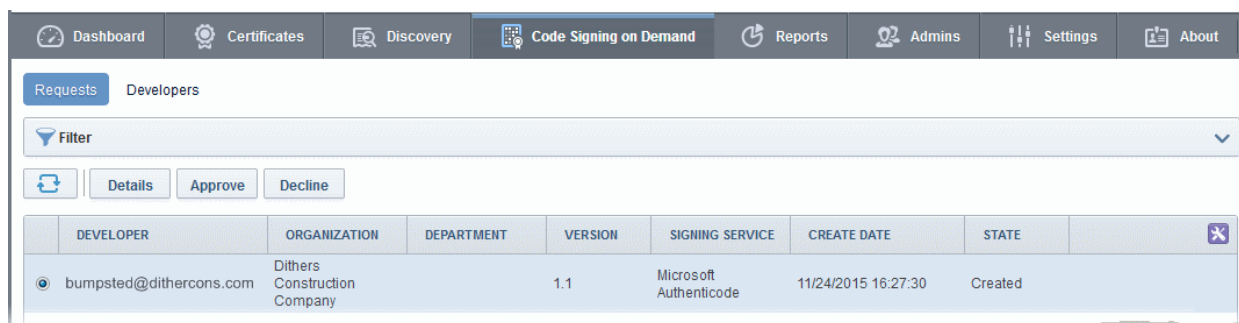
Security Role / Type of Administrator	Available Action
	to their delegated Organization(s).
RAO Code Signing	Can access all areas and functionality of the Code Signing Certificates section; has visibility and control over Code Signing Certificates issued to end-users belonging to their delegated Organization(s).
RAO Device Cert	Can access all areas and functionality of the Device Certificates section; has visibility and control over Device Certificates issued to devices and endpoints belonging to their delegated Organization(s).
DRAO SSL	Can access all areas and functionality of the SSL Certificates section; has visibility and control only over SSL Certificates belonging to belonging to their delegated Department(s).
DRAO S/MIME	Can access all areas and functionality of the Client Certificates section; has visibility and control over client certificates and end-users belonging to their delegated Department(s).
DRAO Code Signing	Can access all areas and functionality of the Code Signing Certificates section; has visibility and control over Code Signing Certificates issued to end-users belonging to their delegated Department(s).
DRAO Device Cert	Can access all areas and functionality of the Device Certificates section; has visibility and control over Device Certificates issued to devices and endpoints belonging to their delegated Department(s).

[Click here for more information about the Certificates Management section.](#)

Code Signing on Demand - The 'Code Signing on Demand' tab is visible only if the feature is enabled for your account. If you wish to enable this feature, contact your **Master Administrator** or Comodo Account Manager.

The CSD service is available in two modes:

- **In-House Hosted mode** - The CSD controller installed and configured at the local network generates Code Signing certificate requests for 'Developers' added to CCM, forwards the request to CCM. Once the certificate is issued, the controller downloads it and stores it local database. A developer can generate a code signing request by uploading the files to be signed by logging-in to the CSD service portal created by the agent. The controller signs the files using the certificate belonging to the user, upon approval from the respective administrator CCM sends a notification mail to the developer to download the signed files.
- **Cloud Service Mode** - The code signing process is performed within Comodo's highly secure cloud servers. After enrolling for a code signing certificate for a developer, the service generates the certificate request for the developer, submits the request to CCM, tracks the order and collects the certificate once issued. Developers can then upload files to the cloud portal for signing. Upon approval by the administrator, the service will sign the code and notify the developer to download the signed files.



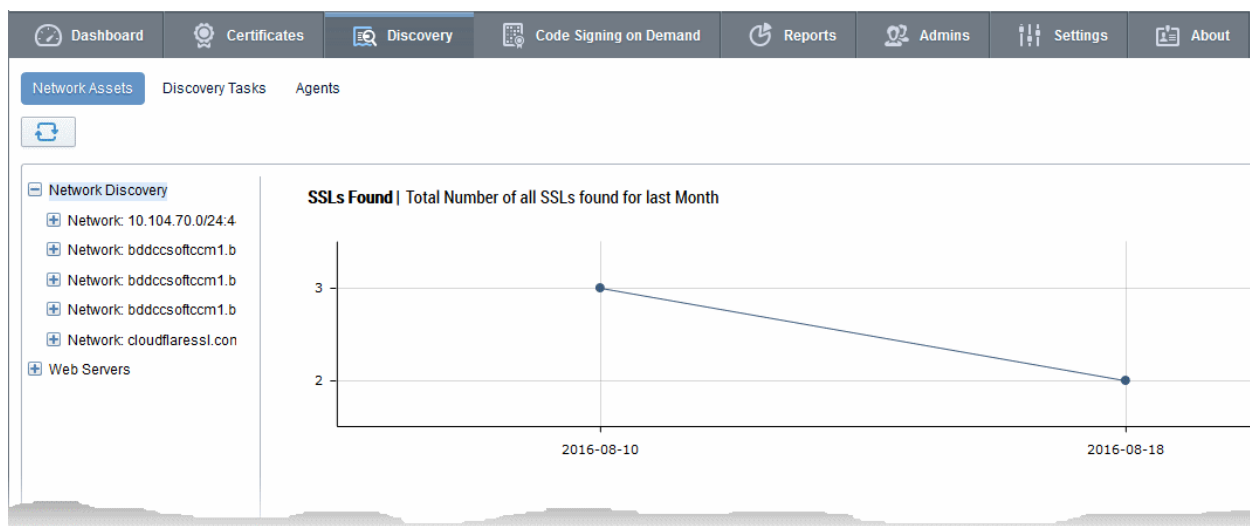
The 'Code Signing on Demand' area is accessible only by RAO Code Signing and DRAO Code Signing administrators.

Security Role / Type of Administrator	Available Action
RAO Code Signing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Can add and manage developers for any Organizations (and any sub-ordinate Departments) that have been delegated to them. • Can approve code signing requests from developers pertaining to Organizations (and any sub-ordinate Departments) that have been delegated to them.
DRAO Code Signing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Can add and manage developers only for the Department(s) that have been delegated to them. • Can approve code signing requests only from developers pertaining to Department(s) that have been delegated to them.

The 'Code Signing on Demand' area is fully explained in the section '[Code Signing on Demand](#)'.

Certificate Discovery and Agents: Certificate Discovery requires the installation of the Certificate Controller agent, a small piece of software that identifies certificates installed on the network. The agent is also required for automatic request and installation of SSL certificates on remote servers. The Discovery area enables administrators to configure certificate controller agents for the network and to commence certificate discovery tasks.

Discovery scan results are displayed in the 'Network Assets' area under the 'Discovery' tab. The results include 'Managed' certificates (those issued through CCM) and 'Unmanaged' certificates (those acquired from other CAs, Comodo certs not obtained through CCM and self-signed certificates). Administrators can assign unmanaged certificates to an Organization or Department to bring them under CCM management. The Network Assets area also displays web-servers and domains found on scanned networks.



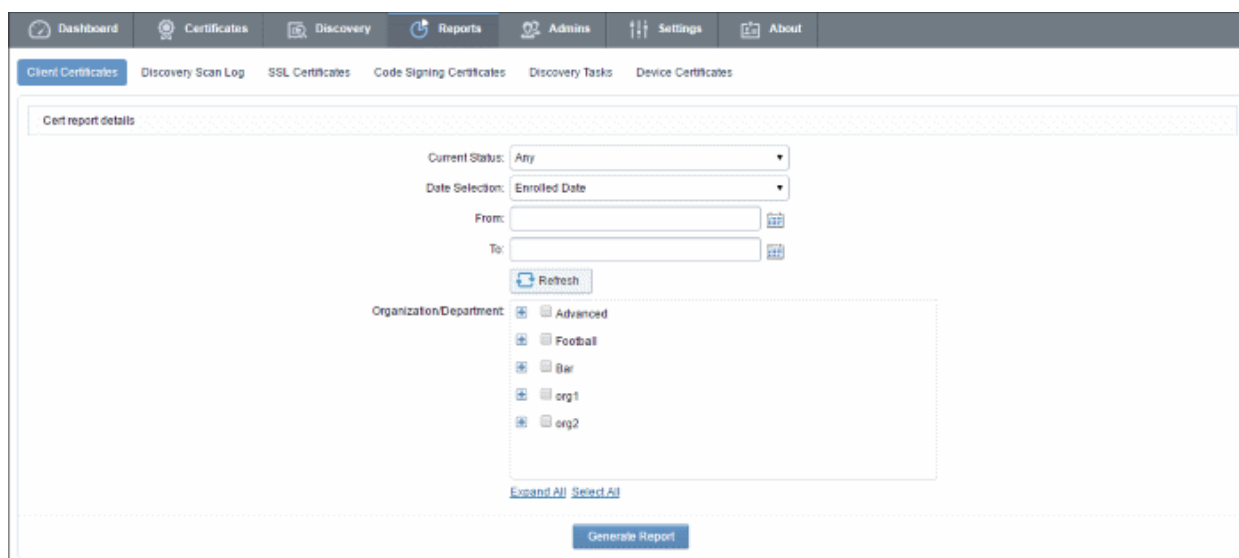
The 'Discovery' area is accessible only by RAO SSL and DRAO SSL administrators.

Security Role / Type of Administrator	Available Action
RAO SSL	Can set up agents for and can scan for certificates requested, issued, expired, revoked and replaced for Organizations (and any sub-ordinate Departments) that have been delegated to them.

Security Role / Type of Administrator	Available Action
DRAO SSL	Can set up agents for and can scan for certificates requested, issued, expired, revoked and replaced only for the Department(s) that have been delegated to them.

[Click here for more information about the Discovery section.](#)

Reports: Enables administrators to view a range of reports depending on their privilege level. The 'Reports' interface is fully explained in Section **Reports**.



Available reports are 'Client Certificates', 'Discovery Scan Logs', 'SSL Certificates', 'Code Signing Certificates', 'Code Signing Requests', 'DCV Report', 'Discovery Tasks' and 'Device Certificates'. The types of report available to a particular administrator is dependent on their security role:

Security Role / Type of Administrator	Available Action
RAO SSL RAO S/MIME RAO Code Signing RAO Device Cert	Can view: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 'Certificate Discovery' reports on scans that have been run on behalf of their delegated Organization(s) and Department(s) (Only RAO SSL Admins) 'SSL / S/MIME / Code Signing Certificate' report that is appropriate to their administrative type and for their Organization(s) and Department(s) only DCV Report for their Organization(s) and Department(s) only (Only RAO SSL Admins) 'Device Certificates' reports for their delegated Organization(s) and Department(s) (Only RAO Device Certificate Admins)
DRAO SSL DRAO S/MIME DRAO Code Signing DRAO Device Cert	Can view: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 'Certificate Discovery' reports on scans that have been run on behalf of their delegated Department(s) (Only DRAO SSL Admins) 'SSL / S/MIME / Code Signing Certificate' report that is appropriate to their administrative type and for their

Security Role / Type of Administrator	Available Action
	Organization(s) and Department(s) only <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DCV Report for their Department(s) only (Only DRAO SSL Admins) • 'Device Certificates' reports for their Department(s) (Only DRAO Device Cert Admins)

Admin Management : Enables the currently logged-in administrator to view a list of administrative personnel. The 'Admin Management' interface is fully explained in Section **Admin Management**.

NAME	EMAIL	LOGIN	TYPE	ROLE	ACTIVE
Joe A	joe@dithers.com	joe_rao_all	Standard	RAO Admin - SSL, RAO Admin - Code Signing, RAO Admin - S/MIME	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Robin S	robins@abcdcomp.com	robin_rao_all	Standard	RAO Admin - SSL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Dave J	dave@dithers.com	dave_drao_all	Standard	DRAO Admin - S/MIME, DRAO Admin - SSL, DRAO Admin - Code Signing	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

The visibility of other administrators and the availability of controls in this area is dependent on which type of administrator is currently logged in:

Security Role / Type of Administrator	Available Action
RAO SSL RAO S/MIME RAO Code Signing RAO Device Cert	Can <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • View/Edit RAOs and DRAOs of their delegated Organization(s) and any subordinate Department(s) who are responsible for the same certificate type(s) as themselves • Request the creation of fellow RAOs who are responsible for the same certificate type(s) as themselves • Approve/Reject the creation of DRAOs who are responsible for the same certificate type(s) as themselves from
DRAO SSL DRAO S/MIME DRAO Code Signing DRAO Device Cert	Can <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • View DRAOs of their delegated Department(s) who are responsible for the same certificate type(s) as themselves • Request the creation of fellow DRAOs who are responsible for the same certificate type(s) as themselves • Edit their own details

[Click here for more information about Admin Management section.](#)

Settings: The 'Settings' area contains several tabs relating to the overall configuration of CCM. The number of tabs that are visible to a particular administrator is dependent on their security role (RAO or DRAO).

	NAME	CITY	STATE	COUNTRY	VALIDATION STATUS
<input type="radio"/>	Device Org	Device Org	Device Org	US	Not Validated
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Dithers Organization	Chennai	TN	IN	Not Validated
<input type="radio"/>	SSL Support Team	Clifton	NJ	US	Not Validated
<input type="radio"/>	Comodo SE	Clifton	NJ	US	Not Validated

- (1) **Organizations:** Visible only to RAO class administrators. RAOs can view, edit, request new domains and add Departments to Organizations that have been delegated to them.
- (2) **Departments:** Visible only to DRAO class administrators (DRAO's see a 'Departments' tab instead of the 'Organizations' tab). Allows DRAOs to view all Departments that have been delegated to them and to request new domains for those Departments.
- (3) **Domains:** RAOs can view domains for Organization that they control, can delegate domains to subordinate Departments and can request new domains for their Organization. DRAOs can view existing domains and request the addition of new ones.
- (4) **Encryption:** Allows RAO/DRAO S/MIME administrators to initialize a new master key pair or to re-encrypt the private keys of client certificates held in escrow.
- (5) **Assignment Rules** - Enables RAO/DRAO administrators to define assignment rules for automatically assigning unmanaged certificates identified by discovery scans to required Organizations and Departments and apply the rules while configuring Discovery Scans.

[Click here for more information about the 'Settings' area.](#)

About - Enables currently logged-in administrator to view the version of CCM and the features that are enabled and disabled for the account.

STATE		CLIENT CERTS	
Version	5.8	Allow Client Certs	Enabled
Extra Agent Version	2.2	Web API	Enabled
Private Key Agent Version	1.1	Allow principal name in certificates	Enabled
Code Signing on Demand Agent Version	2.3	Allow customization of principal name SAN field	Enabled
Active Directory Agent Version	2.0	Web Enrollment Type	
Balance (tokens)	0	Invitation	Enabled
		AccessCode	Enabled
		Secret ID	Disabled
		Auto Revoke	Enabled
		Allow Empty PIN	Disabled
		Allow send notification upon upload from csv	Disabled
DOMAIN			
Domain Dual Approval by MRAO	Disabled		
SSL CERTS			
Allow SSL	Enabled		
Web API	Enabled		
DCV Validation	Enabled		
CODE SIGNING CERTS			
Allow Code Signing Certificates	Enabled		
MaxTerm	1		

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My Profile - Enables currently logged-in administrator to view/edit address details, change the interface language and their password.

My Profile ✕

Login **james_rao**

Name **James RAO**

Email **james@dithers.com**

Role **RAO Admin - Code Signing, RAO Admin - S/MIME, RAO Admin - SSL, RAO Admin - Device cert**

Title

Telephone Number

Street

Locality

State/Province


Postal Code


Country ▼

Relationship

Current locale ▼

Password

Support - Clicking the help icon  takes you to Comodo's support page at <https://support.comodo.com/>, the Comodo support web page, an online knowledge-base and support ticketing system. The fastest way to get further assistance in case you find any problem using CCM management console.

Notification - The notification icon  at the top indicates the number of message that are yet be read. Click on the icon to view the messages. The types of messages displayed are related to validation, controller, agent and so on.

Logout: Click the  icon to log out of Comodo Certificate Manager.

1.5 Release Notes

Version History	
Version Number	List of Changes
<u>Version 5.8</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Support for RESTful APIs for Code Signing on Demand service Added client certificate authentication support for SOAP APIs Improved device cert reports with addition of status information

Version History	
Version Number	List of Changes
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added ability to edit device certificate collection email template Added ability to resend device certificate collection emails Improvements to SCEP configuration of device certificates
<u>Version 5.7</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added ability to integrate CCM with a Hardware Security Module (HSM) to generate and store keys and code signing certificates enrolled for Code Signing on Demand (CSoD) Added ability to enroll device certificates through Simple Certificate Enrollment Protocol (SCEP)
<u>Version 5.6</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Improvements in auto-installation including scheduled auto-renew and enhanced scheduling abilities. Added ability to map MS AD Certificate Templates to CCM certificate types Added ability for issuance of device certificates from Private Certificate Authorities using CCM certificate types Added ability for self-enrollment of device certificates by applicants
<u>Version 5.5</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added the ability to issue Device Certificates for authentication of devices and endpoints, including BYOD devices connected to the networks. Added ability to integrate AD servers by installing MS agents, for running discovery scans on the servers and issue device certificates to devices enrolled to them. Added ability to define assignment rules for automatically assigning unmanaged certificates identified by discovery scans to required Organizations and Departments for bringing them under management. Added Network Assets view to display the SSL certificates installed on various nodes, servers and endpoints, as identified by discovery scans, web-servers with details on websites/domains hosted on them and Active Directory objects with certificates installed on them as discovered by AD server scans. Added new API for integration to Mobile Device Management (MDM) solutions, for issuance of Device Certificates. Various Bug fixes.
<u>Version 5.4</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Maintenance update addressing bug fixes and various back-end improvements 'Code Signing on The Fly' feature renamed as 'Code Signing on Demand' Added Identity Providers (IdP) feature, which allows admins to log into CCM using credentials of his/her IdP. New admins can also be enrolled using the IdP method.
<u>Version 5.3</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added 'Code Signing On-The-Fly' feature that offers developers a faster, more intuitive and highly secure way to digitally sign their software. The service is available in hosted and cloud versions. Added 'Bulk DCV' feature that enables administrators to validate multiple domains that share a common domain administrator email address, at once.
<u>Version 5.1</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added Private Key Store feature that enables storage and management of private keys of managed SSL certificates at customers network. Certificates whose private keys are managed at the private key store can be imported in .p12 format for directly imported to any server(s) for installation.
<u>Version 5.0</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Redesigned User Interface.

Version History	
Version Number	List of Changes
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Improved Dashboard with drill-down statistical reports. Support for issuance of certs to private domain names.
<u>Version 4.6</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added the new Dashboard feature with graphs and charts that allow the administrator to quickly gain an overview of all SSL, S/MIME and code-signing certificates on the network.
<u>Version 4.5</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added a new report type 'Notification log Statistics' to enable Master administrators to generate and view logs of automated notification emails sent to other administrators during various events Added ability to external applicants to renew their SSL certificates through self-renewal form, by entering their certificate ID and Pass Phrase. Various bug fixes and UI improvements.
<u>Version 4.4</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added new process of validating Organizations for the issuance of OV SSL certificates Improved the process of validating Organizations for the quick issuance of EV SSL certificates. Added ability to create domains without delegating them to Organizations or Departments. Various bug fixes
<u>Version 4.3</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Streamlined the DCV process for a faster validation. Added ability to sort items in various interfaces by clicking the column headers Added ability to search and filter certificates based on requester in SSL Certificates interface Custom field data included for a certificate will continue on the renewal certificates too Various bug fixes and several optimizations to improve the performance of the database and application server for improved stability
<u>Version 4.2</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added ability for Master administrators to add custom fields in the Built-in Application Form and Self-Enrollment Form for SSL and Client certificates requisition.
<u>Version 4.1</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Introduced HTTPS method introduced in addition to HTTP. Updated and improved SCEP support of iOS. Enhanced the self-enrollment form, optimized to be used on iPhones. When a user wants to enroll and install a client certificate with the self-enrollment form, CCM presents an optimized page. After the enrollment process completes, the user can automatically install the certificate onto the iOS device. Several UI improvements, including saving search filters. The filters configured for various interfaces will be saved and automatically applied when the same interface is opened again Enabled auto installation feature for Apache Tomcat server. Version 4.1 supports auto-installation / auto-renewal for following platforms: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Apache Web Server (Linux 32/64bit)

Version History	
Version Number	List of Changes
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> IIS 7/7.5/8 (Windows 32/64) Apache Tomcat (Windows 32/64bit, Linux 32/64bit) Various Bug Fixes
<u>Version 4.0</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> User Interface changes Multiple certificate discovery tasks can be run at the same time Agents will automatically check for newer versions and update itself
<u>Version 2.11</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added automatic installation and renewal of SSL certificates. This feature is enabled for accounts on a per-case basis. There are two available modes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enterprise Controller Mode - Software installed on a local host will communicate directly with the CA issuance infrastructure to automatically apply for and install certificates on designated web servers. Certificate Manager Controller mode - An agent is installed on each web server which will communicate with CCM for certificate requests. If a request exists, the agent will generate a CSR and present it to the administrator for approval in the CCM interface. Various Bug fixes
<u>Version 2.10</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added Auto-installation and Auto-renewal features for automatic SSL application, CSR generation, and certificate installation on IIS and Apache. Various Bug fixes
<u>Version 2.8.26</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added functionality for scanning internal servers for installed certificates using Certificate Discovery (CD) Agent, installed in a local computer. Various Bug Fixes
<u>Version 2.8.25</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added three methods EMAIL, HTTP file and DNS CNAME for Domain Control Validation (DCV) functionality to validate new and existing domains
<u>Version 2.8.23</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enhanced logging for system resources/usage statistics Improved error handling/logging Added a column 'External Requester' to SSL report Improvements to the notifications system Bug Fixes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fixed bug whereby Master Administrator is sent 'Discovery Scan Summary' notification even though the Notify Master Admin(s) check-box is not selected Fixed bug related to issue of SSL through Self-Enrollment Links for local hostnames Fixed bug whereby an administrator was not able to edit Organization under certain circumstances RAO administrators can see only the client cert types that are allowed for them Fixed logo bug in IE 9.0 window Fixed bug related to invalid CSR common name Fixed issue related to mismatch of available notifications during Notification creation RAOs can set up a notification which notifies Master Administrators

Version History	
Version Number	List of Changes
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fixed bug related to incorrect timing of 'Your session has expired' messages Fixed bug whereby Domains are in a 'Suspended' state after an entry by RAO
<u>Version 2.8.21.8</u>	<p>The functionality Settings > Email Templates for editing templates of email messages corresponding to various events is restricted only to Master Administrators.</p> <p>Domain creation/delegation requests approved by Master Administrator with privilege 'Allowing domain validation without Dual Approval' are activated immediately without requiring approval by a second Master Administrator.</p> <p>Domains created by DRAO Administrators are to be approved by RAO of the Organization to which the Department belongs prior to approval by Master Administrators .</p> <p>Added option to specify default Client Certificate Type(s) for all Organizations.</p> <p>Add 'Apply' button to Client Cert customization interfaces</p> <p>Bug Fixes:</p> <p>All the server types are now available in the self-enrollment form for applying for SSL certificate.</p> <p>Administrators can now enroll for EV SSL Certificate manually</p> <p>Fixed issues related to Firefox version 4 Browser.</p> <p>Only the default Client Cert types customized for an Organization are made visible in the self-enrollment forms.</p> <p>RAO and DRAO can send invitations for Client Certificates only for Certificate types allowed for their Organization.</p> <p>SCEP Logs are improved.</p>
<u>Version 2.8.21</u>	<p>Added Key Usage Template (KUT) support to determine capabilities of Client Certificates of end-users belonging to an Organization.</p> <p>Implemented Simple Certificate Enrollment Protocol (SCEP) support to Client Certificates in addition to SSL Certificates.</p> <p>Subscriber's Agreements are made specific to the Certificate type selected while requesting for SSL Certificate and Code Signing Certificates.</p> <p>Bug Fixes:</p> <p>Fixed bug whereby user can now enroll for Code Signing Certificates through Internet Explorer.</p> <p>Fixed bug whereby DRAO Administrators can request for SSL certificates from the management interface.</p> <p>Correct Subscriber Agreements are displayed on both built in application form and Self enrollment form according to Certificate type selected.</p> <p>Fixed bug to accept CSR of size less than 2048 bits for SSL Certificate replacement.</p>
<u>Version 2.8.20</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 'Person upload' notification messages are now customizable; 'Active' checkbox in 'Settings/Domains' is now, by default, always enabled for Master Administrator; Bug Fixes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fixed bug whereby a Master Administrator could bypass 'dual domain auto approval' by using 'domain edit'; Fixed bug that sometimes allowed domains created by a Master

Version History	
Version Number	List of Changes
	<p>Administrator to be automatically sent forward for validation without requiring approval from second Master Administrator;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fixed bug where some notifications did not correspond to the modified E-mail Template; • Fixed bug that caused domain delegation requests to be displayed incorrectly; • Fixed occasional bug whereby an Master Administrator could modify their own privileges and/or those of a fellow Master Administrator; • Fixed occasional internal error that occurred when editing a deleted Administrator; • Fixed bug whereby an incorrect error would be displayed while importing from CSV; • Fixed Internal error that occurred when an RAO Admin tried to approve a Domain that had not yet been delegated by DRAO Admin; • Fixed bug that allowed Administrators to add and activate a domain for an Organization that has already been added to a Department; • Fixed bug whereby incorrect data was displayed in the domain details window; • Fixed bug whereby Client Certificate Administrators that were created in a certain manner were not made to follow password policy rules; • Fixed bug whereby variables could not be added via the 'Insert Variables' button while editing an email template in Internet Explorer; • Fixed bug whereby only active Master Administrator by changing admin role of another Master Administrator.

2 The Dashboard

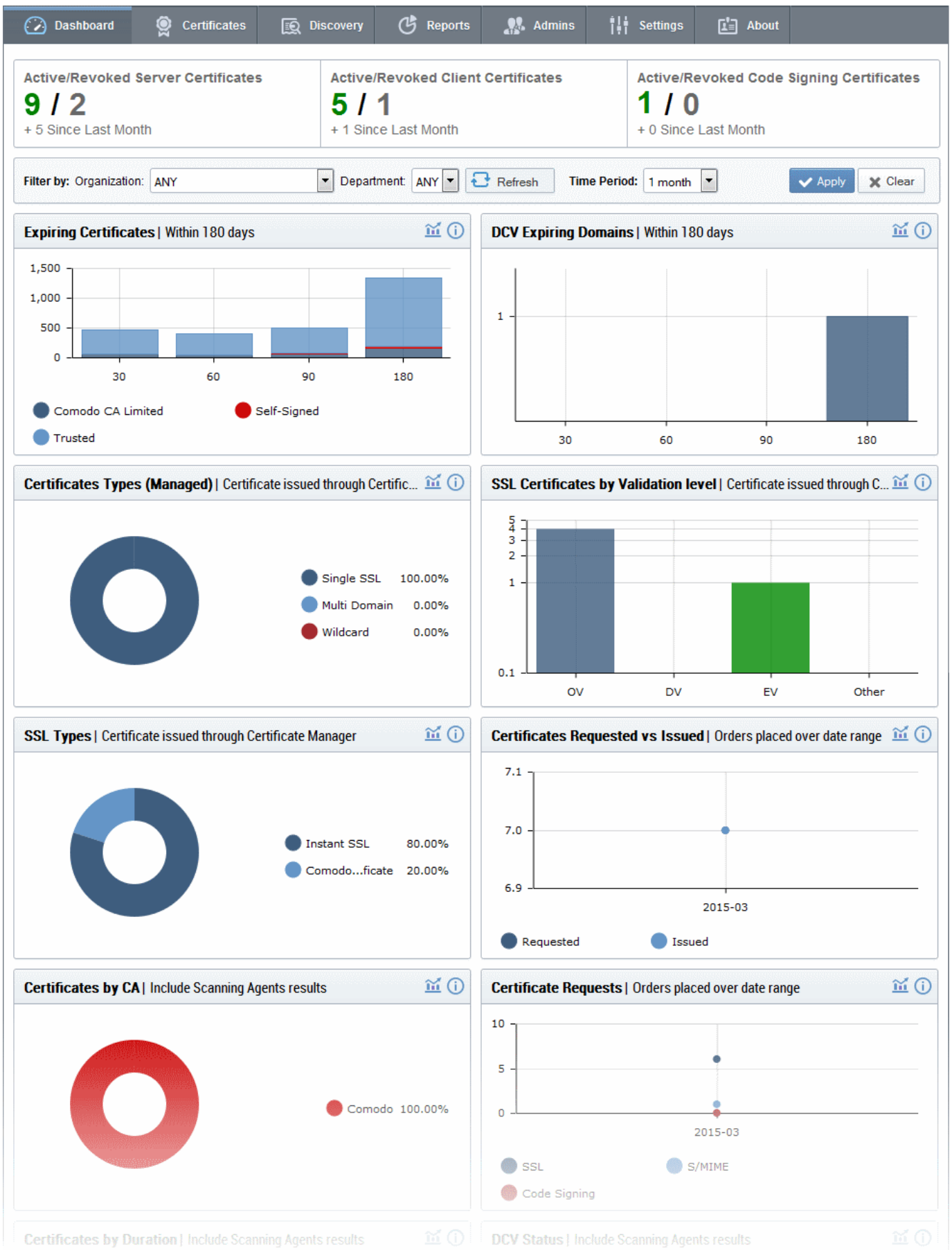
The CCM Dashboard will be displayed by default when an administrator first logs into the CCM interface. The dashboard provides a heads-up-display which allows you to quickly gain an overview of all SSL, S/MIME and code-signing certificates on the network.

The charts and graphs in the dashboard provide an essential combination of key life-cycle information (such as certificates approaching expiry, certificates issued/requested and DCV status) as well as important technical insights like how many servers have support for perfect forward secrecy, renegotiation and RC4 suites.

Chart data is updated in real-time, so any modifications should be reflected in the dashboard near-instantly.

Security Roles:

- RAO SSL, RAO S/MIME and RAO Code Signing - can view charts relevant to the certificate types, domains and web servers of the Organizations (and any sub-ordinate Departments) that have been delegated to them.
- DRAO SSL, DRAO S/MIME and DRAO Code Signing - can view the charts relevant to the certificate types, domains and web servers of the Departments that have been delegated to them.



The area at the top of the dashboard displays a real-time summary of Active/Revoked certificates:

Active/Revoked Server Certificates 9 / 2 + 5 Since Last Month	Active/Revoked Client Certificates 5 / 1 + 1 Since Last Month	Active/Revoked Code Signing Certificates 1 / 0 + 0 Since Last Month
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Filtering Options:

The statistics displayed in the dashboard can be filtered based on the time period and by Organization/Department:

Filter by: Organization: Department: Time Period:

- To add a filter, select the type of the filter from the 'Add Filter' drop-down. The available options are:
 - Organization - Choose an Organization / Department from the respective drop-downs and click 'Apply'.
 - Time Period - Select the time period for which you wish to view statistics from the 'Time Period' drop-down and click 'Apply'.
- To remove a filter, click the '-' button beside the filter.
- To reset the filters, click 'Clear'.

Charts available in first release. Click any link to view more details:

- Expiring Certificates by Issuer** - Comodo, self-signed and 'Other Trusted' certificates expiring within 180 days
- DCV Expiring Domains** - Domains for which Domain Control Validation will expire within 180 days
- Certificates Types (Managed)** - Single Domain, Wildcard, Multi-Domain, UCC etc.
- Certificates by Validation Level** - EV, DV, OV.
- SSL Certificate Types** - Certificates issued through CCM and broken down by brand names like Instant SSL, Premium SSL, EV SSL etc.
- Certificate Requests versus Certificates Issued**
- Certificates by CA** - Comodo, VeriSign, GoDaddy, Thawte, self-signed etc.
- Certificate Requests by Category of Certificate** - SSL requests, S/MIME requests, Code signing requests
- Certificates By Duration** - How many of your certificates are 1 year, 2 year, 3 year etc
- DCV Status** - The current stage in the Domain Control Validation process held by your certificate-hosting domains
- Certificates by Organization** - Certificates broken down by the Organizations they are issued to.
- Certificates by Key Strength** - Certificates by the strength of key with which they were signed (1024 bit, 2048 bit etc)
- Certificates by Signing Algorithm** - Certificates by hashing and signing algorithms (e.g. SHA1withRSA)
- Certificates by Public Key Algorithm** - Certificates broken down by encryption algorithm (RSA, DSA etc)

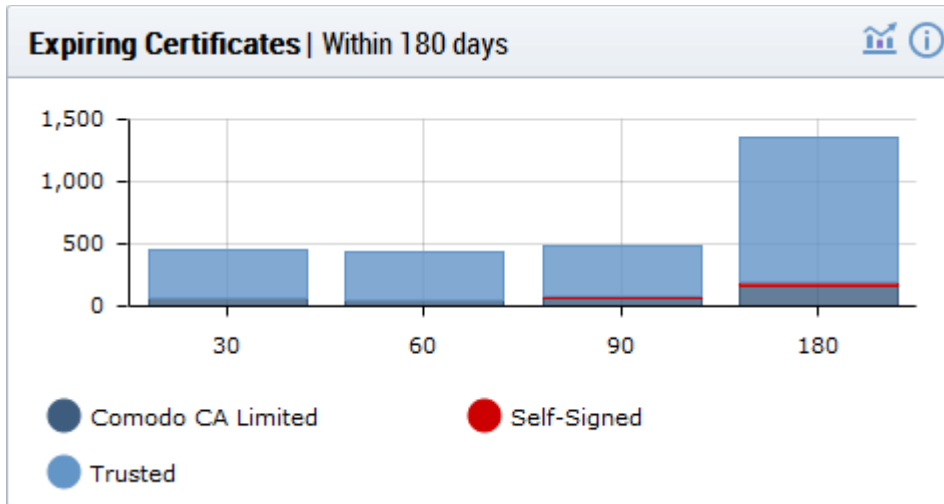
Charts which are coming soon. Click any link to view more details:

- EV Expiring Organizations** - Organizations whose eligibility for accelerated EV validation will expire within 180 days.
- Forward Secrecy** - The degree to which forward secrecy is supported on the web-servers hosting your certificates
- Hosted by OS** - Details the server operating systems used to host your certificates (Windows, Linux etc)
- RC4 Support** - The level of support for RC4 suites on the web-servers that host your certificates
- Renegotiation Support** - The level of renegotiation support on the web-servers that host your certificates

- **Supported Protocols** - The types of encryption protocols supported by the web-servers that host your certificates
- **Certificates by port number** - The port numbers used for SSL traffic on the web-servers that host your certificates

Expiring Certificates

The 'Expiring Certificates' bar graph shows the number of certificates expiring within the next 30, 60, 90 and 180 days. Expiring certificates are further broken down according to signer. 'Trusted' certificates are those from other CAs which you may want to replace with Comodo certificates in order to benefit from CCM's management capabilities.



- Hovering the mouse cursor over a legend or graph displays the number of certificates in each category.
- Clicking on the information icon ⓘ displays a tool tip explaining the chart
- Clicking on the graph icon 📊 displays a report with the breakdown of statistics shown in the chart:

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	EXPIRES
*gehitachi.workforcehosting.com *	org1		07/21/2015
exch.bridgetree.com *	org1		06/17/2015
*comca.tv *	OrganizationNumber12	Department212	08/28/2015
exchange.howardchem.com *	DCV_check_org		08/31/2015
webmail.medcommbilling.com *	DCV_check_org		05/28/2015
www.onedegreeevents.com *	DCV_check_org		04/12/2015
contract.restorationhardware.com *	DCV_check_org		04/14/2015

15 rows/page 1 - 15 out of 2716

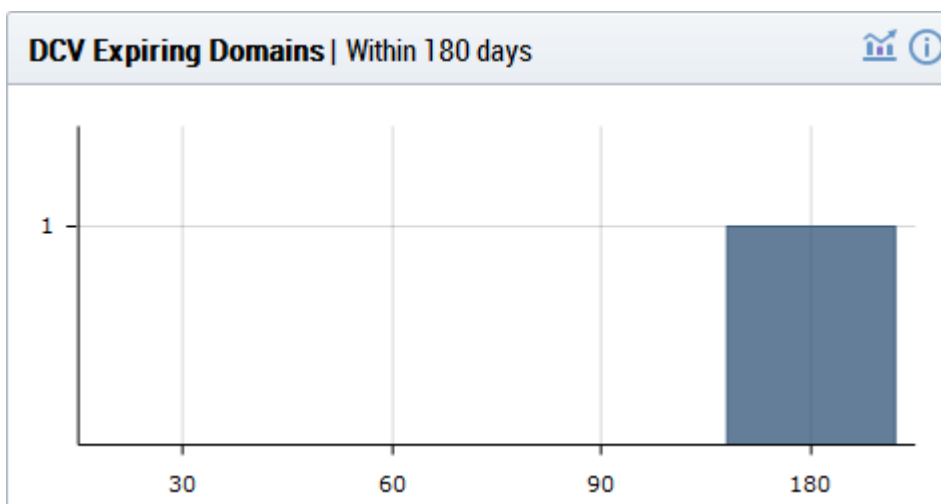
Close

'Expiring Certificates Report' Table - Column Descriptions	
Column Header	Description

Common Name	The domain for which the certificate was issued. This domain name refers to the 'Common Name' field in the SSL certificate itself.
Organization	Name of the Organization that has been issued with the certificate.
Department	The specific Department of the Organization that is associated with the certificate. This column will be blank if a Department has not been delegated as the controlling entity.
Expires	The expiration date of the certificate.

DCV Expiring Domains

The chart indicates how many of your domains are within 30, 60, 90 and 180 days of DCV (domain control validation) expiry. DCV validity lasts for one year so it is possible DCV might be approaching expiry even though your certificate is not. If DCV is allowed to expire, it will not mean your certificate becomes invalid/stops functioning. However, your next application for that domain will need to pass DCV again.



- Placing the mouse cursor over a legend or graph displays a tool-tip showing the number of domains within that time-frame.
- Clicking on the information icon ⓘ displays a tool tip explaining the chart
- Clicking on the graph icon 📊 displays a report with the breakdown of statistics shown in the chart:

NAME	DELEGATION STATUS	DATE REQUESTED	DCV STATUS	
*.dithers.com	Approved	09/05/2013	Validated	
dithers.com	Approved	09/05/2013	Validated	

15 rows/page 1 - 2 out of 2

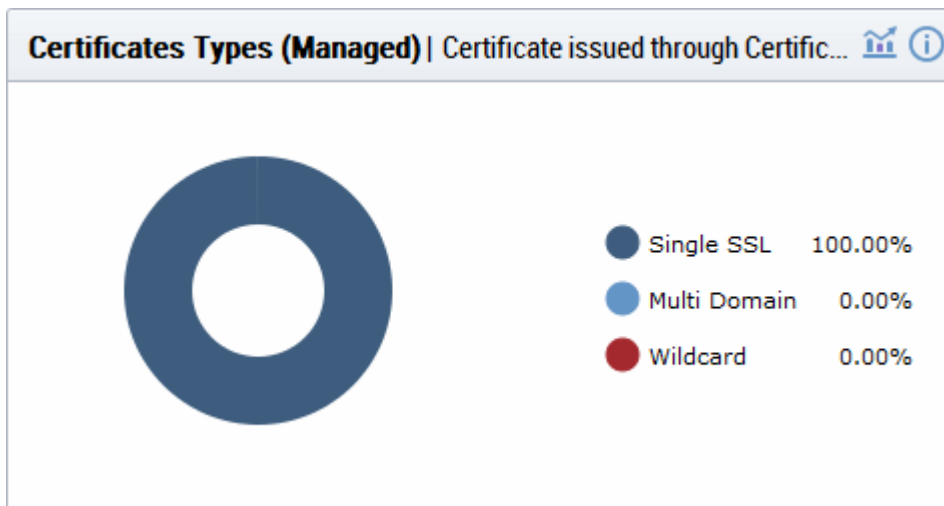
'DCV Expiring Domains Report' Table - Column Descriptions

Column Header	Description
Name	The name of the domain.

Delegation Status	Indicates whether domain is active or inactive
Date Requested	Indicates the date on which the domain was requested.
DCV Status	Indicates the request/approval status of the domain.

Certificate Types (Managed)

The 'Certificate Types' pie chart summarizes the different types of SSL certificates installed on servers in your network. (single domain, wildcard, multi-domain etc). This chart covers only 'managed' certificates issued through CCM.



- Hovering your mouse cursor over a legend item or section displays additional details such as the actual quantity of certificates of that type.
- Clicking on the information icon displays a tool tip on the chart
- Clicking on the graph icon displays a report with the breakdown of statistics shown in the chart

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	SSL TYPE
abcdcomp.com (renewed)	ABCD Company		Instant SSL
bestorg.com	Best Organization		Instant SSL
capitalbus.com	Capital Business		Instant SSL
duncangift.com	Dungan Gift Shop		Instant SSL
elegantamp.com	Elegant Organization		Comodo EV SSL Certificate

5 rows/page 1 - 5 out of 5

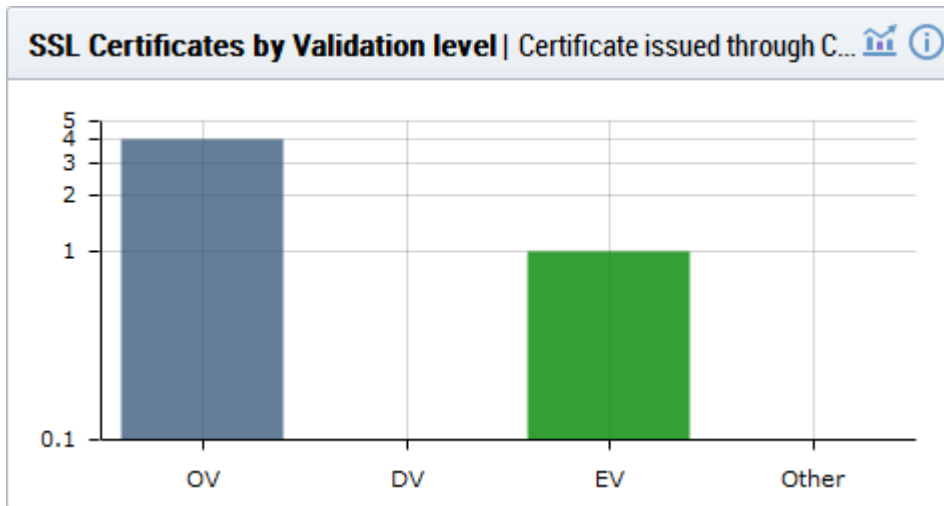
Close

'Managed Certificate Types Report' Table - Column Descriptions	
Column Header	Description
Common Name	The domain for which the certificate was issued. This domain name refers to the 'Common Name' field in the SSL certificate itself.

Organization	Name of the Organization that has been issued with the certificate.
Department	The specific Department of the Organization that is associated with the certificate. This column will be blank if a Department has not been delegated as the controlling entity.
SSL Type	Indicates type of the certificate with its brand name

Certificates by Validation Level

The chart displays the composition of your certificate portfolio according to certificate validation level. This includes the number of Domain Validated, Organization Validated and Extended Validation certificates on your network.



- Hovering the mouse cursor over a bar displays the exact number of certificates in that category.
- Clicking on the information icon ⓘ displays a tool tip on the chart
- Clicking on the details icon 📊 displays a report with the breakdown of statistics shown in the chart

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	SUB TYPE
abcdcomp.com (renewed)	ABCD Company		OV
bestorg.com	Best Organization		OV
capitalbus.com	Capital Business		OV
duncangift.com	Dungan Gift Shop		OV
elegantamp.com	Elegant Organization		EV

15 rows/page 1 - 5 out of 5

Close

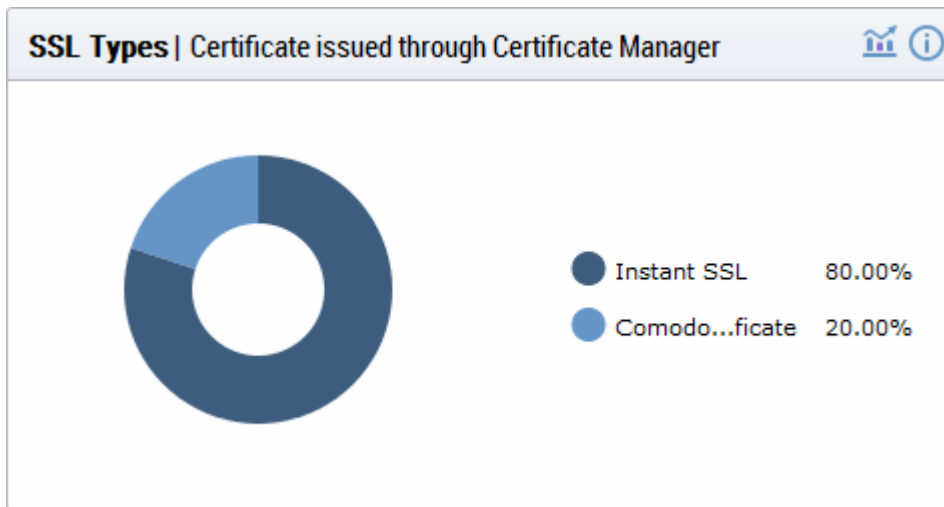
'SSL Certificates by Validation Level Report' Table - Column Descriptions

Column Header	Description
Common Name	The domain for which the certificate was issued. This domain name refers to the 'Common Name' field in the SSL certificate itself.
Organization	Name of the Organization that has been issued with the certificate.

Department	The specific Department of the Organization that is associated with the certificate. This column will be blank if a Department has not been delegated as the controlling entity.
Sub Type	Indicates validation level of the certificate, like Domain Validated, Organization Validated and Extended Validation.

SSL Types

The 'SSL Types' chart details the quantities of SSL certificates issued by CCM according to certificate brand name.



- Hovering your mouse over a legend or sector displays additional details.
- Clicking on the information icon ⓘ displays a tool tip on the chart
- Clicking on the graph icon 📊 displays a report with the breakdown of statistics shown in the chart

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	SSL TYPE
abcdcomp.com (renewed)	ABCD Company		Instant SSL
bestorg.com	Best Organization		Instant SSL
capitalbus.com	Capital Business		Instant SSL
duncangift.com	Dungan Gift Shop		Instant SSL
elegantamp.com	Elegant Organization		Comodo EV SSL Certificate

15 rows/page 1 - 5 out of 5

Close

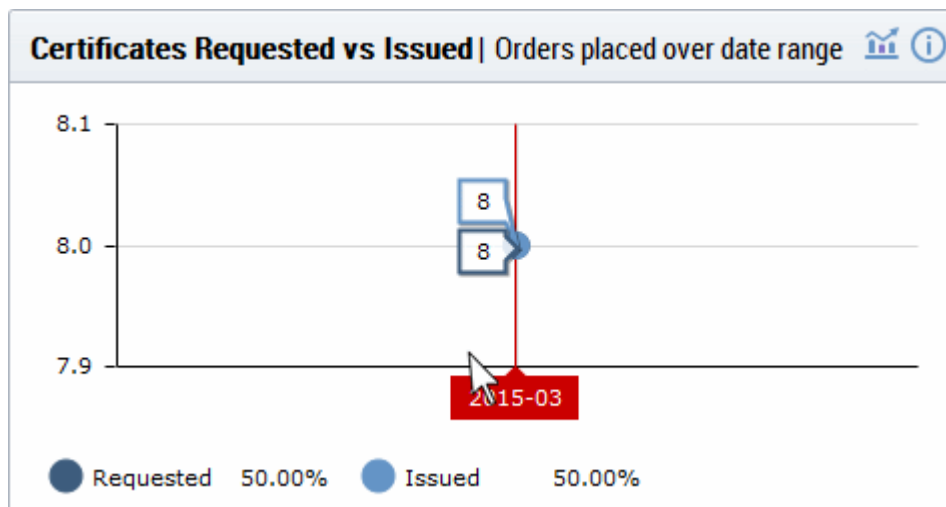
'SSL Types Report' Table - Column Descriptions	
Column Header	Description
Common Name	The domain for which the certificate was issued. This domain name refers to the 'Common Name' field in the SSL certificate itself.

Organization	Name of the Organization that has been issued with the certificate.
Department	The specific Department of the Organization that is associated with the certificate. This column will be blank if a Department has not been delegated as the controlling entity.
SSL Type	Indicates brand name of the certificate.

Note: Certificates with 'Issued' status are shown with blue text

Certificates Requested vs Issued

The 'Certificates Requested vs Issued' graph allows you to view certificate issuance against certificate requests over time.



- Placing the mouse cursor over the graph nodes displays more details about the number of certificates that were requested and issued on that date.
- Clicking on the information icon ⓘ displays a tool tip on the chart
- Clicking on the details icon 📊 displays a report with the breakdown of statistics shown in the chart

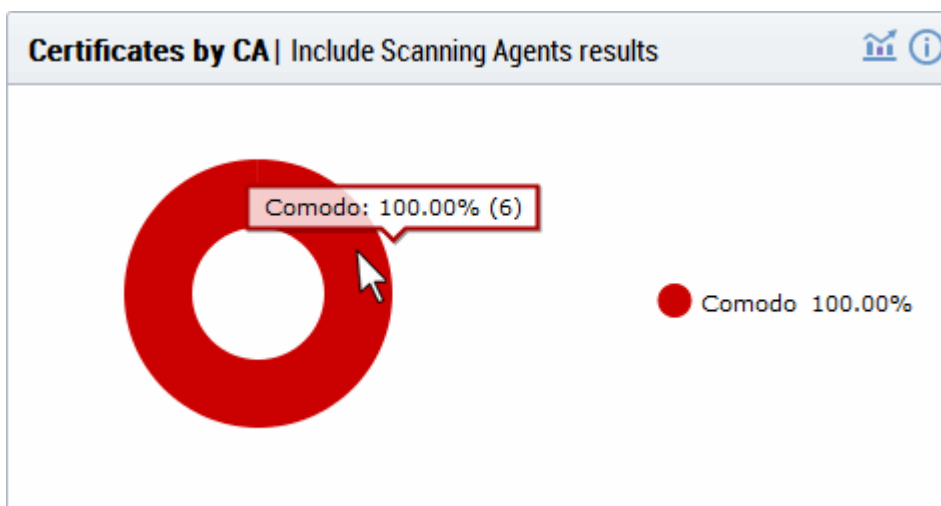
CERTIFICATE TYPE	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	ORDER NUMBER	SERIAL NUMBER	TERM	STA
SSL	ABCD Company		1299179	4C:40:79:1F:31:93:64:9B:65:A0:55:EF:5F:1	365	Issu
SSL	Best Organization		1304831	73:29:5D:E2:42:1E:85:B3:EB:43:3C:5D:A0:	365	Issu
SSL	Capital Business		1304801	E7:3F:B5:9E:FF:51:5F:FD:8C:1C:90:64:0F:	365	Issu
SSL	Duncan Gift Shop		1304839	70:F9:12:B3:5D:96:76:86:C9:B9:44:16:76:7	365	Issu
SSL	Elegant		1304800	DE:EA:B3:FE:08:7F:48:F8:27:33:96:67:C7:2	365	Revc
SSL	Elegant		1304836	6C:D6:FE:FE:E5:07:CE:24:46:C0:EF:D0:1B	365	Issu
Client cert	ABCD Company		1303940	F3:49:8B:A9:29:24:60:64:7D:2D:32:B9:A3:2	1	Revc
Client cert	Best Organization		1305101	38:D4:BE:81:BE:BA:6A:D9:F3:7A:76:F9:16:	1	Issu

15 rows/page 1 - 8 out of 8

'Certificates Requested Vs Issued Report' Table - Column Descriptions	
Column Header	Description
Certificate Type	The domain for which the certificate was issued. This domain name refers to the 'Common Name' field in the SSL certificate itself.
Organization	Name of the Organization that has been issued with the certificate.
Department	The specific Department of the Organization that is associated with the certificate. This column will be blank if a Department has not been delegated as the controlling entity.
Order Number	Indicates the number assigned by the Certification Authority (CA) for the request.
Serial Number	Displays the serial number of the certificate that is unique and can be used to identify the certificate.
Term	The length of time the certificate is (or will be) valid for from the time of issuance. For certificates that have not yet been approved, this is the certificate lifetime that was requested during the application process.
State	Indicates the current status of the certificate.
Requested	The date at which the certificate was requested by the end-user or the administrator
Collected	The date at which the certificate was collected by the end-user or the administrator
Expires	The date of expiry of the certificate

Certificates by CA

The 'Certificates by CA' chart allows you to determine what percentage (%) of your certificates are publicly trusted by providing a break-down of certificates by signer. This includes all certificates signed by Certificate Authorities (CA) and those which are self-signed. It also highlights certificates from other CA's which you may want to replace with Comodo equivalents in order to benefit from CCM's management capabilities.



- Placing your mouse cursor over a legend or sector displays the number of certificates by that signer and their % of the total certificates.
- Clicking on the information icon ⓘ displays a tool tip on the chart
- Clicking on the graph icon 📊 displays a report with the breakdown of statistics shown in the chart

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	VENDOR
bestorg.com	Best Organization		Comodo CA Limited
abcdcomp.com (renewed)	ABCD Company		Comodo CA Limited
capitalbus.com	Capital Business		Comodo CA Limited
duncangift.com	Duncan Gift Shop		Comodo CA Limited
dynacom.com (renewed)	Duncan Gift Shop		Comodo CA Limited
elegantamp.com	Elegant		Comodo CA Limited

15 rows/page 1 - 6 out of 6

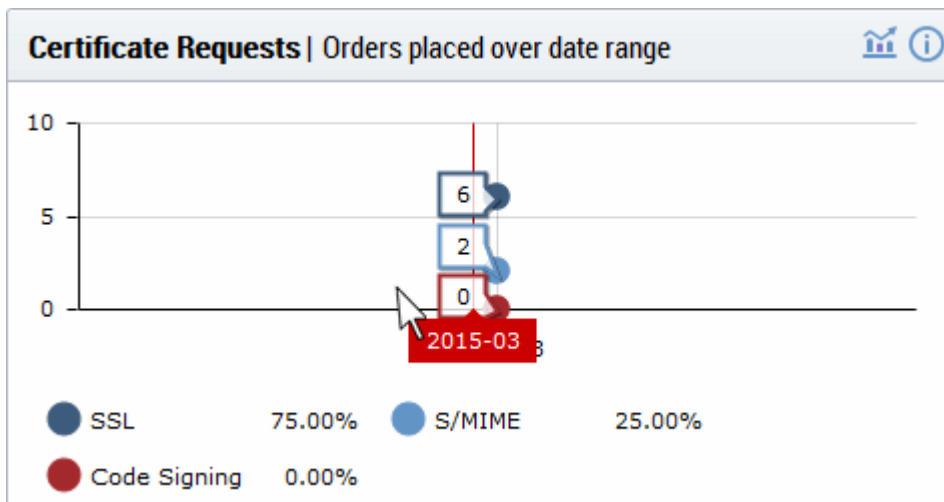
Close



'Certificates by CA Report' Table - Column Descriptions	
Column Header	Description
Common Name	The domain for which the certificate was issued. This domain name refers to the 'Common Name' field in the SSL certificate itself.
Organization	Name of the Organization that has been issued with the certificate.
Department	The specific Department of the Organization that is associated with the certificate. This column will be blank if a Department has not been delegated as the controlling entity.
Vendor	Shows the vendor that has issued the certificate.

Note: Certificates with 'Issued' status are shown with blue text

Certificate Requests

The 'Certificates Requests' graph displays the number of CCM orders placed over time for SSL, S/MIME and Code Signing certificates.



- Hovering the mouse cursor over the nodes on the graph displays the exact number of certificates that were requested.
- Clicking on the information icon  displays a tool tip on the chart
- Clicking on the graph icon  displays a report with the breakdown of statistics shown in the chart

CERTIFICATE TY	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	ORDER NUMBER	SERIAL NUMBER
SSL	ABCD Company		1299179	4C:40:79:1F:31:93:64:9B:65:A0:55:EF:5F:1E:A8:97
SSL	Best Organization		1304831	73:29:5D:E2:42:1E:85:B3:EB:43:3C:5D:A0:DE:AC:0
SSL	Capital Business		1304801	E7:3F:B5:9E:FF:51:5F:FD:8C:1C:90:64:0F:C8:01:1
SSL	Duncan Gift Shop		1304839	70:F9:12:B3:5D:96:76:86:C9:B9:44:16:76:72:3A:C0
SSL	Elegant		1304800	DE:EA:B3:FE:08:7F:48:F8:27:33:96:67:C7:2F:25:40
SSL	Elegant		1304836	6C:D6:FE:FE:E5:07:CE:24:46:C0:EF:D0:1B:09:9A:0
Client cert	ABCD Company		1303940	F3:49:8B:A9:29:24:60:64:7D:2D:32:B9:A3:27:03:A9
Client cert	Best Organization		1305101	38:D4:BE:81:BE:BA:6A:D9:F3:7A:76:F9:16:C1:95:3

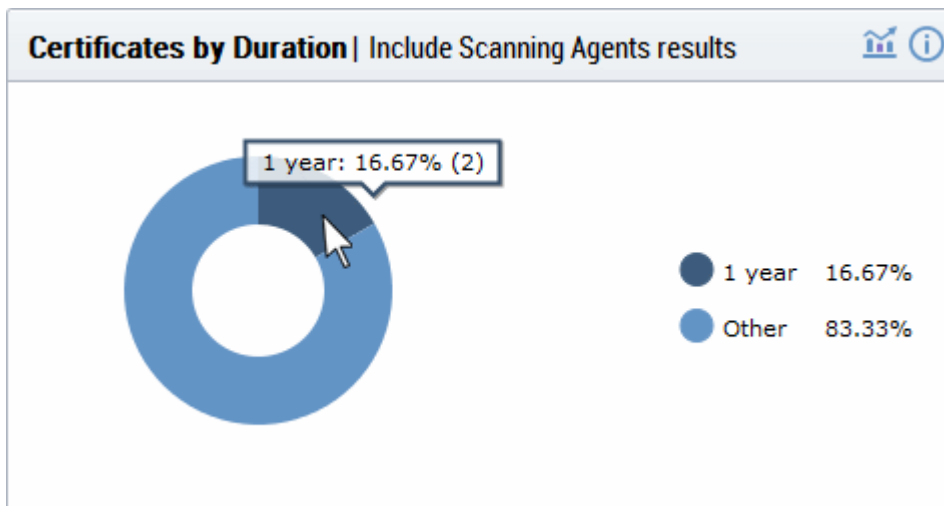
15 rows/page 1 - 8 out of 8

Close

'Certificates Requests Report' Table - Column Descriptions	
Column Header	Description
Certificate Type	The domain for which the certificate was requested / issued. This domain name refers to the 'Common Name' field in the SSL certificate itself.
Organization	Name of the Organization that has been issued with the certificate.
Department	The specific Department of the Organization that is associated with the certificate. This column will be blank if a Department has not been delegated as the controlling entity.
Order Number	Indicates the number assigned by the Certification Authority (CA) for the request.
Serial Number	Displays the serial number of the certificate that is unique and can be used to identify the certificate.
Term	The length of time the certificate is (or will be) valid for from the time of issuance. For certificates that have not yet been approved, this is the certificate lifetime that was requested during the application process.
State	Indicates the current status of the certificate.
Requested	The date at which the certificate was requested by the end-user or the administrator
Collected	The date at which the certificate was collected by the end-user or the administrator
Expires	The date of expiry of the certificate

Certificates by Duration

The 'Certificates by Duration' pie chart is a break-down of your certificates by term length.



- Hovering your mouse cursor over a legend or section displays the exact number of certificates with that term length and their percentage of the total.
- Clicking on the information icon ⓘ displays a tool tip on the chart
- Clicking on the graph icon 📊 displays a report with the breakdown of statistics shown in the chart

CERTIFICATE TY	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	ORDER NUMBER	SERIAL NUMBER
SSL	ABCD Company		1299179	4C:40:79:1F:31:93:64:9B:65:A0:55:EF:5F:1E:A8:97
SSL	Best Organization		0	
SSL	Capital Business		0	
SSL	Duncan Gift Shop		0	
SSL	Elegant		1304831	73:29:5D:E2:42:1E:85:B3:EB:43:3C:5D:A0:DE:AC:0
SSL	Elegant		1304801	E7:3F:B5:9E:FF:51:5F:FD:8C:1C:90:64:0F:C8:01:1
SSL	ABCD Company		1304839	70:F9:12:B3:5D:96:76:86:C9:B9:44:16:76:72:3A:C0
SSL	Best Organization		0	
SSL	Elegant		1304800	DE:EA:B3:FE:08:7F:48:F8:27:33:96:67:C7:2F:25:46
SSL	Elegant		1304836	6C:D6:FE:FE:E5:07:CE:24:46:C0:EF:D0:1B:09:9A:0
Client cert	ABCD Company		1303940	F3:49:8B:A9:29:24:60:64:7D:2D:32:B9:A3:27:03:A9
Client cert	Best Organization		1305101	38:D4:BE:81:BE:BA:6A:D9:F3:7A:76:F9:16:C1:95:33

15 rows/page 1 - 12 out of 12

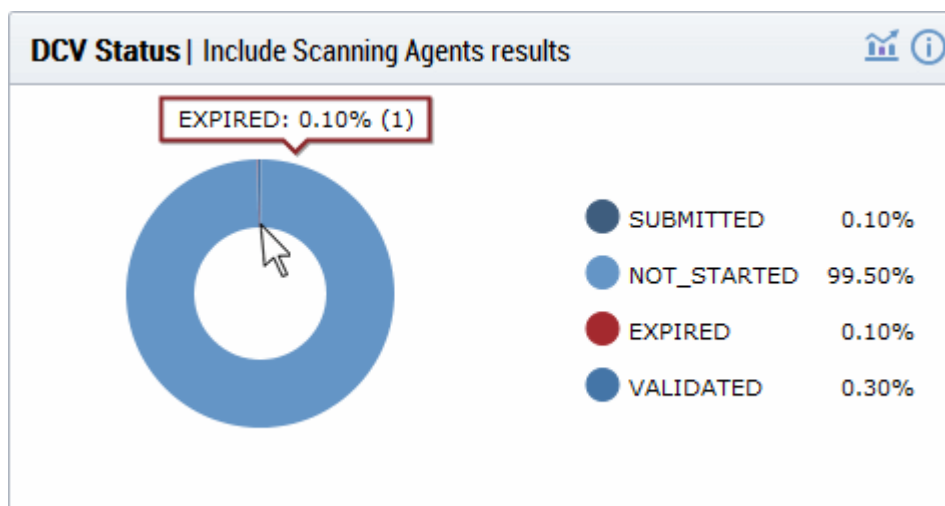
Close

'Certificates by Duration' Table - Column Descriptions	
Column Header	Description
Certificate Type	The domain for which the certificate was requested / issued. This domain name refers to the 'Common Name' field in the SSL certificate itself.

Organization	Name of the Organization that has been issued with the certificate.
Department	The specific Department of the Organization that is associated with the certificate. This column will be blank if a Department has not been delegated as the controlling entity.
Order Number	Indicates the number assigned by the Certification Authority (CA) for the request.
Serial Number	Displays the serial number of the certificate that is unique and can be used to identify the certificate.
Term	The length of time the certificate is (or will be) valid for from the time of issuance. For certificates that have not yet been approved, this is the certificate lifetime that was requested during the application process.
State	Indicates the current status of the certificate.
Requested	The date at which the certificate was requested by the end-user or the administrator
Collected	The date at which the certificate was collected by the end-user or the administrator
Expires	The date of expiry of the certificate

DCV Status

The chart shows a summary of Domain Control Validation (DCV) status of the domains registered with the CM. DCV is required in order for Comodo to issue certificates to your domains and sub-domains. We advise customers to first complete DCV on their registrable domain (e.g. domain.com). Once the domain has passed DCV, then future certificate applications will be faster, because all sub-domains, including wildcards, will also be considered complete.



- Hovering your mouse cursor over a legend or section displays the quantity of domains with a particular status and their percentage of the total domains.
- Clicking on the information icon ⓘ displays a tool tip on the chart
- Clicking on the graph icon 📊 displays a report with the breakdown of statistics shown in the chart

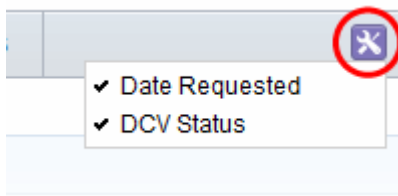
NAME	DELEGATION STATUS	DATE REQUESTED	DCV STATUS	
abcdcomp.com	Approved	08/28/2013		
bestorg.com	Approved	08/29/2013		
capitalbus.com	Approved	08/28/2013		
duncangift.com	Approved	08/28/2013		
elegantamp.com	Approved	08/29/2013		

5 rows/page 1 - 5 out of 1003

Close

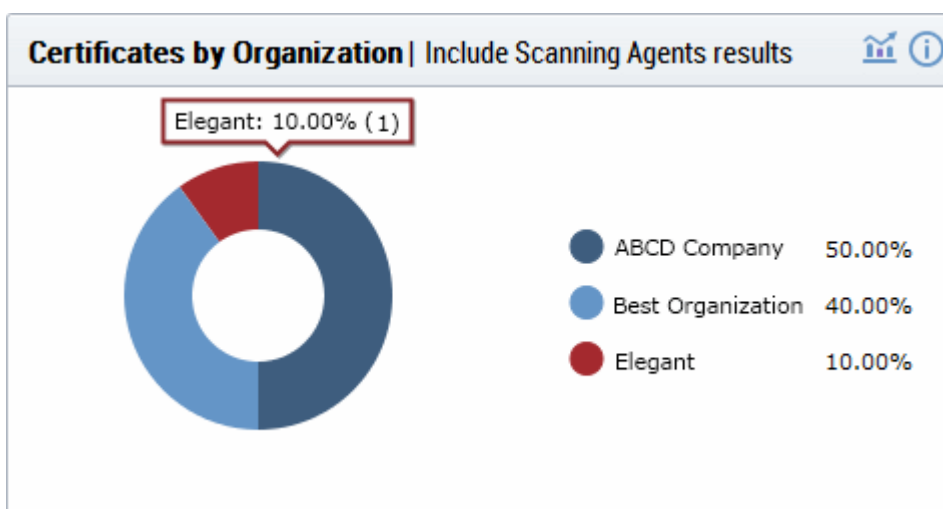
'DCV Status Report' Table - Column Descriptions	
Column Header	Description
Name	The name of the domain.
Delegation Status	Indicates the state of the domain within the CM. (Approved, Requested, etc.)
Date Requested	Indicates the date on which the domain was requested.
DCV Status	Indicates the request/approval status of the domain.

You can select the columns to be displayed by clicking the settings icon at the top right of the table and choosing the columns.



Certificates by Organization

The 'Certificates by Organization' chart shows how many certificates have been issued to each Organization in your CCM account.



- Hovering your mouse cursor over a legend or section displays the precise number and percentage of total certificates issued to to a particular Organization.
- Clicking on the information icon ⓘ displays a tool tip on the chart
- Clicking on the graph icon 📊 displays a report with the breakdown of statistics shown in the chart

CERTIFICATE TY	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	ORDER NUMBER	SERIAL NUMBER
SSL	ABCD Company		1304836	6C:D6:FE:FE:E5:07:CE:24:46:C0:EF:D0:1B:09:9A:
SSL	ABCD Company		1299179	4C:40:79:1F:31:93:64:9B:65:A0:55:EF:5F:1E:A8:97
SSL	Best Organization		0	
SSL	Elegant		0	
Client cert	Best Organization		1305101	38:D4:BE:81:BE:BA:6A:D9:F3:7A:76:F9:16:C1:95:3

5 rows/page 6 - 10 out of 10

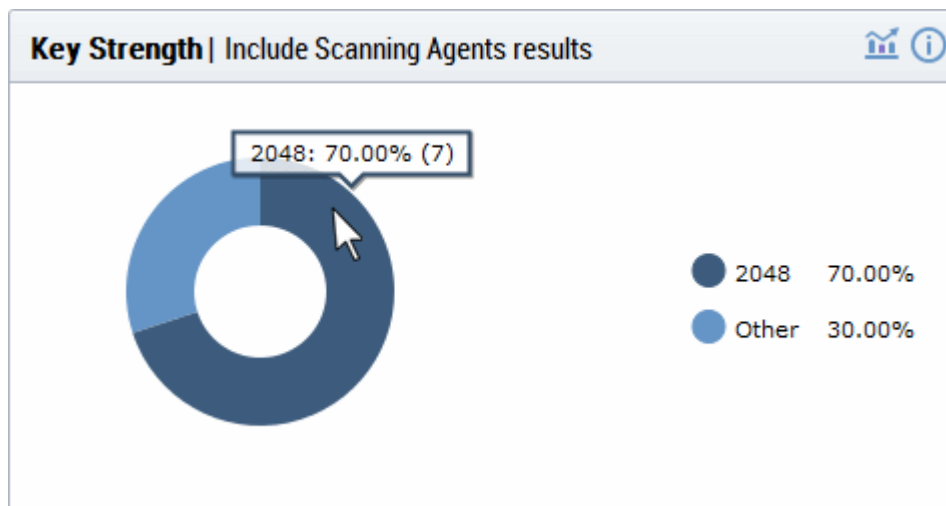
Close

'Certificates by Organization' Table - Column Descriptions	
Column Header	Description
Certificate Type	The domain for which the certificate was requested / issued. This domain name refers to the 'Common Name' field in the SSL certificate itself.
Organization	Name of the Organization that has been issued with the certificate.
Department	The specific Department of the Organization that is associated with the certificate. This column will be blank if a Department has not been delegated as the controlling entity.
Order Number	Indicates the number assigned by the Certification Authority (CA) for the request.
Serial Number	Displays the serial number of the certificate that is unique and can be used to identify the certificate.
Term	The length of time the certificate is (or will be) valid for from the time of issuance. For

	certificates that have not yet been approved, this is the certificate lifetime that was requested during the application process.
State	Indicates the current status of the certificate.
Requested	The date at which the certificate was requested by the end-user or the administrator
Collected	The date at which the certificate was collected by the end-user or the administrator
Expires	The date of expiry of the certificate

Key Strength

The 'Key Strength' chart shows the composition of your certificate portfolio based on the size of their signature. This can be useful for identifying certificates which need to be replaced in order to be compliant with National Institute of Standards (NIST) recommendations. NIST has stated that all certificates, using the RSA algorithm, issued after 1st January 2014 should be of at least 2048 bit in key length.



- Placing your mouse cursor over a legend or sector displays the exact number of certificates with a particular signature size and their percentage of the total certificates.
- Clicking on the information icon ⓘ displays a tool tip on the chart
- Clicking on the graph icon 📊 displays a report with the breakdown of statistics shown in the chart

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	EXPIRES	KEY ALGORITHM	KEY SIZE
abcdcomp.com	ABCD Company		03/10/2016	RSA	2048
elegantamp.com	Elegant				0
abcdcorp.com	ABCD Company				0
abcdmail.com	ABCD Company				0
bestorg.com (renewed)	Best Organization		11/02/2015	RSA	2048

5 rows/page 1 - 5 out of 10

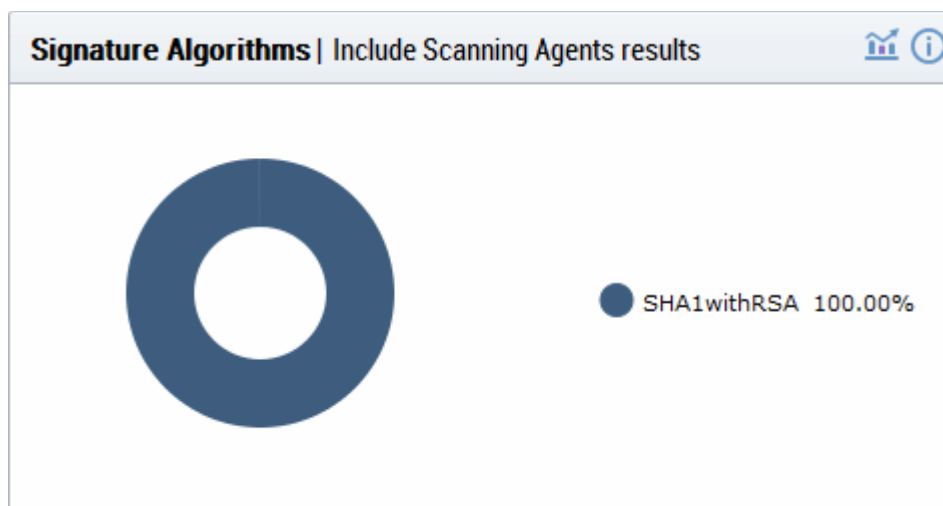
Close

'Key Strength Report' Table - Column Descriptions	
Column Header	Description
Common Name	The domain for which the certificate was issued. This domain name refers to the 'Common Name' field in the SSL certificate itself.
Organization	Name of the Organization that has been issued with the certificate.
Department	The specific Department of the Organization that is associated with the certificate. This column will be blank if a Department has not been delegated as the controlling entity.
Expires	The date of expiry of the certificate
Key Algorithm	Displays the type of algorithm used, by the public and private keys, for encryption. (RSA, DSA, EC, etc.)
Key Size	Displays the key size used, on the public and private keys, for encryption. (1024, 2048, 4096, etc.)

Note: Certificates with 'Issued' status are shown with blue text

Signature Algorithm

The chart provides an overview of the algorithms used by your certificates to hash and sign data. This chart can be useful for identifying certificates using weaker algorithms which may need to be replaced before their expiry dates. Comodo recommends SHA-256 and upwards. MD5 has been proven insecure and Microsoft has stated its products will stop trusting SHA-1 code-signing and SSL certificates in 2016 and 2017 respectively.



For more details, see <http://www.comodo.com/e-commerce/SHA-2-transition.php>

- Placing your mouse cursor over a legend or sector displays the exact number of certificates using a particular signature algorithm and their percentage of the total certificates.
- Clicking on the information icon ⓘ displays a tool tip on the chart
- Clicking on the graph icon 📊 displays a report with the breakdown of statistics shown in the chart

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	EXPIRES	SIGNATURE ALGORITHM
abcdcomp.com	ABCD Company		03/10/2016	SHA1withRSA
elegantamp.com	Elegant			
abcdcorp.com	ABCD Company			
abcdmail.com	ABCD Company			
bestorg.com (renewed)	Best Organization		11/02/2015	SHA1withRSA

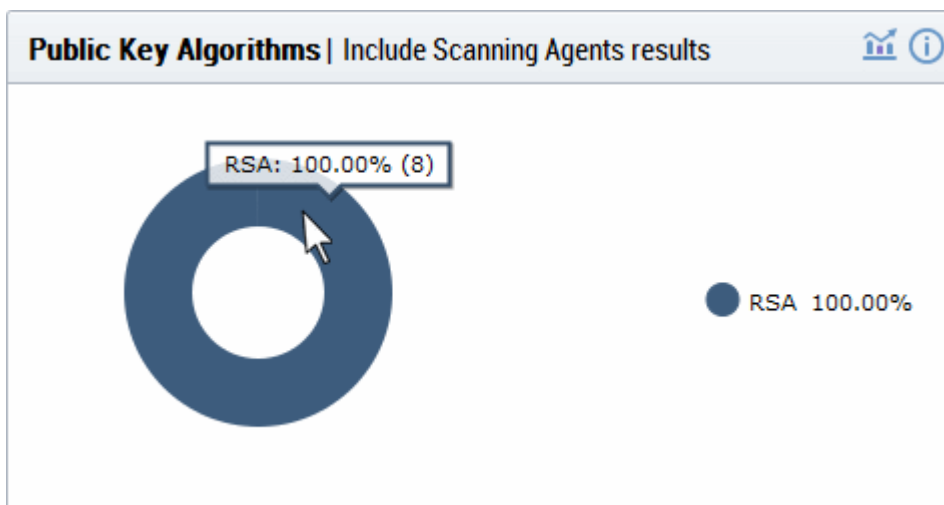
5 rows/page 1 - 5 out of 11


Close


'Signature Algorithm Report' Table - Column Descriptions	
Column Header	Description
Common Name	The domain for which the certificate was issued. This domain name refers to the 'Common Name' field in the SSL certificate itself.
Organization	Name of the Organization that has been issued with the certificate.
Department	The specific Department of the Organization that is associated with the certificate. This column will be blank if a Department has not been delegated as the controlling entity.
Expires	The date of expiry of the certificate
Signature Algorithm	Displays the type of signature algorithm used by the certificate. (SHA1 with RSA, SHA256 with RSA, SHA384 with RSA, etc.)

Public Key Algorithm

This chart provides an overview of the algorithms used to encrypt data by certificates on your network. Example algorithms include RSA, DSA and ECC.



- Placing your mouse cursor over a legend or sector displays the exact number of certificates using a particular public key algorithm and their percentage of the total certificates.
- Clicking on the information icon  displays a tool tip on the chart

- Clicking on the graph icon  displays a report with the breakdown of statistics shown in the chart

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	EXPIRES	SIGNATURE ALGORITHM	KEY ALGORITHM
abcdcomp.com	ABCD Company		03/10/2016	SHA1withRSA	RSA
elegantamp.com	Elegant				
abcdcorp.com	ABCD Company				
abcdmail.com	ABCD Company				
bestorg.com (renewed)	Best Organization		11/02/2015	SHA1withRSA	RSA

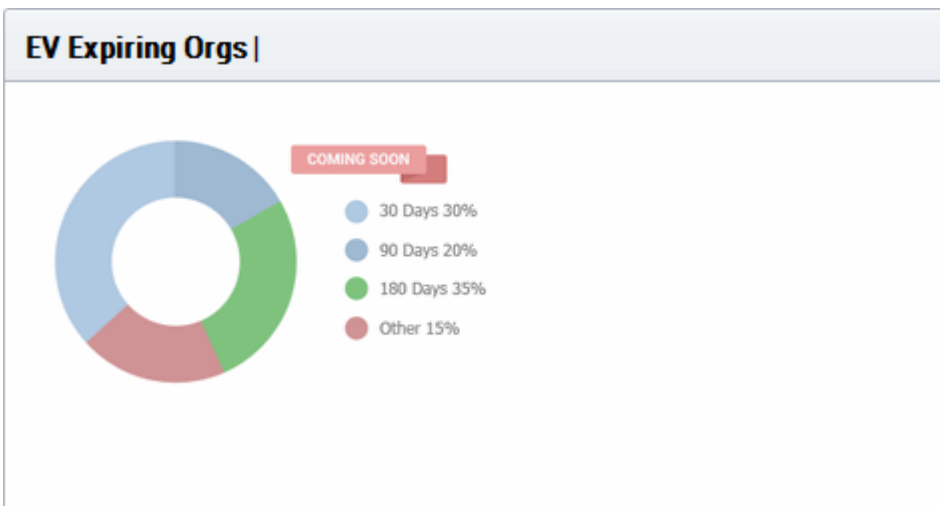
5 rows/page 1 - 5 out of 11

Close

'Public Key Algorithm Report' Table - Column Descriptions	
Column Header	Description
Common Name	The domain for which the certificate was issued. This domain name refers to the 'Common Name' field in the SSL certificate itself.
Organization	Name of the Organization that has been issued with the certificate.
Department	The specific Department of the Organization that is associated with the certificate. This column will be blank if a Department has not been delegated as the controlling entity.
Expires	The date of expiry of the certificate
Signature Algorithm	Displays the type of signature algorithm used by the certificate. (SHA1 with RSA, SHA256 with RSA, SHA384 with RSA, etc.)
Key Algorithm	Displays the type of algorithm used, by the public and private keys, for encryption. (RSA, DSA, EC, etc.)

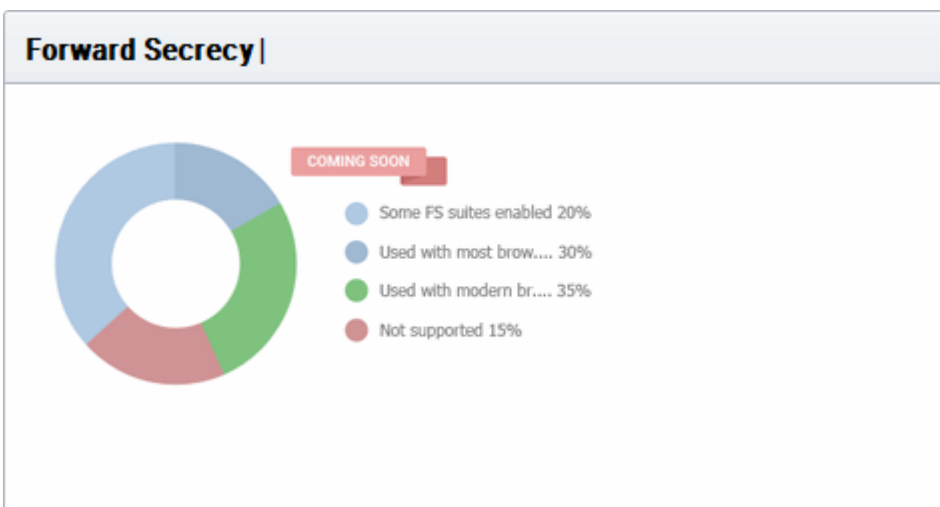
EV Expiring Organizations - coming soon

The chart displays the percentage of Organizations for which accelerated validation of one or more EV certificates will expire within 30, 90 and 180 days. Once an EV certificate has been validated for the high level domain (e.g. domain.com) it qualifies for EV Express and subsequent EV applications for that domain and it's sub-domains will be issued much more quickly (assuming address and contact details are not changed). EV Express status lasts for 13 months before it must be renewed by re-validating the details of the certificate on the high level domain.



Forward Secrecy Enabled - coming soon

The chart displays the percentage of certificates which are hosted on web-servers which have perfect forward secrecy fully or partially enabled. Forward secrecy prevents encrypted data from previous sessions from being decrypted in the event that the private key of the certificate is compromised.



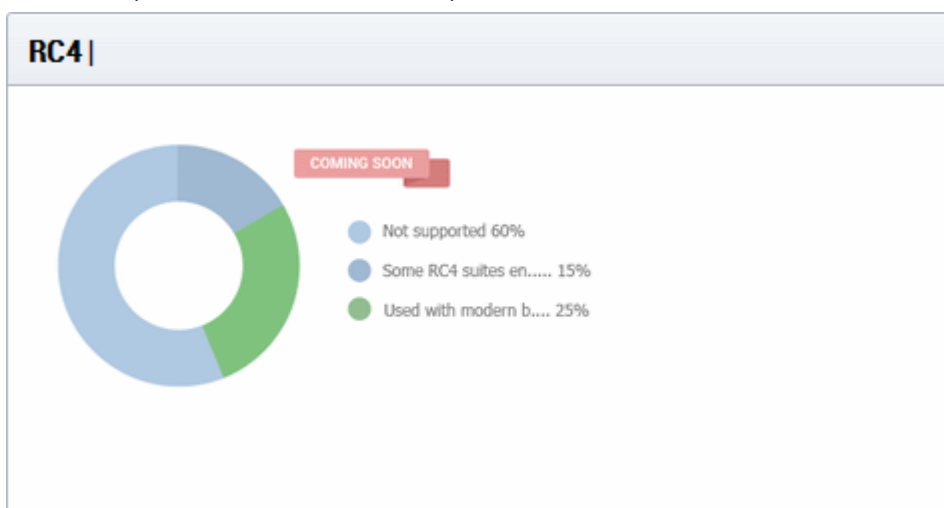
Hosted by OS - coming soon

The chart provides a visual break-down of the server operating systems used to host your certificates.



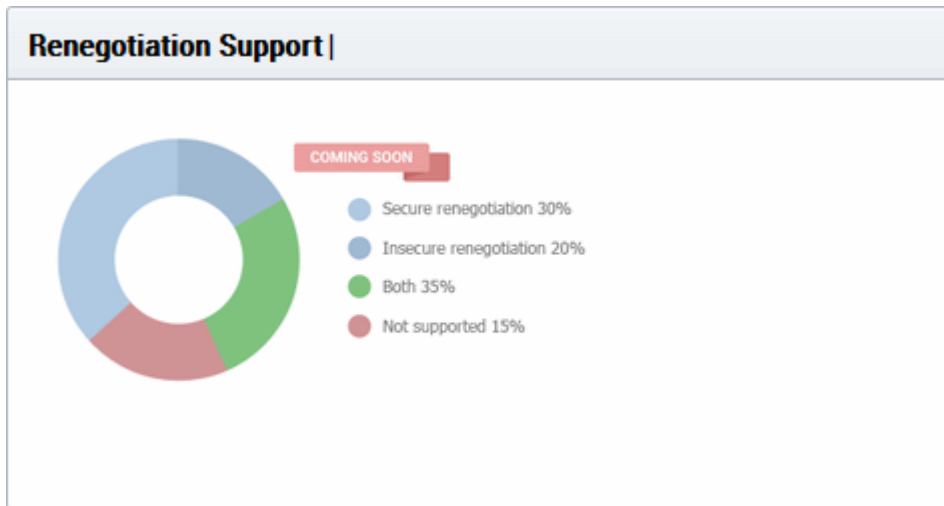
RC4 - coming soon

The chart indicates the degree to which the RC4 streaming cipher is supported by servers hosting your certificates. If your environment can operate without RC4, it is best practice to disable it.



Renegotiation Support - coming soon

Renegotiation is a feature that makes it possible to adjust the parameters of an SSL connection without disrupting the user experience by requiring an entirely new session. Take, for example, the case of an anonymous user browsing an e-commerce website who adds some products to the shopping cart then decides to login and purchase. Renegotiation allows the data from the 'anonymous' session to be transposed in a fluid and secure fashion. Unfortunately, security flaws were discovered in renegotiation in TLS 1 / SSL 3 which required a patch to fix. Unpatched web servers are shown here as 'Insecure renegotiation'.



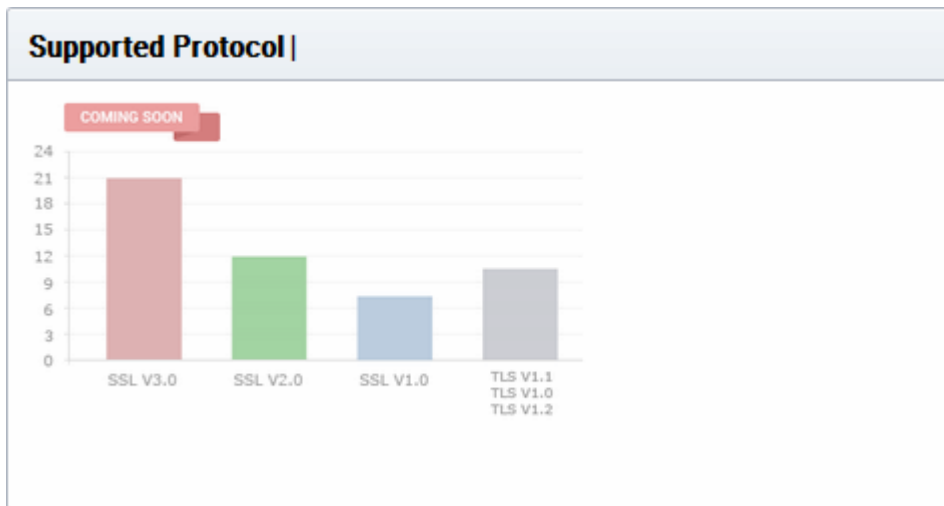
Supported Protocol - coming soon

Shows the support for various cryptographic protocols on the web servers which are used to host your certificates. While we recommend each customer to investigate the precise impact of disabling a given protocol by analyzing the browsers used by their visitors, Comodo would recommend the following:

TLS 1.1, 1.2 - Enable

SSL 3.0 / TLS 1.0 - Discretionary. Disable preferred *

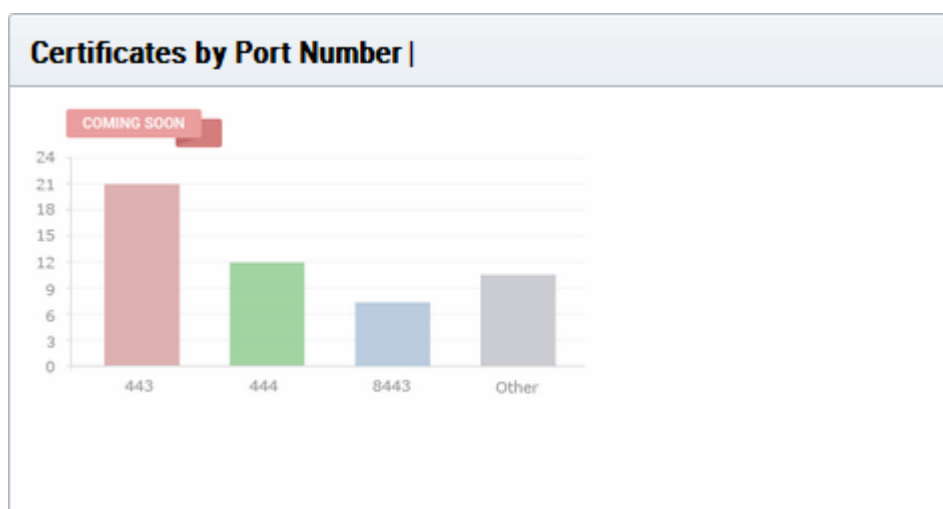
SSL 2.0 - Disable



* SSL 3.0 / TLS 1.0 is needed mainly for Windows XP / Internet Explorer 6.0 users. Microsoft have discontinued support for these systems and their use by the public has waned significantly. However, CCM customers *may* want to retain support in the short-medium term if widely supported by their user base.

Certificates by Port Number - coming soon

The chart shows the port numbers that are used for secure connections on web-servers that host your certificates.



3 Certificates Management

The 'Certificates' tab provides appropriately privileged administrators with the ability to request, collect, revoke and manage SSL, Client and Code Signing certificates.

It is divided into three main administrative areas, namely the SSL Certificates tab, the Client Certificates tab and the Code Signing Certificates tab.

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRES	INSTALL STATE	RENEWAL STATE
c2.local[53]	org1		Issued	01/14/2019	Not scheduled	Not scheduled
c3.local[54]	org1		Issued	01/14/2019	Not scheduled	Not scheduled
c3.local[55]	org1		Issued	01/14/2019	Not scheduled	Not scheduled
c4.ccmqa.com[56]	org2		Invalid		Not scheduled	Not scheduled
ccmqa.com[87]	org1		Invalid		Not scheduled	Not scheduled

This chapter provides guidance on the Certificates Management interface and explains the processes behind the administration and provisioning of SSL certificates, client certificates, device and code signing certificates. This chapter is divided into the following sections:

3.1 The SSL Certificates area - High level introduction to the SSL interface. Contains brief explanations of functionality and an overview of Comodo SSL certificate types.

3.1.2 Request and Issuance of SSL Certificates to Web-Servers and Hosts - Detailed explanations of the entire application, provisioning and life management of SSL web-server certificates.

3.2 The Client Certificates area - Introduction to the Client Certificate interface that covers basic interface functionality and the creation, import and management of certificate end-users.

3.2.5 Request and Issuance of Client Certificates to Employees and End-Users - Detailed explanations of the initiation, application, provisioning, collection and management of Client Certificates.

3.3 The Code Signing Certificates area - Introduction to the Code Sign Certificate interface that covers basic interface functionality and the application, import and management of code signing certificates.

3.3.4.Request and Issuance of Code Signing Certificates- Explains the initiation, application, requisition, collection and management of Code Signing Certificates.

3.4.The Device Certificates Area - Introduction to Device Certificates interface and covers explanations on viewing and managing Device Certificates issued to devices for authenticating themselves for secure connections like VPN.

3.4.2.Request and Issuance of Device Certificates - Explains the processes of enrollment of Device Certificates by Active Directory (AD) integration, SCEP enrollment and Web API.

Note: Administrators can also run a 'Discovery Scan' on their servers which will audit and monitor their entire network for all installed SSL certificates (including certificates issued by other vendors). Once completed, all discovered certificates are automatically imported into the 'Certificates Management' area. This feature is covered in greater detail in the **Certificate Discovery** section of this guide.

3.1 SSL Certificates Area

3.1.1 Overview of the Interface

The SSL Certificates Area provides RAO / DRAO SSL administrators with the information and controls necessary to manage the life-cycle of SSL certificates for an Organization.

- RAO SSL admins can request and manage certificates for their delegated Organization(s)/Department(s). They can approve or decline certificate requests made using the external application form and requests for automatic certificate installation.
- DRAO SSL admins can request SSL certificates for domains belonging to their delegated Department(s). They can approve or decline certificate requests made using the external application form and requests for automatic certificate installation.

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRES	INSTALL STATE	RENEWAL STATE
test.ccmqa.com[61]	org1		Issued	01/14/2018	Successful	Not scheduled
demo.ccmqa.local[60]	org2		Issued	01/14/2018	Not scheduled	Not scheduled
test.ccmqa.com[59]	org1		Issued	01/14/2018	Successful	Not scheduled
p1.ccmqa.local[58]	org1		Issued	01/14/2019	Not scheduled	Not scheduled
l1.local[57]	org1		Issued	01/14/2019	Not scheduled	Not scheduled

Note: The SSL Certificates area is visible only to RAO / DRAO SSL administrators.

SSL Certificates Sub-tab - Table of Parameters

Field Name	Description
Common Name	The domain name that was used during the SSL certificate request. This domain

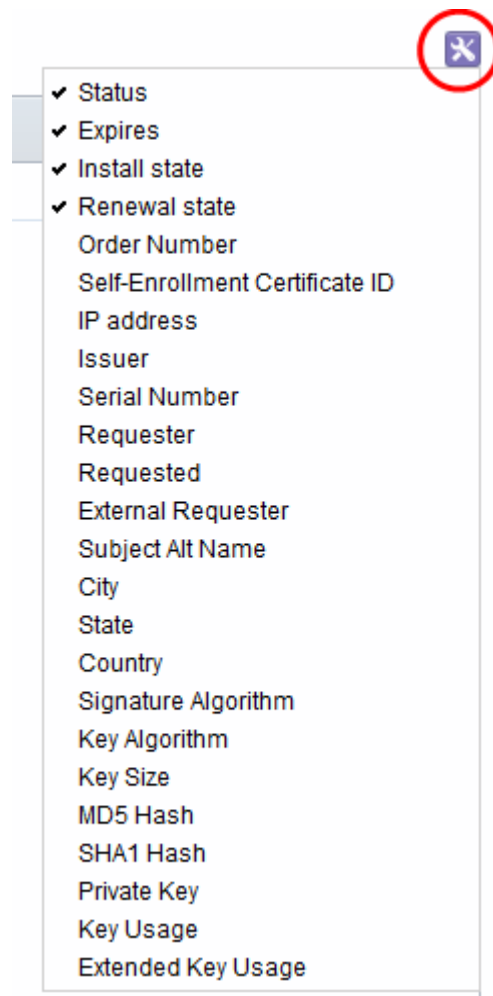
SSL Certificates Sub-tab - Table of Parameters		
Field Name		Description
		name refers to the 'Common Name' in the SSL certificate itself.
Organization		Name of the Organization that requested or has been issued with the certificate listed in the 'Common Name' column.
Department		Indicates the specific Department of the Organization that is associated with the certificate. This column will be blank if a Department has not been delegated as the controlling entity.
Status		Indicates the current status of the certificate.
	Requested	<p>The certificate application was made for auto-installation or using either the Self Enrollment Form or the Built-in application form. Once the applicant has requested the certificate, his/her request appears in the 'SSL Certificates' sub-tab with a 'Requested' state. The Administrator can "View", "Edit", "Approve" or "Decline" this request.</p> <p>A certificate can be requested by</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An applicant using the Self Enrollment Form. • An RAO SSL administrator- for Organizations and Departments which they have been delegated control. Can use Self Enrollment Form or the Built In Application Form. • A DRAO SSL administrator - for Departments of an Organization which they have been delegated control. Can use, Self Enrollment Form or the Built In Application Form.
	Approved	<p>A certificate request that was made using the Auto Installation feature or the Self Enrollment Form has been approved by one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An RAO SSL administrator of the Organization on whose behalf the request was made. • A DRAO SSL administrator of the Department on whose behalf the request was made.
	Applied	<p>The request has been sent to the Certificate Authority (CA) for validation. In order to accelerate the validation process, the administrator can email PartnerValidation@comodo.com with the order number.</p>
	Issued (number of found certificates)	<p>The certificate was issued by CA and collected by Certificate Manager. A Blue font color (Issued) means that the certificate was issued by CA but was not installed. Placing the mouse cursor over the 'Common Name' will display the name of the Vendor that is associated with this certificate.</p> <p>A number in parentheses to the right of the certificate's status indicates how many servers this specific certificate is installed upon. Placing the mouse cursor over the 'State' column will display all the <i>IP address / Port</i> combinations that this certificate was found on.</p>
Expired	<p>The certificate is invalid because its term has expired. Placing the mouse cursor over the 'Common Name' will display the name of the Vendor that is associated with this certificate.</p> <p>A number in parentheses to the right of the certificate's status indicates how many servers this specific certificate is installed upon. Placing the mouse cursor over the</p>	

SSL Certificates Sub-tab - Table of Parameters		
Field Name		Description
		'State' column will display all the <i>IP address / Port</i> combinations that this certificate was found on and will display a certificate expired warning.
	Revoked	<p>The certificate is invalid because it has been revoked. Placing the mouse cursor over the 'Common Name' will display the name of the Vendor that is associated with this certificate.</p> <p>A number in parentheses to the right of the certificate's status indicates how many servers this specific certificate is installed upon. Placing the mouse cursor over the 'State' column will display all the <i>IP address / Port</i> combinations that this certificate was found on and will display a certificate revoked warning.</p>
	Declined	<p>A certificate request that was made using the auto-installation feature or the Self Enrollment Form or the Built-in Application Form has been rejected by one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An RAO SSL administrator can decline certificate requests for Organizations over which they have been delegated control. • An DRAO SSL administrator can decline certificate requests for Departments over which they have been delegated control.
	Invalid	The Certificate Authority did NOT process the certificate request because of an error the applicant made in the enrollment form (e.g. CSR contains incorrect details).
	Rejected	The Certificate Authority rejected the request after a validation check.
	Unmanaged (n - number of found certificates)	<p>This state applies to certificates that were detected by a network Discovery Scan but were NOT ordered and issued through Comodo Certificate Manager (including any pre-existing Comodo certificates that may have been ordered from the website or partner API's). The red color (Unmanaged) indicates, that the certificate's term has expired. Placing the mouse cursor over the 'Common Name' will display the name of the Vendor that is associated with this certificate.</p> <p>A number in parentheses to the right of the certificate's status indicates how many servers this specific certificate is installed upon. Placing the mouse cursor over the 'State' column will display all the <i>IP address / Port</i> combinations that this certificate was found on.</p>
Expires		Expiration term of the certificate.
Install State		Indicates the current status of scheduled certificate installations:
	Not Scheduled	The certificate is not scheduled for auto-installation.
	Scheduled	The certificate is scheduled for auto-installation.
	Started	Certificate installation on the remote server has started as per the schedule
	Successful	Certificate was successfully installed on the remote server at the scheduled time
	Failed	Certificate installation on the remote server failed
Renewal State		Indicates the current status of scheduled certificate auto-renewal

SSL Certificates Sub-tab - Table of Parameters

Field Name		Description
	Not Scheduled	The certificate is not scheduled for auto-renewal
	Scheduled	A schedule has been set for auto-renewal of the certificate
	Started	The auto-renewal process has been started as per the schedule
	Successful	The certificate has been auto-renewed and installed successfully
	Failed	Auto-renewal of the certificate has failed

Note: The administrator can select the columns to be displayed from the drop-down at the right end of the column header:



Order Number		The order number of the certificate request as assigned by the Certificate Authority, when the request was made.
Self Enrollment Certificate ID		Displays the unique enrollment ID assigned to the certificate request.
IP address		Displays all the IP address / Port combinations that the certificate is installed.
Issuer		Displays the details of the Certificate Authority that issued the certificate and the name of the certificate.

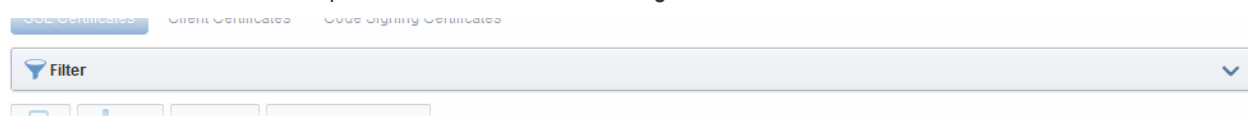
SSL Certificates Sub-tab - Table of Parameters		
Field Name		Description
Serial Number		Displays the serial number of the certificate that is unique and can be used to identify the certificate.
Requester		Displays the name of the CCM administrator that has requested the certificate through the auto-install feature or the built-in enrollment form, or e-mail of end-user that has requested the certificate through the self-enrollment form.
Requested		Displays the date of the certificate request.
External Requester		Displays the the email address of the external requester on behalf of whom the administrator has requested the certificate through the built-in enrollment form.
Subject Alt Name		Displays the names of domain(s) for which the certificate is used for.
City		Displays the name of the city entered while creating the Organization / Department.
State		Displays the name of the state/province entered while creating the Organization / Department.
Country		Displays the name of the country entered while creating the Organization / Department.
Signature Algorithm		Displays the signature algorithm used by the certificate.
Key Algorithm		Displays the type of algorithm used for the encryption.
Key Size		Displays the key size used by certificate for the encryption.
MD5 Hash		Displays the MD5 hash (thumbprint/fingerprint) for the certificate.
SHA1 Hash		Displays the SHA1 hash (thumbprint/fingerprint) for the certificate.
Private Key		Indicates whether the private key of the certificate is managed by CCM
Key Usage		Indicates the capabilities of the certificate, in other words, the purposes served by the certificate, like website authentication, encryption and more.
Extended Key Usage		Indicates the extended capabilities of the certificate.
Control Buttons Note: The type of control buttons that are displayed above the column header depends on the state of the selected certificate	Details	Allows the administrator to view information about the certificate (see SSL certificate 'Details' dialog description).
	Revoke	Revokes the certificate.
	Install	Uses the auto-installer feature to install the certificate on the target web server. See the section Automatic Installation and Renewal for more details.
	Replace	Replaces the existing certificate with a new one. Note: you will be prompted to specify new CSR.
	Approve	Approves certificate requests that were made for Auto Installation and using the auto-installation feature or the Self Enrollment Form and sends the request for the

SSL Certificates Sub-tab - Table of Parameters		
Field Name		Description
		<p>certificate to Comodo CA (the issuing Certificate Authority). Once submitted, the certificate's state will change to 'Applied'. If the request is approved by Comodo CA, the certificate State changes to 'Issued'. If the request was declined by Comodo CA because of incorrect enrollment details (for example, a mistake in the CSR or other form value), then 'State' will be listed as 'Invalid'. If the request was declined by Comodo CA for legal reasons then the certificate will have a status of 'Rejected'.</p> <p>Certificate requests can be approved by:</p> <p>An RAO SSL administrator of the Organization on whose behalf the request was made.</p> <p>A DRAO SSL administrator of the Department on whose behalf the request was made</p>
	Decline	Declines the certificate request. This request will not be sent to Comodo Certificate Authority for processing.
	Edit	Enables administrator to edit SSL certificate parameters. This option is available only for certificates with a state of 'Requested', 'Rejected' or 'Invalid'.
	Renew	<p>Clicking the 'Renew' button will open the 'Renew Certificate' dialog which will be pre-populated with the company and domain details of the existing certificate. Clicking 'OK' will submit the certificate renewal request.</p> <p>This control is available only for the certificates states of: Issued, Expired and Unmanaged.</p>
	Set Auto Renewal & Installation	Create a schedule for auto-renewing a certificate in advance of its expiry, and to configure auto-installation of the renewed certificate. See the section Scheduling Automatic Renewal and Installation for more details.

3.1.1.1 Sorting and Filtering Options

- Clicking on a column header sorts the items in the alphabetical order of the entries in the respective column.

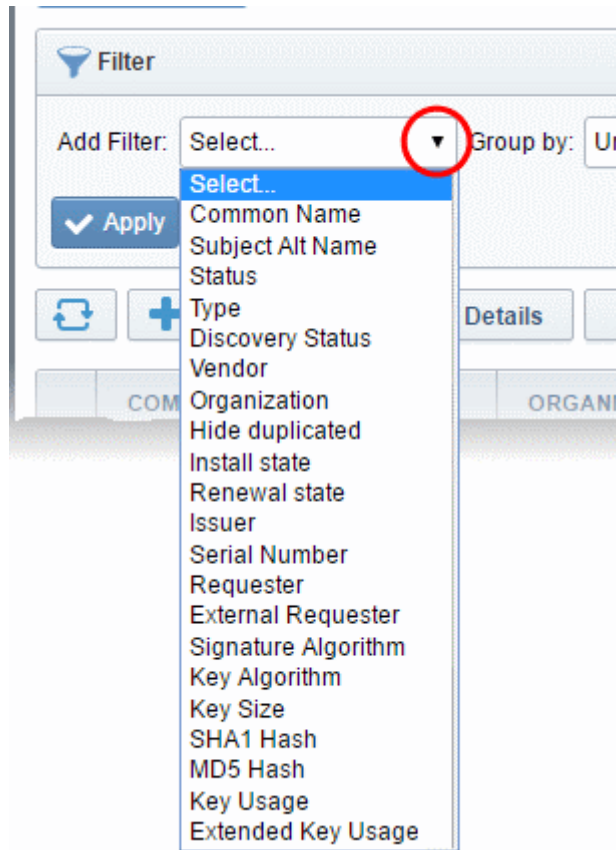
Administrators can search for particular SSL certificates using filters.



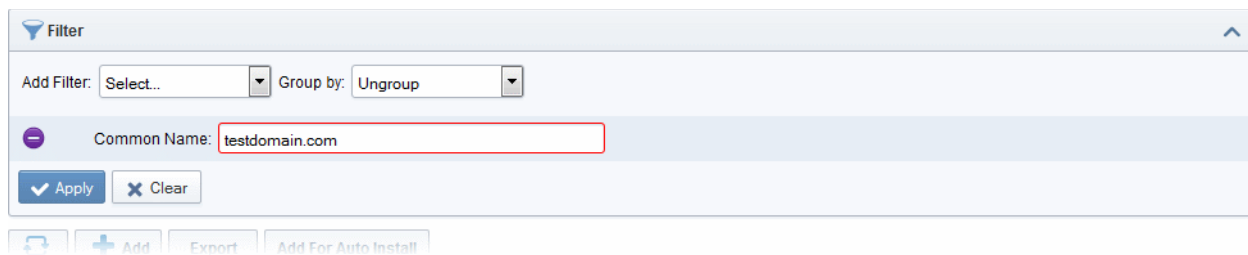
To apply filters, click on the down arrow at the right end of the 'Filters' stripe. The filter options will be displayed. You can add filters by selecting from the options in the 'Add Filter' drop-down and group the results with other options that appears depending on the selection from the 'Add Filter' drop-down.

To add a filter

- Select a filter criteria from the 'Add Filter' drop-down.



- Enter or select the filter parameter as per the selected criteria.



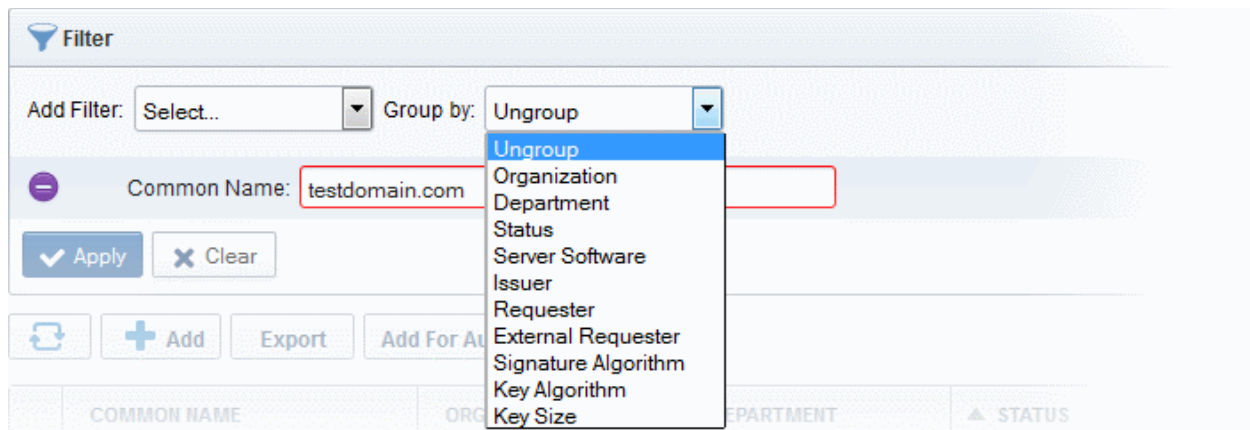
The available filter criteria and their filter parameters are given in the following table:

Filter Criteria	Filter Parameter
Common Name	Enter the common name or domain name for the certificate fully or in part
Subject Alt Name	Enter the subject alternative name for the certificate fully or in part
Status	Choose the state of the certificate from the 'State' drop-down
Type	Choose the type of the certificate from the 'Type' drop-down
Discovery Status	Choose the status, that is whether the certificate is deployed or not from the 'Discovery Status' drop-down
Vendor	Select the vendor of the certificate (CA) from the Vendor drop-down.
Organization	Select the Organization and/or the Department to which the certificate belongs, from the 'Organization' and 'Department' drop-downs.
Hide Duplicated	Choose Hide Duplicated if you want duplicate certificates are not to be listed and select the 'Hide duplicated' check box.

Issuer	Enter the name of the issuer of the certificate
Serial Number	Enter the serial number of the certificate in full or part.
Requester	Enter the name of the CCM administrator that has requested the certificate through the auto-install feature or the built-in enrollment form, or e-mail of end-user that has requested the certificate through the self-enrollment form, in full or part.
External Requester	Enter the email address of the external requester on behalf of whom the administrator has requested the certificate through the built-in enrollment form, in full or part.
Signature Algorithm	Enter the signature algorithm of the certificate.
Key Algorithm	Enter the key algorithm of the certificate
Key Size	Enter the key size in bits
SHA1 Hash	Enter the SHA1 Hash (thumbprint/fingerprint) of the certificate
MD5 Hash	Enter the MD5 Hash (thumbprint/fingerprint) of the certificate
Key Usage	Filter certificates by their key usage capabilities
Extended Key Usage	Filter certificates by their extended key usage capabilities

Tip: You can add more than one filter at a time to narrow down the filtering. To remove a filter criteria, click the '-' button to the left of it.

- Select the criteria by which the results are to be grouped from the 'Group by' drop-down and enter or select the grouping parameter



For example, if you want to filter the certificates with a specific Common Name starting with 'testdomain.com' and group the results by their 'Status', then select 'Common Name' from the 'Add Filter' drop-down, enter 'testdomain.com' and select 'Status' from the 'Group by' drop-down. The certificates, having 'testdomain.com' in their common name will be displayed as a list, grouped based on their 'status'.

	COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	▲ STATUS	EXPIRES	SERVER SOFTWARE	
[-] Requested							
<input type="radio"/>	testdomain.com	123		Requested			
<input type="radio"/>	testdomain.com	OrganizationNumber21		Requested			
[-] Issued							
<input type="radio"/>	testdomain.com	Dithers Construction Company	Purchases Department	Issued	03/31/2016		
<input type="radio"/>	testdomain.com (renewed)	123		Issued	03/20/2016		
[-] Revoked							
<input type="radio"/>	onetestdomain.com (renewed)	123		Revoked	03/18/2016		
<input type="radio"/>	testdomain.com	OrganizationNumber11		Revoked	09/06/2014		
[-] Expired							
<input type="radio"/>	testdomain.com	OrganizationNumber47		Expired	09/06/2014		
<input type="radio"/>	testdomain.com	OrganizationNumber38		Expired	09/07/2014		

- To remove the filter options, click the 'Clear' button.

Note: The search filters once configured for the interface will be automatically saved. When you are re-opening the 'SSL certificates' interface in future, the configured filters will be in action and only the search results will be displayed. If you do not want the filters to be saved, click the 'Clear' button.

3.1.1.2 SSL Certificate 'Details' Dialog

The SSL Certificate Details dialog displays complete certificate details and also allows administrators to:

- Download the certificate in different formats for installation onto servers
- Upload the private key of the certificate for storage and management by the Private Key Store
- Download the private key of the certificate from the Private Key Store
- View the full certificate chain and installation details
- Resend the notification email to the requester of the issued certificate
- Restart Apache after auto-installation of the certificate

To view the SSL certificate details dialog, select the certificate from the Certificates > SSL certificates interface and click the 'Details' button at the top.

The screenshot displays the 'SSL Certificate: test.comqa.com' window. At the top, it indicates '362 Days till expiration'. The 'CERTIFICATE DETAILS' pane on the left shows the following information:

- Common Name: test.comqa.com
- State: Issued
- Download The Certificate:
- Order Number: 1675841
- Vendor: Comodo CA Limited
- Discovery Status: Not deployed
- Self-Enrollment Certificate ID: 59
- Type: Instant SSL
- Server Software: Microsoft IIS 5.x and later
- Server Software State
- Term: 1 year
- Owner: admin admin
- Requested by: admin admin
- External Requester
- Requested: 01/13/2017

The 'CERTIFICATE CHAIN DETAILS' pane on the right shows the following information:

- Root Intermediate End Entity
- Common Name: AddTrust External CA Root
- Vendor: AddTrust AB
- Term: 20 years
- Valid From: 05/30/2000
- Expires: 05/30/2020
- Serial Number: 01
- Signature Algorithm: SHA1WITHRSA
- Public Key Algorithm: RSA
- Public Key Size: 2048
- MD5 Hash: 1d3554048578b03f42424dbf20730a3f
- SHA1 Hash: 02faf3e291435468607857694df5e45b68851868
- Issuer: CN=AddTrust External CA Root, OU=AddTrust External TTP Network, O=AddTrust AB, C=SE
- Subject: CN=AddTrust External CA Root, OU=AddTrust External TTP Network, O=AddTrust AB, C=SE
- Address1

A 'Close' button is located at the bottom center of the window.

The certificate details dialog contains two panes:

- **Certificate Details**
- **Certificate Chain Details**

Certificate Details

The top of the 'Certificate Details' pane displays the number of days remaining before the certificate expires. The lower section shows CCM and server related information about the certificate and contains various other controls. The precise contents of the 'Certificate Details' pane is dependent on the current 'State' of the certificate:

SSL Certificate with 'Issued' state

SSL Certificate with 'Unmanaged' state

365 Days till expiration

449 Days till expiration

CERTIFICATE DETAILS
Private Key

Common Name ditherscons.com

State **Issued**

Download The Certificate Select

Private Key Download Remove

Self Enrollment Passphrase

Show Pass-phrase

Order Number **1313045**

Vendor **Comodo CA Limited**

Discovery Status **Not deployed**

Self-Enrollment Certificate ID **77883**

Type **Instant SSL**

Server Software **AOL** Edit

Server Software State

Term **1 year**

Owner **Joe Dane** Resend Edit

Requested by **Joe A** Resend Edit

External Requester **johnsmith@dithers.com** Resend Edit

Requested **03/31/2015**

Approved **03/31/2015**

Expires **03/31/2016**

Comments Edit

Organization **Dithers Construction Company**

Department **Purchases Department**

Address1 **100, Raleigh Street**

Address2

Address3

City **Riverdale**

State/Province **Alabama**

Postal Code **123456**

Serial Number **81:72:02:EE:31:FF:7D:25:5E:09:2D:19:34:67:13:02**

Signature Algorithm **SHA1withRSA**

Public Key Algorithm **RSA**

Public Key Size **2048**

MD5 Hash **716b9f8788f5cbef48d866b59ddc5f8b**

SHA1 Hash **45103060d314f1423404998534f595b3b6996635**

Change Self Enrollment Passphrase

CERTIFICATE DETAILS

Common Name www.somedomain.org

State **Unmanaged**

Order Number **N/A**

Vendor **XXXXXXXXXX**

Discovery Status **Deployed**

IP Address(es) **XXXXXXXXXX**
XXXXXXXXXX

Alternative Names

Self-Enrollment Certificate ID **23179**

Type **Unmanaged**

Server Software **OTHER**

Server Software State

Term **3 years**

Expires **06/23/2016**

Serial Number **52:10:77:4A:AD:FE:DE:1E:C7:DA:CE:9D:54:DF:38:EE**

Signature Algorithm **SHA256withRSA**

Public Key Algorithm **RSA**

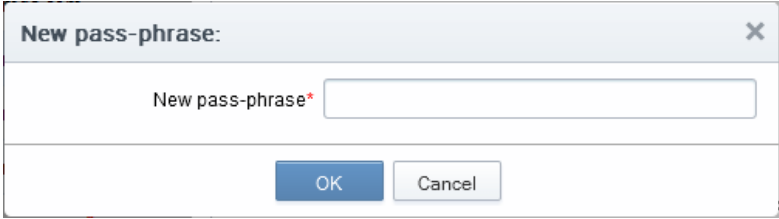
Public Key Size **2048**

MD5 Hash **e053b92d68492a901d1ab79828786af0**

SHA1 Hash **b42c5693c5300eee2798bdf79e2feb8d0e087407**

SSL Certificates 'Details' Dialog - Table of Parameters		
Field	Type	Description
Common Name	Text Field	The domain name that was used during the SSL certificate request. This domain name refers to the 'Common Name' in the SSL certificate itself.
State	Text Field	State of the certificate (for the definitions see on the table above).
Download	Control	Allows the administrator to download the certificate in different formats.
Private Key	Control	<p>For the certificates enrolled by manually entering the CSR</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Allows the administrator to upload the private key of the certificate for storage in the Private Key Store. <p>For the certificates enrolled by auto-generation of CSR by CCM and whose keys are managed by Private Key Store</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Allows the administrator to download the private key of the certificate in .key format. <p>For more details, refer to the sections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uploading private key of a certificate Downloading the private key of a certificate <p>Note: The Private Key field is displayed only if the Private Key Store feature is enabled for your account and a Private Key Store controller is installed on your local network and configured. Refer to the section Private Key Store for more details.</p>
Pass Phrase	Text Field	<p>The Pass Phrase of the certificates enrolled by auto-generation of CSR by CCM and whose keys are managed by Private Key Store. The passphrase is displayed if 'Show Pass-phrase' checkbox is selected. This phrase is required to import the certificate on to any server, after downloading the certificate in .p12 format.</p> <p>Note: The Pass Phrase field is displayed only if the Private Key Store feature is enabled for your account and a Private Key Store controller is installed on your local network and configured. Refer to the section Private Key Store for more details.</p>
Order Number	Text Field	Order number of the certificate request.
Vendor	Text Field	A vendor that is associated with the certificate. The vendor for self-signed SSL certificates is ' Self-Signed '.
Discovery Status	Text Field	<p>There are two possible values: Not Deployed and Deployed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Deployed - A certificate that is installed on the network (as found by the certificate discovery scan) Not Deployed - any certificate that is listed in the 'SSL Certificates' area but which was <i>not</i> detected as installed on the network during a certificate discovery scan.
Self-Enrollment Certificate ID	Text Field	Displays the unique ID of the certificate.
Type	Text Field	Displays the brand name of the certificate.
Server Software	Text Field	<p>Indicates the server type for which the certificate was issued.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Clicking 'View' allows you to view the installation status of the

SSL Certificates 'Details' Dialog - Table of Parameters		
Field	Type	Description
		<p>deployed certificate. Refer to the section Viewing the installation details of the certificate for more details.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Clicking 'Edit' allows you to change the Server Software for which the certificate is intended.
Server Software State	Text Field	Indicates the state of the server on which the certificate is installed. (For the definitions see on the table above).
Term	Text Field	The length of time the certificate is (or will be) valid for, from the time of issuance. For certificates that have not yet been approved, this is the certificate lifetime that was requested during the application process.
Owner	Text Field	Name of the 'Owner' of the certificate. The Owner of the certificate is the Administrator that first approved the request for the certificate.
Requested by	Text Field	Displays either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The email address of the end-user that requested this certificate using the Self Enrollment Application form <p>or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The name of the administrator that requested this certificate using the auto-install feature or the Built-In Application form.
External Requester	Text Field	The email address of the applicant on behalf of whom the administrator has applied for this certificate through the built-in application form in the CCM interface, as an alternative to making an applicant to complete the 'Self Enrollment' form .
Requested	Text Field	Date that the certificate was requested.
Approved	Text Field	Date that the certificate was approved.
Expires	Text Field	Date that the certificate expires.
Comments <i>(optional)</i>	Text Field	Information for administrator.
Organization	Text Field	Name of the Organization on behalf of which the certificate was requested
Department	Text Field	Name of the Department on behalf of which the certificate was requested
Address 1: Address 2: Address 3: City: State or Province: Postal Code:	Text Fields	Displays the address of the Organization as mentioned while requesting for the certificate. Only those address fields that were allowed to be displayed while applying for the certificate are shown here and the rest of the fields are displayed as "Details Omitted".
Serial Number	Text Field	Indicates the serial number of the certificate issued.
Signature Algorithm	Text Field	Displays the signature algorithm of the public key of the certificate
Public Key Algorithm	Text Field	Displays the encryption algorithm of the public key of the certificate

SSL Certificates 'Details' Dialog - Table of Parameters		
Field	Type	Description
Public Key Size	Text Field	Displays the key length of the public key in bits
Revoked	Text Field	Date that the certificate was revoked (if applicable.)
MD5 Hash	Text Field	Displays the MD5 Hash (thumbprint/fingerprint) value of the certificate
SHA1 Hash	Text Field	Displays the SHA1 Hash (thumbprint/fingerprint) value of the certificate
Key Usage	Text Field	Indicates the purpose(s) of the certificate. For example, authentication, encryption and more.
Extended Key Usage	Text Field	Indicates the extended capabilities of the certificate.
Change Pass Phrase	Control	<p>Enables the administrator to set or change the self-enrollment pass-phrase of the certificate. This phrase is required to revoke certificates should the situation arise.</p> 

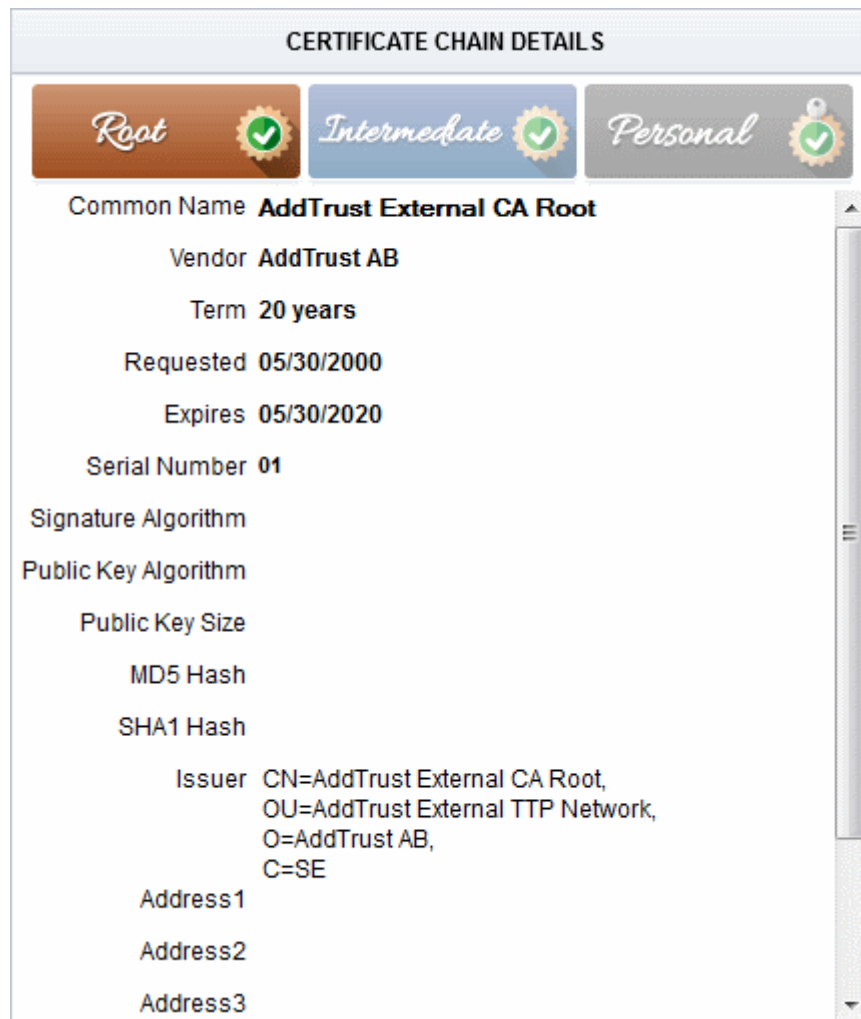
The following sections explain in detail on the tasks that can be accomplished from the 'Certificate Details' pane.

- **Uploading private key of a certificate for storage and management by the Private Key Store**
- **Downloading private key of a certificate**
- **Resending Notification Email for Certs with 'Issued' State**
- **Viewing Installation Details of Certificates**
- **Restarting Apache after Auto-Installation of SSL Certificate**

Certificate Chain Details

The 'Certificate Chain Details' pane displays the details of the 'Root' and 'Intermediate' certificates in the certificate chain.

- Clicking on the 'Root', 'Intermediate' and the 'Personal' tabs displays detailed information about the respective certificate.



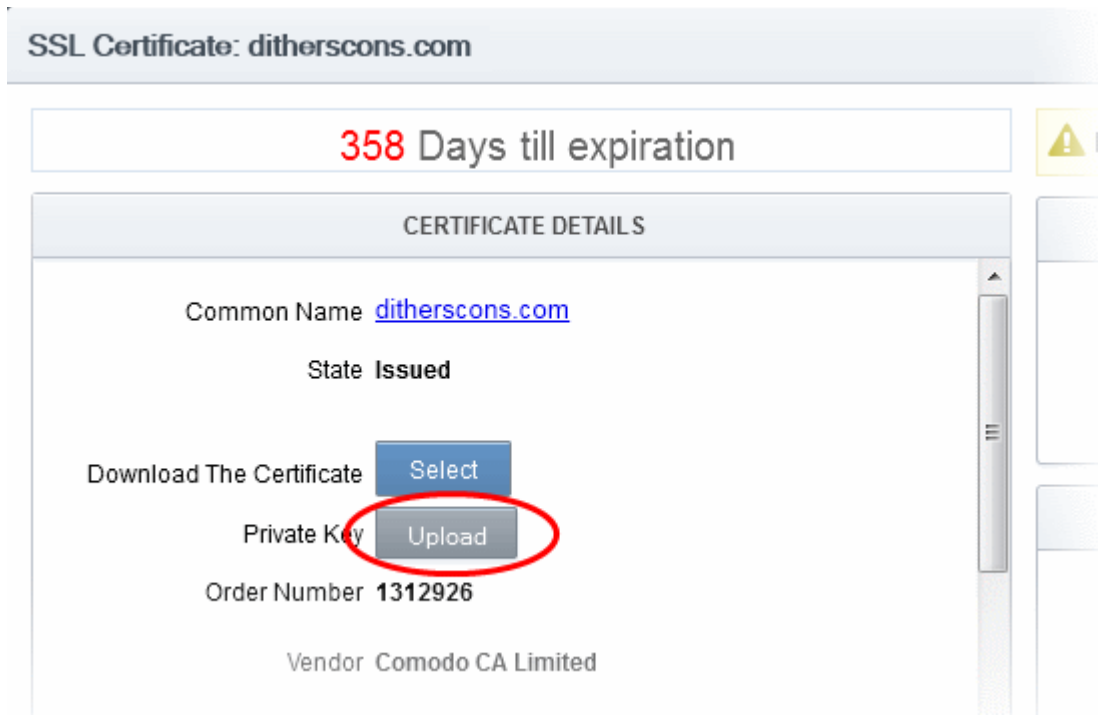
3.1.1.2.1 Uploading Private Key of a Certificate for Storage and Management by the Private Key Store

The 'Details' dialog for SSL certificates with 'Issued' state allows the administrator to upload the private key associated with it, for storage and management by the Private Key Store configured in their local network. Managing the private key in the key store facilitates:

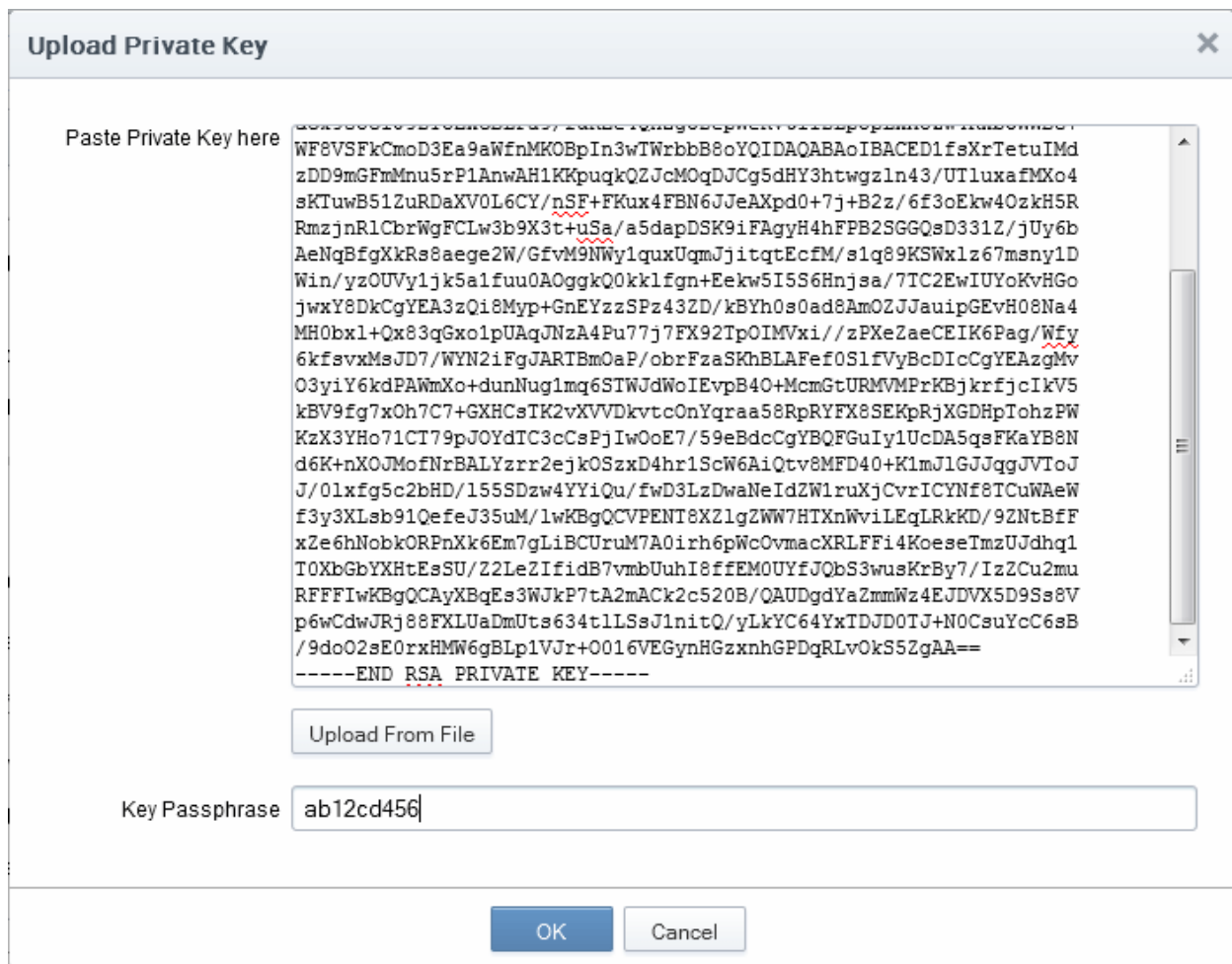
- Downloading the certificate in .pfx/.p12 format for importing on to any server
- Auto-uploading of the CSR during certificate renewal process

Prerequisite - Your account should have been enabled for Private Key Store feature. The Private Key Store controller should have been installed on your local network and configured by the Master Administrator.

The 'Certificate Details' pane of the details dialog for the SSL certificate with the Issued state, displays a 'Upload' button beside the 'Private Key' field.



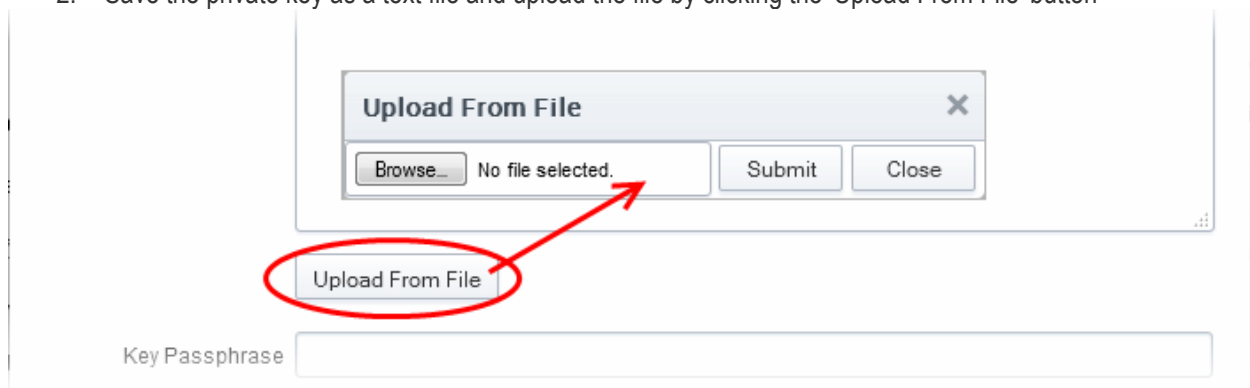
- Clicking the 'Upload' button will open the 'Upload Private Key' dialog.



- Enter the Private Key of the certificate

You can enter the private key associated with the certificate in two ways:

1. Directly paste the private key in the 'Paste Private Key here' text box
2. Save the private key as a text file and upload the file by clicking the 'Upload From File' button



- Enter a passphrase for the key

This passphrase is required for importing the certificate with the key pair on to the server for installation.

- Click 'OK'
- Close the 'Certificate Details' dialog

CCM will send a command to the controller to store the Private Key. The private key is now stored and managed by the Private Key Store. It will be indicated under the Private Key column in the 'SSL Certificates' area.

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRES	SERVER SOFTWARE	PRIVATE KEY
dithers.com	Dithers Construction Company	Purchases Department	Revoked	04/06/2016		
dithers.com	Dithers Construction Company	Purchases Department	Issued	03/31/2016		Private Key
ditherscons.com	Dithers Construction Company	Purchases Department	Issued	03/31/2016		Private Key
...	Dithers Construction	Purchases Department	Revoked			

Also, you can download the private key from the 'Certificate Details' dialog.

SSL Certificate: ditherscons.com

358 Days till expiration

CERTIFICATE DETAILS

Common Name ditherscons.com

State **Issued**

Download The Certificate

Private Key

Order Number **1312926**

Vendor **Comodo CA Limited**

Discovery Status: Not deployed

3.1.1.2.2 Downloading private key of a certificate

The 'Details' dialog for SSL certificates with Private Keys stored at the Private Key Store allows the administrator to download the private key in .key format.

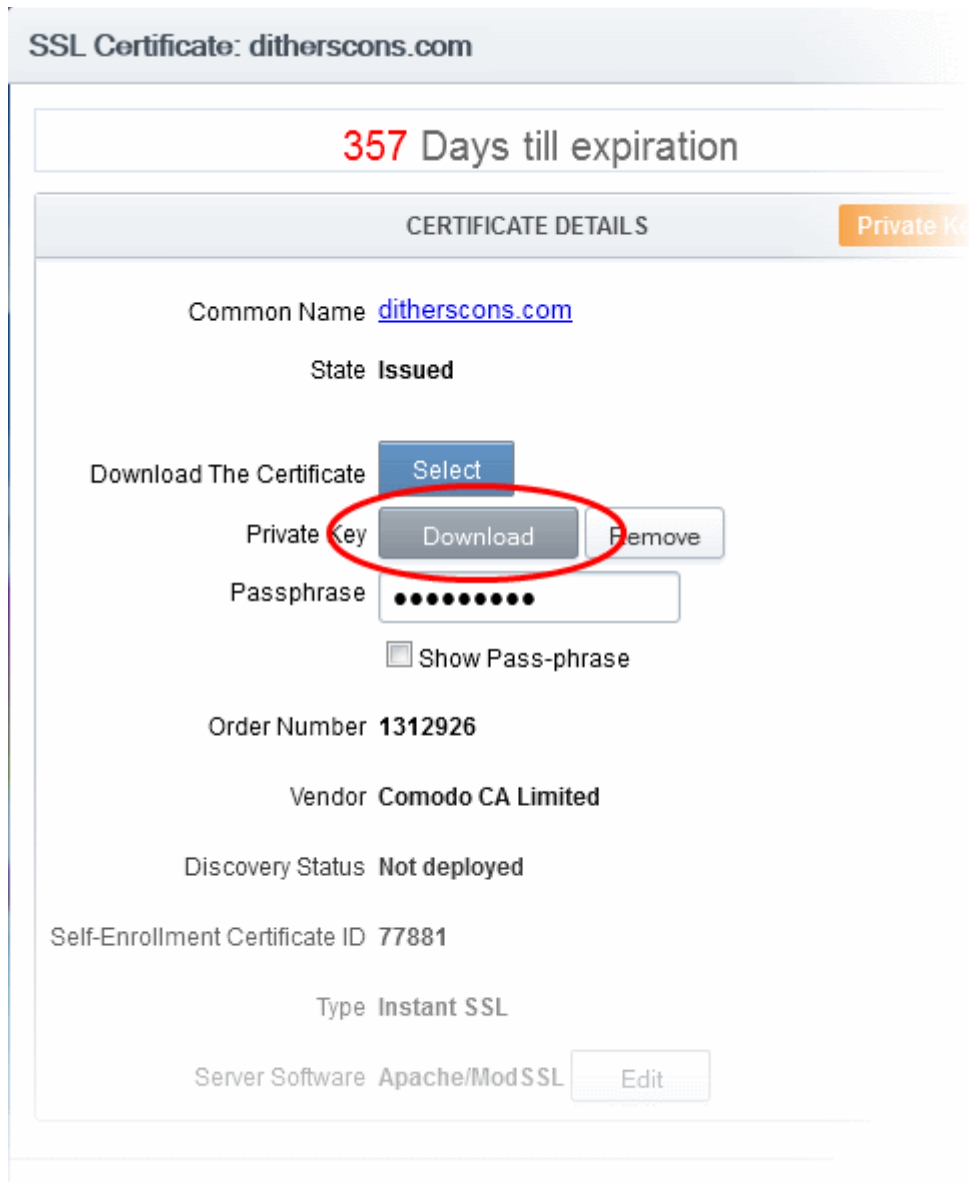
Limitations - The private key can be downloaded only for the certificates whose private keys are managed by the private key store. This includes:

- Certificates applied using auto-CSR generation feature in CCM. Refer to the section **Method 3 - Built-in Enrollment Form - Auto CSR Generation** for more explanation on using the Auto-CSR generation feature.
- Certificates for which the private keys were manually uploaded to the Private Key Store. Refer to the section **Uploading Private Key of a Certificate for Storage and Management by the Private Key Store** for more details.

In order to download a private key, the administrator should have been logged-in to CCM through a computer in the same local network on which the Private Key Store controller is installed and should have a personal authentication certificate installed on the computer.

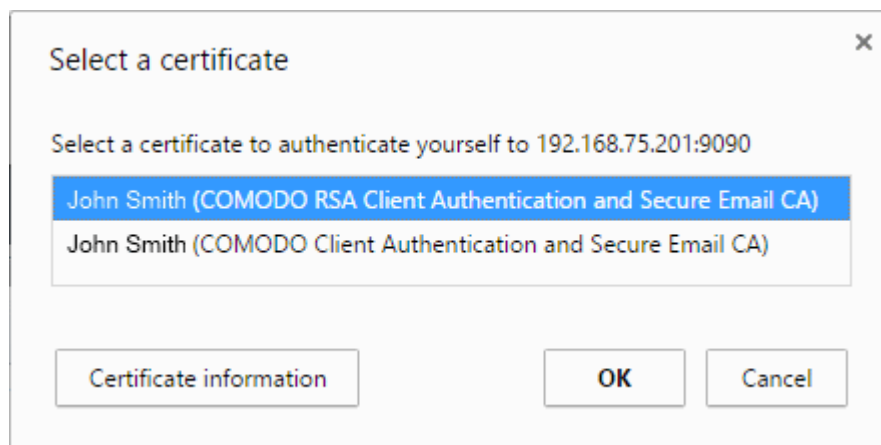
During the download process, CCM sends a download command to the controller. The controller requests for authentication of the administrator and checks for authentication certificate. Once authenticated, the private key controller enables the administrator to download the private key in .key format directly from it, without uploading it to CCM. This ensures that the private key does not leave your network though CCM initiates the download.

The 'Certificate Details' pane of the details dialog for the SSL certificate with managed private key, displays a 'Download' button beside the 'Private Key' field.



- Clicking the 'Download' button will send a command to the Private Key Store controller.

The private key storage controller will request for authentication and search for the personal authentication certificate of the administrator in the computer from which the administrator has logged-in. If more than one certificate is found, the Select Certificate dialog will be displayed for the administrator to choose the certificate.



- Choose the certificate for authentication and click 'OK'.

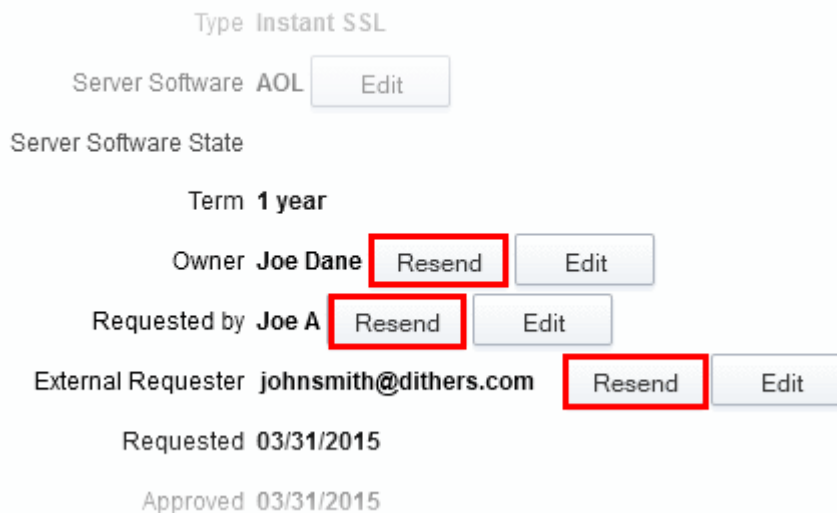
Upon authentication verification, the download dialog will be displayed, enabling the administrator to download the private key in .key format.

3.1.1.2.3 Resending Notification Email for Certs with 'Issued' State

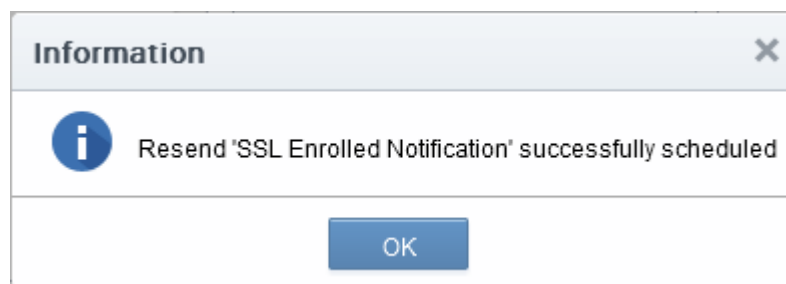
The 'Details' dialog for SSL certificates with 'Issued' state allows the administrator to resend the 'Certificate Enrolled' notification to the domain control administrator. the applicant that applied for the certificate through the **Self Enrollment Form** and/or the applicant on behalf of whom the administrator has applied for the certificate through the **Built-in Enrollment Form**.

An automated notification email for collection of certificate will be sent to the Domain Administrator once CCM issues the Certificate. However, if the certificate is not downloaded by the domain administrator for a long time, CCM administrator can resend the notification for certificate collection.

The 'Certificate Details' pane of the details dialog for the SSL certificate with the Issued state, displays a 'Resend' button beside the Owner and Requested by and External Requester (if applicable) fields.



- Clicking the 'Resend' button will create a schedule for CCM to resend the notification email.



3.1.1.2.4 Viewing Installation Details of Certificates

The 'Details' dialog for SSL certificates added for auto installation to IIS or Apache, allows the administrator to view the installation state of the certificate.

- The 'Certificate Details' pane of the details dialog for the SSL certificate added for auto installation, displays a 'View' button beside the 'Server Software' field.

Self-Enrollment Certificate ID 77875

Type **Instant SSL**

Server Software **Microsoft IIS 5.x and later**

View

Edit

Server Software State **Active**

Term **1 year**


Owner **admin 1**

Resend

Edit

- Clicking the 'View' button will display a Nodes dialog that provides the details on the Agent responsible for auto-installation, the node server upon which the certificate is installed and the installation status.

Nodes ✕



NAME	COMMON NAME	PROTOC	IP ADDRESS	PORT	STATUS	SSL
[-] Server IIS 123 52					Active	
[-] dithers	ditherscons.com	HTTPS	*	9443	Installed	1306124

15 rows/page 1 - 1 out of 1 ⏪ ⏩

Close

3.1.1.2.5 Restarting Apache after Auto-Installation of SSL Certificate

The Apache will need to be restarted to finalize the installation of the SSL certificate. Administrators can do this remotely from the CCM interface by clicking the 'Restart' button on the 'Certificate Details' pane of the details dialog.

Self-Enrollment Certificate ID 77875

Type **Instant SSL**

Server Software **Apache/ModSSL**

View

Edit

Server Software State **Restart Required**

Restart

Term **1 year**

Owner **admin 1**

Resend

Edit

- Clicking 'Restart' will reboot the server. After rebooting, the 'Server Software State' will change to 'Active'.

3.1.1.3 Comodo SSL Certificates

3.1.1.3.1 Definition of Terms

Validation Levels

OV: Organization Validated certificates include full business and company validation from a certificate authority using currently established and accepted manual vetting processes.

EV: Browsers with EV support display more information for EV certificates than for previous SSL certificates. Microsoft Internet Explorer 7, Mozilla Firefox 3, Safari 3.2, Opera 9.5, and Google Chrome all provide EV support.

Certificate Types

SDC: Single Domain Certificates will secure a single fully qualified domain name.

WC: Wildcard Certificates will secure the domain and unlimited sub-domains of that domain.

MDC: Multi-Domain Certificates will secure up to 100 different domain names on a single certificate.

Certificate Name	Type	Validation Level	Description	Maximum Term Length
Comodo Trial SSL Certificate	SDC	OV	Secures a single domain	30 days
Comodo Intranet SSL Certificate	SDC	OV	Secures a single internal host	1 year - 3 years
Comodo InstantSSL Certificate	SDC	OV	Secures a single domain	1 year - 3 years
Comodo InstantSSL Pro Certificate	SDC	OV	Secures a single domain	1 year - 3 years
Comodo PremiumSSL Certificate	SDC	OV	Secures a single domain	1 year - 3 years
Comodo PremiumSSL Wildcard Certificate	WC	OV	Secures domain and unlimited sub-domains of that domain	1 year - 3 years
Comodo PremiumSSL Legacy Certificate	SDC	OV	Secures a single domain	1 year - 3 years
Comodo PremiumSSL Legacy Wildcard Certificate	WC	OV	Secures domain and unlimited sub-domains of that domain	1 year - 3 years
Comodo SGC SSL Certificate	SDC	OV	Secures a single domain	1 year - 3 years
Comodo SGC SSL Wildcard Certificate	WC	OV	Secures domain and unlimited sub-domains of that domain	1 year - 3 years
EliteSSL Certificate	SDC	OV	Secures a single domain	1 year - 3 years
GoldSSL Certificate	SDC	OV		1 year - 3 years

Certificate Name	Type	Validation Level	Description	Maximum Term Length
			Secures a single domain	
PlatinumSSL Certificate	SDC	OV	Secures a single domain	1 year - 3 years
PlatinumSSL Wildcard Certificate	WC	OV	Secures domain and unlimited sub-domains of that domain	1 year - 3 years
PlatinumSSL Legacy Certificate	SDC	OV	Secures a single domain	1 year - 3 years
PlatinumSSL Legacy Wildcard Certificate	WC	OV	Secures domain and unlimited sub-domains of that domain	1 year - 3 years
PlatinumSSL SGC Certificate	SDC	OV	Secures a single domain	1 year - 3 years
PlatinumSSL SGC Wildcard Certificate	WC	OV	Secures domain and unlimited sub-domains of that domain	1 year - 3 years
Comodo Multi-Domain SSL Certificate	MDC	OV	Secure multiple Fully Qualified domains on a single certificate	1 year - 3 years
Comodo EV SSL Certificate	SDC	EV	Secures a single domain	1 year - 2 years
Comodo EV SGC SSL Certificate	SDC	EV	Secures a single domain	1 year - 2 years

3.1.2 Request and Issuance of SSL Certificates to Web-Servers and Hosts

There are two broad methods an SSL administrator can use to request and install certificates:

- **Automatic installation** - Administrators can configure CCM to automatically create certificate requests for their domains and then automatically install the certificate on the web server. When a certificate is nearing expiry, a CSR is automatically generated and forwarded for administrative approval. Once issued by CA, the certificate will be collected and automatically installed on the web server. The auto-installation feature must be enabled for your account. Refer to the section [Automatic Installation and Renewal](#) for more details.
- **Manual Installation** - SSL administrators, or the applicants authorized by them, can also obtain certificates via CCM's applications forms. The applicant will then need to manually install the certificate on the target web server. Refer to the section [Request, Installation and Renewal using Application Forms](#) for more details.

Summary of steps for requesting and issuing an SSL certificate:

- Applicant confirms completion of the [prerequisites](#).
- A certificate request is made via the certificate auto-installer or an application form as explained [above](#).
- The certificate will appear in the 'SSL Certificates' area of Comodo Certificate Manager with the state 'Requested'. The RAO SSL or DRAO SSL administrator (as applicable) will receive an email notification

that a certificate request is awaiting approval.

- The certificate request will then need to be checked and approved or declined by appropriately privileged SSL Administrator. If it is approved then the request will be forwarded to Comodo CA for validation and issuance or rejection.
 - If the certificate is applied through CCM interface for automatic installation, the certificate will be issued and its state will be changed to 'Issued' in the 'Certificates Management' area. The administrator can choose to install the certificate remotely by clicking the 'Install' button in the CCM interface.
 - If the certificate is applied through the an application form, a collection mail will be sent to the applicant which contains a link to the certificate collection form (see section [Certificate Collection](#) for more details). The applicant can manually download and install the certificate.
- Once an administrator has approved the request, that administrator becomes the 'Owner' of the request. At this stage, the administrator can also choose to 'View', 'Edit' or 'Decline' the request. See [Certificate Request Approval](#) for more details.
- The applicant will be designated as 'Requester' of the certificate. If the applicant does not exist then CCM will automatically add this applicant as a new 'End-user' at the time the certificate enrollment form is successfully submitted.

3.1.2.1 Prerequisites

- The domain for which the SSL certificate is to be issued has been enabled for SSL certificates, has been pre-validated by Comodo through [DCV](#) process and that the domain has been activated for account by your Comodo account manager. All certificate requests made on 'pre-validated' domains or sub-domains thereof are issued automatically. If you request a certificate for a brand new domain, then this domain will first have to undergo validation by Comodo. Once validated, this new domain will be added to your list of pre-validated domains and future certificates will be issued immediately.
- For applications using Enterprise Controller mode, the administrator has installed the Certificate Controller on a control server and configured it to communicate with the remote hosts. (See the section [Agents](#) for more details)
- For applications using CCM Controller mode, the administrator has installed the agent on all hosts on which certificates are to be automatically installed. The Agent is responsible for creating the CSR, fetching the certificates and installing it in the host. (See the section [Agents](#) for more details)
- The administrator has created at least one Organization/Department that the domain will belong to. (See chapter '[Settings - Organizations](#)'- for more details)
- If the administrator wishes to enable [external SSL applications](#), that the administrator has checked the 'Self Enrollment' box in the [SSL tab](#) of the 'Create/Edit' Organizations dialog box (see screen-shot below).

Edit Organization: Dithers [X]

General | EV Details | Client Certificate | **SSL Certificate** | Code Signing Certificate | Device Certificate | Email Template

Self Enrollment

Access Code*

Sync. Expiration Date

Sync. Month ▾

Sync. Day (1 - 31)

Web API

Secret Key*

SSL Types

Server Software

- If the administrator wishes to enable external SSL application using the Self Enrollment Form, that the administrator has specified an **Access Code** in the **SSL tab** of the 'Create/Edit' Organizations dialog box (see screen-shot). Comodo recommends using a mixture of alpha and numeric characters that cannot not easily be guessed.
- For the Built-in and the Self Enrollment Forms, the applicant has already created the Certificate Signing Request (CSR) using their web server software prior to beginning the application. This helps avoid potential errors on the certificate application form by allowing the common name (CN) to be automatically drawn from the CSR. Please note that CSR must be at least RSA-2048 bit and must contain at least the following fields:

Common Name (Fully Qualified Domain Name)
 Organization
 Organization Unit
 Locality
 State/Province
 Country (2 character ISO code)

- For enrollment of through Built-in Enrollment Form using the auto-CSR generation feature, the **Master Administrator** has setup a Private Key Store in their local network by installing the Private Key Store Controller and configured it to connect to CCM.

Note: Contact your **Master Administrator** if the feature is not available for you and should you require it.

- **Optional:** The administrator has checked the '**Sync. Expiration Date**' box and specified the day of the month upon which the certificate will expire.

3.1.2.2 Automatic Installation and Renewal

Comodo Certificate Manager has the ability to automatically install SSL certificates on Apache Tomcat, Apache/ModSSL ApacheSSL, and IIS servers. There are two available modes:

Enterprise Controller Mode	CCM Controller Mode
Requires one-time installation of the certificate controller software on a central control server inside your network.	Requires an agent to be installed on each individual web server. These agents communicate with CCM to co-

The controller communicates with each remote host and co-ordinates automatic CSR generation and certificate installation.

See **Method 1 - Enterprise Controller Mode**

ordinate automatic CSR generation and certificate installation.

See **Method 2 - CCM Controller Mode**

Note: Currently CCM supports auto-installation only for 'Instant SSL' from Comodo CA. Other certificate types will be enabled for auto-installation in future versions. For more details on Comodo SSL Certificate types, refer to the section **Comodo SSL Certificates**.

1. Enterprise Controller Mode

- i. Certificate Controller software is installed on a host in your network. This controller will communicate with your remote web-hosts and will automatically apply for and install certificates on to them. The controller is configured through a web-interface and can be configured to communicate directly with Comodo CA infrastructure through a proxy server.
- ii. The controller periodically polls CCM for certificate requests for remote servers. If a request exists, it will automatically generate a CSR for the web server and present the application for administrator approval via the CCM interface. On approval, the agent will submit the CSR to Comodo CA and track the order number. Once the certificate is issued by CA, the controller will download the certificate and allow the administrator to install the certificate from the CCM interface.
- iii. Auto-installation/renewal is available for the following server types:
 - Apache/Mod SSL
 - Apache - SSL
 - Apache Tomcat
 - Microsoft IIS 1.x to 4.x (Server 2000 - 2008R2)
 - Microsoft IIS 5.x and above (Server 2000 - 2008R2)

Refer to the section **Method 1 - Enterprise Control Mode** for a tutorial on automatic installation of Certificates on remote web servers

2. CCM Controller Mode

- i. This mode requires an agent to be installed on each of the web servers for which certificate auto-installation/renewal is required.
- ii. The agent periodically polls CCM for certificate requests for web servers enabled for automatic certificate installation. If a request exists, it will automatically generate a CSR for the web server and present the application for administrator approval via the CCM interface. On approval, the agent will submit the CSR to Comodo CA and track the order number. Once the certificate is issued by the CA, the agent will download the certificate and allow the administrator to install the certificate from the CCM interface.
- iii. Auto-installation/renewal is available for the following server types:
 - Apache/Mod SSL
 - Apache - SSL
 - Apache Tomcat
 - Microsoft IIS 1.x to 4.x (Server 2000 - 2008R2)
 - Microsoft IIS 5.x and above (Server 2000 - 2008R2)

Refer to the section **Method 2 - CCM Controller Mode** for a tutorial on automatic installation of Certificates on web servers.

Background Note: It is possible for one Organization to have multiple certificates for different domain names.

3.1.2.2.1 Method 1 - Enterprise Controller Mode

Enterprise Controller mode enables administrators to automatically install certificates on any remote server on the

network. Certificate Controller software needs to be installed on a control server and this software will communicate with web-hosts on your network. If a new certificate is requested, the controller will coordinate with the host to generate a CSR, submit it to Comodo CA, collect the certificate and install it. The certificate controller software is accessible through a dedicated web-interface and can be configured to communicate with Comodo CA through a company owned proxy server for additional security.

Certificate Manager Administrator can add remote servers for automatic installation of certificates through 'Discovery' > 'Agents' interface.

Note: The Certificate Controller software should have been installed on the control server prior to the application for a certificate for a remote server. Refer to the section **Agents** for more details on installing the controller and the section **Configuring the Certificate Controller Agent through Web Interface** for more details on configuring the controller to connect to Comodo CA through a proxy server (optional).

To add remote servers to the certificate controller

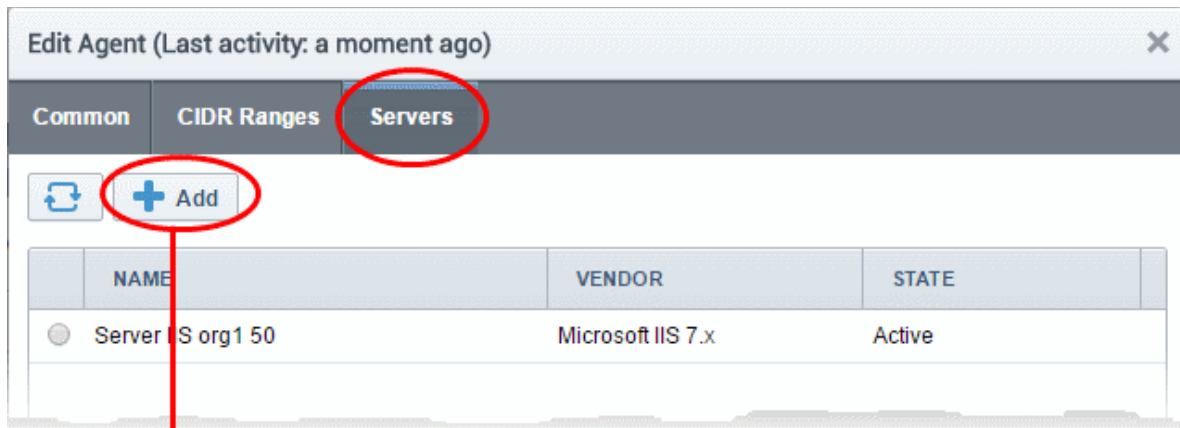
- Click the 'Discovery' tab and choose the 'Agents' sub-tab

The screenshot shows the 'Agents' tab in the 'Discovery' section of the Comodo Certificate Manager Administrator interface. The 'Agents' tab is selected, and the 'Edit' button is circled in red. A red arrow points from the 'Edit' button to the 'Edit Agent' dialog box. In the dialog box, the 'Servers' tab is also circled in red. The dialog box shows a table with one server listed: 'Server IIS org1 50' with vendor 'Microsoft IIS 7.x' and state 'Active'. The 'Add' button is also visible in the dialog box.

NAME	ALTERNATIVE NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	ACTIVE	STATUS
Agent org1 52		org1		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Con

NAME	VENDOR	STATE
Server IIS org1 50	Microsoft IIS 7.x	Active

- Select the controller, click 'Edit' at the top to open the 'Edit Agent' dialog and open the 'Servers' tab
- The server on which the controller is installed will be displayed in the list of servers.
- Click 'Add' to associate a remote server with the controller. The 'Add Web Server' dialog will open.



Add Web Server ✕

*-required fields

Name*

Vendor*

State Init

Remote

IP address / Port* . . .

Username

Password

Add Web Server - Table of Parameters		
Field Name	Type	Description
Name	String	Enables the Administrator to enter the name of the server.
Vendor	drop-down	Enables the Administrator to select the vendor of the server.
State		Indicates whether or not the server is initialized.
Path to web server	String	Enables the Administrator to specify the network path for the server. Required only for Apache 2.x and Apache Tomcat servers.
Remote	Checkbox	Enables the Administrator to specify whether the server is Remote or Local. While adding remote servers for agent-less automatic certificate installation, this checkbox should be selected.
IP Address / Port	String	Enables the Administrator to specify the IP address and connection port of the server for remote connection.

Add Web Server - Table of Parameters		
		Note: This field will be enabled only if 'Remote' is selected.
User Name	String	For IIS server - Enables the Administrator to specify the username of the administrator for logging-into the server. For Apache - Enables the Administrator to specify the private key file path to enable agent to access the server Note: This field will be enabled only if 'Remote' is selected.
Password	String	For IIS server - Enables the Administrator to specify the login password for the administrator account for logging into the server For Apache - Enables the Administrator to specify the passphrase of the private key file path Note: This field will be enabled only if 'Remote' is selected.

- Enter the parameters and click OK. The server will be added to the controller. It will take a few minutes for the server to become 'Active'.

NAME	VENDOR	STATE
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Remote Server	Microsoft IIS 7.x	Init
<input type="radio"/> Server IIS org1 50	Microsoft IIS 7.x	Active

15 rows/page 1 - 2 out of 2

OK Cancel

Once the remote server is added to the controller, administrators can apply for certificates for domains on the server in the 'Certificates Management' > 'SSL Certificates' area.

- Repeat the process to add more remote servers

To enroll a certificate for auto-installation

- Click the 'Certificates' tab and choose the 'SSL Certificates' sub-tab
- Click the 'Add' button

The built-in application form for SSL Enrollment will appear.

To enroll a certificate for auto-installation

- Click the 'Certificates' tab and choose the 'SSL Certificates' sub-tab
- Click the 'Add' button

The built-in application form for SSL Enrollment will appear.

Request New SSL Certificate

***-required fields**

Organization* ⓘ

Department*

[Click here to edit address details](#)

Certificate Type*

Certificate Term*

Server Software*

CSR

Provide CSR Autogenerate CSR and Manage Private Key

CSR*

Max CSR size is 32K

Certificate Parameters

Common Name*

Requester

External Requester ⓘ

Comments

Renewal & Installation

Auto renew days before expiration

Create new key pair

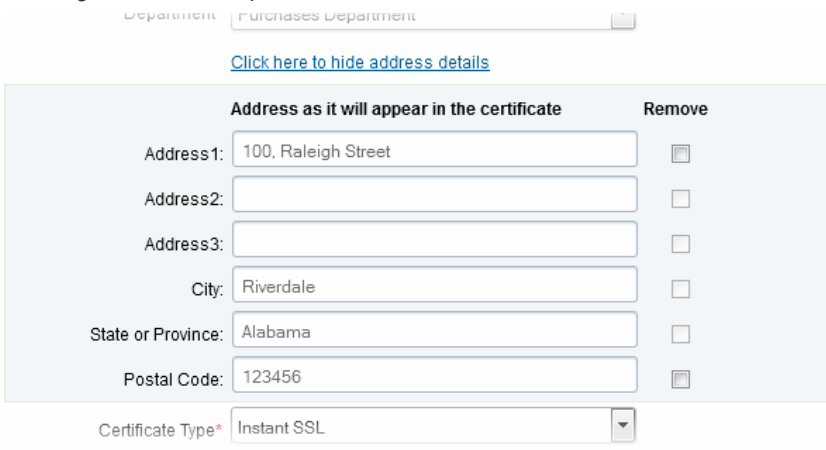
Auto install renewed certificate

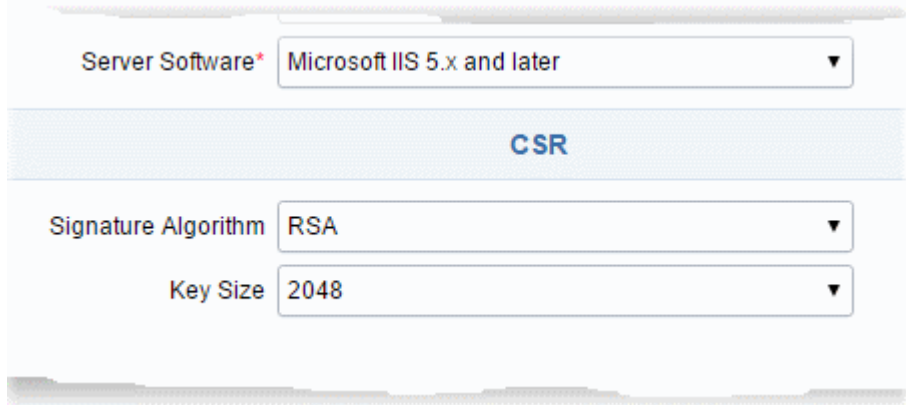
Auto install initial certificate

Subscriber Agreement

Predefined test SSL license text for test customer[2]...

I agree.* Scroll to bottom of the agreement to activate check box.

Form Element	Type	Description
Organization (<i>required</i>)	Drop-down list	Choose the Organization that the SSL certificate will belong to.
Department (<i>required</i>)	Drop-down list	Choose the Department that the SSL certificate will belong to. For the certificate to be applied to all departments, choose 'Any'.
Click here to edit address details	<i>Text Fields</i>	<p>Clicking this link will expand the address fields.</p>  <p>The address fields are auto-populated from the details in the 'General Properties' tab of the Organization or Department on whose behalf this certificate request is being made.</p> <p>These fields cannot be modified but, in the case of OV level certificates, the administrator can choose to omit them from the certificate by selecting the 'Remove' checkbox next to the fields.</p> <p>The allowed address details will appear in the issued certificate and the removed details will appear as "Details Omitted".</p> <p>For EV level certificates, it is mandatory to include and display address details of the Organization, Incorporation or Registration Agency, Certificate Requester and the Contract Signer. Therefore text fields for entering the these address details will be displayed and the option to remove certain fields is not available on the EV self-enrollment form on selecting Comodo EV SSL Certificate or Comodo EV Multi-Domain SSL Certificate from the 'Certificate Type' drop-down.</p>
Certificate Type (<i>required</i>)	<i>Drop-down list</i>	<p>Choose the certificate type that you wish to add for auto-installation. See Comodo SSL Certificates for a list of certificate types.</p> <p>The specific certificate types displayed in the drop-down list depends on the SSL Types allowed for the selected Organization. Please refer to sections Creating a new Organization, Customize an Organization's SSL Certificate Types and SSL Types for more details.</p> <p>Note: Currently CCM supports auto-installation only for the 'Instant SSL' certificate type. Other certificate types will be enabled for auto-installation in the future versions.</p>
Certificate Term (<i>required</i>)	<i>Drop-down list</i>	<p>Choose the validity period of the certificate. For example, 1 year, 2 years, 3 years. See Comodo SSL Certificates for a list of certificate types and term lengths.</p> <p>The validity periods available for a particular Organization depends on its configuration. Please refer to sections Creating a new Organization, Customize an Organization's SSL Certificate Types and SSL Types for more</p>

Form Element	Type	Description
		details.
Server Software <i>(required)</i>	<i>Drop-down list</i>	Select the server software on which the certificate is to be installed. Auto-installation is supported only on the following server types: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apache/Mod SSL • Apache - SSL • Apache Tomcat • Microsoft IIS 1.x to 4.x • Microsoft IIS 5.x and above
CSR		
Provide CSR/Autogenerate CSR and Manage Private Key		Leave these fields blank. After a successful application, the certificate controller will co-ordinate with the web server to create the CSR and submit it to Comodo CA. Once you choose 'Auto install initial certificate' under ' Renewal & Installation ' in this form, these fields will disappear.
CSR <i>(required)</i>		
Get CN from CSR <i>(optional)</i>		You can choose the signature algorithm to be used by the public key of the certificate and the key size for the certificate under 'CSR'.
Upload CSR <i>(optional)</i>		
Certificate Parameters		
Common Name <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	Type the domain that the certificate will be issued to.
Requester <i>(auto-populated)</i>	Text Field	The 'Requester' is field is auto-populated with the name of the administrator making the application.
External Requester <i>(optional)</i>		Enter the email address of an external requester on whose behalf the application is made. Note: The 'Requester' will still be the administrator that is completing this form (to view this, open the 'Certificates Management' area and click 'View' next to the certificate in question). The email address of the 'External Requester' will be displayed as the 'External Requester' in the 'View' dialog of an issued certificate. This field is not required when requesting for EV SSL certificate and hence will be hidden.
Comments <i>(optional)</i>	Text Field	Enter your comments on the certificate. This is optional.
Renewal and Installation		

Form Element	Type	Description
Auto Renew	Checkbox and text field	Enable to auto-renew the certificate when it is nearing expiry. You can also choose the number of days in advance of expiry that the renewal process should start. On the scheduled day, the certificate controller will automatically generate a new CSR using the same certificate parameters as the existing certificate and submit it to the CA.
Create new key pair	Checkbox	Select this option if you want a new key pair is to be generated for the renewal certificate. Leaving it unselected means CCM will re-use the existing key pair of the expiring certificate.
Auto install renewed certificate	Checkbox	Select this option if you want the renewed certificate be auto-installed.
Auto install initial certificate	Checkbox	Select this option to mark this certificate for auto-installation. After completing the form, the auto-installation wizard will allow you to select the nodes on which the certificate should be installed and to create an installation schedule.
Subscriber Agreement (required)	Control	You must accept the terms and conditions before submitting the form by reading the agreement and clicking the 'I Agree' checkbox.

- Click 'OK' to submit the application

The 'Set Auto Renewal & Installation' dialog will be displayed with the 'Nodes' interface opened. The 'Nodes' interface displays a tree structure of servers associated with the Certificate Controller and the domains hosted on them.

Set Auto Renewal & Installation

1 Nodes — 2 Schedule — 3 Port — 4 EULA

NAME	COMMON NAME	PROTOC	IP ADDRESS	PORT	STATUS	SSL
Server IIS org1 50						Active
<input type="radio"/> self.ccmqa.local	self.ccmqa.local	HTTP	*	8443	No SSL	
<input type="radio"/> Default Web Site	Default Web Site	HTTP	*	80	No SSL	
Server IIS ACME						Active
<input checked="" type="radio"/> test.ccmqa.com	fortest.ccmqa.com	HTTPS	*	8444	No SSL	
<input type="radio"/> ms1.ccmqa.com	ms1.ccmqa.com	HTTPS	*	443	No SSL	

15 rows/page 1 - 2 out of 2

Close Next >

- Select the domain from the remote server for which you wish to install a SSL certificate and click 'Next'.

The 'Schedule' interface will be displayed enabling you to choose whether you wish to manually install the certificate from the CCM interface or set a schedule for auto-installation.

Set Auto Renewal & Installation

1 Nodes — 2 **Schedule** — 3 Port — 4 EULA

Manual
 Certificate installation must be started manually.

Schedule
 Certificate installation will be started during selected time period.

Time zone: UTC+00:00 - GMT, UCT, UTC, WET, EGST

Start not earlier than: 01/18/2017

Time Of Day

Run Between: 00 : 19

Day of Week

Run Only: Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday

Close < Back Next >

- If you want to manually install the certificate from the CCM interface, select 'Manual'
- If you want to install the certificate at a scheduled time, select 'Schedule', select your time zone, and set a time period. The controller will generate the CSR and submit it to Comodo the next time it polls CCM after the scheduled time.
- Click 'Next'.

The 'Port' interface will open.

Set Auto Renewal & Installation

1 Nodes — 2 Schedule — 3 **Port** — 4 EULA

ms1.ccmqa.com 8445

Warning: Wrong server configuration: HTTP on 443 port or HTTPS on 80.

Info: Default node port will be used. New binding on port 8445 will be created

Close < Back Next >

- Specify the HTTPS port for installing the certificate, (**Default = 9443**)
- Click 'Next'. The EULA interface will open.

Set Auto Renewal & Installation ✕

1 Nodes ————— 2 Schedule ————— 3 Port ————— 4 **EULA**

Subscriber Agreement:

Predefined test SSL license text for test customer[2]...

I agree.* *Scroll to bottom of the agreement to activate check box.*

- Read the EULA fully and accept to by the selecting 'I Agree' checkbox.
- Click 'OK' to save your application.

The certificate will be added to the SSL Certificates interface and its status will be displayed as 'Requested'.

Dashboard					
Dashboard	Certificates	Discovery	Reports	Admins	Settings
SSL Certificates					
Filter					
<input type="button" value="Refresh"/> <input type="button" value="+ Add"/> <input type="button" value="Export"/>					
	COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRES
<input type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[67]	org1		Invalid	
<input type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[72]	org1		Applied	
<input type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[68]	org1		Requested	
<input type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[66]	Advanced		Invalid	

- The CSR for the requested certificate will be generated automatically. After the CSR has been created, the 'Approve' button will appear at the top when you select the certificate in the list:

The screenshot shows the 'Certificates' section of the Comodo Certificate Manager. The 'Approve' button is circled in red. Below it, an 'Approval Message' dialog box is open, containing a text area with the message: 'SSL Cert for ccmqa.com is approved'. The dialog box has 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons at the bottom.

	COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRES
<input type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[67]	org1		Invalid	
<input type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[72]	org1		Applied	
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[68]	org1		Requested	
<input type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[66]	Advanced		Invalid	

- Click the 'Approve' button to approve the request, enter an approval message and click 'OK'.

On approval, the CSR will be submitted to Comodo CA to apply for the certificate. The certificate status will change to 'Applied'.

The screenshot shows the 'Certificates' section of the Comodo Certificate Manager. The certificate for 'ccmqa.com[68]' is now highlighted in blue, and its status is 'Applied'. The 'Approve' button is no longer visible.

	COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRE
<input type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[67]	org1		Invalid	
<input type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[72]	org1		Issued	01/19/20
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[68]	org1		Applied	
<input type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[66]	Advanced		Invalid	

The controller will track the order number and will download the certificate once it is issued. The certificate will be stored and its status will change to 'Issued'.

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRES	INSTALL STATE	RENEWAL STATE
ccmqa.com[67]	org1		Invalid		Not scheduled	Not scheduled
ccmqa.com[68]	org1		Issued	01/19/2018	Not scheduled	Not scheduled
ccmqa.com[66]	Advanced		Invalid		Not scheduled	Not scheduled
ccmqa.com[69]	org1		Invalid		Not scheduled	Not scheduled

To check whether the Certificate Controller has stored the certificate

- Click 'Discovery' > 'Agents'
- Select the controller and click 'Commands' button

You will see successful execution of 'Store Certificate' command.

Network Assets Discovery Tasks **Agents**

Filter

Download Agent Edit Delete Nodes **Commands**

NAME	ALTERNATIVE NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	ACTIVE	STATUS
Agent org1 52		org1		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Completed

Commands

Queue Schedule history

Details Restart

NAME	DATE	STATE
Store Certificate	01/18/2017 12:22:20	Successful
Generate Certificate	01/18/2017 12:20:34	Successful
Discover Target Servers	01/18/2017 12:18:39	Successful
Generate Certificate	01/17/2017 18:56:11	Successful
Generate Certificate	01/17/2017 18:54:01	Canceled

The certificate is stored on the server by the agent. If you have set a schedule for automatic installation in the **Schedule** step while applying for the certificate, it will be installed automatically at the scheduled time. If you have selected 'Manual' in the Schedule step, you can manually initiate the installation process or schedule for auto-installation, from the 'Certificates' > 'SSL Certificates' interface of the CCM console.

To manually initiate auto-installation of a certificate

- Select the certificate from the 'Certificates' > 'SSL Certificates' interface and click 'Install'

The screenshot shows the 'Install Certificate' wizard in the Comodo Certificate Manager. The wizard is at step 1, 'Nodes'. A message states: "Installing cert order number 1676867. Select the node to install." Below this, a table lists available nodes for installation. The 'ccmqa.com' node is selected with a checked checkbox.

NAME	COMMON NAME	PROTOCOL	IP ADDRESS	PORT	STATUS	SSL
Server IIS org1 50 Active						
<input type="checkbox"/> test.ccmqa.com	fortest.ccmqa.com	HTTPS	*	8444	Failed	1675873
<input type="checkbox"/> ms1.ccmqa.com	ms1.ccmqa.com	HTTPS	*	443	No SSL	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ccmqa.com	ccmqa.com	HTTPS	*	8443	No SSL	
<input type="checkbox"/> Default Web Site	Default Web Site	HTTP	*	80	No SSL	

The 'Install Certificate' wizard will start with the 'Nodes' interface. The node upon which the certificate is to be installed is pre-selected.

- If you want to install the same certificate to additional nodes or to a different node, select the node(s) as required
- Click 'Next'.

The 'Ports' interface will open.

- Specify the port and click 'Next'. The 'Schedule' interface will open.

- If you want to instantly install the certificate, select 'Install now'
- If you want to install the certificate at a later time, select 'Schedule', then select your time zone, and set a time period. The certificate will be installed on the remote server when the certificate controller polls CCM for the first time, within the set time period.
- Click 'OK'

The certificate installation will begin instantly or at the scheduled time as set in the 'Schedule' interface. Once the installation commences, the 'Install State' of the certificate will change to 'Started'.

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRES	INSTALL STATE	RENEWAL STATE
ccmqa.com[68]	org1		Issued	01/19/2018	Started	Scheduled
ccmqa.local[52]	org1		Issued	01/14/2019	Not scheduled	Not scheduled
demo.ccmqa.local[60]	org2		Issued	01/14/2018	Not scheduled	Not scheduled
fortest.ccmqa.com[65]	org1		Invalid		Not scheduled	Not scheduled

When installation is complete:

- IIS servers and Tomcat servers - The certificate will be activated immediately and the install state will change to 'Successful'.

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRES	INSTALL STATE	RENEWAL STATE
ccmqa.com[68]	org1		Issued	01/19/2018	Successful	Scheduled
ccmqa.local[52]	org1		Issued	01/14/2019	Not scheduled	Not scheduled

- Apache servers - The certificate will become active after the server is restarted. The install state will change to 'Restart Required'.

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRES	INSTALL STATE	RENEWAL STATE
ccmqa.com[72]	org1		Issued	01/19/2018	Restart Required	Scheduled
ccmqa.local[52]	org1		Issued	01/14/2019	Not scheduled	Not scheduled

Tip: The server can be restarted from CCM through the **Certificate Details** dialog. For more details, refer to **3.1.1.2.3 Restarting Apache after Auto-Installation of SSL Certificate**.

After restarting the server, the certificate will be activated and the 'Install State' will change to 'Successful'.

- To check whether the controller has installed the certificate, click Discovery > Agents
- Select the controller and click the 'Commands' button

You will see successful execution of 'Install Certificate' command.

	NAME	DATE	STATE
<input type="radio"/>	Store Certificate	01/18/2017 15:43:50	Successful
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Install Certificate	01/18/2017 15:07:53	Successful
<input type="radio"/>	Store Certificate	01/18/2017 12:22:20	Successful
<input type="radio"/>	Generate Certificate	01/18/2017 12:20:34	Successful

- To view command details, select the command and click the 'Details' button at the top.

Name Install Certificate
Date 01/18/2017 15:07:53
State Successful

Detail Message

```
SSL Order Number: 1676867
SSL Serial Number:
D45EE225D070B23F46D778DD65F64D12
Server Software: Microsoft IIS 5.x
```

Close

3.1.2.2.2 Method 2 - CCM Controller Mode

Administrators can request and install new certificates for domains hosted on different web servers from the 'Certificate Management - SSL Certificates' area. The CCM Controller Mode requires an agent to be installed on each web server upon which the certificates are to be auto-installed/renewed. Refer to the section [Agents](#) for more details on installing the agent.

To enroll a certificate for auto-installation

- Click the 'Certificates' tab and choose the 'SSL Certificates' sub-tab
- Click the 'Add' button

The built-in application form for SSL Enrollment will appear.

Request New SSL Certificate

***-required fields**

Organization* ⓘ

Department*

[Click here to edit address details](#)

Certificate Type*

Certificate Term*

Server Software*

CSR

Provide CSR Autogenerate CSR and Manage Private Key

CSR*

Max CSR size is 32K

Certificate Parameters

Common Name*

Requester

External Requester ⓘ

Comments

Renewal & Installation

Auto renew days before expiration

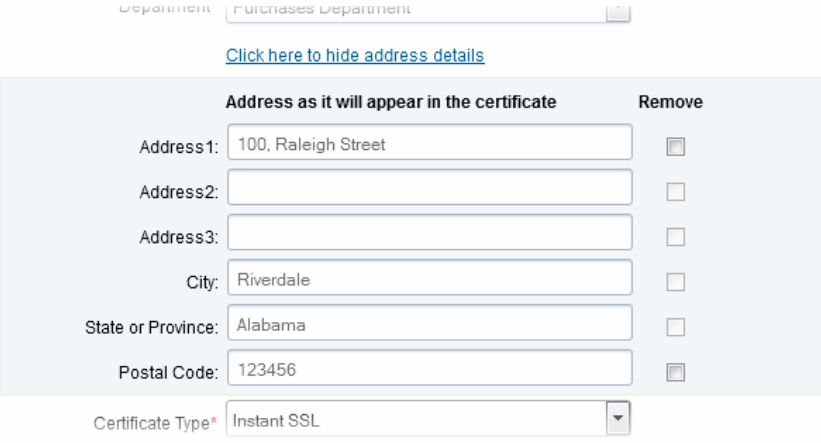
Create new key pair

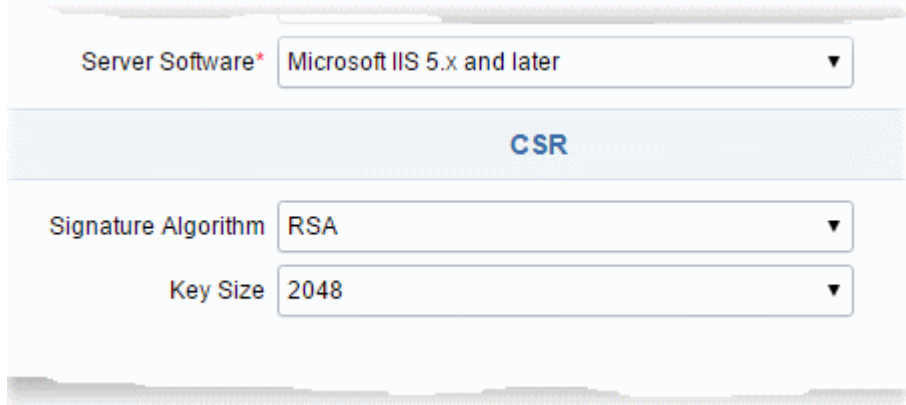
Auto install renewed certificate

Auto install initial certificate

Subscriber Agreement

I agree.* *Scroll to bottom of the agreement to activate check box.*

Form Element	Type	Description
Organization (<i>required</i>)	Drop-down list	Choose the Organization that the SSL certificate will belong to.
Department (<i>required</i>)	Drop-down list	Choose the Department that the SSL certificate will belong to. For the certificate to be applied to all departments, choose 'Any'.
Click here to edit address details	Text Fields	<p>Clicking this link will expand the address fields.</p>  <p>The address fields are auto-populated from the details in the 'General Properties' tab of the Organization or Department on whose behalf this certificate request is being made.</p> <p>These fields cannot be modified but, in the case of OV level certificates, the administrator can choose to omit them from the certificate by selecting the 'Remove' checkbox next to the fields.</p> <p>The allowed address details will appear in the issued certificate and the removed details will appear as "Details Omitted".</p> <p>For EV level certificates, it is mandatory to include and display address details of the Organization, Incorporation or Registration Agency, Certificate Requester and the Contract Signer. Therefore text fields for entering the these address details will be displayed and the option to remove certain fields is not available on the EV self-enrollment form on selecting Comodo EV SSL Certificate or Comodo EV Multi-Domain SSL Certificate from the 'Certificate Type' drop-down.</p>
Certificate Type (<i>required</i>)	Drop-down list	<p>Choose the certificate type that you wish to add for auto-installation. See Comodo SSL Certificates for a list of certificate types.</p> <p>The specific certificate types displayed in the drop-down list depends on the SSL Types allowed for the selected Organization. Please refer to sections Creating a new Organization, Customize an Organization's SSL Certificate Types and SSL Types for more details.</p> <p>Note: Currently CCM supports auto-installation only for the 'Instant SSL' certificate type. Other certificate types will be enabled for auto-installation in future versions.</p>
Certificate Term (<i>required</i>)	Drop-down list	<p>Choose the validity period of the certificate. For example, 1 year, 2 years, 3 years. See Comodo SSL Certificates for a list of certificate types and term lengths.</p> <p>The validity periods available for a particular Organization depends on its configuration. Please refer to sections Creating a new Organization, Customize an Organization's SSL Certificate Types and SSL Types for more</p>

Form Element	Type	Description
		details.
Server Software <i>(required)</i>	<i>Drop-down list</i>	Select the server software on which the certificate is to be installed. Auto-installation is supported only on the following server types: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apache/Mod SSL • Apache - SSL • Apache Tomcat • Microsoft IIS 1.x to 4.x • Microsoft IIS 5.x and above
CSR		
Provide CSR/Autogenerate CSR and Manage Private Key		Leave these fields blank. After a successful application, the certificate controller will co-ordinate with the web server to create the CSR and submit it to Comodo CA. Once you choose 'Auto install initial certificate' under ' Renewal & Installation ' in this form, these fields will disappear.
CSR <i>(required)</i>		
Get CN from CSR <i>(optional)</i>		You can choose the signature algorithm to be used by the public key of the certificate and the key size for the certificate under 'CSR'.
Upload CSR <i>(optional)</i>		
Certificate Parameters		
Common Name <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	Type the domain that the certificate will be issued to.
Requester <i>(auto-populated)</i>	Text Field	The 'Requester' is field is auto-populated with the name of the administrator making the application.
External Requester <i>(optional)</i>		Enter the email address of an external requester on whose behalf the application is made. Note: The 'Requester' will still be the administrator that is completing this form (to view this, open the 'Certificates Management' area and click 'View' next to the certificate in question). The email address of the 'External Requester' will be displayed as the 'External Requester' in the 'View' dialog of an issued certificate. This field is not required when requesting for EV SSL certificate and hence will be hidden.
Comments <i>(optional)</i>	Text Field	Enter your comments on the certificate. This is optional.
Renewal and Installation		

Form Element	Type	Description
Auto Renew	<i>Checkbox and text field</i>	Enable to auto-renew the certificate when it is nearing expiry. You can also choose the number of days in advance of expiry that the renewal process should start. On the scheduled day, the certificate controller will automatically generate a new CSR using the same certificate parameters as the existing certificate and submit it to the CA.
Create new key pair	<i>Checkbox</i>	Select this option if you want a new key pair is to be generated for the renewal certificate. Leaving it unselected means CCM will re-use the existing key pair of the expiring certificate.
Auto install renewed certificate	<i>Checkbox</i>	Select this option if you want the renewed certificate be auto-installed.
Auto install initial certificate	<i>Checkbox</i>	Select this option to mark this certificate for auto-installation. After completing the form, the auto-installation wizard will allow you to select the nodes on which the certificate should be installed and to create an installation schedule.
Subscriber Agreement (<i>required</i>)	<i>Control</i>	You must accept the terms and conditions before submitting the form by reading the agreement and clicking the 'I Agree' checkbox.

- Click 'OK' to submit the application

The 'Set Auto Renewal & Installation' dialog will be displayed with the 'Nodes' interface open. The 'Nodes' interface displays a list of agents installed on your servers for different Organizations and Departments. A list of server nodes is shown under each Agent.

- Select the domain on which you wish to install a certificate and click Next.

The 'Schedule' interface will open, allowing you to install the certificate manually from the CCM interface or to set a schedule for auto-installation.

Set Auto Renewal & Installation

1 Nodes — 2 **Schedule** — 3 Port — 4 EULA

Manual
 Certificate installation must be started manually.

Schedule
 Certificate installation will be started during selected time period.

Time zone: UTC+00:00 - GMT, UCT, UTC, WET, EGST

Start not earlier than: 01/18/2017

Time Of Day

Run Between: 00 : 19 00 : 19

Day of Week

Run Only: Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday

Close < Back Next >

- If you want to manually install the certificate from the CCM interface, select 'Manual'
- If you want to install the certificate at a scheduled time, select 'Schedule' then select your time zone and a 'not earlier than' time. The controller will generate a CSR and submit it to Comodo CA the first time it polls CCM after the 'not earlier than' time. Use the check-boxes at the bottom to limit which days of the week that the installation should run.
- Click 'Next'.

The 'Port' interface will open.

Set Auto Renewal & Installation

1 Nodes — 2 Schedule — 3 **Port** — 4 EULA

ms1.ccmqa.com 8445

Warning: Wrong server configuration: HTTP on 443 port or HTTPS on 80.

Info: Default node port will be used. New binding on port 8445 will be created

Close < Back Next >

- Specify the HTTPS port for installing the certificate, (**Default = 9443**)
- Click 'Next'. The EULA interface will open.

Set Auto Renewal & Installation X

1 Nodes ————— 2 Schedule ————— 3 Port ————— 4 **EULA**

Subscriber Agreement:

Predefined test SSL license text for test customer[2]...

Print

I agree.* *Scroll to bottom of the agreement to activate check box.*

Close
< Back
OK

- Read the EULA fully and accept it by selecting the 'I Agree' checkbox.
- Click 'OK' to save your application.

The certificate will be added to the SSL Certificates interface and its status will change to 'Requested'.

	COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRES
<input type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[67]	org1		Invalid	
<input type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[72]	org1		Applied	
<input type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[68]	org1		Requested	
<input type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[66]	Advanced		Invalid	

- The CSR for the requested certificate will be generated automatically. After the CSR is created, the approve button will appear at the top when you select the certificate in the list.

The screenshot shows the 'Certificates' section of the Comodo Certificate Manager. The 'Approve' button is circled in red. An arrow points from this button to an 'Approval Message' dialog box. The dialog box has a text area containing the message: 'SSL Cert for ccmqa.com is approved'. Below the text area are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

	COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRES
<input type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[67]	org1		Invalid	
<input type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[72]	org1		Applied	
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[68]	org1		Requested	
<input type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[66]	Advanced		Invalid	

- Click the 'Approve' button to approve the request, enter the approval message in the 'Approval Message' dialog and click 'OK'.

On approval, the CSR will be submitted to Comodo CA to apply for the certificate. The certificate status will change to 'Applied'.

The screenshot shows the 'Certificates' section after the approval process. The certificate 'ccmqa.com[68]' now has a status of 'Applied' and is circled in red. The 'Approve' button is no longer visible.

	COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRES
<input type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[67]	org1		Invalid	
<input type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[72]	org1		Issued	01/19/20
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[68]	org1		Applied	
<input type="radio"/>	ccmqa.com[66]	Advanced		Invalid	

The controller will track the order number then collect and store the certificate once it is issued. The certificate status

will change to 'Issued'.

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRES	INSTALL STATE	RENEWAL STATE
ccmqa.com[67]	org1		Invalid		Not scheduled	Not scheduled
ccmqa.com[68]	org1		Issued	01/19/2018	Not scheduled	Not scheduled
ccmqa.com[66]	Advanced		Invalid		Not scheduled	Not scheduled
ccmqa.com[69]	org1		Invalid		Not scheduled	Not scheduled

To check whether the controller has stored the certificate:

- Click 'Discovery' > 'Agents'
- Select the controller and click the 'Commands' button

You will see successful execution of 'Store Certificate' command.

Network Assets Discovery Tasks **Agents**

Filter

Download Agent Edit Delete Nodes **Commands**

NAME	ALTERNATIVE NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	ACTIVE	STATUS
Agent org1 52		org1		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Completed

Commands

Queue Schedule history

Details Restart

NAME	DATE	STATE
Store Certificate	01/18/2017 12:22:20	Successful
Generate Certificate	01/18/2017 12:20:34	Successful
Discover Target Servers	01/18/2017 12:18:39	Successful
Generate Certificate	01/17/2017 18:56:11	Successful
Generate Certificate	01/17/2017 18:54:01	Canceled

The certificate is stored on the server by the agent. If you created a schedule for automatic installation in the **Schedule** step, it will be installed automatically at the scheduled time. If you selected 'Manual', you can initiate the auto-installation process from the 'Certificates' > 'SSL Certificates' interface:

To manually initiate auto-installation of a certificate

- Select the certificate from the 'Certificates' > 'SSL Certificates' interface and click 'Install'

The screenshot shows the 'Install Certificate' wizard in the Comodo Certificate Manager. The wizard is at step 1, 'Nodes'. A message states: "Installing cert order number 1676867. Select the node to install." Below this, a table lists available nodes for installation. The 'ccmqa.com' node is selected with a checked checkbox.

NAME	COMMON NAME	PROTOC	IP ADDRESS	PORT	STATUS	SSL
Server IIS org1 50 Active						
<input type="checkbox"/> test.ccmqa.com	fortest.ccmqa.com	HTTPS	*	8444	Failed	1675873
<input type="checkbox"/> ms1.ccmqa.com	ms1.ccmqa.com	HTTPS	*	443	No SSL	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ccmqa.com	ccmqa.com	HTTPS	*	8443	No SSL	
<input type="checkbox"/> Default Web Site	Default Web Site	HTTP	*	80	No SSL	

The 'Install Certificate' wizard will start with the 'Nodes' interface. The node upon which the certificate is to be installed is pre-selected.

- If you want to install the same certificate to additional nodes or to a different node, select the node(s) as required
- Click 'Next'.

The 'Ports' interface will open.

Install Certificate

1 Nodes — 2 Port — 3 Schedule

ms1.ccmqa.com 443

Default node port will be used. The certificate will be installed on existing ms1.ccmqa.com:443

Close < Back Next >

- Specify the port and click 'Next'. The 'Schedule' interface will open.

Install Certificate

1 Nodes — 2 Port — 3 Schedule

Install now
Certificate installation will be started immediately.

Schedule
Certificate installation will be started during selected time period.

Time zone: UTC+00:00 - GMT, UCT, UTC, WET, EGST

Start not earlier than: 01/18/2017

Time Of Day

Run Between: 23 : 19 23 : 19

Day of Week

Run Only: Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday

Close < Back OK

- If you want to instantly install the certificate, select 'Install now'
- If you want to install the certificate at a later time, select 'Schedule', then select your time zone, and set a 'not earlier than' date. The certificate will be installed on the server when the controller polls CCM for the first time after the 'Not earlier than' date.
- Click 'OK'

Once installation commences, the 'Install State' of the certificate will change to 'Started':

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRES	INSTALL STATE	RENEWAL STATE
ccmqa.com[68]	org1		Issued	01/19/2018	Started	Scheduled
ccmqa.local[52]	org1		Issued	01/14/2019	Not scheduled	Not scheduled
demo.ccmqa.local[60]	org2		Issued	01/14/2018	Not scheduled	Not scheduled
fortest.ccmqa.com[65]	org1		Invalid		Not scheduled	Not scheduled

When installation is complete:

- IIS servers and Tomcat servers - The certificate will be activated immediately and the install state will change to 'Successful'.

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRES	INSTALL STATE
ccmqa.com[68]	org1		Issued	01/19/2018	Successful
ccmqa.local[52]	org1		Issued	01/14/2019	Not scheduled

- Apache servers - The certificate will become active after the server is restarted. The install state will change to 'Restart Required'.

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRES	INSTALL STATE
ccmqa.com[72]	org1		Issued	01/19/2018	Restart Required
ccmqa.local[52]	org1		Issued	01/14/2019	Not scheduled

Tip: The server can be restarted from CCM through the **Certificate Details** dialog. For more details, refer to **3.1.1.2.3 Restarting Apache after Auto-Installation of SSL Certificate**.

After restarting the server, the certificate will be activated and the 'Install State' will change to 'Successful'.

- To check whether the controller has installed the certificate, click Discovery > Agents
- Select the controller and click the 'Commands' button

You will see successful execution of 'Install Certificate' command.

	NAME	DATE	STATE
<input type="radio"/>	Store Certificate	01/18/2017 15:43:50	Successful
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Install Certificate	01/18/2017 15:07:53	Successful
<input type="radio"/>	Store Certificate	01/18/2017 12:22:20	Successful
<input type="radio"/>	Generate Certificate	01/18/2017 12:20:34	Successful

- To view command details, select the command and click the 'Details' button at the top.

Name Install Certificate

Date 01/18/2017 15:07:53

State Successful

Detail Message

```
SSL Order Number: 1676867
SSL Serial Number:
D45EE225D070B23F46D778DD65F64D12
Server Software: Microsoft IIS 5.x
```

Close

3.1.2.3 Initiating SSL Enrollment using Application Forms

The SSL Administrators or the applicants authorized by them can make request for certificates to be installed on to the web servers by submission of application forms. On successful submission and validation by Comodo CA, the certificate will be issued and a notification email will be sent to the applicant. The applicant can download the certificate and install it on to respective web server.

CCM offers two types of SSL application forms:

- The Self Enrollment Form** - Administrators can apply or direct applicants to the request form to order SSL certificates. Applicants using this method must validate their application to Certificate Manager by:
 - Entering the appropriate **Access Code** for the Organization or Department. The Access Code is a mixture of alpha and numeric characters that the applicant needs to provide in order to authenticate the request to Certificate Manager.
and
 - The email address they enter must be from the domain that the certificate application is for. This domain must have been assigned to the Organization or Department.

Refer to the section **Method 1 - Self Enrollment Form** for a tutorial on applying for and installing certificates through the self-enrollment form.

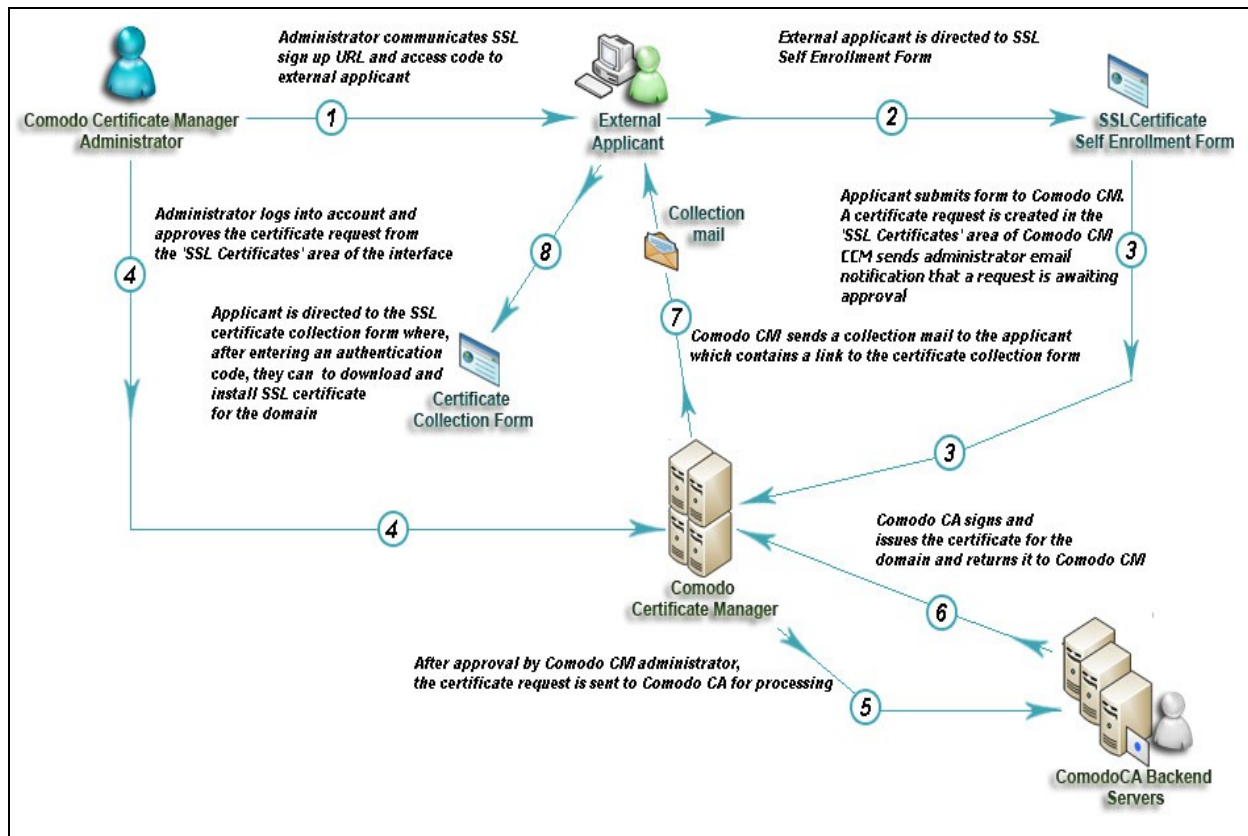
- The Built-in Application Form** - Administrators can login and request SSL certificates using the built-in application form available at the Certificates Management > SSL Certificates area. The Built-in application form allows the administrator to enroll for SSL certificates in two ways:
 - Manual CSR Generation** - The administrator needs to generate the certificate signing request (CSR) at

the server on which the certificate needs to be installed and enter the CSR in to the application form. Refer to the section **Method 2 - Built-in Enrollment Form - Manual CSR Generation** for a tutorial on applying for and installing certificates.

- ii. **Auto CSR Generation** - CCM can generate the CSR for the domain name with the private key stored by the Private Key Store controller installed on a server at the customer premises. On completion of certificate issuance, the administrator can download the certificate with the public/private key pair from CCM and import to the server(s) on which it needs to be installed. Refer to the section **Method 3 - Built-in Enrollment Form - Auto CSR Generation** for a tutorial on applying for and installing certificates.

On successful completion of application submission, the certificate will be added to the Certificates Management > SSL Certificates area with the status 'Requested'. An appropriately privileged SSL administrator should **approve** the request. On approval, CCM will forward the application to Comodo CA. After validating the application, the CA will issue the certificate and the certificate status will be changed to 'Issued'. A collection email will be sent to the administrator or the applicant. The applicant can collect, download and install the certificate in the respective web server. For more details on collection of the certificate, refer to the section **Certificate Collection**. For more details on downloading and installing the certificate, refer to the section **Downloading and Importing SSL Certificates**.

3.1.2.3.1 Method 1 - Self Enrollment Form



3.1.2.3.1.1 Initiating the Self Enrollment Process

After completing the **prerequisite steps**, the administrator needs to communicate enrollment details to all and any end-users they wish to issue SSL certificates to (for example, via email). The communication must contain the following information:

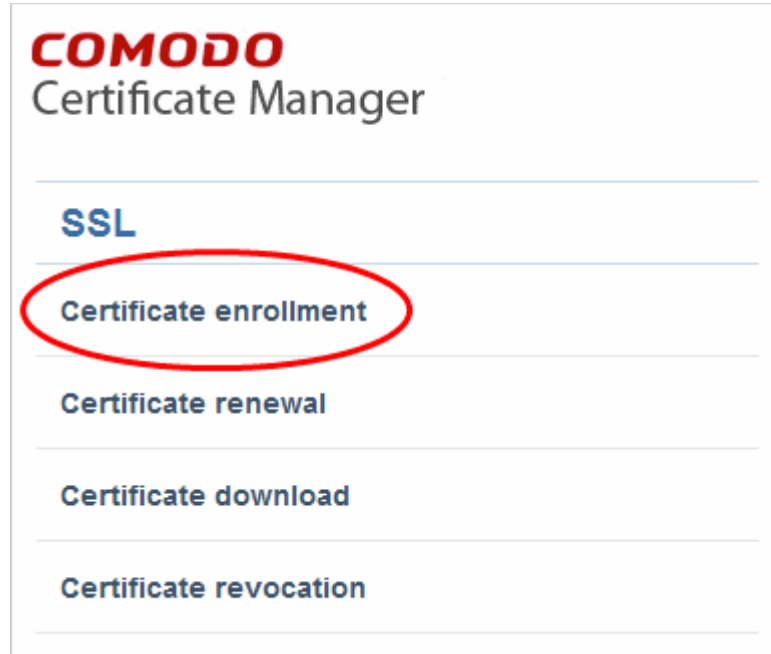
1. A link to the Self Enrollment Form - [https://cert-manager.com/customer/\[REAL CUSTOMER URI\]/ssl](https://cert-manager.com/customer/[REAL CUSTOMER URI]/ssl)
2. The Access Code specified in the Organization or Department's **SSL settings tab**.

Furthermore, the email address that the applicant enters at the self-enrollment form must match a domain that has been assigned to the Organization or Department.

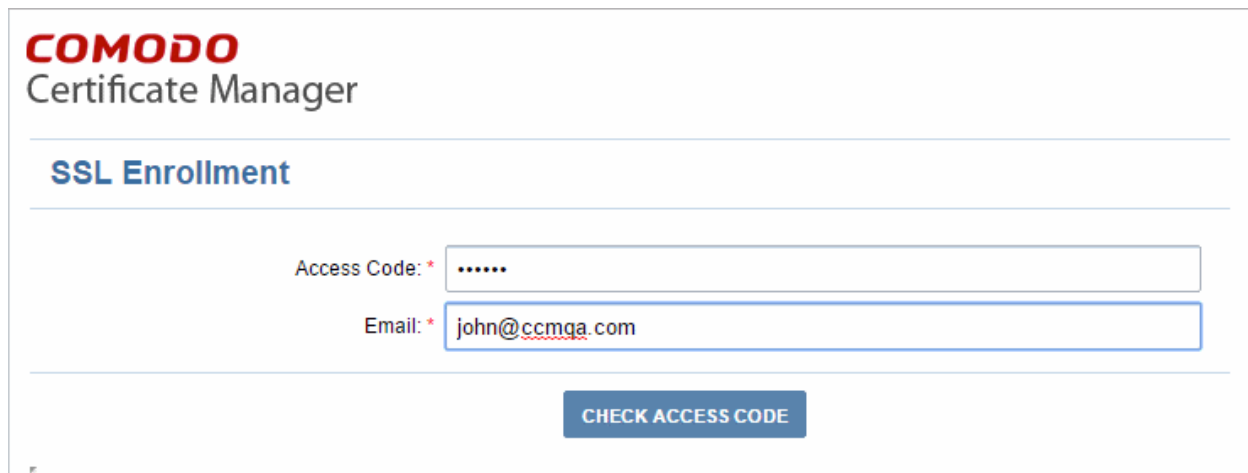
3.1.2.3.1.2 The Self Enrollment Form

The application form for SSL certificates is hosted, by default, at: [https://cert-manager.com/customer/\[REAL CUSTOMER URI\]/ssl](https://cert-manager.com/customer/[REAL CUSTOMER URI]/ssl)

End-users should be directed to this page using the administrators preferred communication method. Please refer to the preceding section, [Initiating the Self Enrollment Process](#) for more details.



- Clicking the 'Certificate enrollment' link will open the self enrollment form

A screenshot of the 'SSL Enrollment' form in the Comodo Certificate Manager. The form has a header with the 'COMODO Certificate Manager' logo. Below the logo, the title 'SSL Enrollment' is displayed. The form contains two input fields: 'Access Code: *' with a masked value '.....' and 'Email: *' with the value 'john@ccmqa.com'. Below these fields is a blue button labeled 'CHECK ACCESS CODE'.

- Before proceeding to the full application form, the applicant has to authenticate the request by:
 - Entering the correct Access Code for the Organization or Department
 - Entering an email address from a domain that has been assigned to that Organization or Department.
- Clicking 'Check Access Code' will contact CCM to authenticate that the applicant has the right to apply for a certificate
- If both Access Code and E-mail address are successfully verified then the applicant will move onto the full certificate application form:

COMODO
Certificate Manager

SSL Enrollment

Access Code: *

Email: * john@ccmqa.com

[Click here to edit address details](#)

Certificate Type: * Instant SSL

Certificate Term: * 1 year

Server Software: * AOL

CSR: *

GET CN FROM CSR UPLOAD CSR Max CSR size is 32K

Common Name: *

Renew: Auto renew _____ days before expiration

Please provide a pass-phrase. A pass-phrase is necessary for certificate revocation and renewal.

Pass-phrase: _____

Re-type pass-phrase: _____

External Requester: _____

Acceptable format:

- email@domain.com
- email.1@domain.com, email.2@domain.com

Comments: _____

Predefined test SSL license text for test customer[2]...

Subscriber Agreement

PRINT

I Agree: Scroll to bottom of the agreement to activate checkbox.

ENROLL RESET

The external applicant need not be an existing user in the CM, but the person's email address must be from the same domain as the common name, else the application cannot proceed.

Clicking 'Get Common Name from CSR' will automatically populate the 'Common Name' field and if relevant, the 'SAN' field with the domain name(s) in the CSR - Helping to avoid errors. This feature is especially useful while applying for MDCs where the application could contain upto 100 domains in the SAN field.

The applicant can directly upload the CSR saved as .txt file by clicking 'Upload CSR'. The CSR field will be auto-populated with the CSR from the text file.

The applicant can configure for auto-renewal of the certificate, upon its expiry.

The Passphrase entered here is required for the purposes of certificate revocation.

The applicant must accept the 'Terms and Conditions' before submitting the form. The 'I Agree' checkbox becomes active only on scrolling down the page till the end.

- The 'Access Code' and 'E-mail' address fields will be pre-populated.
- The domain that the user specifies in the 'CN' field must be the same domain as the applicant's E-mail address. The applicant MUST be able to receive emails at this address.
- Comodo provide a range of CSR generation documents designed to assist Administrators and external applicants through the CSR creation process. For a list of these documents, please visit: <https://support.Comodo.com/index.php?>

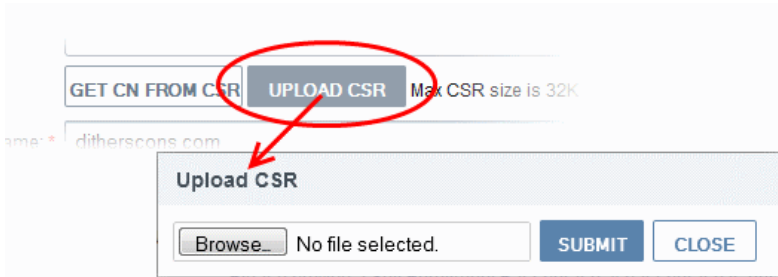
[_m=knowledgebase&_a=view&parentcategoryid=1&pcid=0&nav=0](#) . (Select 'CSR generation' section and web-server software).

- It is possible for Certificate Manager Account holders to use their own, custom form templates rather than the default form supplied by Comodo. Contact your account manager for more details on enabling this functionality and for submitting custom banners for application forms.

3.1.2.3.1.3 Form Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Access Code <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	<p>An Access Code identifies a particular Organization or Department and is used to authenticate certificate requests that are made using the Self-Enrollment form.</p> <p>Organizations and Departments are uniquely identified by combination of the Organization's 'Access Code' and the 'Common Name' (domain) specified in 'General' properties. Multiple Organizations or Departments can have the same Access Code OR the same Common Name - but no single entity can share both.</p> <p>Administrators should choose a complex Access Code containing a mixture of alpha and numeric characters that cannot easily be guessed. This code should be conveyed to the applicant(s) along with the URL of the sign up form.</p> <p>Applicants that request a certificate using the Self Enrollment Form will need to enter this code.</p>
Email <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	<p>Applicant should enter their full email address. The email address must be for a domain that has been assigned to the Organization or Department.</p>
<p>Address Details</p> <p>Displayed on clicking the Click here to edit address details link.</p> <p>Address 1:</p> <p>Address 2:</p> <p>Address 3:</p> <p>City:</p> <p>State or Province:</p> <p>Postal Code:</p> <p>(all auto-populated)</p>	Text Fields	<p>Clicking the link 'Click here to edit address' details displays the address fields.</p> <p>The address fields are auto-populated from the details in the 'General Settings' tab of the Organization or Department on whose behalf this certificate request is being made.</p> <p>These fields cannot be modified but, in the case of OV level certificates, the applicant can choose to omit them from the certificate by selecting the 'Remove' checkbox next to the fields.</p> <p>The allowed address details will appear in the issued certificate and the removed details will appear as "Details Omitted".</p> <p>For EV level certificates, it is mandatory to include and display address details of the Organization, Incorporation or Registration Agency, Certificate Requester and the Contract Signer. Therefore text fields for entering the these address details will be displayed and the option to remove certain fields is not available on the EV self-enrollment form on selecting Comodo EV SSL Certificate or Comodo EV Multi-Domain SSL Certificate from the 'Certificate Type' drop-down.</p>
Certificate Type <i>(required)</i>	Drop-down list	<p>Applicant should select certificate type. For a list of Comodo SSL certificate types, see the section Comodo SSL Certificates.</p> <p>The specific certificate types displayed in the drop-down list (and therefore available to the applicant) can be customized according to the needs of the Organization. Please refer to sections Creating a new</p>

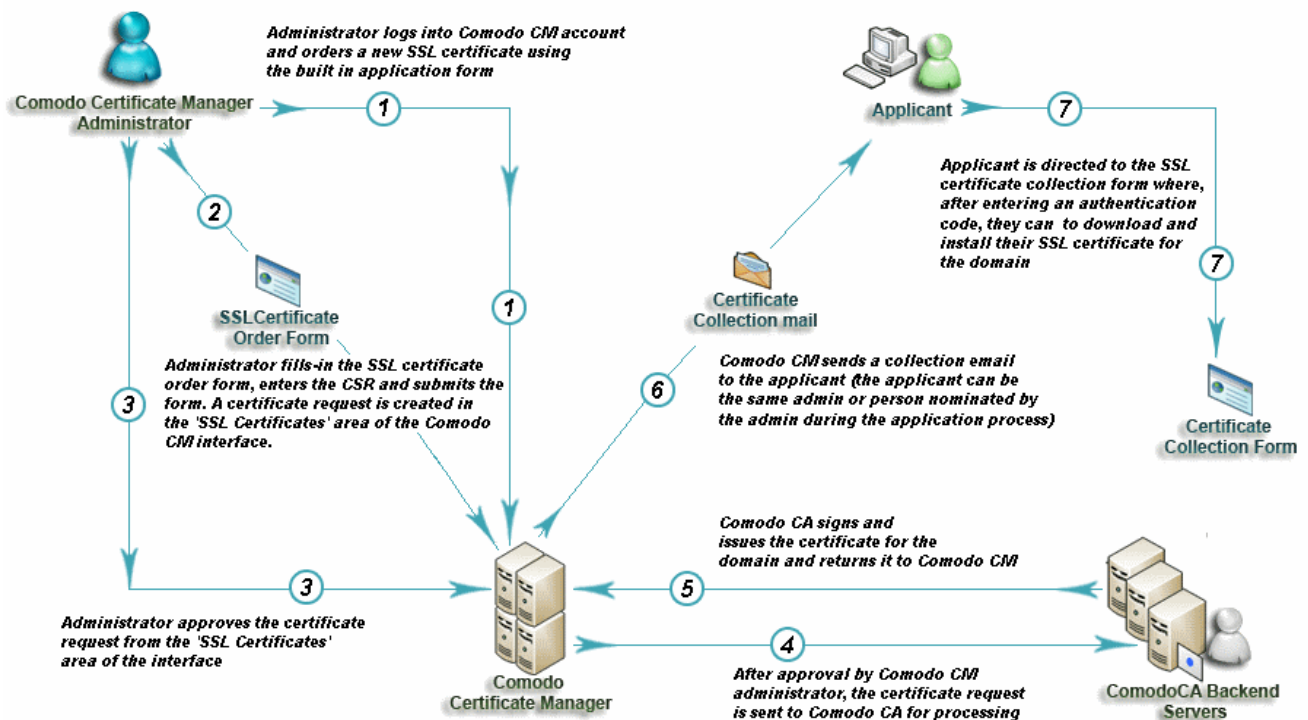
Form Element	Type	Description
		Organization, Customize an Organization's SSL Certificate Types and SSL Types for more details.
Certificate Term (<i>required</i>)	Drop-down list	<p>Applicant should select the life time of the certificate chosen from the 'Certificate Type ' drop-down.</p> <p>The available term lengths for different certificate types displayed in the drop-down list (and therefore available to the applicant) can be customized according to the needs of the Organization. Please refer to sections Creating a new Organization, Customize an Organization's SSL Certificate Types and SSL Types for more details.</p>
Server Software (<i>required</i>)	Drop-down list	<p>Applicant should select the server software that is used to operate their web server (for example, Apache, IIS etc). Installation support documentation is available from the Comodo's support portal here:</p> <p>https://support.comodo.com/index.php?_m=knowledgebase&_a=view&parentcategoryid=1&pcid=0&nav=0</p>
CSR (<i>required</i>)	Text Field	<p>A Certificate Signing Request (CSR) is required to be entered into this field in order for Comodo CA to process your application and issue the certificate for the domain.</p> <p>The CSR can be entered in two ways:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pasting the CSR directly into this field • Uploading the CSR saved as a .txt file by clicking the 'Upload CSR' button <p>Background: In public key infrastructure systems, a certificate signing request (also CSR or certification request) is a message sent from an applicant to a certificate authority in order to apply for a digital identity certificate. Before creating a CSR, the applicant first generates a key pair, keeping the private key secret. The CSR contains information identifying the applicant (such as a directory name in the case of an X.509 certificate), and the public key chosen by the applicant. The corresponding private key is not included in the CSR, but is used to digitally sign the entire request. The CSR may be accompanied by other credentials or proofs of identity required by the certificate authority, and the certificate authority may contact the applicant for further information. Upon uploading or pasting the CSR, the form will automatically parse the CSR.</p> <p>Administrators that require assistance to generate a CSR should consult the Comodo knowledge article for their web server type here:</p> <p>https://support.comodo.com/index.php?_m=knowledgebase&_a=view&parentcategoryid=33&pcid=1&nav=0,1</p> <p>Special Note regarding MDC applications: The CSR you generate only needs to be for the single 'Common Name' (aka the 'Primary Domain Name'). You should type the additional domains that you require in the 'Subject Alternative Name' field' on this form.</p>
Get CN from CSR (<i>optional</i>)	Control	<p>Once the CSR has been entered correctly, clicking this button will auto-populate the Common Name (CN) field. Using this method helps to avoid human error by ensuring the domain name mentioned in the application form exactly match that in the CSR. If the domain name mentioned in this application form do not match that in the CSR, then</p>

Form Element	Type	Description
		<p>Comodo CA will not be able to issue the certificate.</p> <p>Special Note regarding MDC applications: In order to successfully order a Multi-Domain Certificate, the applicant need only list the additional domains in the SAN field on this form. In certain circumstances, however, the applicant may have created a CSR that already contains these Subject Alternative Names. In this case, clicking the 'Get CN from CSR' button will also auto-populate the 'Subject Alternative Names' form fields as well as the 'Common Name' field.</p>
Upload CSR (<i>optional</i>)	Control	<p>The applicant can upload the CSR saved as a .txt file in the local computer, instead of copying and pasting the CSR into the CSR field - helping to avoid errors.</p>  <p>The screenshot shows a web form with a button labeled 'UPLOAD CSR' circled in red. Below it, a modal dialog box titled 'Upload CSR' is open, featuring a 'Browse...' button, the text 'No file selected.', and 'SUBMIT' and 'CLOSE' buttons.</p>
Common Name (<i>required</i>)	Text Field	<p>Applicants should enter the correct fully qualified domain name for the Organization or Department</p> <p>Single Domain certificates - enter domain name using the form: domain.com.</p> <p>Wildcard Certificates - enter domain name using the form: *.domain.com.</p> <p>Multi-Domain Certificates - enter the primary domain name using the form: domain.com.</p>
Renew	Check box	<p>Allows applicants to specify whether the certificate should be automatically renewed when it is nearing expiry. Applicants can also choose the number of days in advance of expiry that the renewal process should start. On the scheduled day, CCM will automatically submit the renewal application to the CA with a CSR generated using the same parameters as the existing certificate.</p>
Subject Alternative Names (<i>required for Multi-Domain certificates</i>)	Text Field	<p>If the certificate 'Type' is a Multi-Domain Certificate (MDC) then the applicant should list the 'Subj Alt Name' additional domains here. Each domain listed in this field should be separated by a comma.</p>
Pass Phrase (<i>optional</i>)	Text Field	<p>This phrase is needed to revoke the certificate when using the external revocation page at: https://cert-manager.com/customer/real_customer_uri/ssl?action=revoke</p>
Re-type Pass Phrase (<i>required if specified in the field above</i>)	Text Field	<p>Confirmation of the above.</p>

Form Element	Type	Description
External Requester (<i>optional</i>)	Text Field	Applicants should enter the full email address of the user on behalf of whom the application is made. The email address must be from the same domain name for which the certificate is applied. The certificate collection email will be sent to this email address.
Comments (<i>optional</i>)	Text Field	Applicant can enter information for the administrator.
Subscriber Agreement	Checkbox	Applicant must accept the terms and conditions before submitting the form by reading the agreement and clicking the 'I Agree' checkbox. Note: The Subscriber Agreement will differ depending on the type of SSL certificate selected from the 'Certificate Type' drop-down. If Comodo EV SSL Certificate or Comodo EV Multi-Domain SSL Certificate is selected, The 'I Agree' checkbox will not be shown and the agreement will be taken as accepted, when the user submits the application.
Enroll	Control	Submits the application and enrolls the new certificate request.
Reset	Control	Clears all data entered on the form.

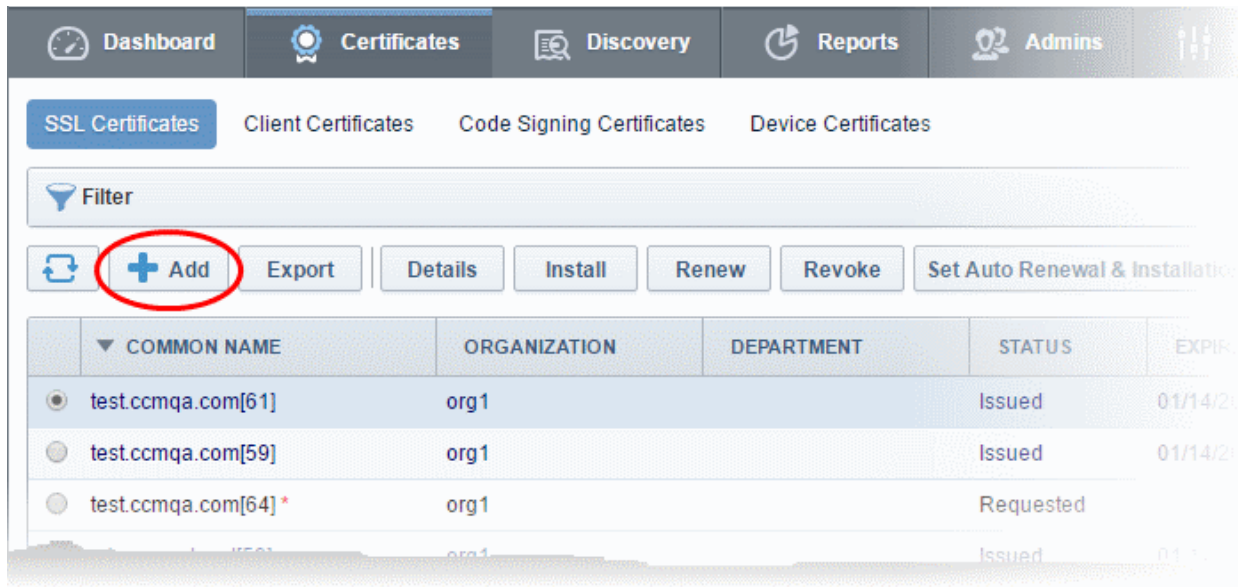
Note: In addition to the standard fields in the Self Enrollment form, custom fields such as 'Employee Code, Telephone' can be added by the Master Administrator. Contact your Master Administrator if such custom fields are required.

3.1.2.3.2 Method 2 - Built-in Enrollment Form - Manual CSR Generation



3.1.2.3.2.1 Accessing the Built-in Application Form

Certificate Manager administrators can apply for new certificates directly from the 'Certificate Management - SSL Certificates' area by clicking the 'Add' button (as shown).



3.1.2.3.2.2 The Built-In Application Form

The built in SSL certificate application form is very similar to the Self Enrollment Form but does not require an Access Code:

Request New SSL Certificate

*-required fields

Organization*

Department*

[Click here to edit address details](#)

Certificate Type*

Certificate Term*

Provide CSR Autogenerate CSR and Manage Private Key

CSR*

Max CSR size is 32K

Certificate Parameters

Common Name*

Requester

External Requester

Comments

Telephone*

Renewal & Installation

Auto renew days before expiration

Create new key pair

Auto install renewed certificate

Auto install initial certificate

Subscriber Agreement

I agree.* Scroll to bottom of the agreement to activate check box.

The address details are auto-populated based on the Organization and Department selected. These details cannot be edited. If required, the administrator can select the address fields to be omitted in the certificate by clicking this link.

For manually entering the CSR generated at the server, the administrator should choose 'Provide CSR'.

The administrator can directly upload the CSR saved as a .txt file by clicking 'Upload CSR'. The CSR field will be auto-populated with the CSR from the text file.

Clicking Get 'CN from CSR' will automatically populate the 'Common Name' field and if relevant, the 'Subject Alternative Names' field with the domain names in the CSR, helping to avoid errors. This feature is especially useful during the application for MDCs, where the application could contain up to 100 domain names in SAN field.

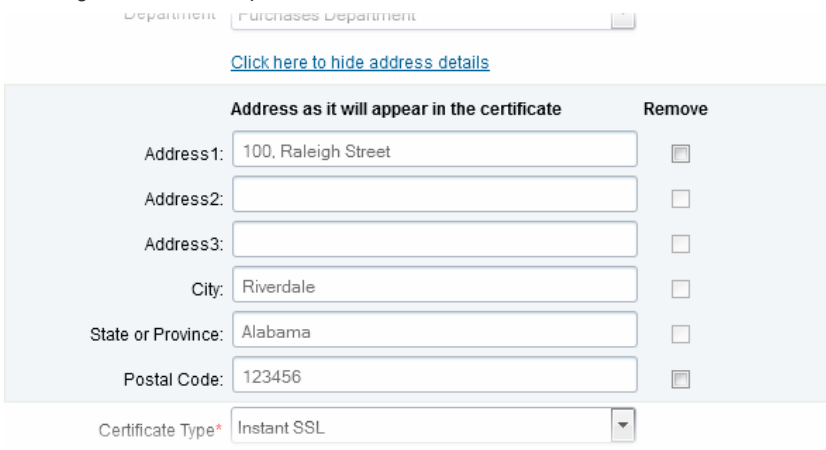
The administrator can specify the email address of the external applicant on behalf of whom the application is made. The external applicant will also receive the certificate collection email.

Administrators can choose for automatic installation and renewal of applied certificate. These features are supported only for certain certificate types and server types.

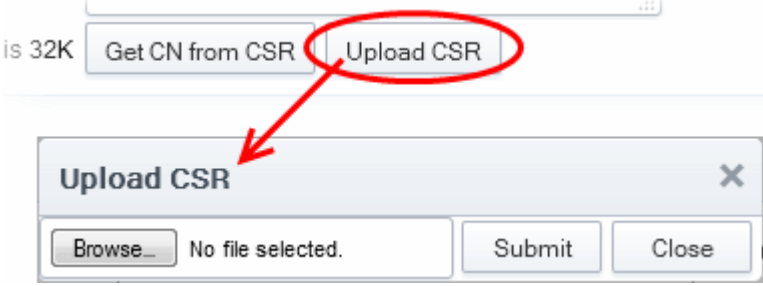
The administrator must read the agreement fully and accept the terms and conditions before submitting the form.

Note: Each type of certificate has a slightly different form.

3.1.2.3.2.3 Form Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Organization (<i>required</i>)	Drop-down list	Administrators should choose the Organization that the SSL certificate will belong to.
Department (<i>required</i>)	Drop-down list	Administrators should choose the Department that the SSL certificate will belong to.
Click here to edit address details	Text Fields	<p>Clicking this link will expand the address fields.</p>  <p>The address fields are auto-populated from the details in the 'General Properties' tab of the Organization or Department on whose behalf this certificate request is being made.</p> <p>These fields cannot be modified but, in the case of OV level certificates, the administrator can choose to omit them from the certificate by selecting the 'Remove' checkbox next to the fields.</p> <p>The allowed address details will appear in the issued certificate and the removed details will appear as "Details Omitted".</p> <p>For EV level certificates, it is mandatory to include organization name, address, incorporating or registration agency, certificate requester and contract signer. It is not possible to remove these fields from the Comodo EV or Comodo EV MDC forms.</p>
Certificate Type (<i>required</i>)	Drop-down list	<p>Type of the certificate that the applicant wishes to order. See section Comodo SSL Certificates for a list of certificate types.</p> <p>The specific certificate types displayed in the drop-down list (and therefore available to the applicant) can be customized according to the needs of the Organization. Please refer to sections Creating a new Organization, Customize an Organization's SSL Certificate Types and SSL Types for more details.</p>
Certificate Term (<i>required</i>)	Drop-down list	<p>Administrators should select the term length of the certificate. See section Comodo SSL Certificates for a list of certificate types and term lengths.</p> <p>The term lengths of specific certificate types displayed in the drop-down list (and therefore available to the applicant) can be customized according to the needs of the Organization. Please refer to sections Creating a new Organization, Customize an Organization's SSL Certificate Types and SSL Types for more details.</p>
Server Software (<i>required</i>)	Drop-down list	The administrator should select the server software that is used to operate their web server (for example, Apache, IIS etc). Installation support documentation is available from Comodo support portal here:

Form Element	Type	Description
		https://support.comodo.com/index.php?_m=knowledgebase&_a=view&parentcategoryid=1&pcid=0&nav=0
CSR		
Provide CSR/Autogenerate CSR and Manage Private Key	<i>Radio Buttons</i>	<p>If the administrator applies for the certificate after creating the CSR, he/she should choose 'Provide CSR' and enter the CSR in the next field.</p> <p>If the administrator had set up the Private Key Store and wants CCM to create CSR he/she has to choose 'Autogenerate CSR and Manage Private Key'. Refer to the next section Method 3 - Built-in Enrollment Form - Auto CSR Generation for more details.</p> <p>Background: In public key infrastructure systems, a certificate signing request (also CSR or certification request) is a message sent from an applicant to a certificate authority in order to apply for a digital identity certificate. Before creating a CSR, the applicant first generates a key pair, keeping the private key secret. The CSR contains information identifying the applicant (such as a directory name in the case of an X.509 certificate), and the public key chosen by the applicant. The corresponding private key is not included in the CSR, but is used to digitally sign the entire request. The CSR may be accompanied by other credentials or proofs of identity required by the certificate authority, and the certificate authority may contact the applicant for further information. Upon uploading or pasting the CSR, the form will automatically parse the CSR.</p> <p>Administrators that require assistance to generate a CSR should consult the Comodo knowledgebase article for their web server type here: https://support.comodo.com/index.php?_m=knowledgebase&_a=view&parentcategoryid=33&pcid=1&nav=0,1</p> <p>Special Note regarding MDC applications: The CSR you generate only needs to be for the single 'Common Name' (aka the 'Primary Domain Name'). You should type the additional domains that you require in the 'Subject Alternative Name' field' on this form.</p>
CSR (<i>required</i>)	<i>Text Field</i>	<p>The Certificate Signing Request (CSR) is required to be entered into this field in order for Comodo CA to process your application and issue the certificate for the domain.</p> <p>The CSR can be entered in two ways:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pasting the CSR directly into this field • Uploading the CSR saved as a .txt file by clicking the 'Upload CSR' button
Get CN from CSR (<i>optional</i>)	<i>Control</i>	<p>Once the CSR has been pasted correctly, clicking this button will auto-populate the Common Name (CN) field. Using this method helps to avoid human error by ensuring the domain name mentioned in the application form exactly match that in the CSR. If the domain name mentioned in this application form do not match that in the CSR, then Comodo CA will not be able to issue the certificate.</p> <p>Special Note regarding MDC applications: In order to successfully order a Multi-Domain Certificate, the applicant need only list the additional domains in the SAN field on this form. In certain circumstances, however, the applicant may have created a CSR that already contains these Subject Alternative</p>

Form Element	Type	Description
		Names. In this case, clicking the 'Get CN from CSR' button will also auto-populate the 'Subject Alternative Names' form fields as well as the 'Common Name' field.
Upload CSR (<i>optional</i>)	Control	<p>The applicant can upload the CSR saved as a .txt file in the local computer, instead of copying and pasting the CSR into the CSR field - helping to avoid errors.</p> 
Certificate Parameters		
Common Name (<i>required</i>)	Text Field	Type the domain that the certificate will be issued to. Single Domain certificates - enter domain name using the form: domain.com. Wildcard Certificates - enter domain name using the form: *.domain.com. Multi-Domain Certificates: enter the primary domain name using the form: domain.com.
Subject Alternative Names (<i>required for Multi Domain certificates</i>)	Text Field	If the certificate 'Type' is a Multi-Domain Certificate (MDC) then the applicant should list the 'Subj Alt Name' additional domains here. Each domain should be separated by a comma.
Requester (<i>auto-populated</i>)	Text Field	The 'Requester' is field is auto-populated with the name of the administrator making the application.
External Requester (<i>optional</i>)		<p>As an alternative to making an applicant complete the 'Self Enrollment form', the administrator can complete the application themselves using this built-in form and specify an 'External Requester'.</p> <p>Entering the email address of an external requester in this field will mean that person will also receive a certificate collection email.</p> <p>Note: The 'Requester' will still be the administrator that is completing this form (to view this, open the 'Certificates Management' area and click 'View' next to the certificate in question.) The email address of the 'External Requester' will be displayed as the 'External Requester' in the 'View' dialog of an issued certificate. This field is not required when requesting for EV SSL certificate and hence will be hidden.</p>
Comments (<i>optional</i>)	Text Field	Enables administrator to add comments.
Renewal & Installation		
Auto renew		Leave these fields blank if you plan to manually install the certificate.
Create new key pair		Background Note: CCM supports auto-installation and renewal of SSL certificates. Auto-installation/renewal
Auto install renewed		

Form Element	Type	Description
certificate		is available for the following server types:
Auto install initial certificate		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apache/Mod SSL • Apache - SSL • Apache Tomcat • Microsoft IIS 1.x to 4.x (Server 2000 - 2008R2) • Microsoft IIS 5.x and above (Server 2000 - 2008R2) <p>Administrators can configure automatic installation and renewal through the options under 'Automatic & Renewal'.</p> <p>These fields will appear only if you choose:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SSL certificate type enabled for auto-installation • Server software type enabled for auto-installation <p>CCM currently supports auto-installation only for 'Instant SSL' from Comodo CA. Other certificate types will be enabled for auto-installation in future versions.</p> <p>For more details on enrollment of SSL Certificates for auto-installation, refer to the section Automatic Installation and Renewal</p>
Subscriber Agreement (<i>required</i>)	<i>Control</i>	<p>Applicant must accept the terms and conditions before submitting the form by reading the agreement and clicking the 'I Agree' checkbox.</p> <p>Note: The Subscriber Agreement will differ depending on the type of SSL certificate selected from the 'Certificate Type' drop-down. If Comodo EV SSL Certificate or Comodo EV Multi-Domain SSL Certificate is selected, The 'I Agree' checkbox will not be shown and the agreement will be taken as accepted, when the user submits the application.</p>
OK	<i>Control</i>	Submits the application to Certificate Manager for approval. If the form was completed correctly then the certificate will appear in the 'SSL' area with the state 'Requested'.
Cancel	<i>Control</i>	Cancels the application.

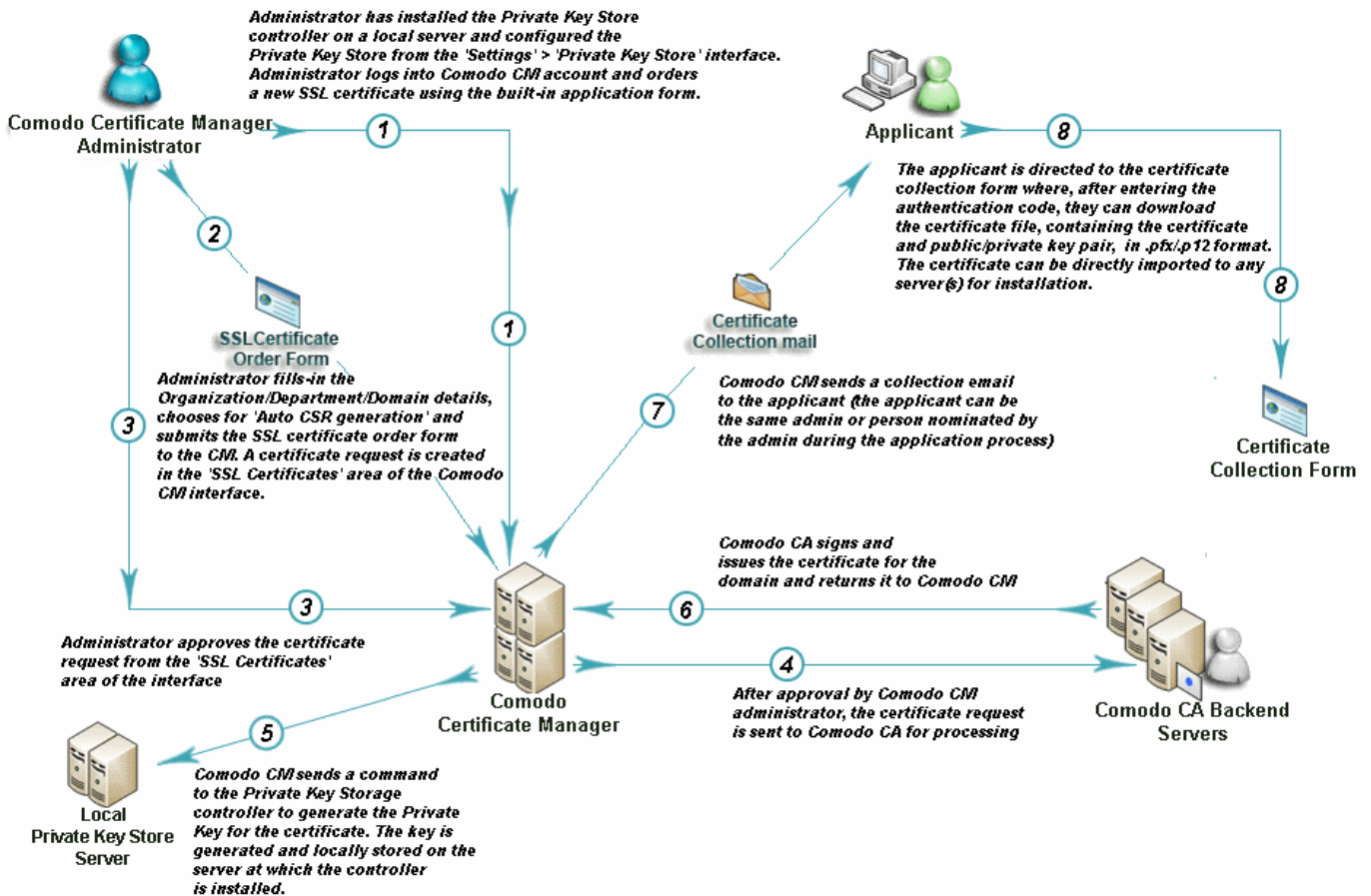
Note: In addition to the standard fields in the Built-in Application form, custom fields such as 'Employee Code, Telephone' can be added by the Master Administrator. Contact your Master Administrator if such custom fields are required.

3.1.2.3.3 Method 3 - Built-in Enrollment Form - Auto CSR Generation

As an alternative to manually generating a CSR, CCM can automatically generate a CSR at the point of application. CCM will generate a CSR using the details entered in the Organization/Department, Common name, and server software fields of the application. During the CSR generation process, CCM sends a command to generate the private key for the certificate to the Private Key Store controller, installed on a local server in the customer network. The private key is stored in a database created by the controller on the local server and does not leave your network. It is not uploaded to CCM.

Upon approval and issuance, the certificate can be collected by the administrator or the applicant from the 'Certificate Details' dialog or from the collection form. During collection, CCM retrieves the private key from the Private Key Store through an encrypted channel and integrates with the certificate, enabling the certificate to be downloaded in .pfx or .p12 format. The certificate can be imported and installed on to any server(s).

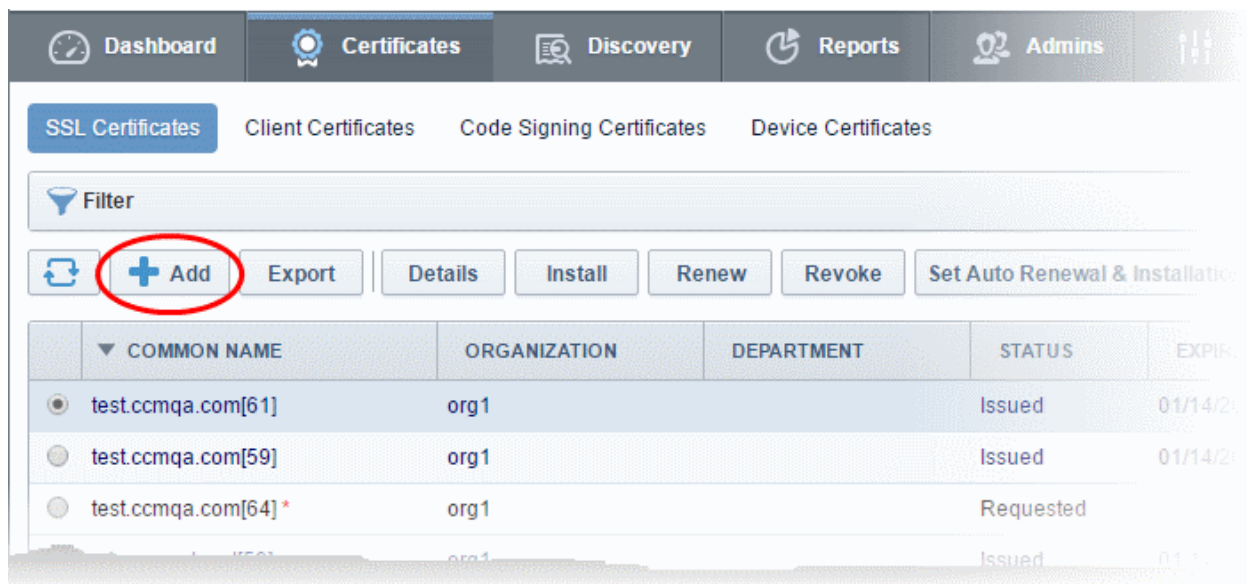
Prerequisite - The auto-CSR generation feature needs the Private Key Store controller installed on a local server and configured to connect to CCM for receiving command and generate and store the private keys.



3.1.2.3.3.1 The Built-In Application Form

To access the Built-in application form

- Click the 'Certificates' tab and choose 'SSL Certificates'



- Click the 'Add' button to open the built-in 'Request New SSL Certificate' form. The next sections of this

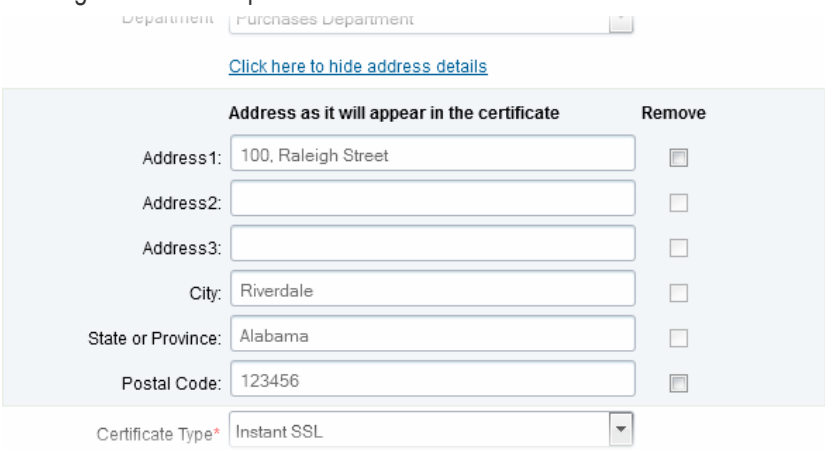
guide will explain this form in more detail:

Note: Each type of certificate has a slightly different form.

The screenshot shows the 'Request New SSL Certificate' form with several sections and callouts:

- Organization and Department:** Fields for 'Organization' (Advanced) and 'Department' (ANY). A callout states: "The address details are auto-populated based on the Organization and Department selected. These details cannot be edited. If required, the administrator can select the address fields to be omitted in the certificate by clicking this link." A link 'Click here to edit address details' is present.
- Certificate Details:** Fields for 'Certificate Type' (Instant SSL), 'Certificate Term' (1 year), and 'Server Software' (Apache/ModSSL).
- CSR Section:** Radio buttons for 'Provide CSR' and 'Autogenerate CSR and Manage Private Key' (selected). Below are 'Signature Algorithm' (RSA) and 'Key Size' (2048). A callout states: "For CCM to generate the CSR, the administrator should choose 'Autogenerate CSR and Manage Private Key' and specify the signature algorithm and key size."
- Key Passphrase Section:** Radio buttons for 'Manual' (selected) and 'No Passphrase'. A 'Passphrase' field and a 'Verify' field are present, along with a 'Generate' button. A callout states: "The Passphrase entered here is required for downloading the certificate by the administrator or the external requester".
- Certificate Parameters Section:** Fields for 'Common Name', 'Requester' (Admin MRAO), 'External Requester', 'Comments', and 'Telephone'. A callout states: "The administrator can specify the email address of the external applicant on behalf of whom the application is made. The external applicant will also receive the certificate collection email."
- Renewal & Installation Section:** Checkboxes for 'Auto renew' (30 days), 'Create new key pair', 'Auto install renewed certificate', and 'Auto install initial certificate'. A callout states: "Administrators can choose for automatic installation and renewal of applied certificate. These features are supported only for certain certificate types and server types."
- Subscriber Agreement:** A text area containing 'Predefined test SSL license text for test customer[2]...'. A callout states: "The administrator must read the agreement fully and accept the terms and conditions before submitting the form." Below this is an 'I agree' checkbox and a 'Print' button.

3.1.2.3.3.2 Form Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Organization (<i>required</i>)	Drop-down list	Administrators should choose the Organization that the SSL certificate will belong to.
Department (<i>required</i>)	Drop-down list	Administrators should choose the Department that the SSL certificate will belong to.
Click here to edit address details	Text Fields	<p>Clicking this link will expand the address fields.</p>  <p>The address fields are auto-populated from the details in the 'General Properties' tab of the Organization or Department on whose behalf this certificate request is being made.</p> <p>These fields cannot be modified but, in the case of OV level certificates, the administrator can choose to omit them from the certificate by selecting the 'Remove' checkbox next to the fields.</p> <p>The allowed address details will appear in the issued certificate and the removed details will appear as "Details Omitted".</p> <p>For EV level certificates, it is mandatory to include organization name, address, incorporating or registration agency, certificate requester and contract signer. It is not possible to remove these fields from the Comodo EV or Comodo EV MDC forms.</p>
Certificate Type (<i>required</i>)	Drop-down list	<p>Type of the certificate that the applicant wishes to order. See section Comodo SSL Certificates for a list of certificate types.</p> <p>The specific certificate types displayed in the drop-down list (and therefore available to the applicant) can be customized according to the needs of the Organization. Please refer to sections Creating a new Organization, Customize an Organization's SSL Certificate Types and SSL Types for more details.</p>
Certificate Term (<i>required</i>)	Drop-down list	<p>Administrators should select the term length of the certificate. See section Comodo SSL Certificates for a list of certificate types and term lengths.</p> <p>The term lengths of specific certificate types displayed in the drop-down list (and therefore available to the applicant) can be customized according to the needs of the Organization. Please refer to sections Creating a new Organization, Customize an Organization's SSL Certificate Types and SSL Types for more details.</p>

Form Element	Type	Description
Server Software (<i>required</i>)	<i>Drop-down list</i>	The administrator should select the server software that is used to operate their web server (for example, Apache, IIS etc). Installation support documentation is available from Comodo support portal here: https://support.comodo.com/index.php?_m=knowledgebase&_a=view&parentcategoryid=1&pcid=0&nav=0
CSR		
Provide CSR/Autogenerate CSR and Manage Private Key	<i>Radio Buttons</i>	For CCM to automatically generate the CSR for the certificate, the administrator should choose 'Autogenerate CSR and Manage Private Key'.
Signature Algorithm	<i>Drop-down</i>	The administrator should choose the signature algorithm to be used by the certificate.
Key Size	<i>Drop-down</i>	The administrator should choose the key size for the certificate.
Key Passphrase		
Key Phrase Manual/No Passphrase	<i>Radio buttons</i>	Allows the administrator to provide passphrase protection for downloading the certificate. The passphrase can be manually entered or auto generated. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Choose 'Manual' to provide pass-phrase protection Choose No Pass-phrase, to allow the certificate to be downloaded without entering the pass-phrase
Pass-Phrase	<i>Text Field</i>	Enter the pass-phrase if Manual is chosen. For CCM to automatically generate the passphrase, click 'Generate'. You need to store the passphrase in a safe location, as it is needed to download the certificate. To view the passphrase, select 'Show Passphrase' checkbox.
Verify	<i>Text Field</i>	Reenter the passphrase for confirmation, if chosen to be manually specified.
Certificate Parameters		
Common Name (<i>required</i>)	<i>Text Field</i>	Type the domain that the certificate will be issued to. Single Domain certificates - enter domain name using the form: domain.com. Wildcard Certificates - enter domain name using the form: *.domain.com. Multi-Domain Certificates: enter the primary domain name using the form: domain.com.
Subject Alternative Names (<i>required for Multi Domain certificates</i>)	<i>Text Field</i>	If the certificate 'Type' is a Multi-Domain Certificate (MDC) then the applicant should list the 'Subj Alt Name' additional domains here. Each domain should be separated by a comma.
Requester (<i>auto-populated</i>)	<i>Text Field</i>	The 'Requester' is field is auto-populated with the name of the administrator making the application.

Form Element	Type	Description
External Requester (<i>optional</i>)		<p>As an alternative to making an applicant complete the 'Self Enrollment form', the administrator can complete the application themselves using this built-in form and specify an 'External Requester'.</p> <p>Entering the email address of an external requester in this field will mean that person will also receive a certificate collection email.</p> <p>Note: The 'Requester' will still be the administrator that is completing this form (to view this, open the 'Certificates Management' area and click 'View' next to the certificate in question.) The email address of the 'External Requester' will be displayed as the 'External Requester' in the 'View' dialog of an issued certificate. This field is not required when requesting for EV SSL certificate and hence will be hidden.</p>
Comments (<i>optional</i>)	<i>Text Field</i>	Enables administrator to add comments.
Renewal & Installation		
Auto renew		Leave these fields blank if you plan to manually install the certificate.
Create new key pair		<p>Background Note:</p> <p>CCM supports auto-installation and renewal of SSL certificates. Auto-installation/renewal is available for the following server types:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apache/Mod SSL • Apache - SSL • Apache Tomcat • Microsoft IIS 1.x to 4.x (Server 2000 - 2008R2) • Microsoft IIS 5.x and above (Server 2000 - 2008R2) <p>Administrators can configure automatic installation and renewal through the options under 'Automatic & Renewal'.</p> <p>These fields will appear only if you choose:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An SSL certificate type enabled for auto-installation • Server software type enabled for auto-installation <p>CCM currently supports auto-installation only for 'Instant SSL' from Comodo CA. Other certificate types will be enabled for auto-installation in future versions.</p> <p>For more details on enrollment of SSL certificates for auto-installation, refer to the section Automatic Installation and Renewal</p>
Auto install renewed certificate		
Auto install initial certificate		
Subscriber Agreement (<i>required</i>)	<i>Control</i>	
OK	<i>Control</i>	Submits the application to Certificate Manager for approval. If the form was completed correctly then the certificate will appear in the 'SSL' area with the state 'Requested'.
Cancel	<i>Control</i>	Cancels the application.

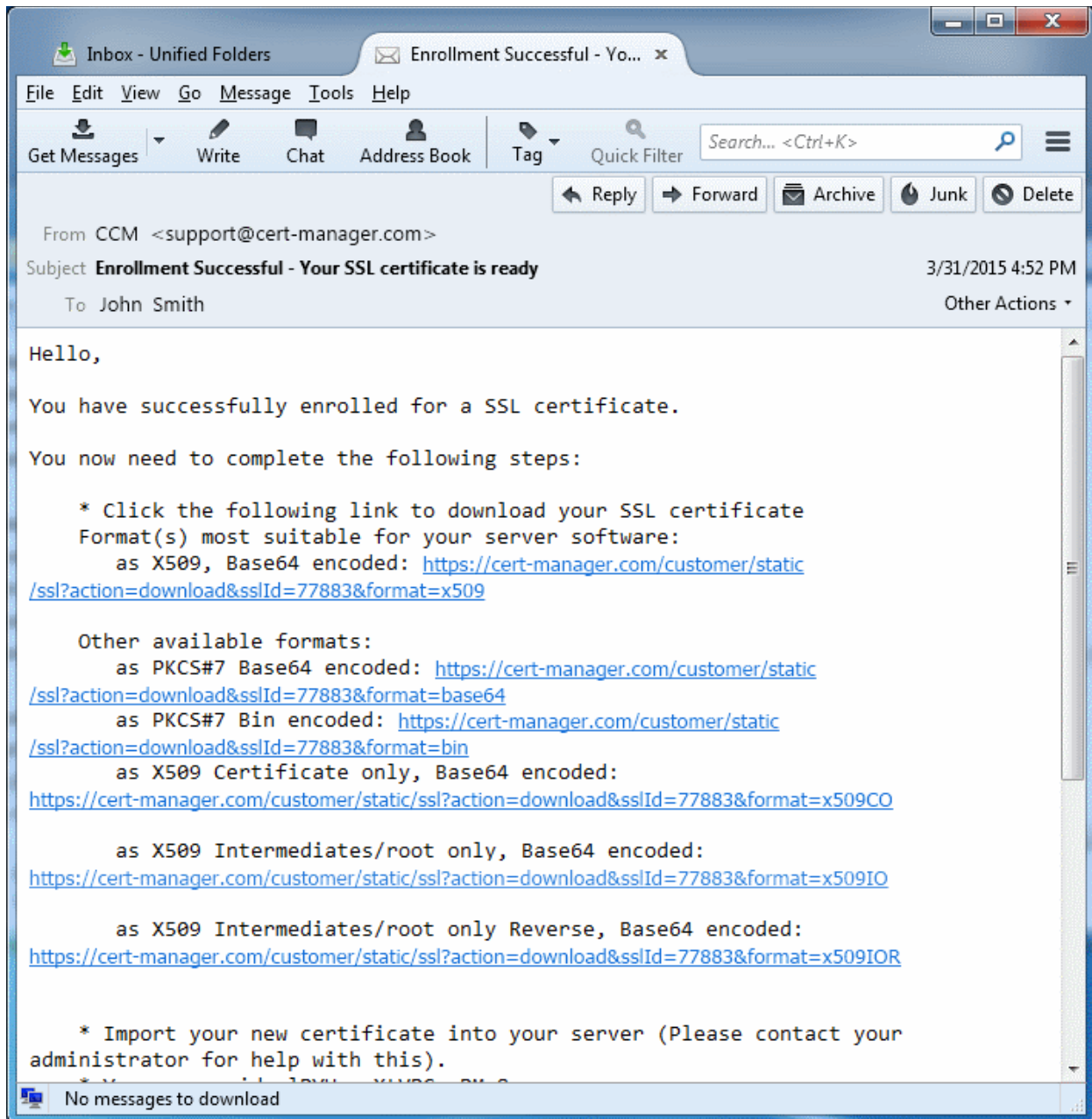
Note: In addition to the standard fields in the Enrollment form, custom fields such as 'Employee Code, Telephone' can be added by the MRAO Administrator. Refer to the section **Custom Fields** for more details.

3.1.2.3.4 Certificate Collection

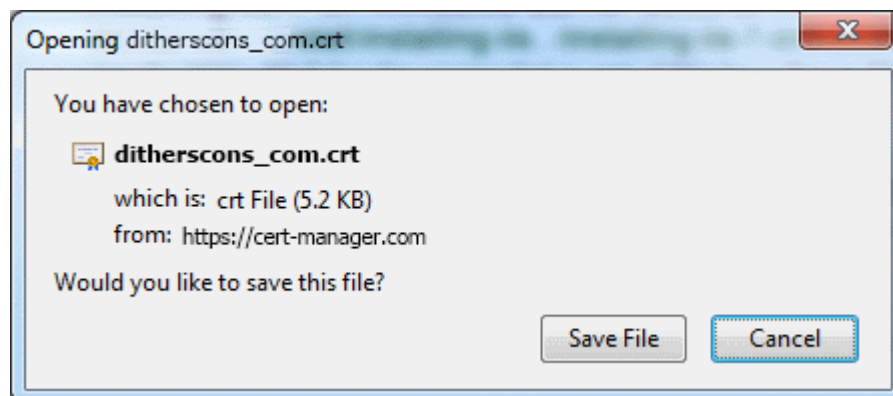
After Comodo CA has issued the certificate applied through the Built-in application form or the Self-enrollment form, the next stage of the provisioning process is for the applicant to download their certificate. Once the certificate has been issued, Comodo Certificate Manager will automatically send a collection email to the applicant. The certificate can be downloaded by the applicant by clicking the link in the email. Also, the issued SSL certificate can be downloaded by an RAO SSL or DRAO SSL administrator from the **SSL Certificate Details dialog** accessed from the 'Certificates' > 'SSL certificates' tab.

3.1.2.3.4.1 Collection of SSL Certificate Through Email

1. Once the certificate has been issued, Comodo Certificate Manager will automatically send a collection email to the applicant. This can be either an external applicant using the self enrollment method or a CCM administrator using the built-in application form.) The email will contain a summary of the certificate details, a link to the certificate collection form and a unique certificate ID that will be used for validation.



2. Having clicked the link in the collection email, the end-user will be able to download the certificate file.



3.1.2.3.4.2 Collection of SSL Certificate by Administrator

The issued certificate can also be downloaded and provided to the applicant from the **SSL Certificate Details dialog**. Click the 'Details' button at the top after selecting the issued certificate from the SSL Certificates tab of the Certificate management interface.

The screenshot displays the Comodo Certificate Manager interface. At the top, there are navigation tabs: Dashboard, Certificates, Discovery, Reports, and Admins. Below these, there are sub-tabs for SSL Certificates, Client Certificates, Code Signing Certificates, and Device Certificates. A 'Filter' input field is present. Below the filter, there are buttons for 'Add', 'Export', 'Details', 'Install', 'Renew', 'Revoke', and 'Set Auto Renewal & Install'. The 'Details' button is circled in red. Below the buttons is a table with columns: COMMON NAME, ORGANIZATION, DEPARTMENT, STATUS, and EXPIRE. The first row is selected, with its radio button also circled in red. The table contains two rows of data:

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRE
test.ccmqa.com[61]	org1		Issued	01/14/2014
test.ccmqa.com[59]	org1		Issued	01/14/2014

Below the table, the 'SSL Certificate: test.ccmqa.com' dialog is open. It shows a 'Download The Certificate' section with a 'Select' button highlighted by a mouse cursor. A dropdown menu is open, showing the following options:

- PKCS#7 Base64
- PKCS#7 Binary
- X.509 Base64
- X.509 Certificate only
- X.509 Intermediate(s)/Root
- X.509 Root/Intermediate(s)

The dialog also displays the following information:

- Order Number: 1675873
- Vendor: Comodo CA Limited
- Discovery Status: Not deployed
- Self-Enrollment Certificate ID: 61
- Type: Instant SSL
- Server Software: Microsoft IIS 5.x and later

The resulting dialog contains options to download the issued certificate in several formats at its top:

- Click the 'Select' button
- Click the appropriate button to download the certificate in desired format.

If the private key of the certificate is managed by CCM at the Private Key Store configured at the local network, the administrator then have the option to download certificates in .pfx/.p12 format containing the public/private key pair so, for example, it may be exported to another web server.

Only the administrators that are authenticated by their client certificate at the computer from which they are accessing the CCM, can download the certificate in .p12 format.

3.1.2.3.5 Downloading and Importing SSL Certificates

Once the application process has been successfully completed, the applicant needs to download the certificate, save it to a secure place on their hard drive and import it into the certificate store of their computer.

The precise installation process depends on the web server type and a range of installation guides are available at the Comodo support website at:

https://support.Comodo.com/index.php?_m=knowledgebase&_a=view&parentcategoryid=1&pcid=0&nav

First select the Comodo certificate type and then choose the appropriate web server software to view a detailed guide explaining the import process.

3.1.2.4 Certificate Requests - Approving, Declining, Viewing and Editing

A certificate request will appear in the 'SSL Certificates' area after the applicant has successfully applied for a certificate using either the **Auto Installer**, **Self Enrollment Form** or the **Built-in application form**. Use the filter option to view all the certificates that are in 'Requested' state. Select the certificate that you want to approve, decline, view or edit.

The screenshot shows the 'SSL Certificates' section of the Comodo Certificate Manager. The 'Approve' button is circled in red, and a red arrow points from it to an 'Approval Message' dialog box. The dialog box contains a text area for a message and 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRE
test.ccmqa.com[64] *	org1		Requested	
ccmqa.com[75]	Advanced		Requested	

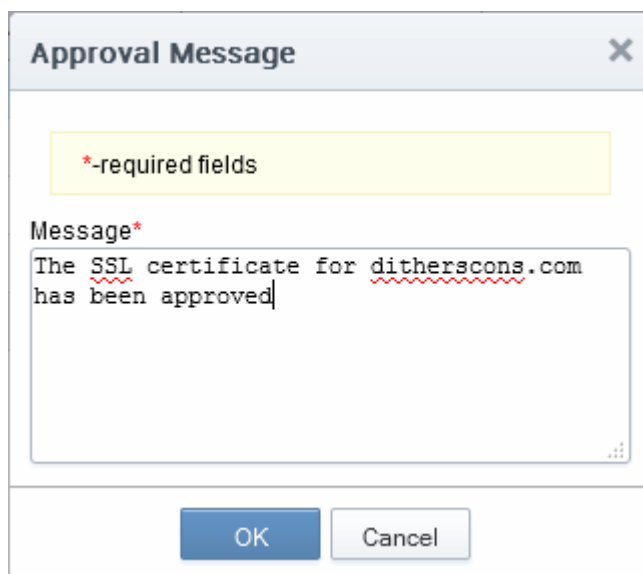
- At this point, the certificate request has NOT been submitted to Comodo CA and is pending approval from a Certificate Manager administrator. (If the application was made by an administrator, that administrator can, of course, approve their own request.)

If the administrator does not want to submit this request, they should click the 'Decline' button.

Note: Declining a certificate request will change the certificate status to 'Declined'. If an 'SSL Declined' Notification has been set up then an email will be automatically sent to the requester informing them that the request has been declined.

However, this request can still be 'Approved' at any time in the future by a 'RAO SSL' or 'DRAO SSL' administrator with appropriate privileges.

- If the administrator wishes to view the details of the request, they should click the 'Details' button at the top after selecting the checkbox next to the certificate name.
- If the administrator wishes to modify the request they should click the 'Edit' button. (for example, administrators may wish to correct certain request fields in the application before submitting to Comodo CA for processing).
- To approve the request and submit the application to Comodo CA for processing, administrators should click the 'Approve' button at the top.
 - After clicking the 'Approve' button, an 'Approval Message' box will be displayed. This allows the Administrator to type a message that will be sent along with the approval notification email.



- Click 'OK' to add the message and send the approval email.

Note: The **SSL Approved Notification** should have been set up for the requester to receive the email notification.

- Once the Administrator has approved the request and submitted it to Comodo CA, the certificate state will be displayed as 'Approved'. If the request has applied by Comodo CA, the state of the certificate is changed to the proper value - 'Applied' (It also can be rejected by CA). Next, if validation is successful, then Comodo will send a **Certificate Collection** email to the certificate requester and the 'State' of the certificate will change to one of 'Issued'.

Please see the '**SSL Certificates**' chapter for full details of the options available in this area.

3.1.2.5 Certificate Renewal

SSL certificates can be renewed manually or automatically:

Manual

There are two broad ways to manually renew certificates via CCM:

- SSL administrators can renew certificates from the SSL certificates interface. Jump to [Certificate Renewal by Administrators](#) for more details.
- External applicants can renew using the self-renewal form. Jump to [Certificate Renewal by the End-User](#) for more details.

Automatic

Administrators can configure automatic renewal of SSL certificates. Jump to [Scheduling Automatic Renewal and Installation](#) for more details.

3.1.2.5.1 Certificate Renewal by Administrators

The SSL Certificates interface allows administrators to renew both managed certificates and unmanaged certificates. As the name suggests, unmanaged certificates are those are listed in CCM but which are not currently managed by CCM. These are usually certificates identified during discovery scans but not originally ordered using CCM. The processes for renewing managed and unmanaged certificates are different.

Managed Certificates	Unmanaged Certificates
<p>A 'managed certificate' is a certificate which has been issued, via CCM, to a specific combination of domain and Organization.</p> <p>You will need to submit a CSR the first time you apply for a certificate for any such combination. After issuance, this certificate will become 'managed'.</p> <p>'Managed' certificates are those with CCM statuses of 'Issued', 'Applied' or 'Requested'</p> <p>For renewals of 'managed' certificates, you will typically not need to submit a CSR because CCM shall re-use the existing CSR.</p>	<p>An 'unmanaged certificate' is a certificate which was found installed on servers during a discovery scan but was not issued via CCM.</p> <p>You will need to submit a new CSR during renewal of an 'Unmanaged' certificate because CCM does not have one on record. After issuance, this certificate will become 'managed'.</p>

General note: If you moved a domain from one Organization to another or modified the address details of an Organization, then you are effectively creating a new certificate application, not 'renewing' a certificate. In these circumstances, you will also have to submit a new CSR.

Renewing a 'Managed' Certificate

If the administrator wishes to renew a managed certificate, they should select the radio button beside it and click the 'Renew' button at the top.

SSL Certificates Client Certificates Code Signing Certificates

Filter is applied

Add Filter: Select... Group by: Ungroup

Status: Issued

Apply Clear

Refresh Add Export Add For Auto Install Details Renew Revoke Replace

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRES	SERVER SOFTWARE
ditherscons.com	123		Issued	03/20/2016	Active
ditherspayments.com	Dithers Construction Company	Purchases Department	Issued	03/31/2016	
ccmqa.com	Dithers Construction	Purchases Department	Issued	03/31/2016	

- On clicking 'Renew', CCM will automatically request a renewal with the same details as the existing certificate.
- Once issued, the renewed certificate will become available for collection and installation. Refer to the section **Certificate Collection** for more details.

Renewing an 'Unmanaged' Certificate

If the administrator wishes to renew an unmanaged certificate, they should select the radio button beside it and click the 'Renew' button at the top.

Dashboard Certificates Discovery Reports Admins Settings About

SSL Certificates Client Certificates Code Signing Certificates

Filter

Refresh Add Export Add For Auto Install Delete Details Renew

COMMON NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	EXPIRES	SERVER SOFTWARE
mail.cinema.edu*	Cineme Org		Unmanaged (1)	04/15/2015	
dcv-check.org*	DCV check org		Unmanaged (1)	05/30/2020	

- Clicking the 'Renew' button will open the 'Renew SSL Certificate' form. This form is similar to the **Built-in Enrollment form** with the company and domain details pre-populated from the existing certificate. If needed, administrators can select a new certificate type and edit its details.

***-required fields**

Organization*

Department*

Certificate Type*

Certificate Term*

Server Software*

CSR*

Max CSR size is 32K

Common Name*

Subject Alternative Names
(optional, comma separated)

Requester

External Requester

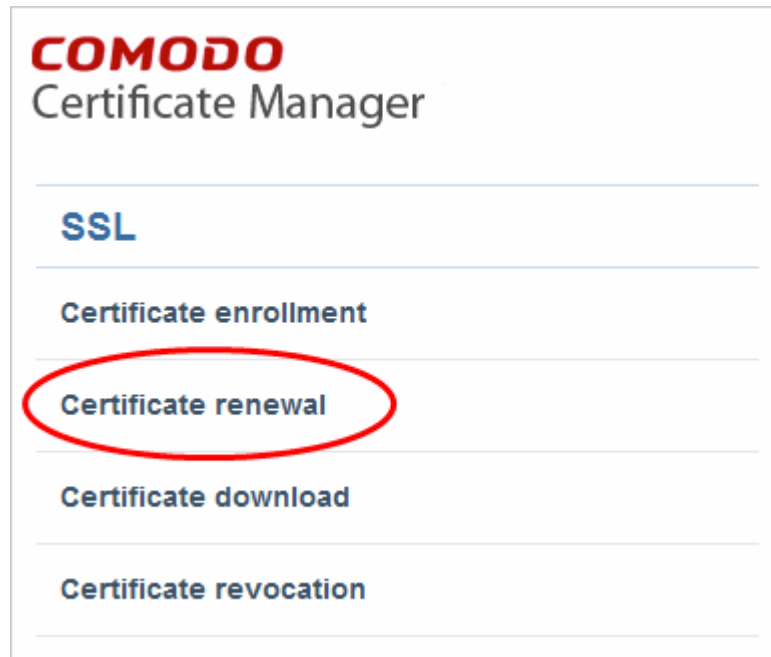
Comments

- Administrators should next paste or upload a new CSR, accept the Certificate Subscriber Agreement and click the OK button.
- CCM will place a request for the new certificate
- Once issued, the renewed certificate can be collected and installed. Refer to the section **Certificate Collection** for more details. After installation, the status of the certificate changes to 'Managed'.

3.1.2.5.2 Certificate Renewal by the End-User

End-users can renew their certificates through the self renewal application form.

- The self renewal form is hosted by default at [https://cert-manager.com/customer/\[REAL CUSTOMER URI\]/ssl](https://cert-manager.com/customer/[REAL CUSTOMER URI]/ssl).



- Clicking the Certificate renewal link will open the self renewal form

A screenshot of the 'SSL Renew' form in the COMODO Certificate Manager. The page title is 'COMODO Certificate Manager'. Below the title is a horizontal line, followed by the text 'SSL Renew' in blue. Another horizontal line follows. The form contains two input fields: 'Your Certificate ID: *' with the value '77881' and 'Pass-phrase: *' with masked characters. Below the fields is a blue button labeled 'RENEW'.

- Before proceeding to the full renewal application form, the user has to authenticate the request by:
 - Entering the correct certificate ID. The certificate ID is available from the certificate collection email and in the 'Certificates' > 'SSL' interface. Administrators may need to communicate the certificate ID to external applicants.
 - Entering the certificates renewal/revocation passphrase. This phrase was created during enrollment for the original certificate..
- Clicking 'Renew' will automatically renew the certificate with the same details as in the existing certificate.
- Once issued, the renewal certificate can be collected and installed. Refer to the section **Certificate Collection** for more details.

3.1.2.5.3 Scheduling Automatic Renewal and Installation

To configure auto-renewal (and optionally auto-installation):

- Go to 'Certificates' > 'SSL Certificates' > select a certificate > Click the 'Set Auto-renewal and Installation' button.
- This dialog allows administrators to enable auto-renewal and to specify the number of days in advance of expiry that the renewal process should begin.

- Selecting 'Auto-installation' will start a configuration wizard. Auto-installation is possible only for managed certificates and requires the installation of controller software. A full run-down of how to set up auto-installation can be found at [Automatic Installation and Renewal](#).

To configure auto-renewal of an SSL Certificate

- Click the 'Certificates' tab and choose 'SSL Certificates'
- Select the certificate you want to auto-renew and click the 'Set Auto-Renewal & Installation' button:

The screenshot shows the 'Certificates' tab in the Comodo Certificate Manager. Under 'SSL Certificates', a table lists certificates. The first certificate, 'c2.local[53]', is selected. A red circle highlights the 'Set Auto Renewal & Installation' button in the toolbar. A red arrow points from this button to a dialog box titled 'Set Auto Renewal & Installation 'c2.local''. The dialog box contains the following options:

- Auto renew days before expiration
- Create new key pair
- Auto install renewed certificate
- Auto install selected certificate

Buttons for 'OK' and 'Cancel' are at the bottom of the dialog.

Set Auto Renewal & Installation - Table of Parameters

Auto Renew	Enable to auto-renew the certificate when it is nearing expiry. You can also choose the number of days in advance of expiry that the renewal process should start. On the scheduled day, the certificate controller will automatically generate a new CSR using the same certificate parameters as the existing certificate and submit it to the CA.
Create new key pair	Select if you want a new key pair to be generated for the renewal certificate. Leaving it unselected means CCM will re-use the existing key pair of the expiring certificate.
Auto install renewed certificate	<p>Select if you want to automatically install the renewed certificate on its web server. After selecting this option and clicking 'OK', the 'Set Auto Renewal & Installation' wizard will begin. The wizard is similar to scheduling auto-installation for a new certificate. For guidance on the wizard, refer to the explanation in Method 1 - Enterprise Controller Mode.</p> <p>After you have completed the wizard, the 'Renewal State' of the certificate will change from 'Not scheduled' to 'Scheduled'.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you set an installation schedule in the wizard, the certificate will be auto-installed on the specified date. • If you instead chose 'Manual' in the schedule step of the wizard, you can select the certificate and click the 'Install' button to initiate auto-installation. Refer to 'Manually initiate auto-installation of a certificate' for more details.

Auto install selected certificate	Select this option if you want the currently selected certificate to be auto-installed on its web server. On selecting this option and clicking OK , the 'Set Auto Renewal & Installation' wizard will begin. For guidance on this, refer to the explanation of the wizard
-----------------------------------	---

3.1.2.6 Certificate Revocation, Replacement and Deletion

In the 'SSL Certificates' sub-tab of 'Certificates' interface explained [above](#), the administrator has also the option to revoke, renew, replace or delete a certificate.

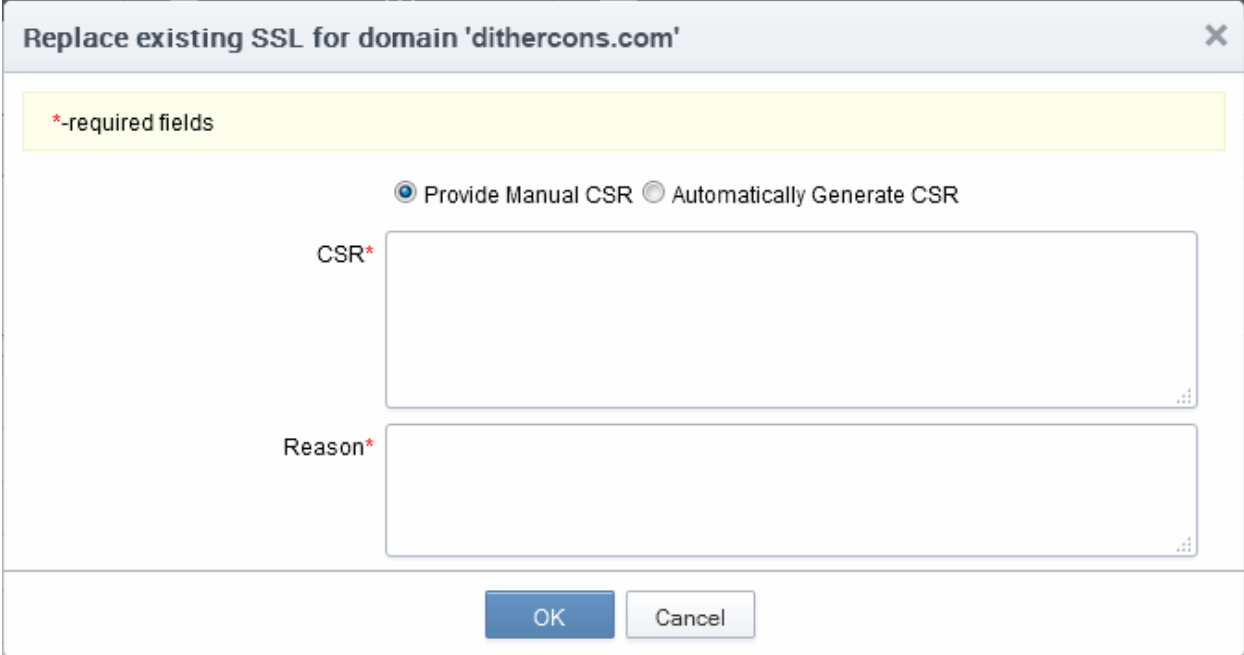
- If the Administrator wishes to revoke a certificate, they should first select the certificate and click the 'Revoke' button at the top.
 - After clicking the 'Revoke' button, a 'Revoke reason' message box will be displayed. This allows the administrator to type a message that will be sent along with the revoke notification email.



- Click 'OK' to add the message and send the revoke email.

Note: The [SSL Approved Notification](#) should have been set up for the requester to receive the email notification.

- If the administrator wishes to replace an existing certificate, they should select the checkbox beside it and click the 'Replace' button at the top. Clicking the 'Replace' button will open the 'Replace existing SSL' dialog which requires a new CSR and reason for replacing the certificate.



Replace existing SSL for domain 'dithercons.com'

*-required fields

Provide Manual CSR Automatically Generate CSR

CSR*

Reason*

OK Cancel

The administrator can choose to:

- Manually upload a new CSR for the new certificate. Refer to the section [Method 2 - Built-in Enrollment Form - Manual CSR Generation](#) for more details
- Instruct CCM to generate a CSR and manage the private key associated with the new certificate at the Private Key Store configured at the local network. Refer to the section [Method 3 - Built-in Enrollment Form - Auto CSR Generation](#) for more details
- If the administrator wishes to delete a certificate, they should select the checkbox beside it and click the 'Delete' button at the top.

Please see the '[SSL Certificates](#)' chapter for full details of the options available in this area.

3.2 The Client Certificates area

3.2.1 Overview

The 'Client Certificates' area allows administrators to manage end-users client certificates and their owners' details.

Visibility of the 'Client Certificates' area is restricted to:

- RAO S/MIME administrators - can view the client certificates and end-users of Organizations (and any subordinate Departments) that have been delegated to them.
- DRAO S/MIME administrators - can view the client certificates and end-users of Departments that have delegated to them.

'Client Certificates' table

Column Name		Description
Name		End-user's name.
Email		End-user's email address.
Organization		Name of the Organization that the end -user belongs to.
Department		Name of the Department that the end-user belongs to (if applicable)
Control Buttons	Add	Allows the administrator to add a new end-user and configure a client certificate for that user
	Export	Export the currently displayed list to a spreadsheet in .csv format
	Import from CSV	Enables the administrator to import list of new end-users in .csv format into the Certificate Manager database.
	Refresh	Updates the currently displayed list of users. Will remove any users that have been recently deleted and add any that have been recently created. Will update details such as Organization, email etc if those details have recently changed.
Certificate Control Buttons	Edit	Enables the administrator to edit the end-user's details.
	Delete	Enables the administrator to delete the end-user.
	Certs	Enables the administrator to view/manage the end-user's Client certificates.

Note: The types of certificate control buttons that are displayed in the

'Client Certificates' table		
Column Name		Description
table header depends on the state of the selected certificate		

3.2.1.1 Sorting and Filtering Options

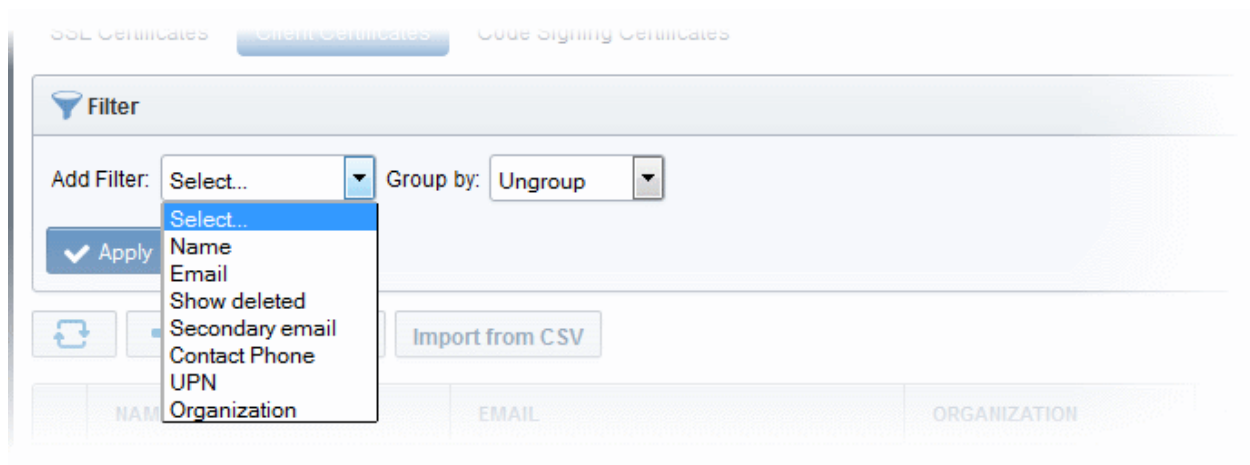
- Clicking on a column header sorts the items in the alphabetical order of the entries in the respective column.

Administrators can search for particular client certificates by using filters.



To apply filters, click on the down arrow at the right end of the 'Filters' stripe. The filter options will be displayed. You can add filters by selecting from the options in the 'Add Filter' drop-down and group the selection with other options that appears depending on the selection from the 'Add Filter' drop-down.

For example, if you want to filter the certificates with 'Name' and group with 'Organization', select 'Name' from the 'Add Filter' drop-down:



Tip: You can add more than one filter at a time to narrow down the filtering. To remove a filter criteria, click the '-' button to the left of it.

- Enter part or full name in the Name field.
- Select 'Organization' from the 'Group by' drop-down.

- Click the 'Apply' button.

The filtered items based on the entered parameters will be displayed:

	NAME	EMAIL	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT
org1	John Smith	johnsmith@abcdcomp.com	org1	
Dithers Construction Company	John Smith	johnsmith@coradithers.com	Dithers Construction Company	Purchases Department

- To remove the filter options, click the 'Clear' button.

Note: The search filters once configured for the interface will be automatically saved. When you are re-opening the 'Client Certificates' interface in future, the configured filters will be in action and only the search results will be displayed. If you do not want the filters to be saved, click the 'Clear' button.

3.2.1.2 'Certs' Dialog

Clicking the 'Certs' button at the top after selecting the check box next to an end-user's name will list all the client certificates belonging to that end-user. Certificates are listed in chronological order (newest first). If a certificate has been revoked, then the date of revocation is displayed in the 'Revoked' column.

This interface allows the administrator to revoke, download, view and send invitation for that certificate. (See below)

Certificates for: johnsmith@coradithers.com

Filter

Send Invitation Invitation not sent View Revoke

ORDERED	REVOKED	EXPIRES	CERTIFICATE TYPE	ORDER NUMBER	SERIAL NUMBER	
03/19/2015 10:36	03/30/2015 11:11	03/19/2016	High Persona Validated Cert	1305101	38:D4:BE:81:BE:1	Revok
03/25/2015 16:01	03/30/2015 11:11	03/25/2016	High Persona Validated Cert	1308491	66:A2:E4:63:34:C	Revok
03/30/2015 11:46		03/30/2016	High Persona Validated Cert	1311952	1A:74:23:8A:54:8	Down
03/30/2015 13:28		03/30/2016	High Persona Validated Cert	1312005	76:DB:5D:33:CB:1	Down

15 rows/page 1 - 4 out of 4

Close

Sorting and Filtering Options

- Clicking on a column header sorts the items in the alphabetical order of the entries in the respective column

Administrators can search for a particular certificate by using filters.

Filter

To apply filters, click on the down arrow at the right end of the 'Filters' stripe. The filter options will be displayed. You can add filters by selecting from the options in the 'Add Filter' drop-down.

Certificates for: johnsmith@coradithers.com

Filter

Add Filter: Select.. Group by: Ungroup

Apply

- Select..
- Expires
- Certificate Type
- Order Number
- Serial Number
- State

Invitation not sent View Revoke

The options available are:

- Expires - Allows you to filter certificates that are expiring in next 3, 7, 14, 30, 60 and 90 days
- Certificate Type - Allows you to filter certificates based on their validation type
- Order Number - Allows you to search for a certificate with a specific order number
- Serial Number - Allows you to search for a certificate with a specific serial number
- State - Allows you to filter certificates based on their states

- Choose the filter and enter the parameters.
- Click the 'Apply' button. The results will displayed based on the filters selected / entered.
- To remove the filter options, click the 'Clear' button.

Note: The search filters once configured for the interface will be automatically saved. When you are re-opening the 'Certificates' interface in future, the configured filters will be in action and only the search results will be displayed. If you do not want the filters to be saved, click the 'Clear' button.

Client Certificate 'Cert' Dialog - Table of Parameters		
Controls	Type	Description
View	Button	Allows administrators to view an end-user's certificate. See Viewing End-User's certificate for more details.
Revoke	Button	Allows administrators to revoke an end-user's certificate. Once revoked, the date and time of revocation is displayed in this column.
Download	Button	Allows administrators to download a copy of the end-user's certificate. *
Send Invitation	Button	Enables the administrator to send an email to the end-user with instructions on how to apply for/collect their client certificate. See 'Request and issuance of Client Certificates to Employees and End-Users' for an explanation of the process from this point.
Refresh	Control	Reloads the list.

*Comodo Certificate Manager creates a copy of each end-user's certificate which it saves on the server. This duplicate certificate is protected in two ways:

The key pair of each end-user's certificate is encrypted by a master public key. See the **'Encryption and Key Escrow'** section for more details;

- Password protected with an administrator set password. The end-user will be asked for this password every time he wish to download a certificate.

Comodo Certificate Manager stores the individual private keys of end-user's client certificates so that they can be retrieved at a later date by the administrator or end-user. Due to the highly sensitive and confidential nature of this feature, all end-users' key pairs are stored in encrypted form so that they cannot be easily stolen or compromised. Each end-user's key pair is encrypted using a 'master' public key that is stored by CCM. In order to decrypt this end-user's key pair the administrator must paste the corresponding 'master' private key into the space provided. Admin can set a password to protect access to private key in .p12 file as well. The Administrator is able to bypass the PIN but should be aware that not all programs will subsequently allow the certificate to be imported if they do so. The following is a summary of browsers in which it is possible to import .p12 with empty password field.

Browser	Windows 8	Windows 7	Vista	XP	Mac
IE 6	-	-	-	✓	-
IE 7	-	-	✓	✓	-
IE 8 and above	✓	✓	✓	✓	-
FF 2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

<i>FF 3 and above</i>	✘	✘	✘	✘	✘
<i>Opera 9</i>	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔
<i>Opera 10</i>	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔
<i>Google Chrome</i>	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔
<i>Safari</i>	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔

WARNING! If an administrator downloads an end-user's certificate, this certificate will be revoked.

3.2.2 Adding Cert End-Users

There are several methods of adding end-users to Organizations in Certificate Manager.

- **Manually adding end-users**
- **Loading multiple end-users from a comma separated values (.csv) file**
- **Auto Creation of end-users via certificate Self Enrollment Forms**

Note: A new End-User will also be created and added to this interface when an SSL certificate application is made through the SSL Self Enrollment form. If the applicant does not already exist as an end-user when the form is submitted then a new end-user will be created with the name 'requesterSSL <DOMAIN.com>' (where DOMAIN.com = the domain name for which the application is being made) This End-User will automatically be assigned membership of the Organization that the SSL Certificate was ordered for but will not own a Client Certificate.

3.2.2.1 Manually Adding End-Users

- Click 'Certificates Management' - > 'Clients Cert' at the top left of the CCM interface;
- Click the 'Add' button to open the 'Add New Person' form:

Add New Person ✕

*-required fields

Organization

Department

Domain

Email Address* @coradithers.com

First Name*

Middle Name

Last Name*

Secret ID

Validation Type

Principal Name

- Click 'OK' to add the end-user to Comodo Certificate Manager.
- An end-user's details can be modified at any time by clicking the 'Edit' button at the top after selecting the checkbox next to their name in the main list of end-users. If any information in this dialog is changed, with the exception of Secret ID, any previously issued client certificates for this email address shall be automatically revoked. CCM maintains a username history. If the username is changed, the Administrator will still be able to search for the client certificates using both the old name and the new name.
- 'Validation Type' drop down will only be visible if enabled by your Comodo account manager.

3.2.2.1.1 'Add New Person' form - Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Organization	Drop down menu	Administrator should select the Organization that they wish the new end-user to belong to.
Department	Drop down menu	If required, the administrator should specify the Department that the end-user is to belong to.
Domain	Drop down menu	Administrator should select the domain from which to issue from the drop down menu. This drop-down will only display domains that have been correctly delegated to the Organization/Department selected earlier.
Email Address	Text Field	Administrator should enter the email address of the end-user. The email address must be for the domain belonging to the Organization.

Form Element	Type	Description
First Name	Text Field	Administrator should enter the first name of the end-user.
Middle Name	Text Field	If required, the administrator should enter the middle name of the end-user.
Last Name	Text Field	Administrator should enter the last name of the end-user. Note: The combined length of First Name and the Last name should not exceed 64 characters.
Secret ID	Text Field	A 'Secret ID' (or 'Secret Identifier'/SID) is used to identify the details of an existing end-user in CCM. Assigning SIDs to users will simplify the client certificate enrollment process for those users and therefore help eliminate errors. This is because, as the details of the user are already stored, the end-user need only specify the email address If the administrator wishes to allow enrollment by Secret ID then they must fill out this field.
Validation Type	Drop Down Menu	Note: The 'Validation Type' drop down will only be visible if enabled by your Comodo account manager. Allows the administrator to specify the type of client certificate that is issued to an applicant. The difference between the two lies in the degree of user authentication is carried out prior to issuance. The two options are 'Standard' and 'High'. 'Standard' certificates can be issued quickly and take advantage of the user authentication mechanisms that are built into CCM. A user applying for a 'Standard Personal Validation' certificate is authenticated using the following criteria: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • User must apply for a certificate from an email address @ a domain that has been delegated to the issuing Organization • The Organization has been independently validated by an web-trust accredited Certificate Authority as the owner of that domain • User must know either a unique Access Code or Secret ID that should be entered at the certificate enrollment form. These will have been communicated by the administrator to the user via out-of-band communication. • User must be able to receive an automated confirmation email sent to the email address of the certificate that they are applying for. The email will contain a validation code that the user will need to enter at the certificate collection web page. 'High Personal Validation' certificates require that the user undergo the validation steps listed above AND <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Face-to-Face meeting with the issuing Organization Note: The additional validation steps must be completed PRIOR to the administrator selecting 'High Personal Validation' type.
Principal Name	Text Field	The Administrator can enter the email address that should appear as principal name in the certificate to be issued. Note: For the Organizations/Departments enabled for Principal Name support, the client certificates issued to the end-users of the

Form Element	Type	Description
		<p>Organization/Department will include an additional name - Principal Name, in addition to the RFC822 name in the Subject Alternative Name(SAN) field. If included, the Principal Name will be the primary email address of the end-user to whom the certificate is issued. But this can be customized at a later time by editing the end-user if Principal Name Customization is enabled for the Organization/Department.</p> <p>The Administrator can check whether an Organization or Department is enabled for Principal Name support/customization by contacting the Master Administrator.</p> <p>This field will be disabled for the Organizations for which the Principal Name support is not enabled. If the Principal Name support is enabled for an Organization and not enabled for the Department belonging to the Organization, this field will be auto populated with the email address entered in the Email Address field.</p>
Copy E-Mail	Button	Auto-fills the Principal Name field with the email address entered in the E-mail Address field.

3.2.2.2 Loading Multiple End-Users from a Comma Separated Values (.csv) File

Administrators can import list of end-users into Comodo Certificate Manager in comma separated values (.csv) format. After importing the list, your employees then only need to complete the self enrollment with their secret code.

Note: The ability to loading multiple end-users from a .csv file functionality is only available to RAO S/MIME and DRAO S/MIME administrators.

3.2.2.2.1 Procedure Overview

Summary of required steps for adding end-users by loading a .csv file:

1. Administrator generates a .csv file using containing a list of end-users. .csv files can be exported directly from spreadsheet programs such as Excel or Open Office Calc.
2. Administrator loads the .csv file by clicking the 'Import from CSV' button in the 'Certificates Management' > 'Client Certificates' interface
3. CCM sends an email notification containing a link to the self-enrollment form and the secret identifier to each end-user included in the .csv file.

Note: For the CCM to automatically send the notification emails to the end-users, the administrator should have configured for this by selecting the checkbox 'Send invitations on successful upload' in the Import persons from CSV dialog while loading the .csv file. If not configured, the administrator should manually send an email containing a link to the self-enrollment form and the secret identifier to each end-user. Refer to the section '**The Import Process**' for more details.

4. End-users collect and install their certificates.

3.2.2.2.2 Requirements for .csv file

The fields per user in the .csv differs for Organizations depending on whether or not the Principal Name Support is enabled for the Organization. The Administrator can check whether an Organization or Department is enabled for Principal Name support/customization by contacting the **Master Administrator**.

3.2.2.2.1 For Organizations with Principal Name Support Enabled

There are 12 potential fields per user that can be imported via .csv. 6 are mandatory and there is one conditionally mandatory value. The 12 potential fields are as follows:

- First Name
- Middle Name
- Last Name
- Email Address (Primary)
- Alternative Email Address(es)
- Validation Type
- Organization
- Department
- Secret Identifier
- Phone
- Country
- Principal Name

- 'Department' will be mandatory if the administrator that is importing is a DRAO S/MIME. RAO S/MIME (and DRAO S/MIME administrators that are also RAO S/MIME administrators) have the option to leave this field blank. See [3.2.2.2.3.General Rules](#) for more details.
- The 'Secret ID' value can be used to add a layer of authentication to the process. If specified, the user will need to type the identifier at the certificate enrollment form to complete the process.
- With the exception of the 'Secret ID' and 'Phone', make sure the fields are imported using as specified below (including commas (,) and quotation marks (" "))

The following table explains the requirements and formats of the values.

Values	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name	Email Address (primary)	Email Address(es) (Alternative)	Validation Type	Organization	Department	Secret ID	Phone	Country	Principal Name
Required	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes				Yes	
Min Length (characters)	1	0	1	3	3		1	0	0	0	2	1
Max Length (characters)	128	128	128	128	128		128	128	128	128	2	128
Format				Valid email address	Valid email address, separated by space						Valid two letter country code	
Characters allowed	A-Z, a-z,	A-Z, a-z, 0-	A-Z, a-z,	A-Z, a-z, 0-9,	A-Z, a-z, 0-9, '!', '-',	'high',	ANY	ANY	ANY	ANY	A-Z, a-z	ANY

	0-9, ,',',', ,	9, ',', ,',',', ,	0-9, ,',',', ,	','-',',', ,',',', ,	'-' '-'	emp ty or 'stan dard '						
--	----------------------	-------------------------	----------------------	----------------------------	------------	------------------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--

Example:

"First1","Middle1","Last1","User----1-al@abc.com","User----1-sec-al@abc.com","standard",System,sysdep,"Secret1",38048700001,"UA","User----1-al@abc.com"

Note: If an Organization is enabled for Principal Name support and a Department belonging to the Organization is not enabled for Principal Name support, when loading end-users of the Department, the Principal Name field must be included but should be left blank.

3.2.2.2.2 For Organizations without Principal Name Support

There are 11 potential fields per user that can be imported via .csv. 6 are mandatory and there is one conditionally mandatory value. The 11 potential fields are as follows:

- First Name
- Middle Name
- Last Name
- Email Address (Primary)
- Alternative Email Address(es)
- Validation Type
- Organization
- Department
- Secret Identifier
- Phone
- Country

- 'Department' will be mandatory if the administrator that is importing is a DRAO S/MIME. RAO S/MIME (and DRAO S/MIME administrators that are also RAO S/MIME administrators) have the option to leave this field blank. See [3.2.2.2.3.General Rules](#) for more details.
- The 'Secret ID' value can be used to add a layer of authentication to the process. If specified, the user will need to type the identifier at the certificate enrollment form to complete the process.
- With the exception of the 'Secret ID' and 'Phone', make sure the fields are imported using as specified below (including commas (,) and quotation marks (" "))

The following table explains the requirements and formats of the values.

Values	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name	Email Address (primary)	Email Address (Alternative)	Validation Type	Organization	Department	Secret ID	Phone	Country
Required	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes				Yes

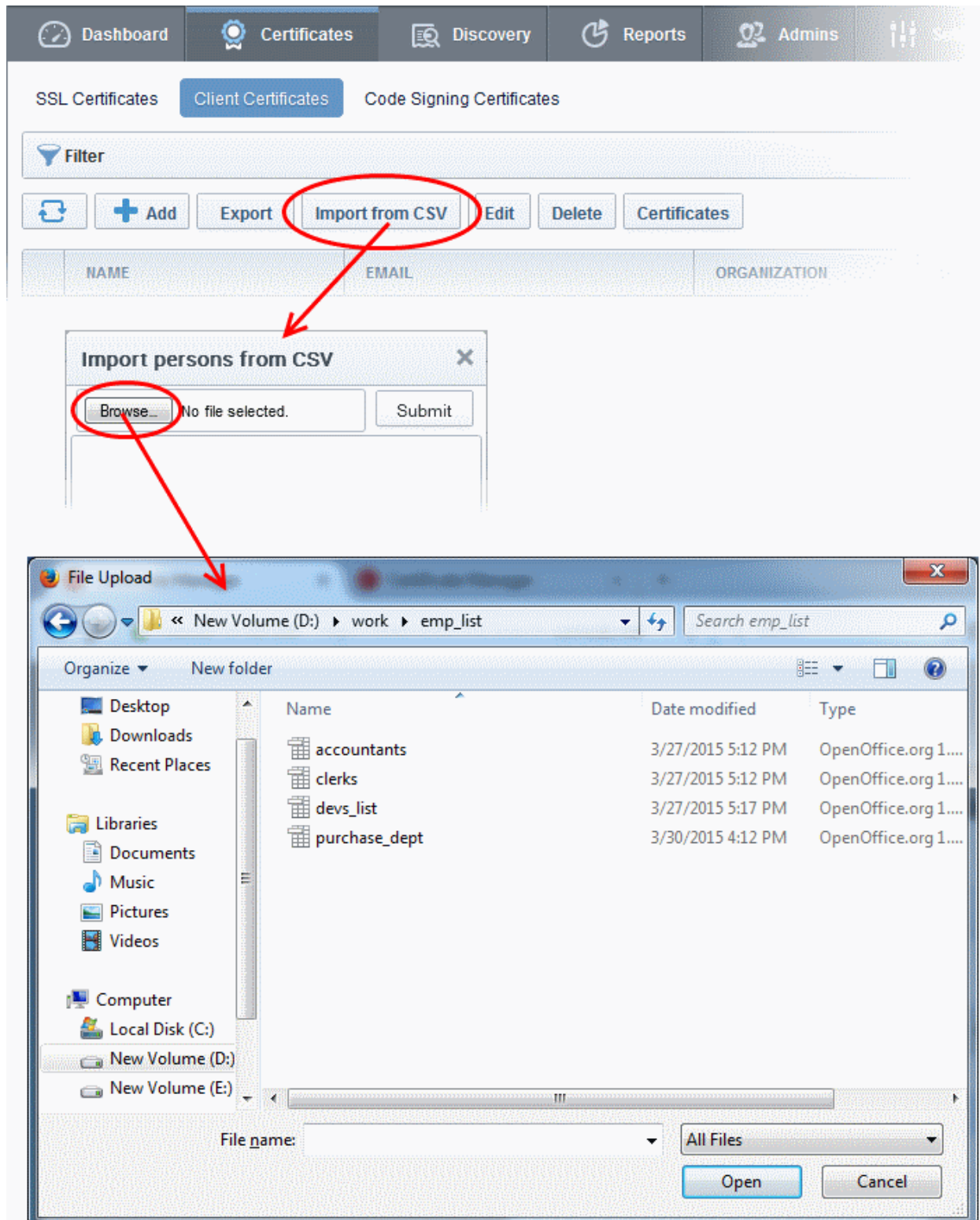
3.2.2.2.4 The Import Process

To upload the .csv file

- Click 'Import from CSV' in 'Certificates Management' > 'Client Certificates' interface

The 'Import from CSV' dialog will appear.

- Click the 'Browse' button and navigate to the .csv file

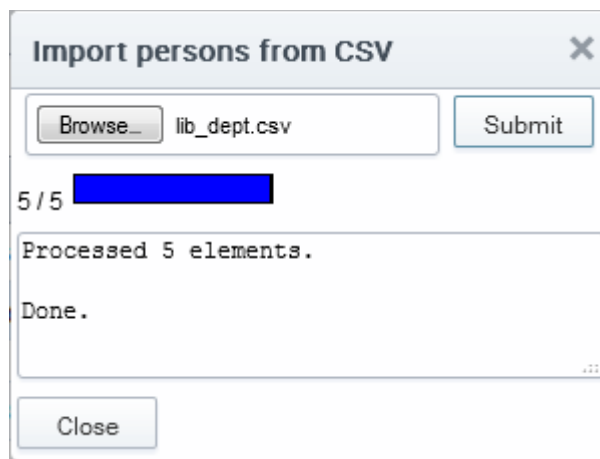


- Click 'Submit'.

The import status will be indicated. You will see a progress bar indicating that information is being uploaded:



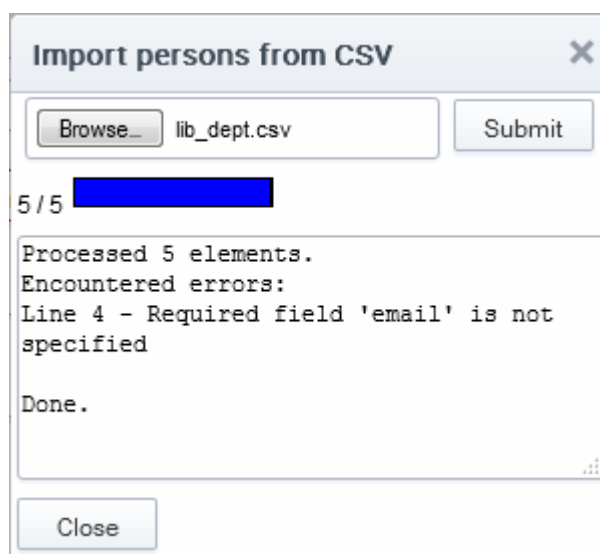
CCM will inform you when the process is finished:



All imported users appear in the list of end-users in the 'Client Certificates' section and notification emails containing a link to the [self-enrollment form](#) and the secret ID will be automatically sent to the imported end-users, if the checkbox 'Send invitations on successful upload' is selected.

3.2.2.2.5 Errors in .csv file

CCM will inform you if there is an error in the .csv file (mandatory fields are missing, for example).



Only the end-users included in the lines without errors will be loaded to CCM and the end-users included in the lines with errors will not be loaded.

3.2.2.3 Auto Creation of End-Users via Certificate Self Enrollment Form

End-users applying via the SSL or Client Certificate enrollment form are automatically added to the 'Certificate Management - Client Certificates' area.

For more details see: [Request and issuance of client certificates to employees and end-users](#).

3.2.3 Editing End-Users

All end-user details can be modified at any time by clicking the 'Edit' button after selecting the end-user's name.

Edit Person [Close]

*-required fields

Organization: Dithers Construction Company

Department: None

Domain: coradithers.com

Email Address*: hornet @coradithers.com

First Name*: Hornet

Middle Name: Fabulous

Last Name*: Hudson

[Reset Secret ID](#)

Validation Type: Standard

Principal Name: [Empty] [Copy email]

[OK] [Cancel]

- If any information in this dialog is changed, with the exception of 'Secret ID', any previously issued client certificates for this email address shall be automatically revoked.
- For security reasons, the 'Secret ID' field is not displayed. If the SID needs to be changed, administrator can click the [Reset Secret ID](#) link.
 - On clicking the link, the Secret ID text box will be displayed, enabling the administrator to specify a new SID.

Last Name*: HUDSON

Secret ID: [Empty]

[Don't Reset Secret ID](#)

Validation Type: Standard

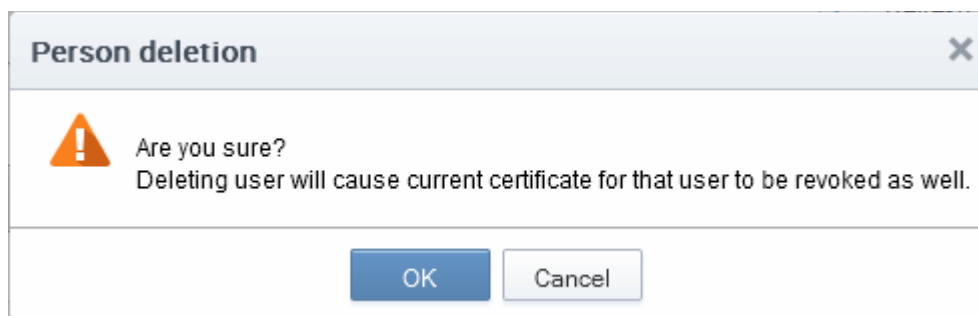
- To change the SID, the administrator can type a new SID in this field.

- To retain the existing SID, the administrator can click the [Don't Reset Secret ID](#) link.
- 'Validation Type' drop down will only be visible if enabled by your Comodo account manager. For an explanation of validation types, see 'Validation Type' in the **'Add New Person'** table of parameters.
- Renaming an end-user does not affect the search and filtering actions in the Client Certificates Interface. CCM allows the administrators to search for particular user or client certificates using both the old name and the new name in case a username is changed.
- To customize the Principal Name for the end-user, type the new Principal Name as it should appear in the in the Subject Alternative Name (SAN) field of the certificate in the Principal Name field. To revert the Principal Name to the email address of the end-user, click the 'Copy E-Mail' button. This button will be available only if this feature is enabled for your account.

Full details of the fields available when editing an existing end-user are available in the section **'Add New Person' form - table of parameters**.

3.2.4 Deleting an End-User

An administrator can delete any end-user by clicking 'Delete' button after selecting the end-user's name.



Once the end-user is deleted, their certificate will be revoked.

3.2.5 Request and Issuance of Client Certificates to Employees and End-Users

End-users can be enrolled for client certificates (a term which covers email certificates, end-user authentication certificates and dual-use certificates) in three ways:

- **Self Enrollment of End-Users by Access Code** - Involves directing the end-users to apply for their own client certificate by accessing the self enrollment form. The Administrator has to inform the end-user of the URL at which the self-enrollment form is hosted and the access code of the Organization to which the end-user belongs. This should be done by out-of-band communication such as email. See the section **Self Enrollment by Access Code** for more details.
- **Self Enrollment of End-Users by Secret Identifier** - Involves directing the end-users to apply for their own client certificate by accessing the self enrollment form. The Administrator has to inform the end-user of the URL at which the self-enrollment form is hosted and the Secret Identifier of the Organization to which the end-user belongs. This should be done by out-of-band communication such as email. See the section **Self Enrollment by Secret Identifier** for more details.
- **Enrollment by Administrator's Invitation** - Involves sending invitation mails to end-users previously added to CCM. The Administrators can send the invitation mail from the CCM interface itself. The invitation mail will contain a validation link and instructions for the end-users to download and install their certificates. See the section **Enrollment by Invitation** for more details.

3.2.5.1 Self Enrollment by Access Code

This section explains how the administrator can direct the end-user for self-enrollment using the access code

specified for the Organization and how the end-user can apply for, collect, download and install their certificate.

3.2.5.1.1 Prerequisites

- The domain from which the client certificate is to be issued has been enabled for S/MIME certificates, has been pre-validated by Comodo and that the domain has been activated by your Comodo account manager. (i.e. if you wish to issue client certs to end-user@mycompany.com, then mycompany.com must have been pre-validated by Comodo).

However, if you request a certificate for a brand new domain, then this domain will first have to undergo validation by Comodo. Once validated, this new domain will be added to your list of pre-validated domains and future certificates will be issued immediately.

- The domain from which the client certificates are to be issued has been delegated to the Organization or Department. See [Editing an Existing Organization](#) for more details on adding a domain to an Organization.
- The RAO S/MIME or DRAO S/MIME administrator has been delegated control of this Organization or Department
- The administrator has **checked** the 'Self Enrollment' box in the '**Client Cert**' tab of the 'Create/Edit' Organizations dialog box.

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Edit Organization: Dithers Construction Company" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The dialog has several tabs: "General", "EV Details", "Client Certificate" (which is selected), "SSL Certificate", "Code Signing Certificate", and "Email Template".

Under the "Client Certificate" tab, the following options are visible:

- Self Enrollment
- Access Code*
- Web API
- Secret Key* OrgID: 3875
- Allow Key Recovery by Master Administrators
- Allow Key Recovery by Organization Administrators
- Allow Principal Name
- Allow Principal Name Customization
- Client Cert Types
- Key Usage Template

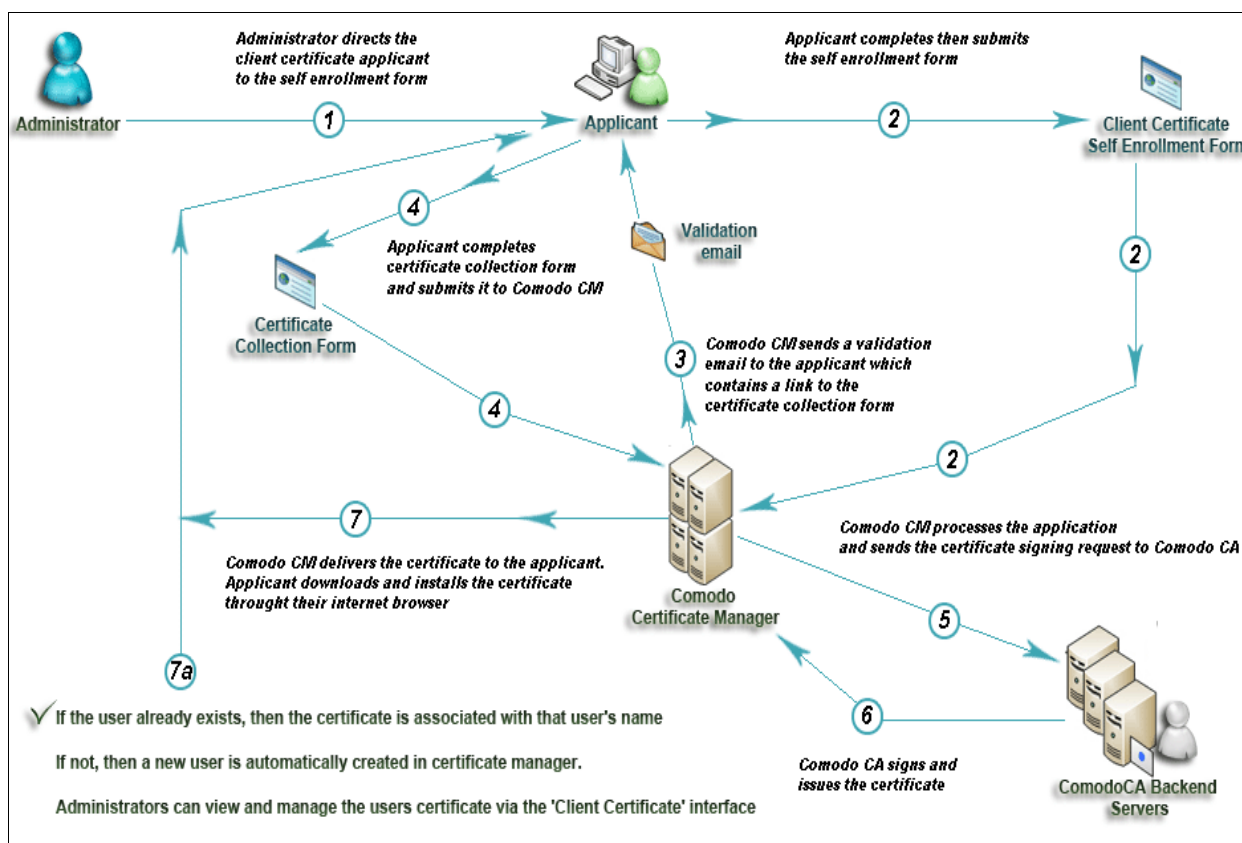
At the bottom of the dialog, there are two buttons: "OK" and "Cancel".

- The administrator has **specified an Access Code** in the '**Client Cert**' tab of the 'Create/Edit' Organizations dialog box. This should be a mixture of alpha and numeric characters that cannot easily be guessed.

3.2.5.1.2 Procedure Overview

- Administrator confirms completion of the [prerequisite steps](#).
- Administrator directs the personal certificate applicant to the 'Access Code' based Self Enrollment Form - making sure the application is done from the end-user's computer (see section [Initiating the enrollment process](#)).

3. Applicant completes then submits the Self Enrollment Form, specifying the correct Access Code for the Organization's domain. (See section **The Self Enrollment Form**)
4. CCM sends a validation mail to the applicant which contains a link to the Account Validation form and a request code. (See section **Validation of the Application** for more details)
5. Applicant completes the Account Validation form. The certificate request is sent to Comodo CA servers. If the application is successful, the applicant will be able to download and install their personal certificate. (See section **Certificate Collection.**)
6. If the applicant already exists as an 'End-User' (viewable in the '**Client Certificates**' area of 'Certificates Management' section) then the certificate will be added to their account. If the applicant does not exist as an 'End-User' then CCM will automatically add this applicant as a new 'End-user' at the point of certificate issuance. If the applicant already exists as an Administrator (visible in '**Admin Management**') but not as a (client certificate) 'End-User' then CCM will automatically add this applicant as a new 'End-user' to the 'Client Certificates' area'. (**Click Here** for further details).



Client Certificate Issuance Flow

3.2.5.1.3 Initiating the Enrollment Process

After completing the **prerequisite steps**, administrators need to communicate enrollment details to all and any end-users they wish to issue client certificates to. The communication must contain the following information:

1. A link to the Access Code based Self Enrollment Form - <https://cert-manager.com/customer/Comodo/smime?action=enroll&swt=ac>
2. The client access code specified in that Organization's **Client Cert settings tab**..

These details can be informed to the applicant by the any preferred out-of-band communication method like email. The end-user can access the form at the given url, fill-in with the necessary details and submit it.

Please Note:

The domain of the email address that the end-user specifies in the Self Enrollment Form MUST match a 'Common Name' (domain) associated with an **Organization or Department within an Organization**. The applicant MUST be able to receive emails at this address.

The access code the end-user enters at the Self Enrollment Form MUST match the access code specified by the administrator for that specific Organization.

3.2.5.1.3.1 The Access Code Based Self Enrollment Form


Certificate Manager

S/MIME Certificate Enroll

Access Code: *

First Name: *

Middle Name:

Last Name: *

Email: *

Certificate Type: * ▼

Self Enrollment Passphrase: * ⓘ

Re-type Self Enrollment Passphrase: *

1

Comodo ePKI Certificate Manager Agreement – EV Enabled
 THIS AGREEMENT CONTAINS A BINDING ARBITRATION CLAUSE. PLEASE READ THE AGREEMENT CAREFULLY BEFORE ACCEPTING THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS.

IMPORTANT—PLEASE READ THESE TERMS AND CONDITIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE APPLYING FOR, ACCEPTING, OR USING YOUR COMODO EPKI CERTIFICATE MANAGER ACCOUNT OR THE CERTIFICATE MANAGER SOFTWARE. BY USING, APPLYING FOR, ACCESSING, OR PURCHASING A CERTIFICATE MANAGER ACCOUNT OR USING OR ACCESSING CERTIFICATE MANAGER OR BY ACCEPTING THIS AGREEMENT BY CLICKING ON "I ACCEPT" BELOW, YOU ACKNOWLEDGE THAT YOU HAVE READ THIS LICENSE AGREEMENT AND THAT YOU UNDERSTAND IT, THAT YOU AGREE TO AND ACCEPT THE TERMS AS PRESENTED HEREIN.

I accept the terms and conditions.*
Scroll to bottom of the agreement to activate check box.

3.2.5.1.3.2 Form Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Access Code(required)	Text Field	This is the Access Code specified for the Organization or Department.
First Name (required)	Text Field	Applicant should enter their first name
Middle Name (optional)	Text Field	If required, the applicant should enter their middle name
Last Name (required)	Text Field	Applicant should enter their last name
Email (required)	Text Field	Applicant should enter their full email address. The Email address must be for the domain belonging to the Organization.
Pass-Phrase (required)	Text Field	This phrase is needed to renew or revoke the certificate should the situation arise.
Re-type Pass-Phrase (required)	Text Field	Confirmation of the above
Eula Acceptance (required)	Check-box	Applicant must accept the terms and conditions before submitting the form.
Enroll	Control	Submits the application and enrolls the applicant for the client certificate.
Cancel	Control	Clears all data entered on the form

Note: In addition to the standard fields in the Enrollment form, custom fields such as 'Employee Code, Telephone' can be added by the Master Administrator. Contact your Master Administrator if such custom fields are required.

After completing the form and clicking the 'Enroll' button, a confirmation dialog will be displayed...

COMODO
Certificate Manager

Confirmation

You have requested a S/MIME Certificate with the follow details:

Email: johnsmith@coradithers.com,
Name: John Smith.

We have sent you an email containing an enrollment link in order to complete the rest of the enrollment process.

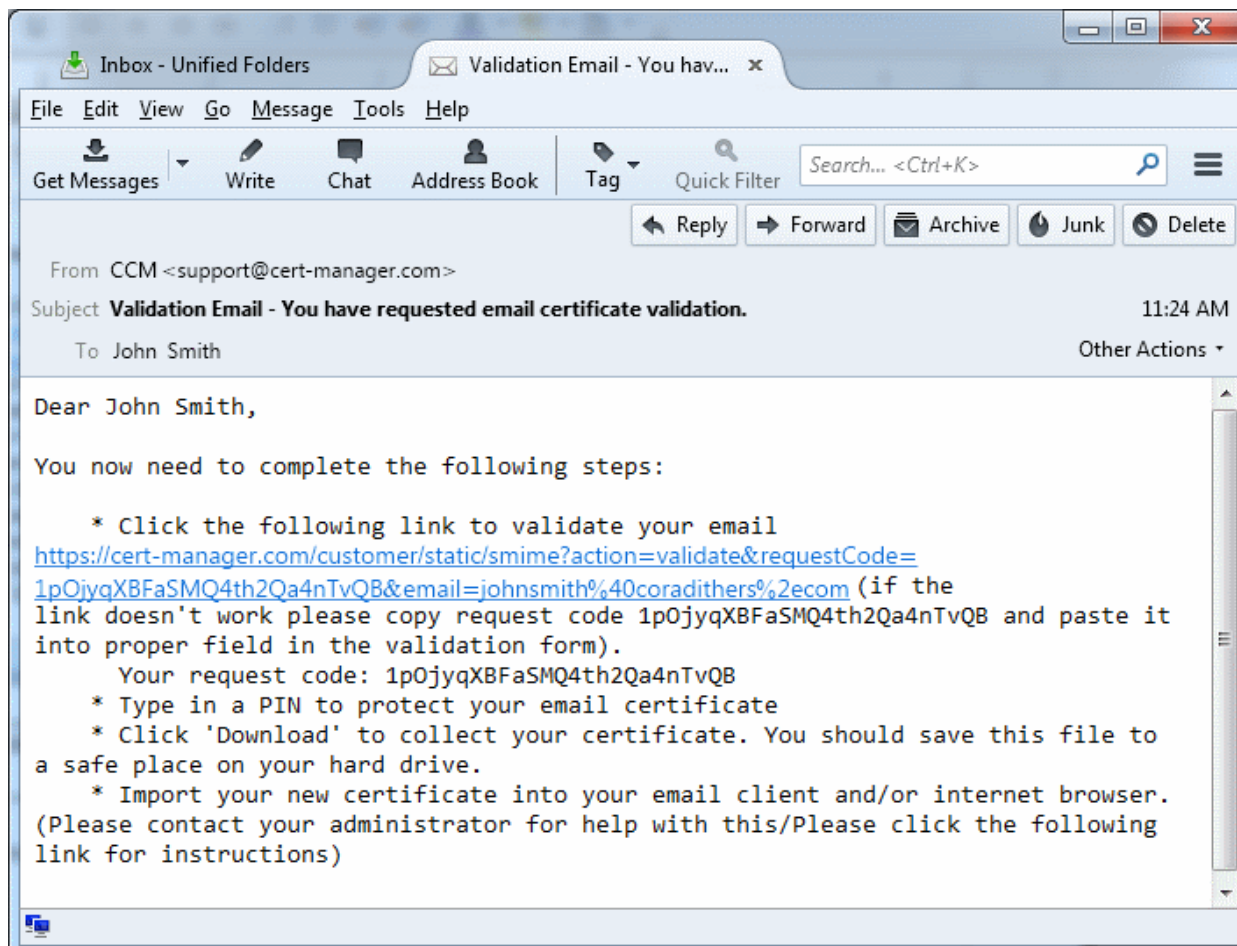
[BACK](#)

...and the applicant will receive an email containing a URL for validating the application, a request validation code and instructions for downloading the certificate. Upon clicking the link, the end-user will be taken to the Account Validation form. See the section **Validation of the Application** for more details. On completion of the validation process, a certificate collection form will appear, enabling the end-user to download and save the certificate. See the section **Certificate Collection** for more details.

3.2.5.1.4 Validation of the Application

The applicant will receive a validation email on successful submission of the **Self Enrollment Form** and after being processed at Comodo.

The validation email will contain a link to the Account Validation form. The link will also contain a randomly generated 'Request Code' that the end-user will need in order to validate that they are the correct applicant. Simply clicking on the link in the email will automatically populate the request 'Code' and 'Email' fields in the Account Validation form.



Note: It is possible for administrators to modify the contents of these emails in the 'Email Templates' area under the 'Organizations > Edit' tab.

Upon clicking the link the applicant will be taken to the validation form.

COMODO


Certificate Manager

Account Validation

Code: *

Email: *

Certificate Type: *

PIN: 

Re-type PIN:

Select address fields to remove from the certificate.

Address as it will appear in certificate	Remove
Address1: <input type="text" value="Mount Road"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Address2: <input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Address3: <input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
City: <input type="text" value="Riverdale"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
State or province: <input type="text" value="Alabama"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Postal Code: <input type="text" value="123456"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Employee ID: * <input type="text"/>	

VALIDATE

CANCEL

Form Element	Type	Description
Code (required)	Text Field	The validation request code. This field is auto-populated when the applicant clicks the validation link contained in the email.
E-mail (required)	Text Field	Email address of the applicant. This field is auto-populated.
PIN (required)	Text Field	The applicant should specify a PIN for the certificate to protect the certificate.
Re-type PIN (required)		Confirmation of the above.
Select address fields to remove from the certificate	Checkboxes	By default, the address details are displayed in the View Certificate Details dialog. The applicant can hide these details selectively in the View Certificate Details dialog by selecting the 'Remove' checkboxes beside the required address fields. Click here for more details.
Validate	Control	Completes the validation process and enables the applicant to download the certificate
Cancel	Control	Clears all data entered on the form

Selecting Address Fields to be Removed from the Certificate

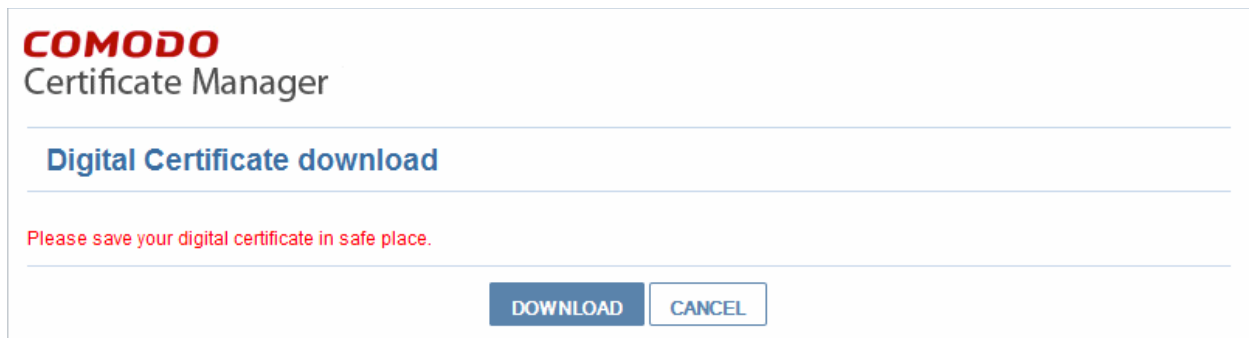
The following address fields...

- Address1;
- Address2;
- Address3;
- City;
- State/Province;
- Postal Code.

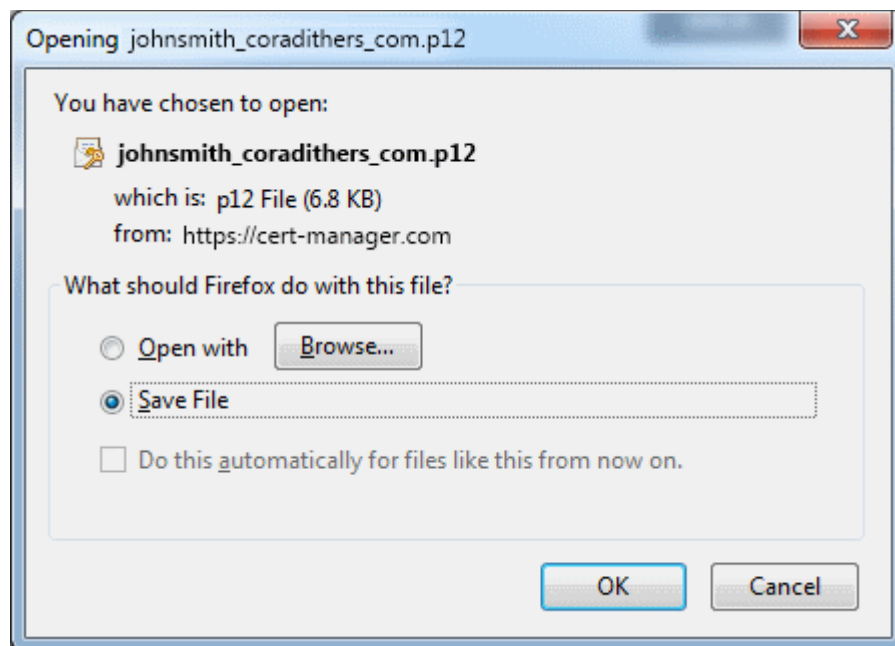
...are automatically populated with the address details of the Organization or Department that the user belongs to. The applicant can choose to remove these details from the client certificate by selecting the 'Remove' check-boxes below beside the corresponding field. The selected details will not be included in the certificate that is issued. The 'View Certificate Details' dialog will state 'Details Omitted' next to these fields.

3.2.5.1.5 Certificate Collection

Upon successful submission of the Account Validation form, a download dialog will be displayed enabling the applicant to download and save the certificate.



The applicant can collect the certificate by clicking 'Download' and save the file in a safe location in his/her computer.



CCM will deliver the certificate to the end-user in PKCS#12 file format (.p12 file). The PIN specified in the PIN fields is used to protect access to this .p12 file. The end-user will be asked for this PIN when he/she imports the certificate into the certificate store of their machine.

New end-users: If the end-user does not already exist in Certificate Manager (viewable in the 'Client Certificates' area of 'Certificates Management' section) then he/she will be automatically created and added as a new end-user belonging to the Organization for which the certificate was issued. This new end-user will now be viewable in the **Client Certificates Sub-tab** of the interface with the following parameters:

- **Name:** The name that the end-user specified at the **Client Self Enrollment Form**
- **Email:** The email address that the certificate was issued to (as specified at the **Client Self Enrollment Form**)
- **Organization:** Name of the Organization to which this end-user belongs to.
- **Existing end-users:** If the end-user already exists, then the certificate will be associated with their end-user name.

See section '**The Client Certificates Area**' for more information regarding end-user and client certificate management.

3.2.5.2 Self Enrollment by Secret Identifier

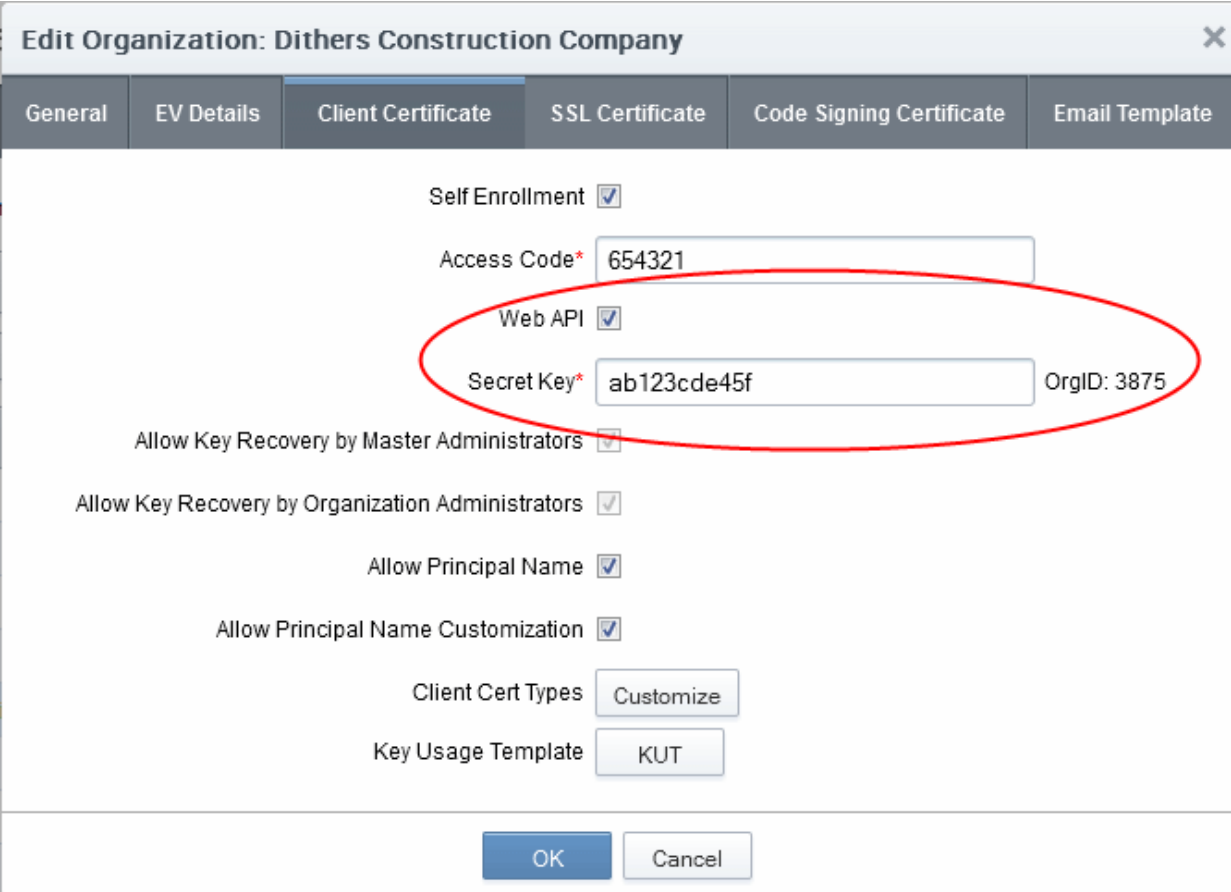
This section explains how the administrator can direct the end-user for self-enrollment using the Secret Identifier specified for the Organization and how the end-user can apply for, collect, download and install their certificate.

3.2.5.2.1 Prerequisites

- The domain from which the client certificate is to be issued **has been enabled for S/MIME certificates**, has been pre-validated by Comodo and that the domain has been activated by your Comodo account manager. (i.e. if you wish to issue client certs to end-user@mycompany.com, then mycompany.com must have been pre-validated by Comodo).

However, if you request a certificate for a brand new domain, then this domain will first have to undergo validation by Comodo. Once validated, this new domain will be added to your list of pre-validated domains and future certificates will be issued immediately.

- The domain from which the client certificates are to be issued has been delegated to the Organization or Department. See **Editing an Existing Organization** for more details on adding a domain to an Organization.
- The RAO S/MIME or DRAO S/MIME administrator has been delegated control of this Organization or Department
- The administrator has **checked** the "Web API" box in the '**Client Cert**' tab of the 'Create/Edit' Organizations dialog box.



Edit Organization: Dithers Construction Company [X]

General | EV Details | **Client Certificate** | SSL Certificate | Code Signing Certificate | Email Template

Self Enrollment

Access Code* 654321

Web API

Secret Key* ab123cde45f OrgID: 3875

Allow Key Recovery by Master Administrators

Allow Key Recovery by Organization Administrators

Allow Principal Name

Allow Principal Name Customization

Client Cert Types

Key Usage Template

- The administrator has **specified a Secret ID** for the user using either the **'Add User'** or **'Edit User'** dialog boxes or when **'Importing from .csv'**. The secret code should be a mixture of alpha and numeric characters that cannot easily be guessed.

Add New Person ✕

*-required fields

Organization

Department

Domain

Email Address* @coradithers.com

First Name*

Middle Name

Last Name*

Secret ID

Validation Type

3.2.5.2.2 Procedure Overview

- Administrator confirms completion of the **prerequisite steps**.
- Administrator directs the personal certificate applicant to either the 'Secret Identifier' based Self Enrollment Form - making sure the application is done from the end-user's computer (see section **Initiating the enrollment process**).
- Applicant completes then submits the Self Enrollment Form, specifying the correct Secret Identifier assigned to him/her. (See section **The Self Enrollment Form**)
- The certificate request is sent to Comodo CA servers. If the application is successful, the applicant will be able to download and install their personal certificate. (See the section **Certificate Collection**)

3.2.5.2.3 Initiating the Enrollment Process

After completing the **prerequisite steps**, administrators need to communicate enrollment details to each end-user, they wish to issue client certificates to. The communication must contain the following information:

1. A link to the Secret Identifier based Self Enrollment Form - <https://cert-manager.com/customer/Comodo/smime?action=enroll&swt=si>
2. The secret identifier specified for the end-user.

These details can be informed to the applicant by the any preferred out-of-band communication method like email. The end-user can access the form at the given URL, fill-in with the necessary details and submit it.

Please Note: The domain of the email address that the end-user specifies in the Self Enrollment Form MUST match a 'Common Name' (domain) associated with an **Organization or Department within an Organization**. The applicant MUST be able to receive emails at this address.

The Secret Identifier the end-user enters at the Self Enrollment Form MUST match the identifier specified for him/her by the administrator.

3.2.5.2.3.1 Secret Identifier Based Self Enrollment Form

The applicant needs to fill the application form, shown below.

Form Element	Type	Description
Email Address (required)	Text Field	Applicant should enter their full email address. The Email address must be for the domain belonging to the Organization.
Secret identifier (required)	Text Field	Applicant should enter the Secret ID specified for him/her. This should have been communicated to the applicant by the administrator.
Annual Renewal Pass-Phrase (required)	Text Field	This phrase is needed to renew or revoke the certificate should the situation arise.
Password (required)	Text Field	The applicant should specify a password for the certificate. This is needed for accessing the certificate e.g., while exporting the certificate for backup and while importing the certificate to restore the certificate from the backup. The password should be entered in the first text box and reentered in the second text box for confirmation. The password should be of at least eight characters.
Select address fields to remove from the certificate (optional)	Checkboxes	By default, the address details are displayed in the View Certificate Details dialog. The applicant can hide these details selectively in the View Certificate Details dialog by selecting the 'Remove' checkboxes beside the required address fields. Click here for more details.
Eula Acceptance (required)	Checkbox	Applicant must accept the terms and conditions before submitting the form.
Enroll	Control	Submits the application and enrolls the applicant for the client certificate.
Cancel	Control	Clears all data entered on the form.

Note: In addition to the standard fields in the Enrollment form, custom fields such as 'Employee Code, Telephone' can be added by the Master Administrator. Contact your Master Administrator if such custom fields are required.

Selecting Address Fields to be Removed from the Certificate

The following address fields...

- Address1;
- Address2;
- City;
- State/Province;
- Postal Code.

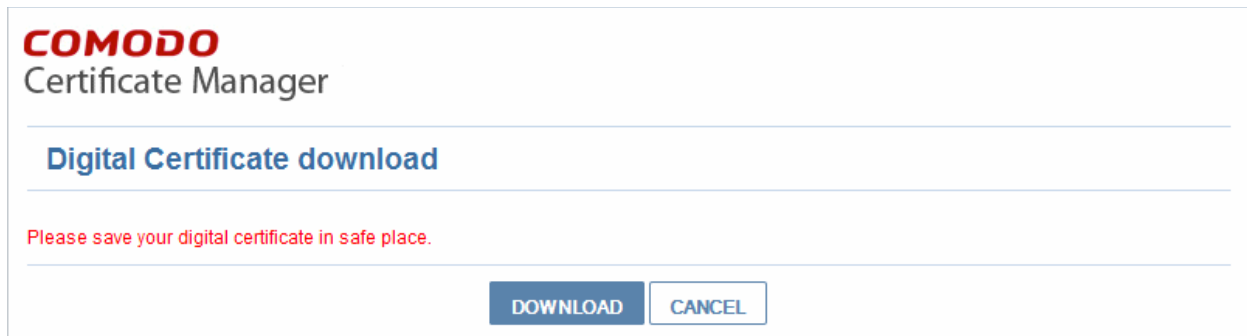
...are automatically populated with the address details of the Organization or Department that the user belongs to. The applicant can choose to remove these details from the client certificate by selecting the 'Remove' check-boxes below beside the corresponding field. The selected details will not be included in the certificate that is issued. The 'View Certificate Details' dialog will state 'Details Omitted' next to these fields.

After completing the form and clicking the 'Submit' button a certificate collection form will appear, enabling the end-user to download and save the certificate. See the section [Certificate Collection](#) for more details.

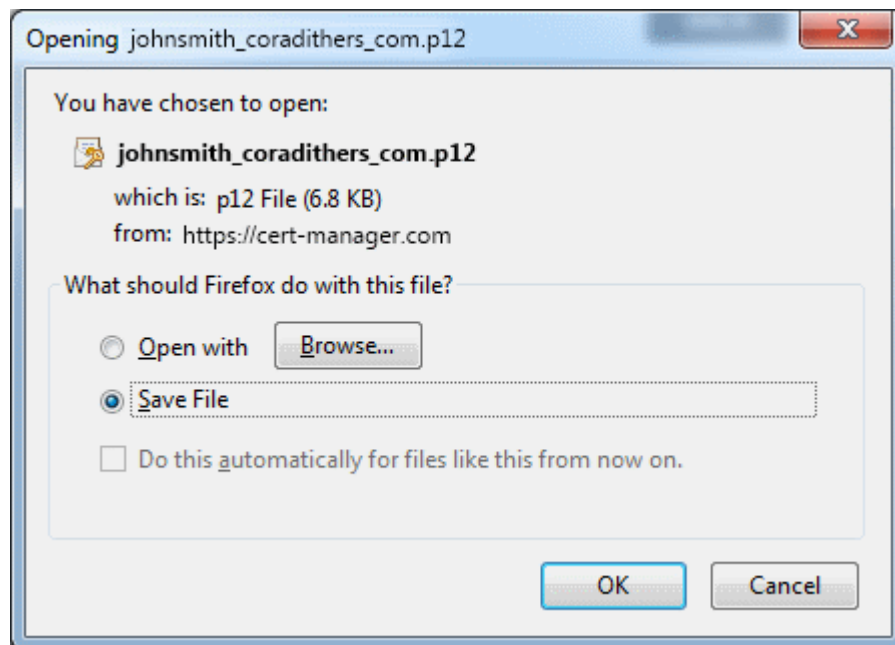
Note: It is possible for CCM Account holders to use their own, custom form templates rather than the default form supplied by Comodo. See your Comodo account manager for more details on enabling this functionality.

3.2.5.2.4 Certificate Collection

Once the enrollment form is submitted, a download dialog will be displayed enabling the applicant to download and save the certificate.



The applicant can collect the certificate by clicking 'Download' and save the file in a safe location in his/her computer.



CCM will deliver the certificate to the end-user in PKCS#12 file format (.p12 file). The PIN specified in the password fields is used to protect access to this .p12 file. The end-user will be asked for this PIN when he/she imports the certificate into the certificate store of their machine.

3.2.5.3 Enrollment by Invitation

This section explains how the administrator can invite the end-user for enrollment from the CCM interface and how the end-user can apply for, collect, download and install their certificate.

3.2.5.3.1 Prerequisites

- The domain from which the client certificate is to be issued has been enabled for S/MIME certificates, has been pre-validated by Comodo and that the domain has been activated by your Comodo account manager. (i.e. if you wish to issue client certs to end-user@mycompany.com, then mycompany.com must have been pre-validated by Comodo).

However, if you request a certificate for a brand new domain, then this domain will first have to undergo

validation by Comodo. Once validated, this new domain will be added to your list of pre-validated domains and future certificates will be issued immediately.

- The domain from which the client certificates are to be issued has been delegated to the Organization or Department. See [Editing an Existing Organization](#) for more details on adding a domain to an Organization.
- The RAO S/MIME or DRAO S/MIME administrator has been delegated control of this Organization or Department
- The administrator has added the end-user(s) to the Certificates Management > Client Certificates area of CCM.

3.2.5.3.2 Procedure Overview

Client certificates can be provisioned to the employees and end-users by inviting them for enrollment.

Overview of stages:

1. Administrator confirms completion of the [prerequisite steps](#).
2. Administrator sends invitation for enrollment to the end-users from the CCM interface. (see section [Initiating the Enrollment Process](#))
3. CCM sends an Invitation mail to the end-user which contains a link to the User Registration Form. (See section [Validation of the Email Address](#) for more details)
4. The end-user completes the User Registration form. The certificate request is sent to Comodo CA servers. If the registration is successful, the end-user will be able to download and install their personal certificate. (See the section [Certificate Collection](#))

3.2.5.3.3 Initiating the Enrollment Process

After completing the [prerequisite steps](#), administrators need to send invitations to the end-users.

To send invitation administrator should:

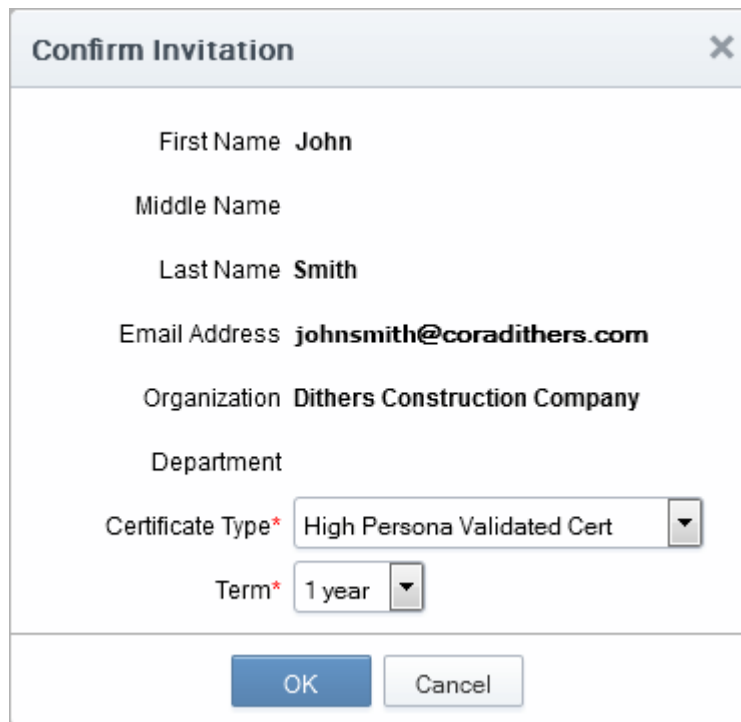
- Click Certificate Management > Client Certificates. The list of end-users added previously will be displayed.
- Click 'Certs' button at the top after selecting the checkbox beside the end-user's name;
- In the dialog that appears press 'Send Invitation' button. (See screenshot below).

The screenshot displays the Comodo Certificate Manager interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs for Dashboard, Certificates, Discovery, Reports, Admins, Settings, and About. Below this, there are sub-tabs for SSL Certificates, Client Certificates (which is active), and Code Signing Certificates. A 'Filter' dropdown is visible. A row of action buttons includes Refresh, Add, Export, Import from CSV, Edit, Delete, and Certificates. A table lists certificates with columns for NAME, EMAIL, ORGANIZATION, and DEPARTMENT. The first row, for John Smith, is selected. A modal window titled 'Certificates for: johnsmith@coradithers.com' is open, showing a 'Send Invitation' button and a table with columns: ORDERED, REVOKED, EXPIRES, CERTIFICATE TYPE, ORDER NUMBER, and SERIAL NUMBER. The table is currently empty, displaying 'There is no data to display'. A pagination control shows '15 rows/page 0 - 0 out of 0'. A 'Close' button is at the bottom of the modal.

NAME	EMAIL	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT
John Smith	johnsmith@coradithers.com	Dithers Construction Company	Purchases Department
Joe Smith	joesmith@coradithers.com	Dithers Construction Company	Purchases Department

ORDERED	REVOKED	EXPIRES	CERTIFICATE TYPE	ORDER NUMBER	SERIAL NUMBER
There is no data to display					

After clicking 'Send Invitation', the 'Confirm Invitation' dialog will be displayed:



The image shows a 'Confirm Invitation' dialog box with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The dialog contains the following fields and values:

- First Name: John
- Middle Name: (empty)
- Last Name: Smith
- Email Address: johnsmith@coradithers.com
- Organization: Dithers Construction Company
- Department: (empty)
- Certificate Type*: High Persona Validated Cert (dropdown menu)
- Term*: 1 year (dropdown menu)

At the bottom of the dialog are two buttons: 'OK' (highlighted in blue) and 'Cancel'.

The confirmation dialog displays the details of the user and allows the administrator to choose the client certificate type and the term.

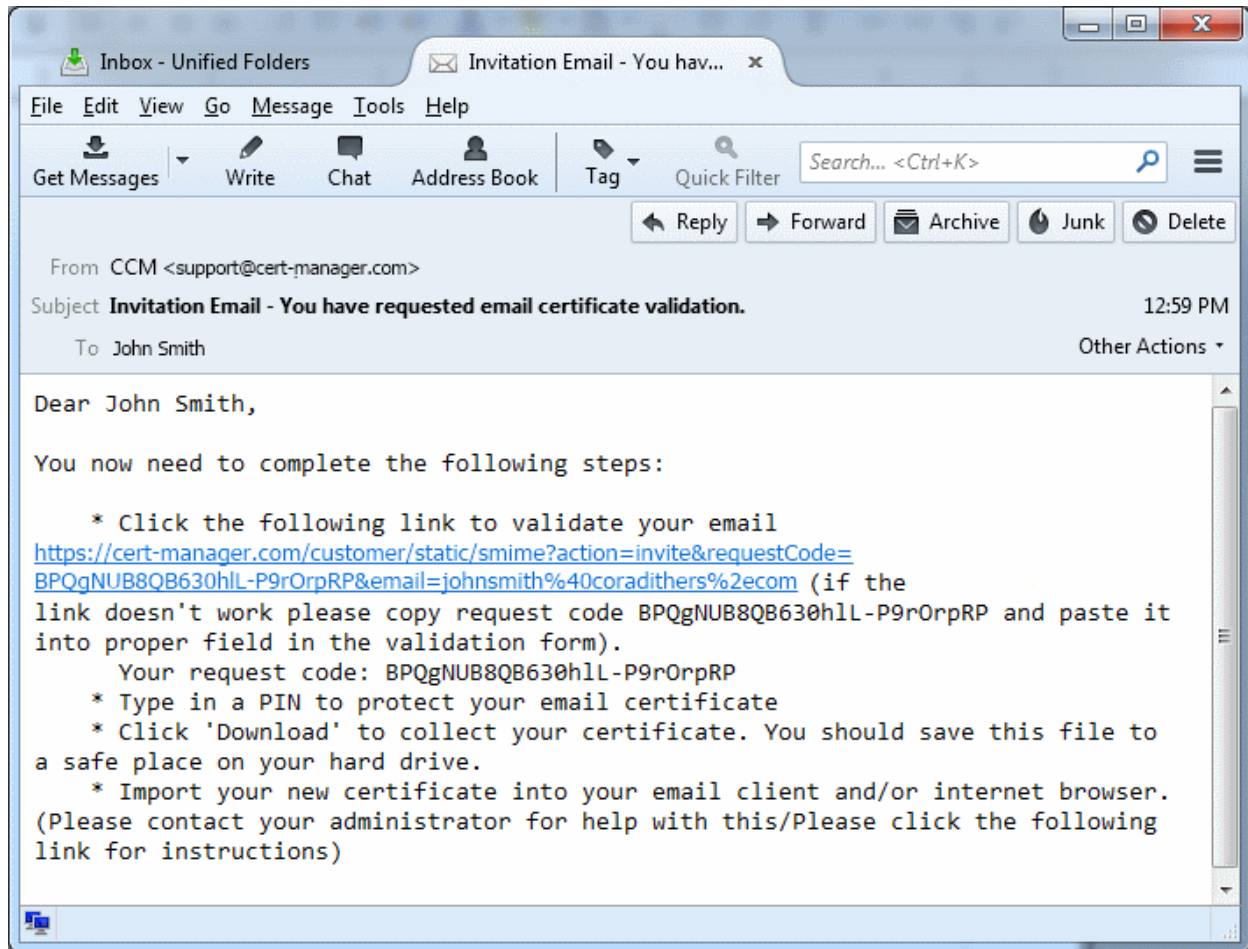
- Certificate Type - If your Organization's account has been enabled for High Personal Validated Certificates AND the administrator has specified a 'Validation Type' of 'High' * for this user THEN the 'Certificate Type' value will be a drop down menu rather than flat text. This menu will offer a choice between sending an invitation for a 'High Personal Validated' or a "Standard Personal Validated" certificate. The default choice is 'High Personal Validated'.
- Certificate Term - You can choose the term length for the certificate to be issued to the end-user. The 'Term' drop-down displays the term options allowed for your Organization.
- Upon clicking 'OK', an invitation email will be sent to the end-user.

The email will contain the URL of the certificate validation form, a request validation code and instructions for downloading the certificate. The request code will be contained within the URL so that applicants can simply click the link or copy and paste the URL in their browser. See the section [Validation of the Email Address](#) for more details. On completion of the validation and user registration processes, a certificate collection form will appear, enabling the end-user to download and save the certificate. See the section [Certificate Collection](#) for more details.

3.2.5.3.4 Validation of the Email Address

The end-user will receive an Invitation email on the administrator clicking the 'Send Invitation' button.

The invitation email will contain a link to the User Registration form. The link will also contain a randomly generated 'Request Code' that the end-user will need in order to validate that they are the correct applicant. Simply clicking on the link in the email will automatically populate the request 'Code' and 'Email' fields in the User Registration form.



Note: It is possible for administrators to modify the contents of these emails in the 'Email Templates' area under the 'Organizations > Edit' tab.

Upon clicking the link the applicant will be taken to the user registration form.

COMODO

Certificate Manager

User Registration

Code: *

Email: *

Certificate Type:

PIN: ⓘ

Re-type PIN:

Self Enrollment Passphrase: * ⓘ

Re-type Self Enrollment Passphrase: *

Select address fields to remove from the certificate.

Address as it will appear in certificate	Remove
Address1: <input type="text" value="100, Raleigh Street"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Address2: <input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Address3: <input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
City: <input type="text" value="Riverdale"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
State or province: <input type="text" value="Alabama"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Postal Code: <input type="text" value="123456"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Employee ID: * <input type="text"/>	

1
Comodo ePKI Certificate Manager Agreement – EV Enabled
THIS AGREEMENT CONTAINS A BINDING ARBITRATION CLAUSE. PLEASE READ THE AGREEMENT CAREFULLY BEFORE ACCEPTING THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS.

IMPORTANT—PLEASE READ THESE TERMS AND CONDITIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE APPLYING FOR, ACCEPTING, OR USING YOUR COMODO EPKI CERTIFICATE MANAGER ACCOUNT OR THE CERTIFICATE MANAGER SOFTWARE. BY USING, APPLYING FOR, ACCESSING, OR PURCHASING A CERTIFICATE MANAGER ACCOUNT OR USING OR ACCESSING CERTIFICATE MANAGER OR BY ACCEPTING THIS AGREEMENT BY CLICKING ON "I ACCEPT" BELOW, YOU ACKNOWLEDGE THAT YOU HAVE READ THIS LICENSE AGREEMENT AND THAT YOU UNDERSTAND IT, THAT YOU AGREE TO AND ACCEPT THE TERMS AS

PRINT

I accept the terms and conditions.*

Scroll to bottom of the agreement to activate check box.

SUBMIT

CANCEL

Form Element	Type	Description
Code (required)	Text Field	The validation request code. This field is auto-populated when the applicant clicks the validation link contained in the email.
Email (required)	Text Field	Email address of the applicant. This field is auto-populated.
PIN (required)	Text Field	The applicant should specify a PIN for the certificate to protect the certificate.
Re-type PIN (required)	Text Field	Confirmation of the above.
Pass-Phrase (required)	Text Field	The end-user needs to enter a pass-phrase for their certificate. This phrase is needed to revoke the certificate should the situation arise.
Select address fields to remove from the certificate (optional)	Checkboxes	By default, the address details are displayed in the View Certificate Details dialog. The applicant can hide these details selectively in the View Certificate Details dialog by selecting the 'Remove' checkboxes beside the required address fields. Click here for more details.
EULA Acceptance (required)	Checkbox	Applicant must accept the terms and conditions before submitting the form.
Submit	Control	Submits the application.
Cancel	Control	Clears all data entered on the form

Selecting Address Fields to be Removed from the Certificate

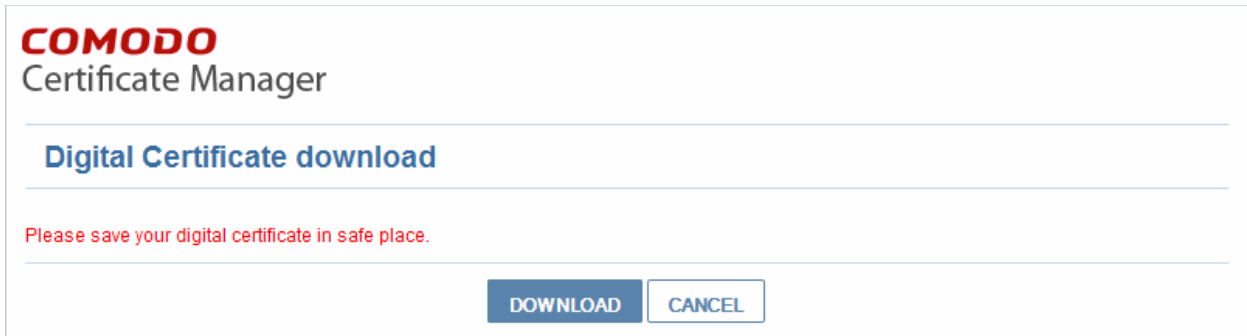
The following address fields...

- Address1;
- Address2;
- Address3;
- City;
- State/Province;
- Postal Code.

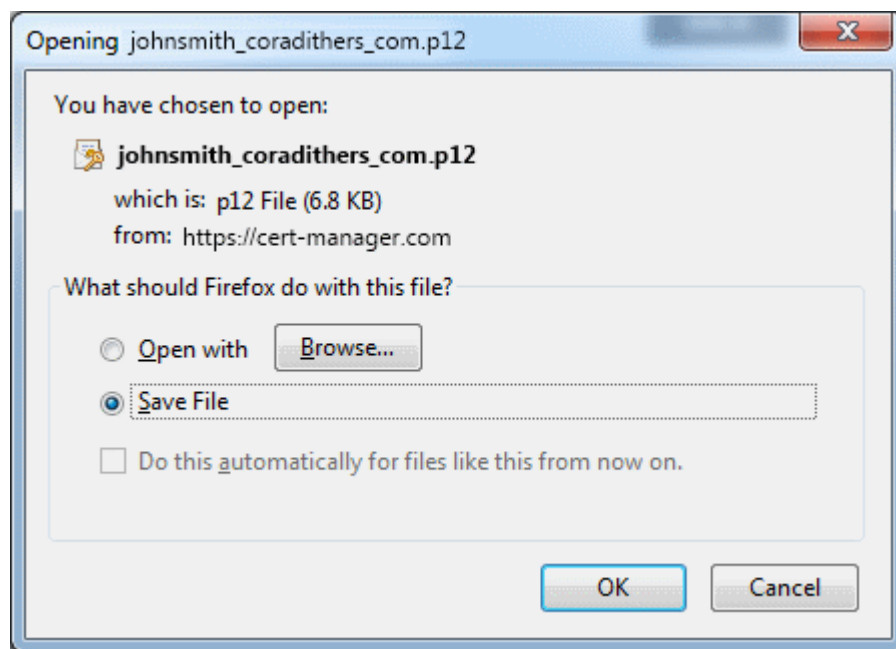
...are automatically populated with the address details of the Organization or Department that the user belongs to. The applicant can choose to remove these details from the client certificate by selecting the 'Remove' check-boxes below beside the corresponding field. The selected details will not be included in the certificate that is issued. The 'View Certificate Details' dialog will state 'Details Omitted' next to these fields.

3.2.5.3.5 Certificate Collection

Upon successful submission of the Account Validation form, a download dialog will be displayed enabling the applicant to download and save the certificate.



The applicant can collect the certificate by clicking 'Download' and save the file in a safe location in his/her computer.



CCM will deliver the certificate to the end-user in PKCS#12 file format (.p12 file). The pass-code specified in the PIN fields is used to protect access to this .p12 file. The end-user will be asked for this PIN when he/she imports the certificate into the certificate store of their machine.

See section '[The Client Certificates Area](#)' for more information regarding end-user and client certificate management.

3.2.6 Revocation of Client Certificates

The client certificates belonging to any end-user can be revoked by two ways:

- The Administrator can revoke the client certificate belonging to any end-user, from the Certs dialog accessible by clicking **Certificates Management** > **Client Certificates** > clicking Certs button at the top after selecting the checkbox beside the end-user's name. See the section '[Certs' Dialog](#)' for more details;
- The end-user can directly revoke their client certificate. See the section [Revocation of Client Certificates by End-Users](#) for more details.

3.2.6.1 Revocation of Client Certificates by End-Users

End-Users can revoke their client certificates on their own, when a necessity arises. On such an occasion, the end-user can request the administrator. The Administrator can direct the end-user to access the revocation interface

hosted at <https://cert-manager.com/customer/Comodo/smime?action=revoke>. The pass-phrase set for the certificate is required for revoking the certificate by the end-user.

3.2.6.1.1 Procedure Overview

1. The end-user requests for access to the self revocation interface to the Administrator.
2. The Administrator directs the end-user to the revocation interface hosted at <https://cert-manager.com/customer/Comodo/smime?action=revoke>
3. The end-user accesses the revocation interface and fills the revocation form with the email address and the pass-phrase set by him/her during self-enrollment or User Registration and submits the form.
4. The client certificate is revoked.

3.2.6.1.2 Revocation form

COMODO
Certificate Manager

S/MIME Certificate Revocation

Email: *

Self Enrollment Passphrase: *

3.2.6.1.3 Form Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Email (required)	Text Field	The end-user should enter their full email address.
Pass Phrase (required)	Text Field	The end-user should enter the pass-phrase of the client certificate. This Pass-phrase must be the same as entered during self enrollment or in the User Registration form .
Revoke	Control	Revokes the certificate
Cancel	Control	Cancel the process.

3.2.7 Viewing End-User's Certificate

Administrators can view the certificates applied for, downloaded by or issued to the end-users from the Client Certificates area.

Selecting the person whose certificate is to be viewed and clicking the 'Certs' button at the top will open the 'Certificates for...' dialog.

Certificates for: johnsmith@coradithers.com

Filter

Send Invitation Invitation not sent **View** Revoke

	ORDERED	REVOKED	EXPIRES	CERTIFICATE TYPE	ORDER NUMBER	SERIAL NUMBER	
<input type="radio"/>	03/19/2015 10:36	03/30/2015 11:11	03/19/2016	High Persona Validated Cert	1305101	38:D4:BE:81:BE:F	Revo
<input type="radio"/>	03/25/2015 16:01	03/30/2015 11:11	03/25/2016	High Persona Validated Cert	1308491	66:A2:E4:63:34:C	Revo
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	03/30/2015 11:46		03/30/2016	High Persona Validated Cert	1311952	1A:74:23:8A:54:8!	Down
<input type="radio"/>	03/30/2015 13:28		03/30/2016	High Persona Validated Cert	1312005	76:DB:5D:33:CB:!	Down

15 rows/page 1 - 4 out of 4

Close

- Select the certificate that you want to view the details and click the 'View' button at the top.

Client Certificate: John Smith <johnsmith@coradithers.com>

State **Downloaded**

Ordered **03/30/2015**

Type **static High Persona Validated Cert**

Certificate Term **1**

Cert subject **John Smith<johnsmith@coradithers.com>**

Principal Name

Address1 **Raleigh Street**

Address2

Address3

City **Riverdale**

State/Province **Alabama**

Postal Code **1234**

Collected **03/30/2015**

Revoked

Expires **03/30/2016**

Order Number **1311952**

Serial Number **1A:74:23:8A:54:85:7A:6F:23:CD:89:28:99:48:B0:45**

Key Escrow **No recovery**

Employee ID **123**

Close

Client Certificate 'View' Dialog - Table of Parameters		
Field	Type	Description
State		Indicates the current status of the certificate.
	Invited	The end-user has been sent an invitation email by the Administrator.
	Requested	The request has been sent to the Certificate Authority (CA) for approval.
	Applied	The end-user has validated the email and applied for the certificate.
	Issued	The certificate was issued by CA and collected by Certificate Manager. A Blue font color (Issued) means that the certificate was issued by CA but was not installed.
	Downloaded	The end-user has downloaded the certificate.
	Revoked	The certificate in question is invalid because it was revoked .
	Expired	The certificate in question is invalid because it's term has expired.
	Rejected	CA rejected the request after validation check.
Ordered	Numeric	Date of the request made by CCM to CA.
Type	Text Field	Type of the client certificate, prefixed with the customer name.
Certificate Term	Text Field	The life term of the certificate
Cert subject	Text Field	Name and email address of the end-user.
Principal Name	Text Field	Principal name included in the certificate.
Address 1: Address 2: Address 3: City: State or Province: Postal Code:	Text Fields	Displays the address of the Organization as mentioned while requesting for the certificate. Only those address fields that were allowed to be displayed while applying for the certificate are shown here and the rest of the fields are displayed as "Details Omitted".
Collected	Numeric	Date of the collection of certificate by CCM from CA.
Revoked	Numeric	Date of the revocation of the certificate.
Expires	Numeric	Expiry date of the certificate.
Order Number	Numeric	Order number of the certificate request made to CA.
Serial Number	Numeric	Serial number of the certificate.
Key Escrow		Indicates whether Key Escrow is available for certificate recovery by the administrator.

3.3 The Code Sign Certificates Area

The Code Signing Certificates area provides administrators with the information and controls necessary to issue and manage the life-cycle of code signing certificates for their respective Organization/Department.

Visibility of the 'Code Signing Certificates' area is restricted to:

- RAO Code Signing administrators - can request, issue and manage the code signing certificates and their end-users of Organizations (and any subordinate Departments) that have been delegated to them.
- DRAO Code Signing administrators - can request, issue and manage the code signing certificates and their end-users of Departments that have been delegated to them.

Note: Comodo also offer the ability for companies to simplify the code signing process using our **Code Signing on Demand** service. The service, available in both hosted and cloud versions, can sign .EXE, .DLL, .CAB, .MSI, .JS, .VBS, .PS1, .OCX, .SYS, .WSF, .CAT, .MSP, .CPL, .EFI. formats. Please contact your **Master Administrator**/Comodo Account Manager if you wish to enable this feature.

NAME	EMAIL	ORDER NUMBER	STATE	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	EXPIRES	CODE SIGNING ON DEMAND
Alfred	alfred@dithercons.com	1502130	Issued	Dithers Construction Company		11/18/2016	<input type="checkbox"/>
Bumpsted Dagwood	bumpsted@dithercons.com	1501523	Issued	Dithers Construction Company		11/17/2016	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Code Sign Certificates area - Table of Parameters

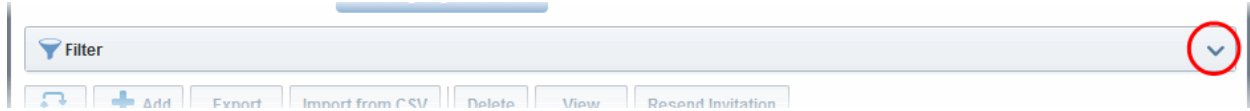
Field Name		Description
Name		Name of the applicant/developer
Email		Email address of the applicant/developer
Order Number		Order number of the certificate request made to CA.
State		Indicates the current status of the certificate.
	Init	Applies only for Code Signing certificates added for Code Signing on Demand (CSD) service. Indicates that the process for issuing the certificate for the developer has been initiated by the CSD service.
	Invited	The applicant has been sent an invitation email by the Administrator
	Requested	The request has been sent to the Certificate Authority (CA) for approval.
	Applied	The applicant has validated the email and applied for the certificate.
	Issued	The certificate was issued by CA and collected by Certificate Manager, but not

Code Sign Certificates area - Table of Parameters		
Field Name		Description
		downloaded by the applicant. For the certificates issued for CSD, the agent will automatically download the certificate.
	Downloaded	The applicant has downloaded the certificate.
	Revoked	The certificate in question is invalid because it was revoked .
	Expired	The certificate in question is invalid because it's term has expired.
	Rejected	CA rejected the request after validation check.
Organization		Name of the Organization to which the applicant belongs.
Department		Name of the Department to which the applicant belongs.
Expires		Expiry date of the certificate.
Code Signing on Demand		Indicates whether the certificate is enrolled for CSD service or not. Note: This column is displayed only if Code Signing on Demand is enabled for your account.
Control Buttons	Add	Allows the administrator to add new end-user for the process of issuing code signing certificate
	Export	Allows administrators to save the list of code signing certificates in CSV format
	Import from CSV	Allows administrators to import a list of code signing certificates into Comodo CM in comma separated values (.csv) format.
	Refresh	Updates the currently displayed list of users. Will remove any users that have been recently deleted and add any that have been recently created. Will update details such as Organization, email etc if those details have recently changed.
Certificate Control Buttons Note: The types of certificate control buttons that are displayed above the table header depends on the state of the selected certificate	View	Allows to view information about the certificate (see Code Sign certificate "View" dialog description)
	Resend Invitation	Re-sends the invitation email to the applicant (thus validating the applicant's email address and enabling them to request their certificate)
	Revoke	Revokes the certificate.
	Delete	Deletes the certificate

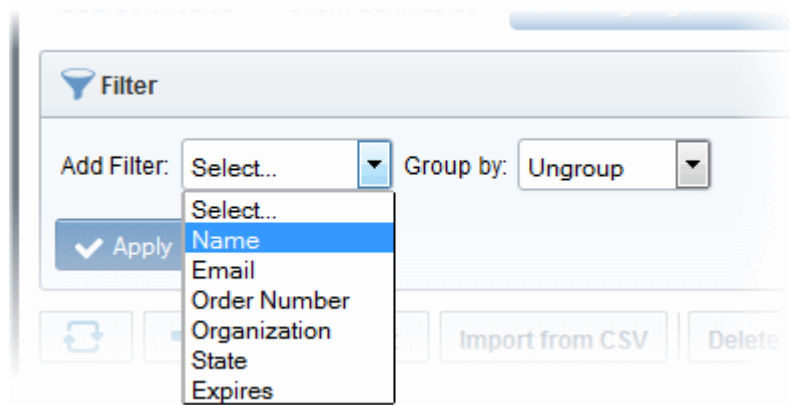
3.3.1 Sorting and Filtering Options

- Clicking on a column header sorts the items in the alphabetical order of the entries in the respective column.

Administrators can search for particular code signing certificate by using filters.

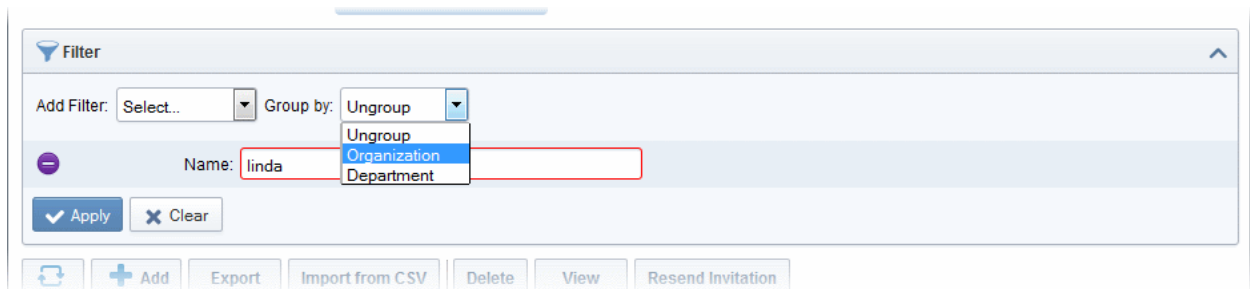


To apply filters, click on the down arrow at the right end of the 'Filters' stripe. The filter options will be displayed. You can add filters by selecting from the options in the 'Add Filter' drop-down and group the selection with other options that appears depending on the selection from the 'Add Filter' drop-down.



For example, if you want to filter the certificates with 'Name' and group with 'Organization', select 'Name' from the 'Add Filter' drop-down:

- Enter part or full name in the Name field.
- Select 'Organization' from the 'Group by' drop-down.



- Click the 'Apply' button.

The filtered items based on the entered parameters will be displayed.

- To remove the filter options, click the 'Clear' button.

Note: The search filters once configured for the interface will be automatically saved. When you are re-opening the 'Code Signing Certificates' interface in future, the configured filters will be in action and only the search results will be displayed. If you do not want the filters to be saved, click the 'Clear' button.

3.3.2 Code Sign Certificates View Dialog

Clicking the 'View' button after selecting a certificate listed in the Code Sign Certificates tab will open a panel containing a summary of that certificate's details.

Code Signing Certificate ✕

Name **Bumpsted Dagwood**

State **Issued**

Order Number **1501523**

Email **bumpsted@dithercons.com**

Contact email

Organization **Dithers Construction Company**

Term **1 year**

Invited

Requested **11/17/2015**

Collected **11/17/2015**

Downloaded

Expires **11/17/2016**

Serial Number **C7:F0:F5:7E:46:B5:6B:6A:0D:9C:D2:B0:36:66:53:96**

Suspend Notifications

Close

Code Sign Certificate 'View' Dialog - Table of Parameters

Field Element	Type	Description
Name	Text Field	Name of the applicant.
State		Indicates the current status of the certificate.
	Invited	The applicant has been sent an invitation email by the Administrator
	Requested	The request has been sent to the Certificate Authority (CA) for approval.
	Applied	The applicant has validated the email and applied for the certificate.
	Issued	The certificate was issued by CA and collected by Certificate Manager, but not downloaded by the end-user.
	Downloaded	The end-user has downloaded the certificate.
	Revoked	The certificate in question is invalid because it was revoked .
	Expired	The certificate in question is invalid because it's term has expired.
	Rejected	CA rejected the request after validation check.
Order Number	Numeric	Order number of the certificate request made to CA.
Email	Text Field	End-user's email address.
Contact Email	Text Field	Contact email address or alternative email address of the applicant. The contact email address may be the customer facing email address like support@company.com, sales@company.com etc.

Code Sign Certificate 'View' Dialog - Table of Parameters		
Organization	Text Field	Name of the Organization to which the end-user belongs.
Term	Numeric	The life term of the certificate
Invited	Numeric	Date at which invitation was sent to the end-user
Requested	Numeric	Date of the request made by CCM to CA
Collected	Numeric	Date of the collection of certificate by CCM from CA
Downloaded	Numeric	Date of download of certificate by the end-user
Expires	Numeric	Expiry date of the certificate.
Serial Number	Numeric	The serial number of the certificate as assigned by the CA.
Suspend Notifications	Checkbox	Selecting this checkbox will disable all the automated notifications for events like certificate download, expiry, revocation from the CCM to the administrator and the end-user, for this certificate.

3.3.3 Adding Certificates to be Managed

There are several methods of adding certificates to the Code Sign Certificates area of Certificate Manager.

- **Manually adding certificates**
- **Loading multiple certificates from a comma separated values (.csv) file**
- **Auto Creation of end-users by initiating self enrollment**

3.3.3.1 Manually Adding Certificates

The code signing certificates for both 'Code Signing on Demand' (CSD) and manual signing can be added from the 'Certificates' > 'Code Signing Certificates' interface.

- Click 'Certificates' > 'Code Signing Certificates'
- Click the 'Add' button to open the 'Add New Code Signing Certificate' form.

Add New Code Signing Certificate ✕

*-required fields

Organization

Department

Domain

Email Address* @dthercons.com

Term

Full Name*

Contact email ⓘ

Code Signing on Demand ⓘ

Signature Algorithm

Key Size

Subscriber Agreement

EULA

I agree.* *Scroll to bottom of the agreement to activate check box.*

Add New Code Signing Certificate dialog - Table of parameters		
Field	Type	Description
Organization	Drop-down	Select the Organization to which the applicant belongs.
Department	Drop-down	Select the Department to which the applicant belongs.
Domain	Drop-down	Select the domain pertaining to the Department
Term	Drop-down	Select the term of the certificate.
Email Address	Text field	Enter the email address of the applicant.
Full Name	Text field	Full name of the applicant.

Add New Code Signing Certificate dialog - Table of parameters		
Field	Type	Description
Contact Email	Text field	Enter the contact email address of the applicant that should be included in the certificate. The contact email address may be the customer facing email address like support@company.com, sales@company.com etc.
Code Signing on Demand	Checkbox	Select this checkbox, if you wish to issue this certificate to the developer for Code Signing on Demand (CSD). Prerequisites: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Comodo Code Signing service should have been setup for your account The applicant should have been added as a 'Developer' to CCM. Refer to the next chapter Code Signing on Demand for more details. Note: This option will be available only if CSD service is enabled for your account.
Signature Algorithm	Drop-down	Appears only if 'Code Signing on Demand' is selected. Choose the signature algorithm to be used by the certificate.
Keysize	Drop-down	Appears only if 'Code Signing on Demand' is selected. Choose the key-size (in bits) by the certificate.
Subscriber Agreement	Text field	Appears only if 'Code Signing on Demand' is selected. Displays the End-User License Agreement (EULA) for the certificate. Read through the EULA and accept to it by selecting the 'I agree' checkbox for the application to proceed.

- Complete the 'Add New Code Signing Certificate' form.
- Click 'OK'.

If the applicant is an existing user, the corresponding certificate will be automatically added to CCM. If the applicant is a new user, an invitation mail will be sent to initiate self enroll.

3.3.3.2 Loading Multiple Certificates from a Comma Separated Values (.csv) File

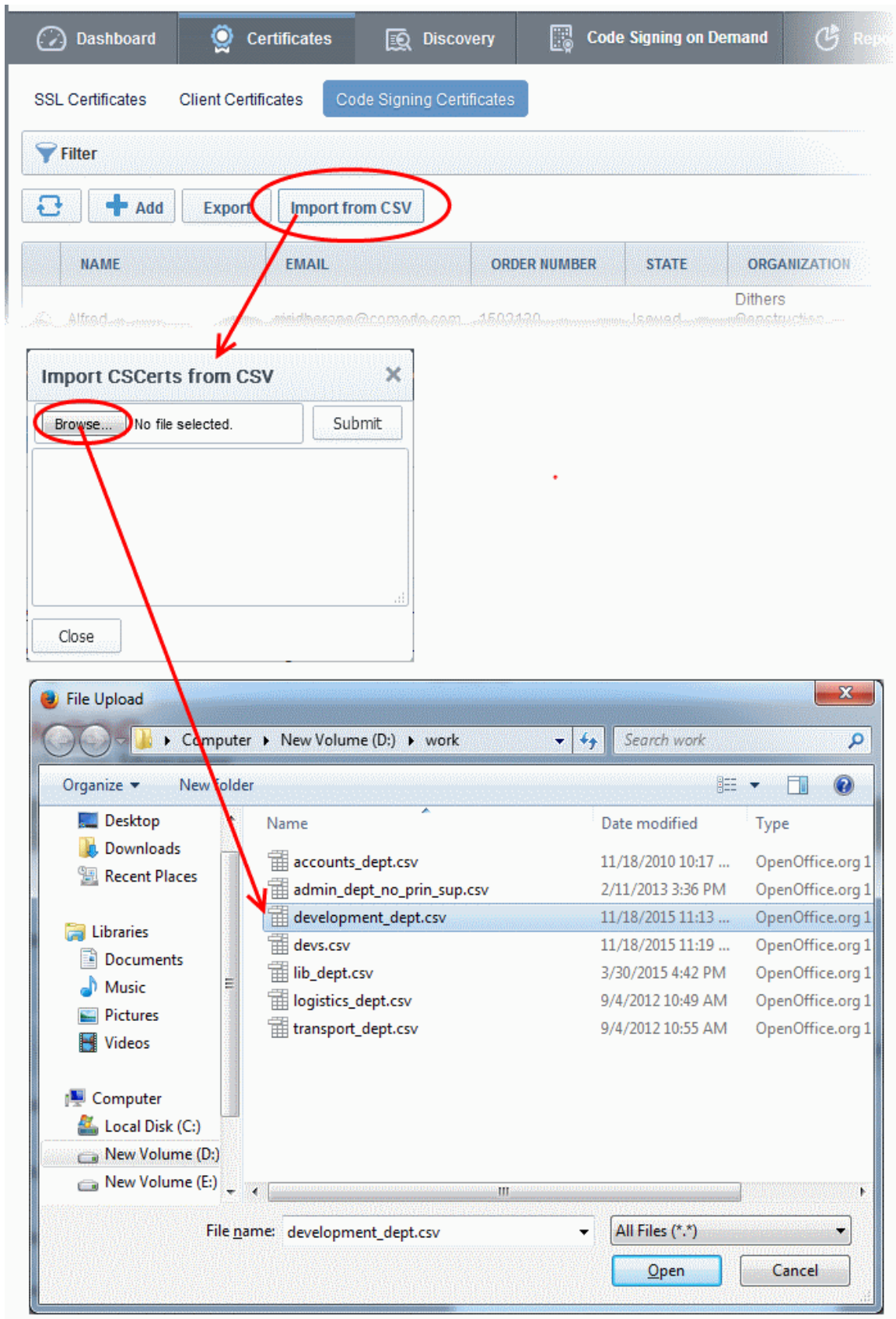
Administrators can import a list of code signing certificates into Comodo Certificate Manager in comma separated values (.csv) format. After importing the list, the certificates belonging to existing users will be automatically added and invitation emails will be sent to new users automatically to initiate the self enrollment process, Refer to **Request and issuance of code signing certificates** for more details on self enrollment.

Note: Only the certificates for manual signing can be added by importing the users from a .csv file. The developers for issuance of certificates for 'Code Signing on Demand' cannot be imported from a .csv file.

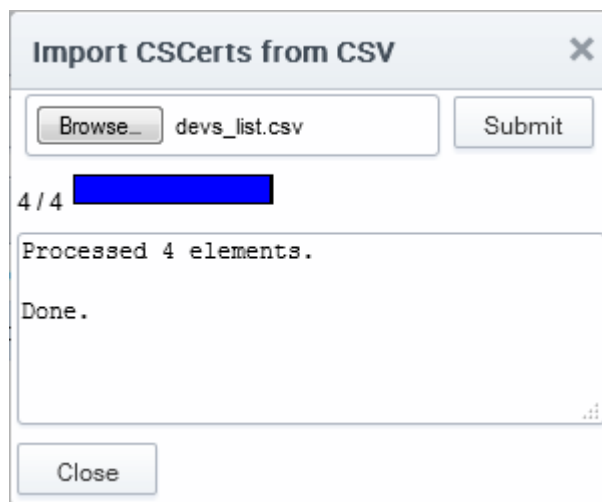
3.3.3.2.1 Procedure Overview

Summary of required steps for adding certificates by loading a .csv file:

1. Administrator generates a .csv file using containing a list of the certificates. .csv files can be exported directly from spreadsheet programs such as Excel or Open Office Calc.



An import status dialog box is displayed. You will see a progress bar indicating that information is being uploaded. On successful completion, all the imported data will appear in the list of certificates in 'Code Sign Certificates' and 'Organization' areas.



3.3.3.3 Auto Creation of End-Users by Initiating Self Enrollment

Certificates issued to end-users by the self enrollment process are automatically added to the 'Certificate Management - Code Sign Certificates' area. For more details see: [Request and issuance of code signing certificates](#).

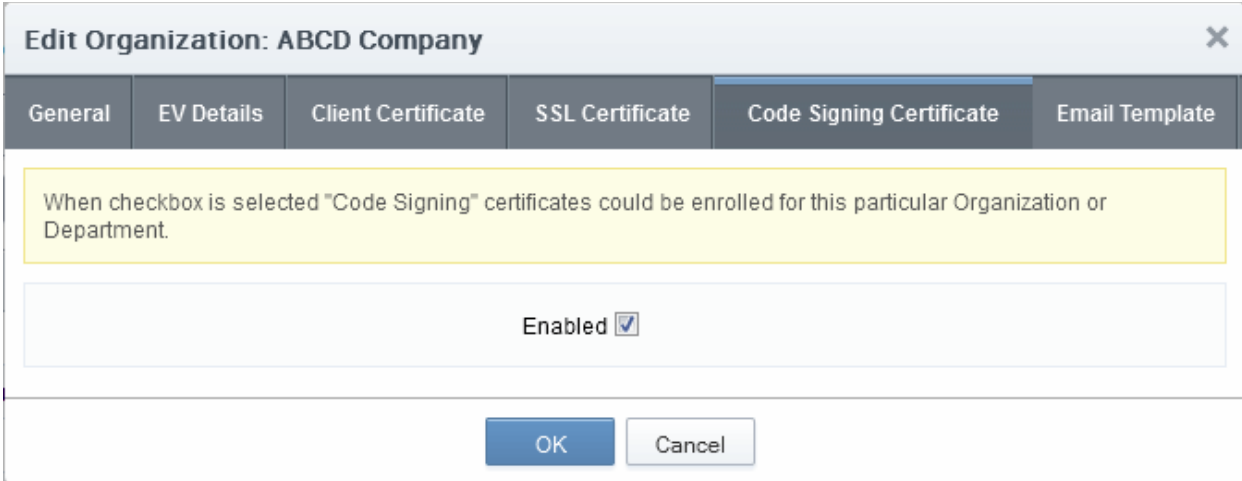
3.3.4 Request and Issuance of Code Signing Certificates

3.3.4.1 Prerequisites

- The domain for which the code signing certificate is to be issued has been enabled for Code Signing certificates, has been pre-validated by Comodo CA and that the domain has been made activate by your Comodo account manager. (i.e. if you wish to issue code signing certs to end-user@mycompany.com, then mycompany.com must have been pre-validated by Comodo.) All certificate requests made on 'pre-validated' domains or sub-domains thereof are issued automatically.

However, if you request a certificate for a brand new domain, then this domain will first have to undergo validation by Comodo CA. Once validated, this new domain will be added to your list of pre-validated domains and future certificates will be issued immediately.

- The domain from which the client certificates are to be issued has been delegated to the Organization or Department. See [Editing an Existing Organization](#) for more details on adding a domain to an Organization.
- The RAO Code Signing or DRAO Code Signing administrator has been delegated control of this Organization or Department
- The delegated RAO administrator has enabled Code Signing Certificates for the Organization by selecting the 'Enabled' checkbox in the '[Code Signing tab](#)' of the 'Add New/Edit' Organizations dialog box (see screen-shot below)



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Edit Organization: ABCD Company" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. Below the title bar is a tabbed interface with six tabs: "General", "EV Details", "Client Certificate", "SSL Certificate", "Code Signing Certificate" (which is selected and highlighted), and "Email Template". A yellow highlighted text box contains the instruction: "When checkbox is selected 'Code Signing' certificates could be enrolled for this particular Organization or Department." Below this box is a checkbox labeled "Enabled" which is checked. At the bottom of the dialog are two buttons: "OK" and "Cancel".

3.3.4.2 Procedure Overview

The Code Signing Certificates can be provisioned to the employees and end-users using a self-enrollment process.

Overview of stages

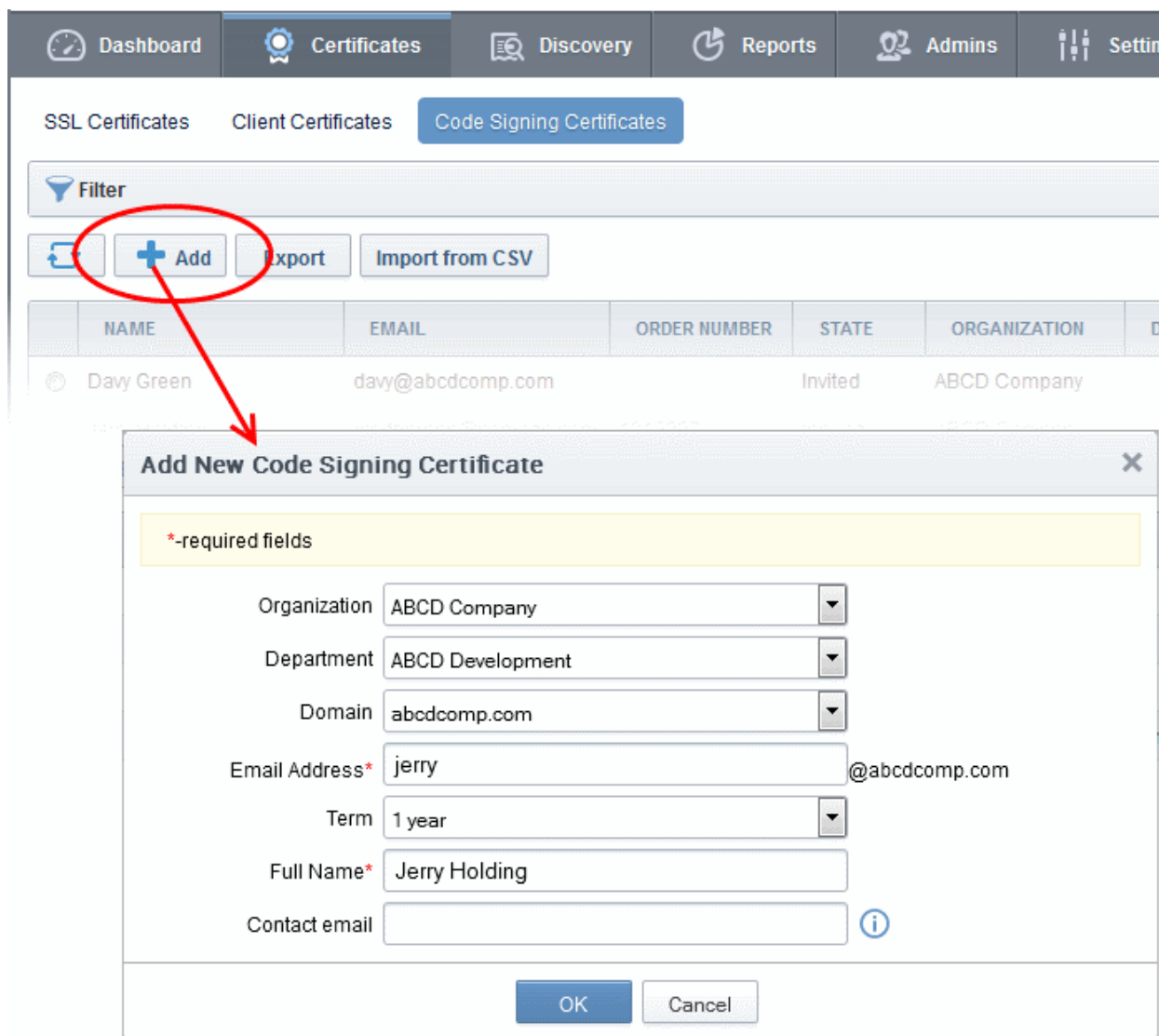
- The delegated RAO or DRAO Administrator confirms completion of the **prerequisite steps**.
- The Administrator sends an invitation email to the applicant for enrollment.
- Applicant validates the email address, completes the online form for auto-generation of CSR and requests for the certificate.
- The certificate request is sent to Comodo CA servers by CCM.
- If the application is successful, CCM sends an email with a download link to the applicant, enabling to download the certificate.
- The certificate will be automatically added to the applicant account in CCM and will be manageable from the 'Code Sign Certificates' area.

3.3.4.3 Initiating the Enrollment Process

After completing the **prerequisite steps**, Administrators need to send an invitation to the end-user.

To send invitation and initiate the process

- Click the Add button from the 'Code Sign Certificates' area.



Add New Code Signing Certificate dialog - Table of parameters

Field	Type	Description
Organization	Drop-down	Select the Organization to which the applicant belongs.
Department	Drop-down	Select the Department to which the applicant belongs.
Domain	Drop-down	Select the domain pertaining to the Department
Term	Drop-down	Select the term of the certificate.
Email Address*	Text field	Enter the email address of the applicant. The invitation message will be sent to this address. This will be validated before commencing the request process.
Full Name*	Text field	Enter the Full name of the applicant.
Contact Email	Text field	Enter the contact email address of the applicant that should be included in the certificate. The contact email address may be the customer facing email address like support@company.com, sales@company.com etc.

Note: Fields marked with * are mandatory.

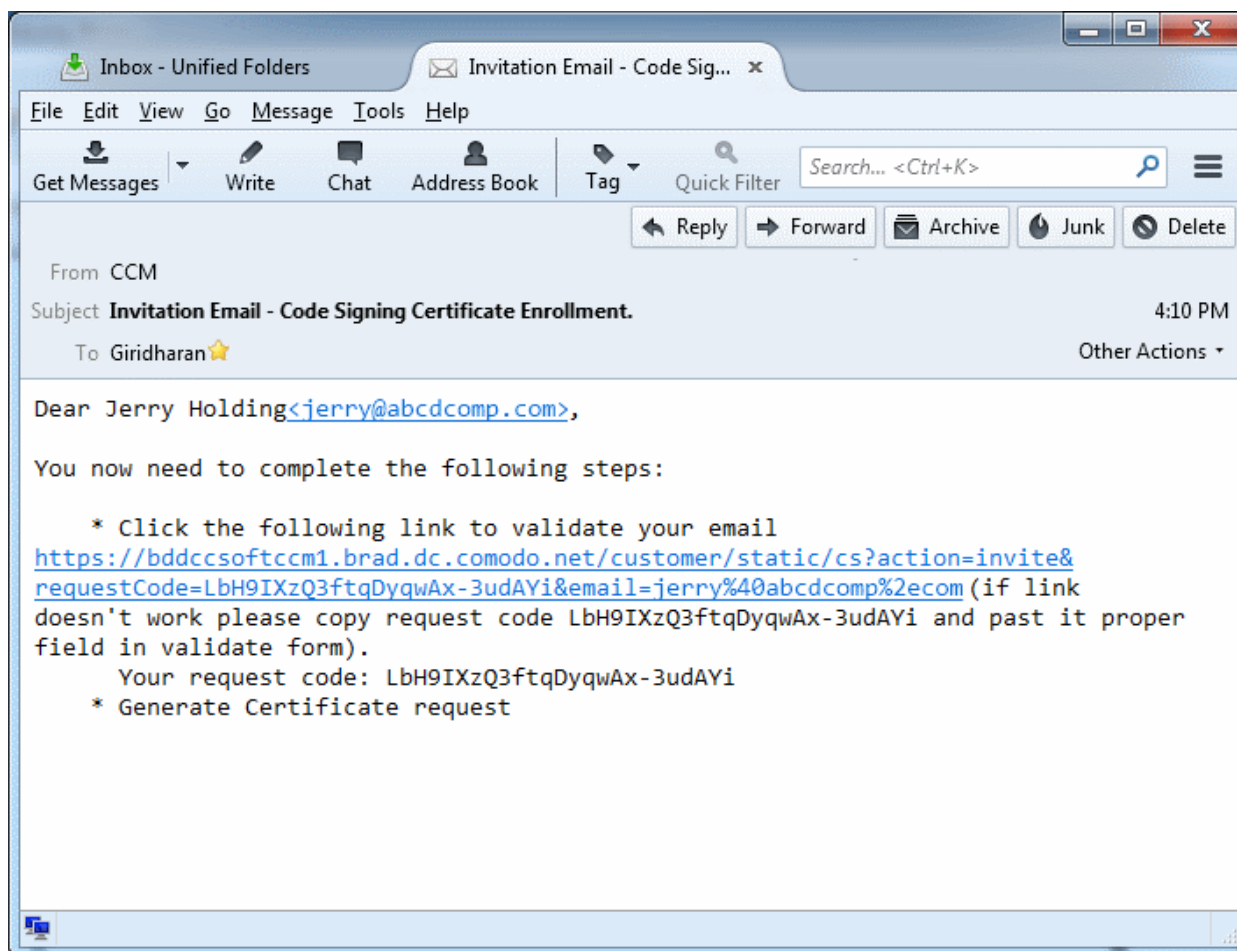
- Fill the necessary details and click 'OK'.

An invitation email will be automatically sent to the applicant. The certificate status will be set to 'INVITED' and added to 'Code Signing Certificates' area of CCM.

Note: For the new applicants added by **importing a .csv file**, the invitations will be sent automatically.

3.3.4.4 Validation of Email address and Requisition

The applicant will receive an invitation email with a link to validate his/her email address. An example is shown below.



Note: It is possible for administrators to modify the contents of these emails in the 'Email Templates' area under the 'Organizations > Edit' tab.

Upon clicking the link in the mail, the email address will be validated and the applicant will be taken to user registration form.

COMODO Certificate Manager

User Registration

Code: *

Email: *

Private Key Options

Key Size (bits):

Subscriber Agreement:

CERTIFICATE MANAGER SOFTWARE. BY USING, APPLYING FOR, ACCESSING, OR PURCHASING A CERTIFICATE MANAGER ACCOUNT OR USING OR ACCESSING CERTIFICATE MANAGER OR BY ACCEPTING THIS AGREEMENT BY CLICKING ON "I ACCEPT" BELOW, YOU ACKNOWLEDGE THAT YOU HAVE READ THIS LICENSE AGREEMENT AND THAT YOU UNDERSTAND IT, THAT YOU AGREE TO AND ACCEPT THE TERMS AS PRESENTED HEREIN. IF YOU DO NOT AGREE TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THIS AGREEMENT, DO NOT APPLY FOR, ACCEPT, OR CREATE A CERTIFICATE MANAGER ACCOUNT OR USE OR ACCESS CERTIFICATE MANAGER AND CLICK "DECLINE" BELOW.

The terms and conditions set forth below (the "Agreement") constitute a binding agreement between you (the "Company" or "you") and Comodo CA Limited ("Comodo") with respect to your or your employee's creation and use of your Certificate Manager account and the related

PRINT

I Agree*

Scroll to bottom of the agreement to activate check box.

When you click the button below, your browser will generate a new private key.

GENERATE

Form Parameters


Form Element	Type	Description
Code (required)	Text Field	The Code field will be auto-populated with the certificate request code, on clicking the validation link in the email. If not, the end-user can copy the request code from the email and paste in this field.
Email (required)	Text Field	The email address of the applicant. This field will be auto-populated.
Advanced Private Key Options	CSP	The applicant can select the cryptographic service provider for the certificate from the drop-down (Default = Microsoft Cryptographic Provider v1.0)
	Key Size	The applicant can select the key size for the private key of the certificate (Default = 2048 bit) Note: The private key is generated locally by the crypto module of the

Form Element	Type	Description
		browser/ operating system. The key never leaves the computer and no copy is ever transmitted to the certificate issuer. Comodo does not collect a copy of the private key at any time and cannot be recovered if it is lost. The certificate is useless without it. Hence the end-users are strongly advised to backup their private key, during certificate installation process.
	Exportable	<i>Checkbox</i> The applicant can choose whether or not the certificate is exportable.
	User Protected	<i>Checkbox</i> If enabled, you will be asked to set password and security levels during the certificate collection process. Windows will prompt you for a password and/or your permission every time you access your certificate to code sign.
Subscriber Agreement (required)	<i>Checkbox</i>	Applicant must accept the terms and conditions before submitting the form.
Generate	<i>Control</i>	Starts the certificate generation process.

The applicant needs to fill-in the form, accept to the subscriber agreement by reading it and selecting the checkbox 'I Agree' and click the 'Generate' button. The certificate request will be automatically generated and a request will be sent to CCM.

COMODO
Certificate Manager

Info

 Your application was accepted, you will be notified by email when your certificate is ready for collection

The certificate status will be set to 'REQUESTED' in the Code Sign Certificates area. CCM will process the request and send a certificate request to Comodo CA Server. The certificate status will be set to 'APPLIED'

3.3.4.5 Downloading and Installing the Certificate

The CCM will collect the certificate from the server and send a notification mail to the applicant with a link to download the certificate. The certificate status will be changed to 'ISSUED' in Code Sign Certificates area. The applicant can follow the link and download the certificate. The certificate status will be changed to 'DOWNLOADED' in CCM. The certificate can be installed by the applicant and used to digitally sign the executables.

3.4 The Device Certificates Area

3.4.1 Overview

The 'Device Certificates' area allows administrators to manage certificates issued to devices that have been enrolled to CCM via Active Directory or by self-enrollment. In addition to the request and issuance of device certificates,

CCM is capable of issuing certificates from Private Certificate Authorities. Please contact your **Master Administrator** to add a Private CA to your account.

Note: Device certificates are not enabled by default. Please contact your **Master Administrator**/Comodo account manager if you would like to add them to your account.

Device certificates can be issued via Active Directory/NDES, SCEP, self enrollment or by API. See '**Request and Issuance of Device Certificates**' for more details.

Visibility of the 'Device Certificates' area is restricted to:

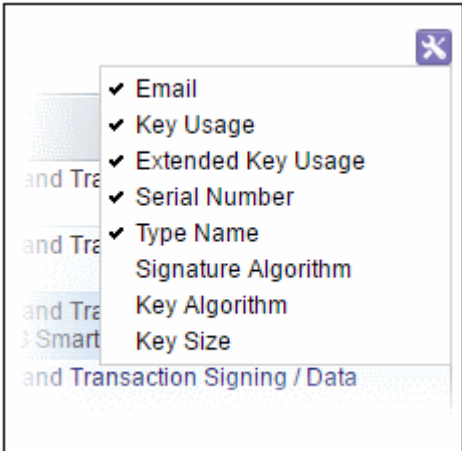
- RAO Device Cert administrators - can view the device certificates of Organizations (and any subordinate Departments) that have been delegated to them.
- DRAO Device Cert administrators- can view the device certificates of Departments that have delegated to them.

COMMON NAME	ORDER NUMBER	EMAIL	STATUS	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	EXPIRES	KEY USAGE
comodo.com	61025763	gr@comodo.com	Issued	Ditlers Construction Company		04/11/2019	Digital Signature
comodotest	60316903	john.brown@comodo.com	Downloaded	Comodo SE	SE Support	04/08/2018	Digital Signature
comodotest	60312966	john.brown@comodo.com	Downloaded	Comodo SE	SE Support	04/08/2018	Digital Signature
98ac1b76-80b7-4a77-89c7-a3920a9e1be9	55053229		Revoked	Comodo SE		03/07/2019	Digital Signature
clofcswin10.comododev.com	53986797		Applied	Comodo SE	SE Support		
clofcswin10.comododev.com	53978940		Applied	Comodo SE	SE Support		
clofcsadcs.comododev.com	53310666		Downloaded	Comodo SE	SE Support	02/25/2018	Digital Signature
clofcswin10.comododev.com	53304680		Downloaded	Comodo SE	SE Support	02/25/2018	Digital Signature
clofcswin10.comododev.com	53303738		Downloaded	Comodo SE	SE Support	02/25/2018	Digital Signature

'Device Certificates' table

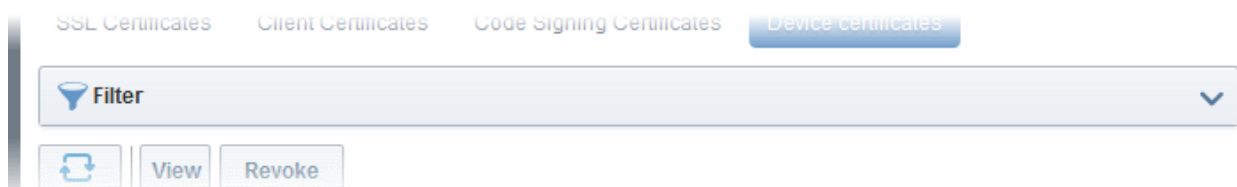
Column Name	Description
Common Name	The name of the device for which the certificate was issued . The device name is used as the 'Common Name' in the Device Certificate itself.
Order Number	The order number of the certificate.
Email	The email address of the applicant that was provided during self-enrollment.
Status	The current status of the certificate:
	Awaiting Approval A device certificate request has been placed with CCM using the self-enrollment method.
	Requested A device certificate request has been placed with CCM by either (i) the MS Agent installed on the AD server to which the device is enrolled (ii) by the device through SCEP or (iii) through an API call by the Mobile Device Manager

'Device Certificates' table		
Column Name		Description
		(MDM) software used by the Organization. Administrators can "View", "Edit", "Approve", "Decline" or 'Revoke' the request.
	Declined	A certificate request made using the self-enrollment form has been rejected by one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> An RAO Device Cert administrator can decline certificate requests for Organizations of which they have been delegated control. An DRAO Device Cert administrator can decline certificate requests for Departments of which they have been delegated control.
	Applied	The request has been approved and sent to Comodo CA.
	Issued	The certificate has been issued by Comodo CA and collected by CCM.
	Downloaded	The certificate has been downloaded by the MS agent or the device.
	Expired	The certificate is invalid because its term has expired.
	Revoked	The certificate is invalid because it was revoked.
	Rejected	The certificate request was declined by the administrator.
Organization		Name of the Organization that the certificate belongs to.
Department		Name of the Department that the certificate belongs to (if applicable)
Expires		Expiration date of the certificate.
Key Usage		Indicates the purposes of the certificate. Purposes include signing, non repudiation, authentication, encryption and more.
Extended Key Usage		Indicates the extended capabilities of the certificate.
Serial Number		Unique number which identifies the certificate.
Type Name		The name of the device certificate.
<p>Note: The administrator can add more column headers from the drop-down button beside the last item in the column:</p>		

'Device Certificates' table		
Column Name		Description
		
Signature Algorithm		Displays the signature algorithm of the public key of the certificate.
Key Algorithm		Displays the type of algorithm used for the encryption.
Key Size		Displays the key size used by certificate for the encryption.
Control Buttons	Refresh	Updates the currently displayed list of certificates.
Certificate Control Buttons Note: The types of certificate control buttons that are displayed in the table header depends on the state of the selected certificate	View	Displays a summary of details about the selected certificate. (see the description under 'Viewing Device Certificate Details').
	Approve / Decline	Enables administrators to approve or decline the certificate request via self enrollment.
	Delete	Enables administrators to delete the certificate.
	Revoke	Enables administrators to revoke the certificate.
	Resend Collection Link	Enables administrators to resend the device certificate collection email. See section ' Resending Device Certificate Collection Email ' for more details.

3.4.1.1 Sorting and Filtering Options

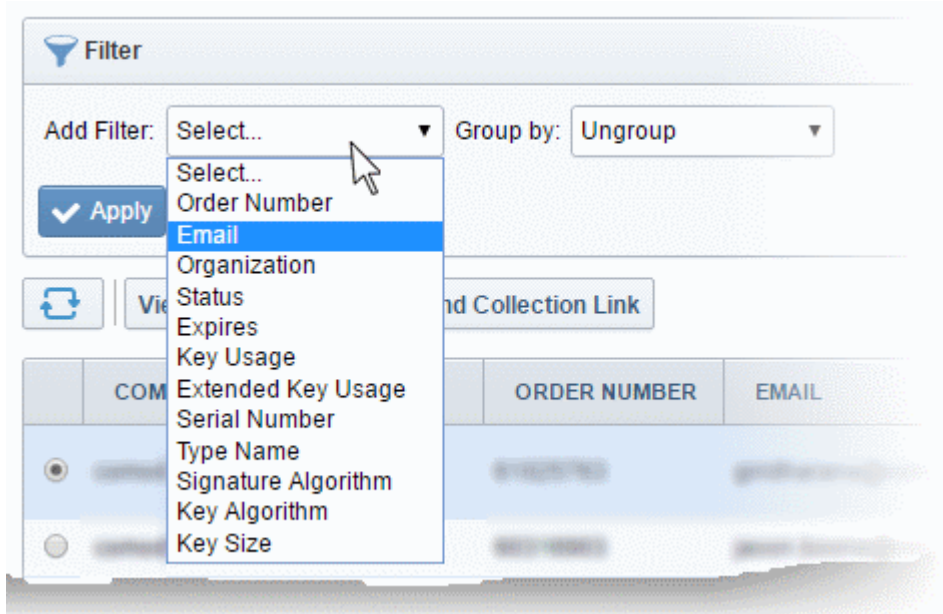
- Clicking on any column header except the 'Common Name' sorts items in alphabetical order.
- Administrators can search for particular device certificates using filters.



To apply filters, click anywhere on the 'Filters' stripe. The filter options will be displayed. You can add filters by selecting from the options in the 'Add Filter' drop-down and group the results with other options that appears depending on the selection from the 'Add Filter' drop-down.

To add a filter

- Select a filter criteria from the 'Add Filter' drop-down



- Enter or select the filter parameter as per the selected criteria.



The available filter criteria and their filter parameters are given in the following table:

Filter Criteria	Filter Parameter
Order Number	Search for a particular order number.
Email	Find certificates by applicant email address
Organization	Find certificates belonging to a specific Organization and/or Department
Status	Filter by certificate status.
Expires	Find certificates which expire within a certain number of days.
Key Usage	Filter certificates by their key usage capabilities

Extended Key Usage	Filter certificates by their extended key usage capabilities
Serial Number	Enter the serial number of the certificate in full or part.
Type Name	Filter certificates by their type.
Signature Algorithm	Filter by signature algorithm of the certificate
Key Algorithm	Filter by key algorithm of the certificate
Key Size	Filter by key size in bits

Tip: You can add more than one filter at a time to narrow down your search. To remove a filter criteria, click the '-' button to the left if it.

- Select the criteria by which the results are to be grouped from the 'Group by' drop-down and enter or select the grouping parameter

For example, to find certificates whose type names start with 'test' and to group the results by status:

- Select 'Type Name' from the 'Add Filter' drop-down and enter 'test'.
- Select 'Status' from the 'Group by' drop-down.
- To remove the filter options, click the 'Clear' button.

Note: The search filters once configured for the interface will be automatically saved. When you re-open the 'Device certificates' interface in future, the configured filters will be in action and only the search results will be displayed. If you do not want the filters to be saved, click the 'Clear' button before exiting.

3.4.1.2 Viewing Certificate Details

Click the 'View' button after selecting a certificate in the 'Device Certificates' tab to open a panel containing a summary of that certificate's details.

Device Certificate
✕

Details

Email **fiatliena@gmail.com**
 State **Downloaded**
 Order Number **1676179**
 Organization **Bar**
 Department
 Requested **01/16/2017**
 Collected **01/16/2017**
 Downloaded **01/16/2017**
 Expires **01/17/2019**
 Serial Number **08:13:DB:F8:D7:B8:DD:38:44:4D:1C:1F:BB:C4:FF:F
D**
 Key Usage **Digital Signature
Key Encipherment**
 Extended Key Usage **1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.4
1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.2**

Optional fields

State or province name **Tamil Nadu**
 Country name **IN**
 Organization name **Dithers**
 Organization unit name **Marketing**
 Locality name **Chennai**
 Common name **Demo-NDES**
 Suspend Notifications

Close

Device Certificate 'View' Dialog - Table of Parameters		
Field Element	Value	Description
Name		The name of the certificate as populated in the Common Name field.
State	Awaiting Approval	A device certificate request has been placed with CCM using the self-enrollment method.
	Requested	A request has been received for the certificate. Requests need to be approved by the administrator.
	Declined	A certificate request made using the self-enrollment form has been rejected by an administrator.
	Applied	The request has been approved and sent to Comodo CA.

Device Certificate 'View' Dialog - Table of Parameters

	Issued	The certificate has been issued by the CA and collected by CCM.
	Downloaded	The certificate has been downloaded by the MS agent or the device.
	Expired	The certificate in question is invalid because its term has expired.
	Revoked	The certificate in question is invalid because it was revoked .
	Rejected	CA rejected the request after a validation check.
Order Number	Numeric	Order number of the certificate.
Organization	Text Field	Name of the Organization to which the device certificate belongs.
Department	Text Field	Name of the Department to which the device certificate belongs.
Requested	Numeric	Date the certificate request was sent to Comodo CA from CCM.
Collected	Numeric	Date the certificate was collected by CCM from Comodo CA
Downloaded	Numeric	Date the certificate was downloaded by the end-user
Expires	Numeric	Expiry date of the certificate.
Serial Number	Numeric	The serial number of the certificate as assigned by the CA.
Key Usage	Text Field	Displays the key usage capabilities
Extended Key Usage	Numeric	Displays the extended key usage capabilities
Optional fields	Text Fields	Available for certificates applied for via the self-enrollment method. Displays details such as organization name, common name and more.
Suspend Notifications	Checkbox	Will disable automatic notifications to administrators and end users for events like certificate download, expiry and revocation.

3.4.2 Request and Issuance of Device Certificates

Device Certificates can be issued to devices in four ways:

- **Through Active Directory** - The device certificates can be requested for and issued to devices that are enrolled to the Active Directories added to CCM, through Network Device Enrollment Service (NDES). See the section for **Issuance of Device Certificates through Active Directory** more details.
- **Through SCEP** - CCM has the SCEP server integrated. Administrators can push a configuration profile to the devices for enrollment of certificates to CCM. See the section for **Issuance of Device Certificates through SCEP** more details.
- **Through API Integration** - Mobile Device Management (MDM) solutions can be integrated to CCM through API. Administrators can apply configuration profiles to managed devices to enroll for certificates to CCM. For details on API integration refer to the document at https://help.comodo.com/uploads/helpers/CCM_Device_Cert_Enroll_API.pdf
- **Through Self Enrollment** - Device certificates can be requested by applicants using the self-enrollment form. Administrators can provide links to the self-enrollment form to external applicants. See **Issuance of Device Certificate through Self-Enrollment** for more details.

3.4.2.1 Issuance of Device Certificates through Active Directory

Prerequisites:

- The Active Directory Certificate Service (AD CS) has been installed on the AD server with NDES role
- The AD server has been added to CCM by installing the MS Agent and must be connected. The Agent must have been enabled as CA Proxy during its installation. For more details on AD integration, contact your **Master Administrator**/Comodo Account Manager.
- An RAO/DRAO Device Cert administrator has been delegated control of this Organization or Department

Procedure Overview:

- The AD Domain Administrator creates a Group Policy Object (GPO) with a certificate template and applies to the devices.
- The Devices generate the certificate request and forward them to NDES configured with the MS Agent as CA Proxy.
- NDES forwards the certificate requests to the MS Agent. The Agent creates certificate requests and forwards them to CCM.
- The certificate requests are added to the Certificates > Device Certificates interface for Approval. The state of the certificate will be 'Requested'.
- A RAO or DRAO with appropriate privileges approves the request so that CCM forwards the request to Comodo CA. The status of the certificate changes to 'Applied'. Upon issuance of the certificate, CCM collects the certificates. The status of the certificate will change to 'Issued'.
- The MS Agent tracks the order. Once the certificate is issued, the Agent downloads the certificates and forwards them to NDES server. The status of the certificate is changed to 'Downloaded'
- The NDES server pushes the certificates to the target devices.

External References:

For an overview of basic deployment steps for NDES, see the page: <https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh831498.aspx>.

For detailed explanation of deployment of NDES, see the page:

<http://social.technet.microsoft.com/wiki/contents/articles/9063.network-device-enrollment-service-ndes-in-active-directory-certificate-services-ad-cs.aspx>

3.4.2.2 Issuance of Device Certificates through SCEP

CCM allows administrators to issue device certificates by creating configuration profiles which are pushed to target devices. The configuration profile can be created using software like the iOS Configuration Utility.

To issue device certificates through SCEP, new device certificate types are to be created and enabled for SCEP enrollment. Each device certificate type is assigned with a Device Type ID to identify it in the configuration profile applied to the devices. For creation of new device certificate types on your CCM account, please contact your **Master Administrator**.

Prerequisites:

1. Private CAs must be enabled for your account in order to add device certificate types. Please contact your **Master Administrator** / Comodo account manager for more details.
2. SCEP enrollment needs to be enabled for an Organization/Department and an access code specified. This can be done by editing an Organization/ adding a new or editing a Department.

To enable SCEP enrollment for an Organization:

- Click the 'Settings' tab and choose 'Organizations'

- In the 'Organizations' screen, click the 'Add' button or select an organization and click the 'Edit' button
- In the 'Edit Organization' dialog, click the 'Device Certificate' tab.
- Check the 'SCEP Enabled' checkbox:

Edit Organization: Dithers Construction Company

General | EV Details | Client Certificate | SSL Certificate | Code Signing Certificate | **Device Certificate** | Email Template

Self Enrollment

URI Extension*
<https://cert-manager.com/customer/entsales/device/dithers>

SCEP Enabled

Access Code*

OK Cancel

The 'Access Code' field will appear.

- Type an access code in the field. This should be a mixture of alpha and numeric characters that cannot easily be guessed.

Note: The access code for the organization should be entered as the 'challengePassword' parameter in the profile applied to devices which belong to that organization.

- Click 'OK'.

To enable SCEP enrollment for Departments:

- Click the 'Settings' tab and choose 'Organizations'
- In the 'Organizations' screen, select the Organization and click the 'Departments' tab to view the list of Departments under the Organization
- In the 'Departments' dialog, click the 'Add' button, or select an existing department and click 'Edit'
- In the Add/Edit department dialog, click the 'Device Certificate' tab.
- Check the 'SCEP Enabled' checkbox.

Add New Department

General | EV Details | Client Certificate | SSL Certificate | Code Signing Certificate | **Device Certificate**

Self Enrollment

SCEP Enabled

Access Code*

OK Cancel

The 'Access Code' field will appear.

- Enter the access code in the field. This should be a mixture of alpha and numeric characters that cannot

easily be guessed.

- Click 'OK'.

SCEP Server URL for Device Certificate Enrollment

You need to include the URL of the SCEP server in the configuration profile for OTA enrollment. The URL should be in this format:

`http://<CCM Server>/customer/<customer name>/scep/device;deviceTypeId=<DeviceTypeId>/pkiclient.exe`

Partner	Description
<CCM Server>	The address of the CCM server you use
<customer name>	Your CCM company name
<DeviceTypeId>	The identification number assigned to the type of device certificate to be enrolled. The Type ID can be obtained from your Master Administrator .

Tip: The URI protocol should be 'http' and not 'https' since the SCEP protocol relies on signed messages during a transaction.

For example: `http://cert-manager.com/customer/AcmeCorporation/scep/device;deviceTypeId=54/pkiclient.exe`

Overview of the process:

- Administrators generate a configuration profile for OTA enrollment using configuration software then apply the profile to target devices. The SCEP enrollment 'Access Code' specified for the Organization/Department is included in the profile. This means the certificate request generated by the device contains the Access Code as the challengePassword parameter.
- Once applied, the device generates the certificate request and forwards it to CCM.
- The certificate requests are added to the Certificates > Device Certificates interface for Approval. The state of the certificate is indicates as 'Requested'.
- A RAO or DRAO with appropriate privileges approves the request so that CCM forwards the request to Comodo CA. The status of the certificate changes to 'Applied'. Upon issuance of the certificate, CCM collects the certificates. The status of the certificate will change to 'Issued'.
- The SCEP server pushes the certificates to the target devices for installation.

Note: For more details on values of parameters to be specified in the Configuration Profile, please contact your **Master Administrator**/Comodo Account Manager.

3.4.2.3 Issuance of Device Certificate through Self Enrollment

The self-enrollment method allows applicants to request device certificates from Comodo as well as from Private Certificate authorities which have been added to the CCM account. Please contact your **Master Administrator**/Comodo account manager to add private certificate authorities to your account.

3.4.2.3.1 Prerequisites

- The issuance of device certificates is enabled for your account

- Device certificates are set to be available for self-enrollment, by the **Master Administrator**
- The issuance of device certificate through self-enrollment is enabled for the organization/department under 'Settings' > 'Organizations' / 'Department' > 'Add' or 'Edit' button > 'Device Certificate' tab
- The RAO Device Cert or DRAO Cert administrator has been delegated control of this Organization or Department

3.4.2.3.2 Procedure Overview

- Administrator confirms completion of the **prerequisite steps**.
- Administrator sends the self-enrollment link to the applicant (see section **Initiating the enrollment process**).
- Applicant completes then submits the Self Enrollment Form (See section **The Self Enrollment Form**)
- The certificate request has to be approved by appropriate administrators.
- If the application is successful, the applicant will be able to download and install their device certificate. (See the section **Certificate Collection**)

3.4.2.3.3 Initiating the Enrollment Process

After completing the **prerequisite steps**, administrators need to communicate enrollment link details to each end-user, they wish to issue device certificates to. These details can be informed to the applicant by any preferred out-of-band communication method like email. The end-user can access the form at the given url, fill-in with the necessary details and submit it.

3.4.2.3.4 The Self Enrollment Form

Applicants need to complete the application form on the given URL, as show below:

The screenshot shows the 'Device Certificate Enroll' form in the Comodo Certificate Manager interface. At the top, the Comodo logo and 'Certificate Manager' are visible. Below the title 'Device Certificate Enroll', there are three main input sections: a dropdown menu for 'Certificate Type' with the selected option 'Authentication and Transaction Signing / Data Encryption / MS Smartcard Logi', an 'Email' input field, and a large text area for 'CSR'. A blue 'SUBMIT' button is located at the bottom center of the form.

Please note the form above shows only the default fields. There may be more if custom fields have been added by the **Master Administrator**.


Form Element	Type	Description
Certificate Type (required)	Drop-down	Applicant should select the device cert type from the drop-down.

Form Element	Type	Description
		Only device certificate types enabled for self-enrollment by the Master Administrator will be available in the drop-down. If you need a specific device certificate type to be available in the form, please contact your Master Administrator..
Email Address (required)	Text Field	Applicant should enter their full email address. The device cert collection notification will be sent to this email address.
CSR (required)	Text Field	Applicant should paste the public key.
Submit	Control	Submits the application and enrolls the applicant for the device certificate.

After clicking the 'Submit' button, a confirmation button will displayed.

COMODO
Certificate Manager

Info



Your Device Certificate request was accepted, you will be notified by email when your certificate is ready for collection

3.4.2.4 Device Certificate Collection

Once the enrollment form has been submitted and approved by the appropriate administrators, the device certificate collection mail will be sent to the email address provided in the enrollment form:

The Device Certificate for Marketing Device has been enrolled.

Please download it using the link:

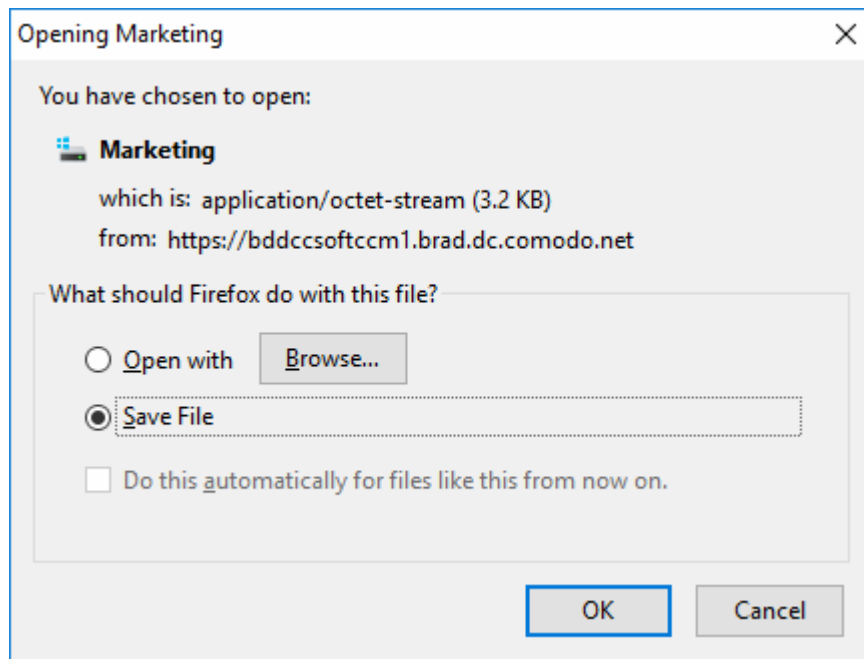
- as PKCS#7 Base64 encoded: <https://bddccsoftccm1.brad.dc.comodo.net/customer/adv/device/download/61/3>
- as PKCS#7 Bin encoded: <https://bddccsoftccm1.brad.dc.comodo.net/customer/adv/device/download/61/4>
- as X509, Base64 encoded: <https://bddccsoftccm1.brad.dc.comodo.net/customer/adv/device/download/61/6>
- as X509 Certificate only, Base64 encoded: <https://bddccsoftccm1.brad.dc.comodo.net/customer/adv/device/download/61/1>
- as X509 Intermediates/root only, Base64 encoded: <https://bddccsoftccm1.brad.dc.comodo.net/customer/adv/device/download/61/2>
- as X509 Intermediates/root only Reverse, Base64 encoded: <https://bddccsoftccm1.brad.dc.comodo.net/customer/adv/device/download/61/5>

Certificate Details:

Common Name : Marketing Device
Term : 730 Days

Requested : 01/17/2017 03:28 GMT
Expires : 01/17/2019 23:59 GMT
Order Number : 1676610

CCM will deliver the certificate to the applicant in PKCS#7 and X509 formats. The applicant can collect the certificate by clicking the required link and saving the file in a safe location in his/her device.



3.4.2.5 Resending Device Certificate Collection Email

CCM automatically sends a collection email to end-users once a device certificate has been issued. However, if the certificate is not downloaded for a long time, then administrators may want to resend the mail. The resend dialog also allows you to change the recipient email address if the device has been registered to a different user.

To resend the certificate collection email:

- Click the 'Certificates' tab and then choose 'Device Certificates'
- Select the certificate for which you want to resend the collection mail. The certificate must have a status of 'Issued'
- Click the 'Resend Collection Link' button

The screenshot shows the 'Certificates' section of the Comodo Certificate Manager. The 'Device Certificates' tab is selected. A table lists certificates with columns for 'COMMON NAME', 'ORDER NUMBER', 'EMAIL', 'STATUS', and 'ORGANIZATION'. The first row is selected, and the 'Resend Collection Link' button is circled in red. A red arrow points from this button to a dialog box titled 'Resend Collection Link'. The dialog box contains a yellow box with the text '*-required fields', an 'Email*' field with the value 'cora@dithers.com', and 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

COMMON NAME	ORDER NUMBER	EMAIL	STATUS	ORGANIZATION
dithers.com	61025763	cora@dithers.com	Issued	Dithers Construc Compan
dithers	60316903	dagwood@dithers.com	Downloaded	Comodo
dithers	60312066	jason.boone@comodo.com	Downloaded	Comodo

The 'Resend Collection Link' dialog will be displayed. The recipient email address will default to the address entered during certificate enrollment.

- If you want to send the mail to a different address, enter the new address in the 'Email' field.
- Click 'OK'.

The collection mail will be sent to the specified address. Users can download and install the certificate by clicking the links in the mail (PKCS#7 and X509 formats are available).

3.4.2.6 Device Certificate Revocation

Device certificates issued to users can be revoked by administrators at any time before their expiry.

To revoke a device certificate:

- Go to 'Certificates' > 'Device Certificate'
- Select a certificate from the list
- Click 'Revoke' at the top

The screenshot shows the 'Device Certificates' tab in the Comodo Certificate Manager. A table lists certificates with columns for Common Name, Order Number, Email, Status, and Organization. The 'dithers.com' certificate is selected, and a 'Revoke' button is circled in red. A red arrow points from the 'Revoke' button to a 'Revoke reason' dialog box. The dialog box contains a text area with the message: 'The Device Certificate is revoked for administrative reasons.' and 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

COMMON NAME	ORDER NUMBER	EMAIL	STATUS	ORGANIZATION
dithers.com	61025763	cora@dithers.com	Issued	Dithers Construction Company
dithers	60316903	dagwood@dithers.com	Downloaded	
	60312066	jason.boone@comodo.com	Downloaded	Comodo

- In the 'Revoke reason' enter appropriate message and click 'OK'.

The certificate will be displayed as 'Revoked' under 'Status' in the interface.

4 Code Signing on Demand

Code Signing on Demand (CSD) offers customers a faster, more intuitive and highly secure way to digitally sign their software. The service is available in both hosted and cloud versions and is capable of signing EXE .DLL .CAB .MSI .OCX .SY, JAVA JAR and Android application files. The CSD service is available in two modes:

- **In-House Hosted Mode** - Developers upload software to a local portal. The code signing process is handled by a locally installed controller. After enrolling for a code signing certificate for a developer, the controller generates the certificate request for the developer and submits the request to CCM. The controller tracks the order number. Once the certificate is issued, the controller will download the certificate and store it in your local network. The developer can then upload the files to the local portal for signing. Upon approval by the administrator, the controller signs the file and notifies the developer. Private keys are generated and stored in encrypted format within the host's network. If your master administrator has configured the controller for integration to a Hardware Security Module (HSM), the HSM will generate and store the code-signing certificate on it.
- **Cloud Mode** - Developers upload software to Comodo Certificate Manager. The code signing process is performed within Comodo's highly secure cloud servers. After enrolling for a code signing certificate for a developer, the service generates the certificate request for the developer, submits the request to CCM, tracks the order and collects the certificate once issued. Developers can then upload files to the cloud portal for signing. Upon approval by the administrator, the service will sign the code and notify the developer to download the signed files. Private keys are generated and stored in encrypted format in

Comodo's data-center for the lifetime of the certificate, tightly protected by Comodo's military grade security infrastructure. If your master administrator has opted, the keys will be stored on a Hardware Security Module (HSM).

Both modes require you to create a new 'Developer' role in CCM. The developer will be responsible for uploading software and collecting the signed code (after administrator approval).

Note: The CSD service will be available only if this feature is enabled for your account. For In-house Hosted Mode, your Master Administrator should have setup and configured the CSD service controller on your local network. If you wish to add this service, please contact your **Master Administrator**/Comodo account manager.

Integration with a HSM

CCM allows integration of a HSM device to generate the keys for the CS certificates. The keys will be generated in PKCS # 11 format and saved in an unextractable format on the HSM device.

HSM integration is available for both In-House mode and Cloud Mode:

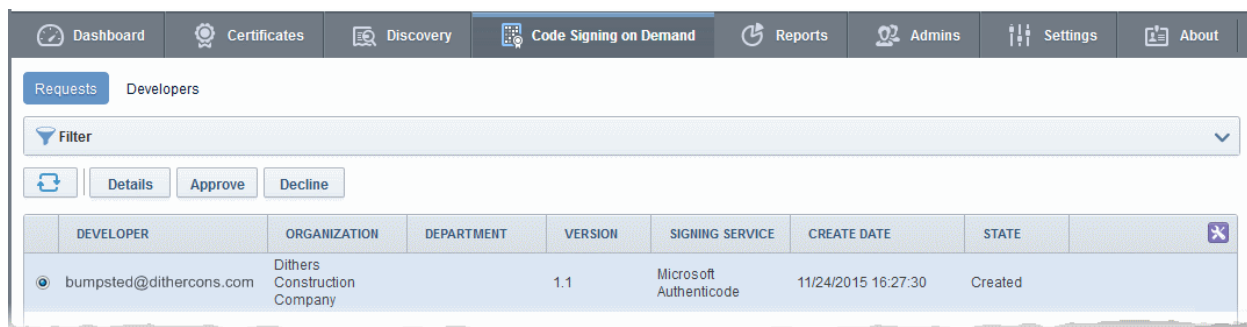
- **In-House Hosted Mode** - Controller software will generate the key pair on a HSM device on your local network for each CS certificate enrollment.
- **Cloud Mode** - Contact your Account Administrator to setup HSM integration for your account.

HSM integration should be carried out by your Master Administrator while installing and configuring the CSD controller software. To setup a HSM for your network, please contact your Master Administrator.

The 'Code Signing on Demand' Interface

The 'Code Signing on Demand' area allows you to add and manage 'Developers' to CCM and manage developer signing requests. It is area is divided into two main administrative areas, namely:

- The 'Requests' tab - Allows you to view and approve/decline the code signing requests from the developers
- The 'Developers' tab - Allows you to add and manage 'Developer' accounts in CCM



Visibility of the 'Code Signing on Demand' area is restricted to:

- RAO Code Signing administrators - can add developers and manage code signing requests only for Organizations (and any subordinate Departments) that have been delegated to them.
- DRAO Code Signing administrators - can add developers and manage code signing requests only for Departments that have been delegated to them.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- **Add Developers**
- **Obtain a Code Signing Certificate for CSD**
- **How to sign code using CSD**

4.1 Add Developers

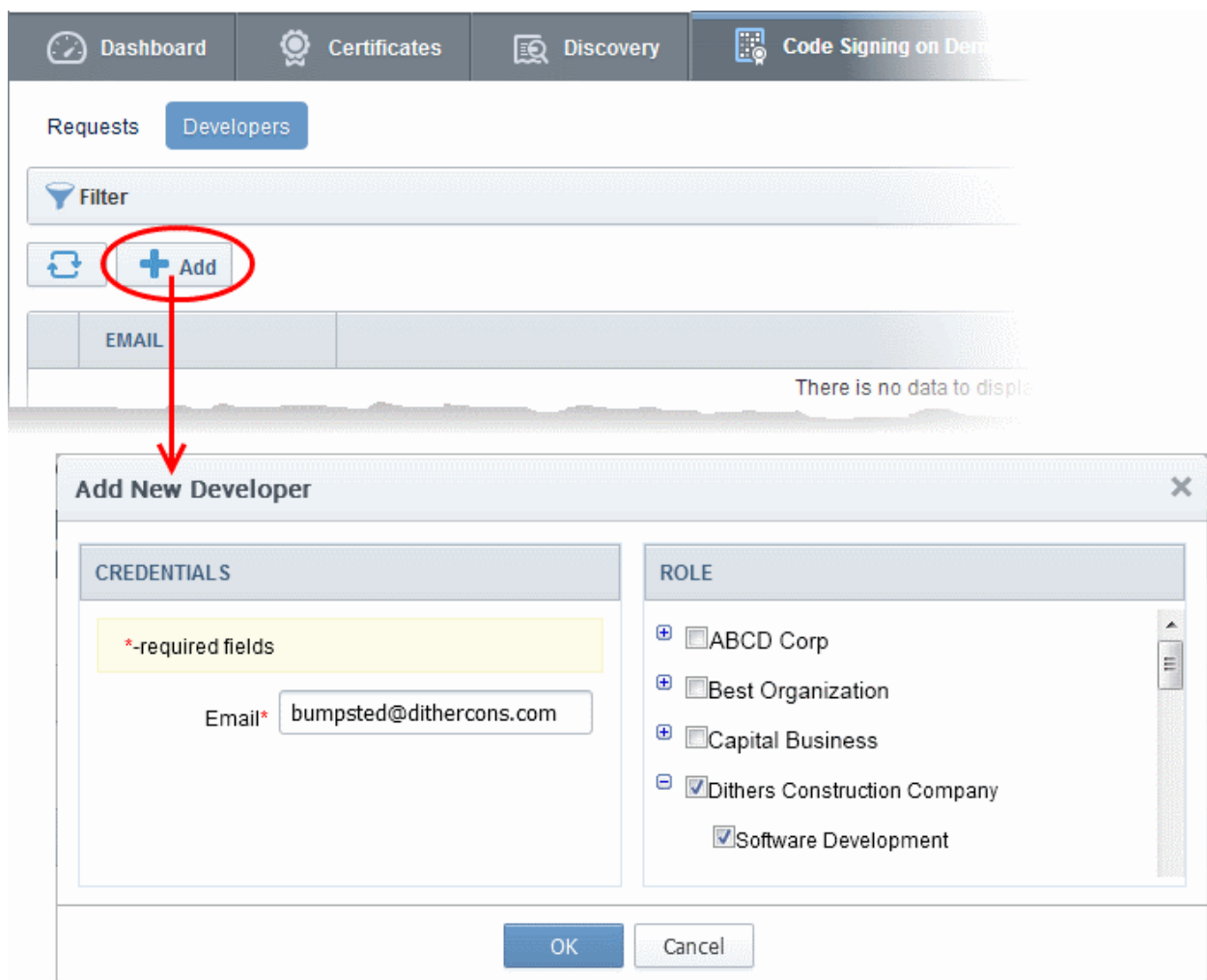
A 'Developer' is a role in CCM with permission to:

- Login to the CSD service
- Upload files for code-signing
- Download code-signed files

You can create a developer as a new user, or add developer privileges to an existing CCM user. An RAO or DRAO administrator will need to approve the developer's actual signing requests, unless your Master Administrator has enabled auto-approval of the requests in the service configuration.

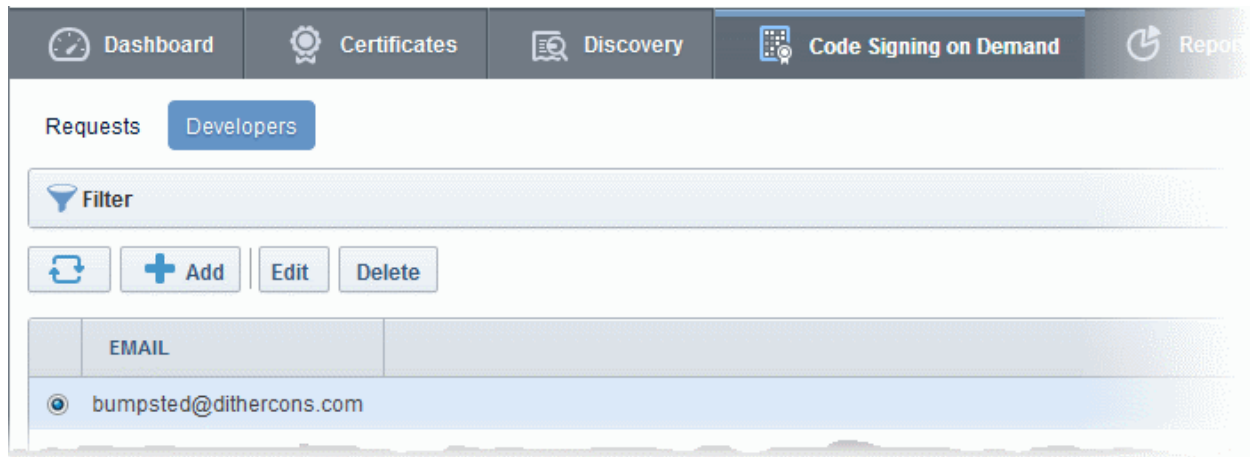
To add a developer

- Open the 'Developers' interface by clicking 'Code Signing on Demand' > 'Developers'
- Click the 'Add' button. This will open 'Add New Developer' dialog.

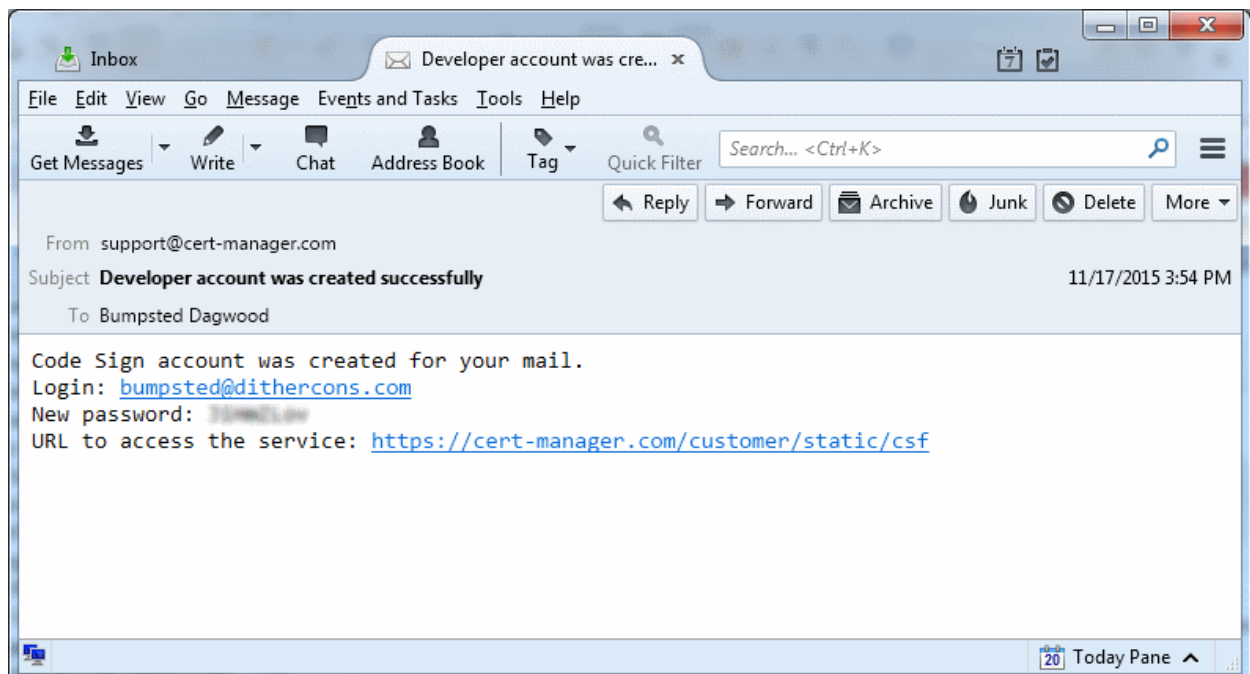


- Type the email address of the developer in the email field.
- Select the Organization(s) / Department(s) to which the developer should belong on the right
- Click 'OK' to confirm your selection.

The developer will be added to the list. You can edit the user to change their Organization/Department, reset their password or remove the developer.



A notification email will be sent to the developer with the credentials to access the CSD service. An example is shown below:



4.2 Obtain a code-signing certificate for CSD

Prerequisites:

- You have created a 'Developer' role as explained in the preceding section.
- The domain for which the code signing certificate is to be issued has been enabled for Code Signing certificates and that the domain has been made activated by your Comodo account manager. For example, if you wish to issue code signing certs to end-user@mycompany.com, then mycompany.com must have been validated by Comodo. All certificate requests made on validated domains or sub-domains are issued automatically. Certificate requests for new domains will first have to undergo validation by Comodo.
- The domain from which the code signing certificates are to be issued has been delegated to the Organization or Department. See **Editing an Existing Organization** for more details on adding a domain to an Organization.
- The RAO Code Signing or DRAO Code Signing administrator has been delegated control of this Organization or Department.

- The delegated RAO administrator has enabled Code Signing Certificates for the Organization by selecting the 'Enabled' check-box in the 'Code Signing tab' of the 'Add New/Edit' Organizations dialog box (see screen-shot below)

Edit Organization: Dithers Construction Company [X]

General | Client Certificate | SSL Certificate | **Code Signing Certificate** | Email Template

When checkbox is selected "Code Signing" certificates could be enrolled for this particular Organization or Department.

Enabled

OK Cancel

- For Hosted mode, the CSD service controller also needs to be installed on the local network and connected to CCM.
- Optional. The controller is configured to generate and store keys on a HSM appliance.

Procedure Overview:

- The administrator confirms the completion of the prerequisite steps.
- The administrator adds a new code-signing certificate for the Developer from the 'Certificates' > 'Code Signing Certificates' interface, with 'Code Signing on Demand' enabled for the certificate.
 - For Hosted Mode - The CSD controller generates and stores the key pair locally and submits the CSR to Comodo CA. Once the certificate is issued, the CSD controller automatically downloads the certificate and stores it in your local network. If a HSM appliance is used, the key pair is generated and stored on the HSM. On issuance of the certificate, the controller downloads the certificate and stores it on the HSM appliance.
 - For Cloud Mode - The CSD cloud service generates and stores the key pair and submits the CSR to Comodo CA. Once the certificate is issued, the service collects the certificate and stores it in Comodo data center. If the HSM service is used, the key pair is generated and stored on the HSM. On issuance of the certificate, the service collects the certificate and stores it on the HSM.

To enroll a code signing certificate for the developer

- Open the 'Code Signing Certificates' interface by clicking 'Certificates' > 'Code Signing Certificates'
- Click the 'Add' button to open the code-signing certificate application form.
- Complete all required fields on the form, making sure:
 - The correct developers email address is used.
 - The correct Organization and Department are specified for the developer.
 - The 'Code Signing on Demand' box is checked.

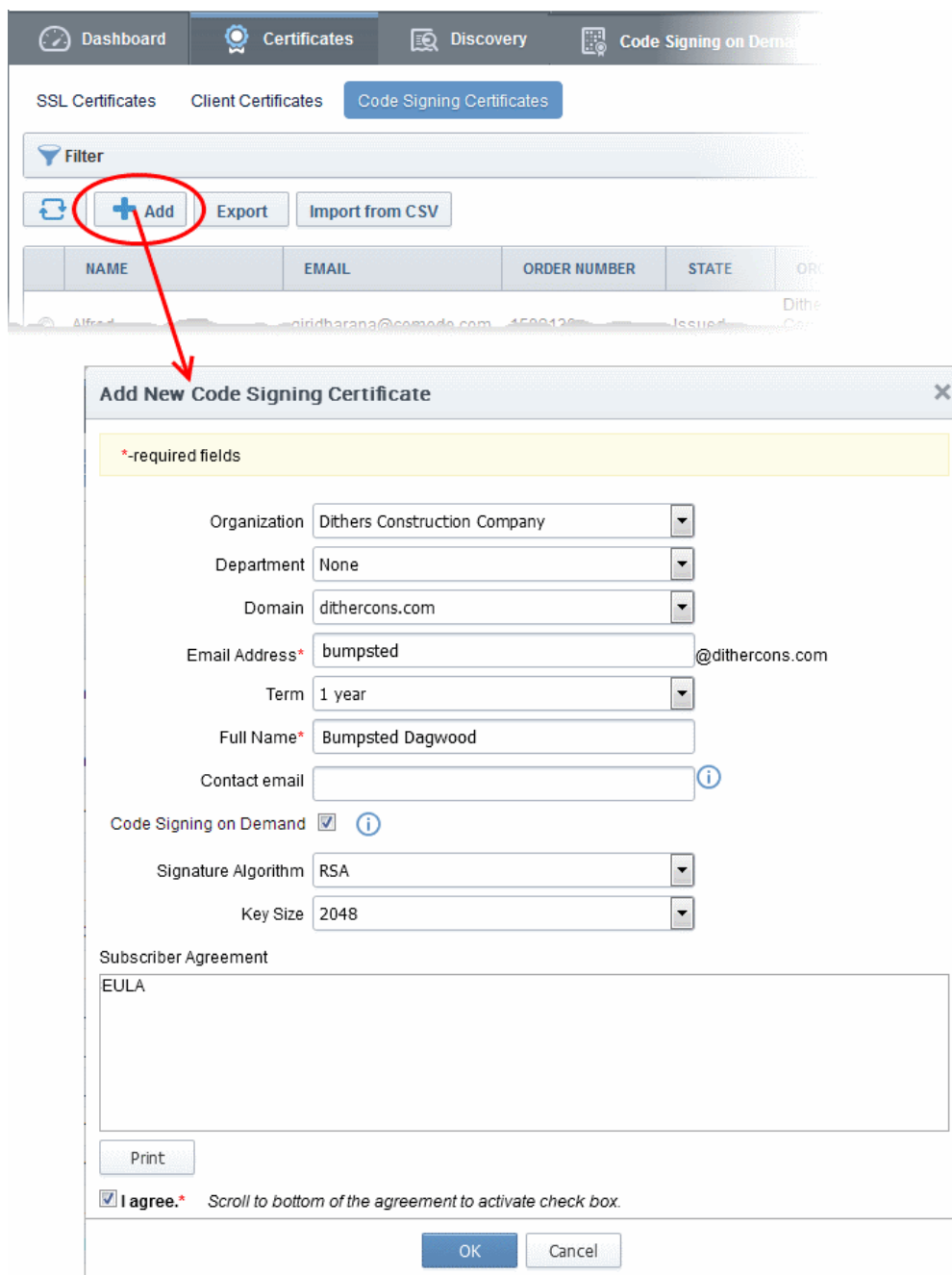
The following table explains the fields on the form:

Field	Description
Organization	Select the Organization to which the developer belongs.
Department	Select the Department to which the developer belongs

Field	Description

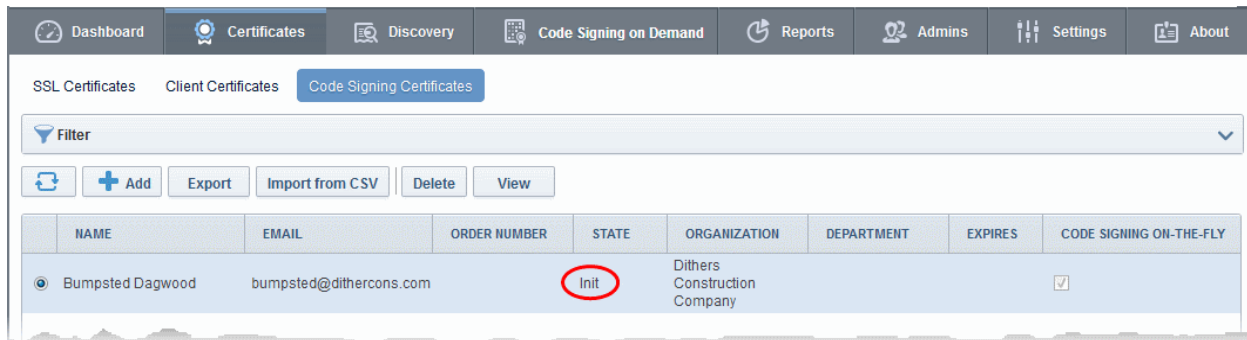
Field	Description
Domain	Select the domain pertaining to the Organization/Department

Field	Description
Term	Select the term of the certificate.
Email Address	Enter the email address of the developer.
Full Name	Full name of the applicant.
Contact Email	Enter the contact email address of the applicant that should be included in the certificate. The contact email address may be the customer facing email address like support@company.com, sales@company.com etc.
Code Signing on Demand	Enable this check-box to allow the certificate to be used by the CSD service.
Signature Algorithm	Choose the signature algorithm to be used by the certificate.
Keysize	Choose the key-size (in bits) by the certificate.
Subscriber Agreement	Displays the End-User License Agreement (EULA) for the certificate. Read through the EULA and accept to it by selecting the 'I agree' checkbox for the application to proceed.



- Click 'OK' to submit the request.

The certificate will be added with the state 'init' indicating that the certificate enrollment has been initiated.



Once issued, the state of the certificate will change to 'Issued':



The certificate can now be used to sign code submitted by your developer. Each signing action will, however, need to be approved by an administrator UNLESS you auto-approval of code signing requests is enabled by your Master Administrator.

4.3 How to sign code using CSD

Once you have **created a developer** and **obtained at least one CSD enabled code-signing certificate**, your developer is ready to upload files for signing.

Checklist:

In-House Hosted Mode	Cloud Service Mode
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The 'Code Signing on Demand' (CSD) service is enabled in 'Hosted Mode' for your account. Your Master Administrator has installed the CSD controller on your network and it is connected to CCM. Developer accounts have been created and issued with a CSD Code Signing certificate. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The 'Code Signing on Demand' (CSD) service is enabled in 'Cloud Mode' for your account Developer accounts have been created and issued with a CSD Code Signing certificate.

Overview of steps:

- Step 1 - Upload the files to be Signed** - The developer logs-in to the CSD service portal, enters the details of the file(s) to be signed, selects the signing service and uploads the files. This will create a request which can be viewed in the 'Code Signing on Demand' > 'Requests' interface. See **Step 1 - Upload the files to be Signed** for more details.
- Step 2 - Approve the Code Signing Request** (optional) - The Administrator views the request, checks the files to be signed and approves the request from the 'Code Signing on Demand' > 'Requests' interface. See **Step 2 - Approve the Code Signing Request** for more details. Note - this step will be skipped if 'Auto-

Approval of Code Signing Requests' is enabled by your Master Administrator.

- **Step 3 - Download Code-Signed files** - Once approved and digitally signed, the status of the request will change to 'Signed'. A notification mail is sent to the developer with a URL to download the signed files. See **Step 3 - Download Code Signed Files** for more details.

Step 1 - Upload the files to be Signed

Once a developer has been added to CCM they will be able to login to CCM using the link in their confirmation email. By default, the format of this URL is: `https://cert-manager.com/customer/[REAL CUSTOMER URI]/csd`.

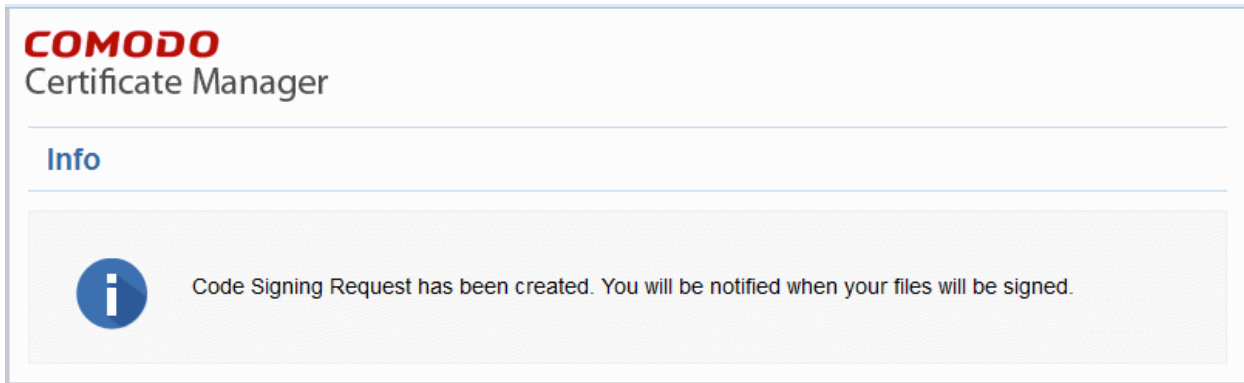
After logging in they can upload files using the following form:

The screenshot shows the 'Create Code Signing request' form in the Comodo Certificate Manager interface. The form includes the following fields and controls:

- COMODO Certificate Manager** logo and title.
- Create Code Signing request** section header.
- Email:** * bumpsted@dithercons.com
- Password:** * (masked with dots)
- Organization:** * Dithers Construction Company (dropdown menu)
- Department:** * None (dropdown menu)
- Version:** * 1.1
- Signing Service:** * Microsoft Authenticode (dropdown menu)
- File Selection:** test.exe **Complete**
Browse... No files selected.
- CREATE** and **RESET** buttons.

- **Organization** - Displays the organization(s) to which the developer belongs. The organization selected here will be shown in the certificate as the publisher of the software.
- **Department** - Allows the developer to choose a department If departmental information is also required in the certificate.
- **Version** - Developer should type the version number of the software they wish to sign
- **Signing Service** - Select the signing service. Choices are 'Microsoft Authenticode', 'Java' and 'Android'.
- **Browse...** - Developer should choose the files they wish to upload and sign.

Once all fields are complete and the file has been selected, click the 'Create' button to submit the signing request to the CSD service. A confirmation dialog will be displayed:



A code signing request will be created in the 'Code Signing on Demand' > 'Requests' interface. By default, the request needs to be approved by the appropriate RAO or DRAO administrator before the code-signing action will take place. If Auto-Approval of Code Signing Requests is enabled by your Master Administrator, the service starts the signing process immediately.

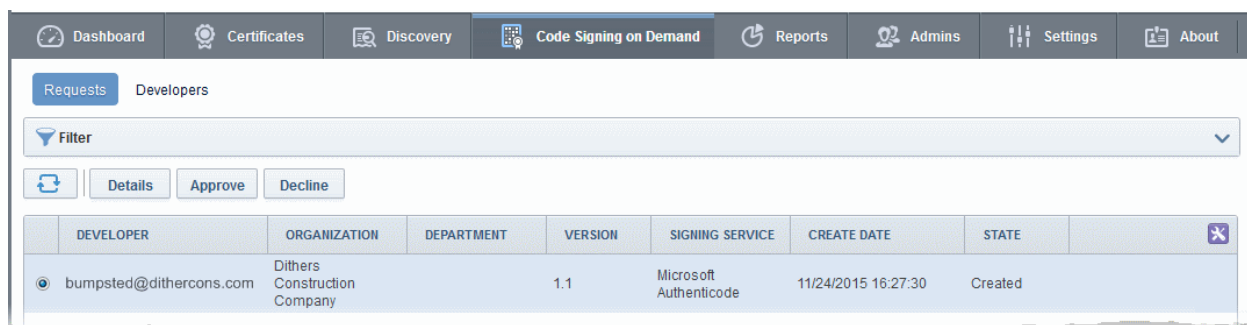
Step 2 - Approve the Code Signing Request

After the files have been uploaded the developer, a code signing request will appear in the 'Code Signing on Demand' > 'Requests' area. Under the default settings, an administrator needs to review and approve the request before the service will actually sign the files.

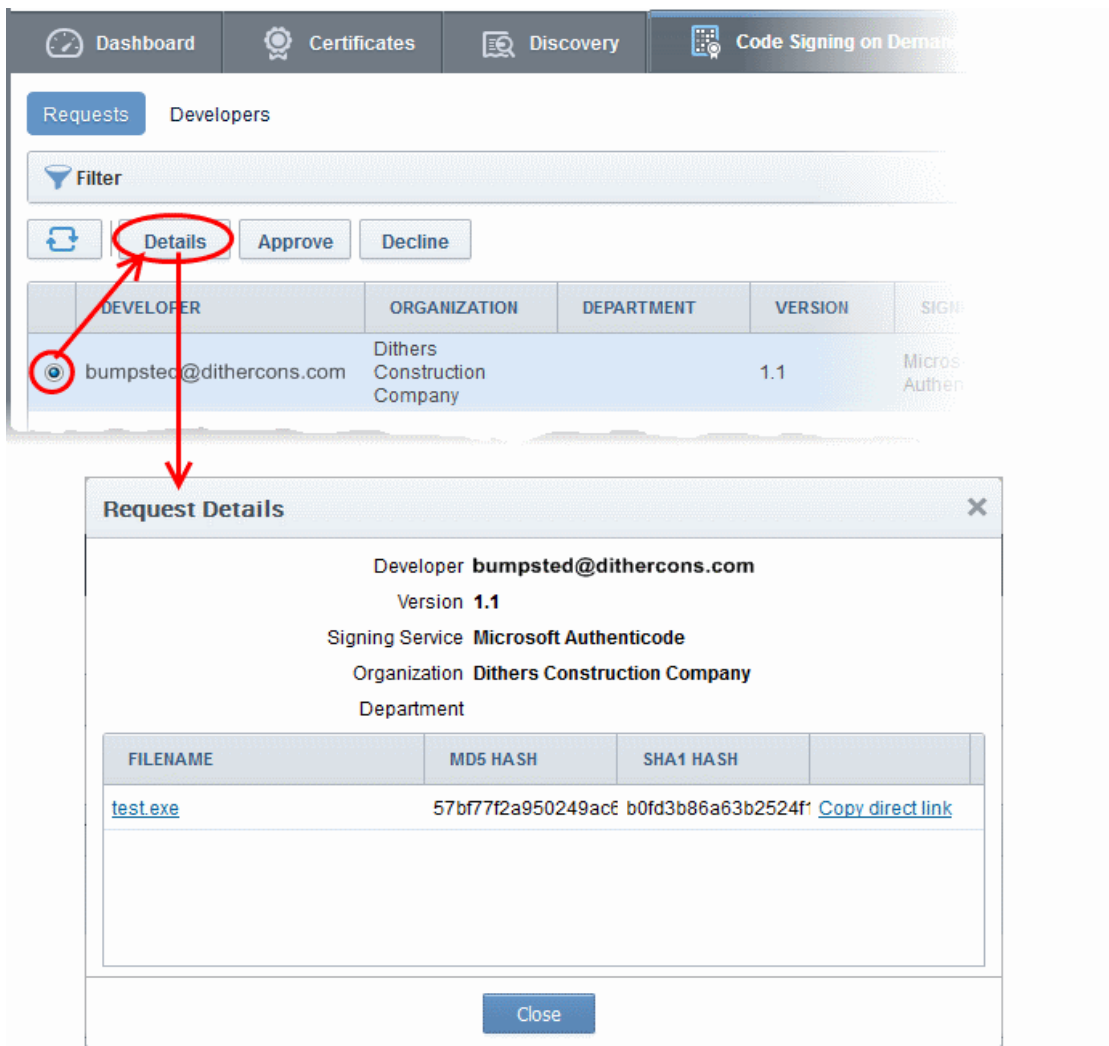
To view and approve/decline the code signing requests

- Click 'Code Signing on Demand' tab and choose the 'Requests' sub tab.

A list of requests will be displayed.

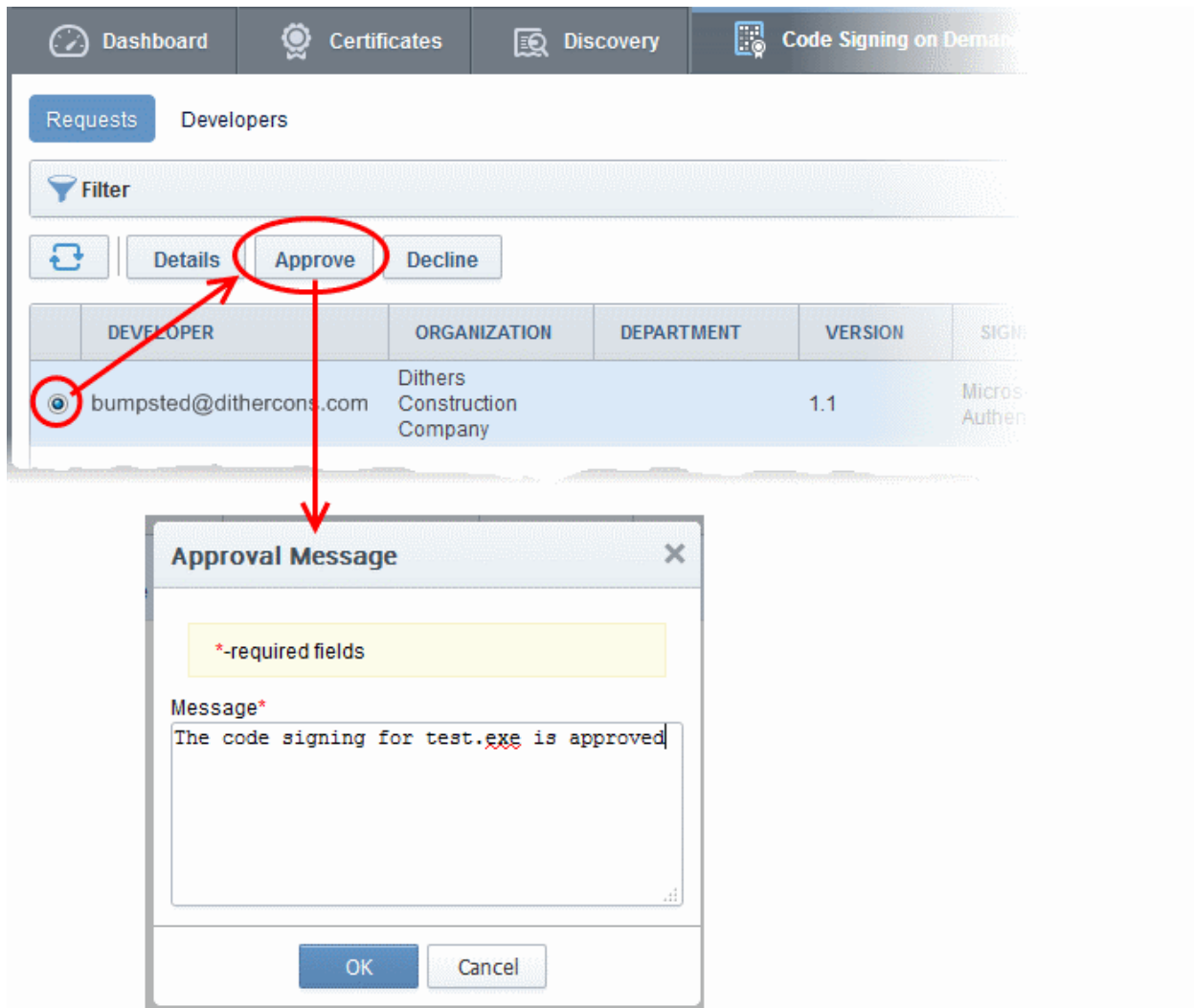


- To view the details of a request and check the files, choose the request and click 'Details'.



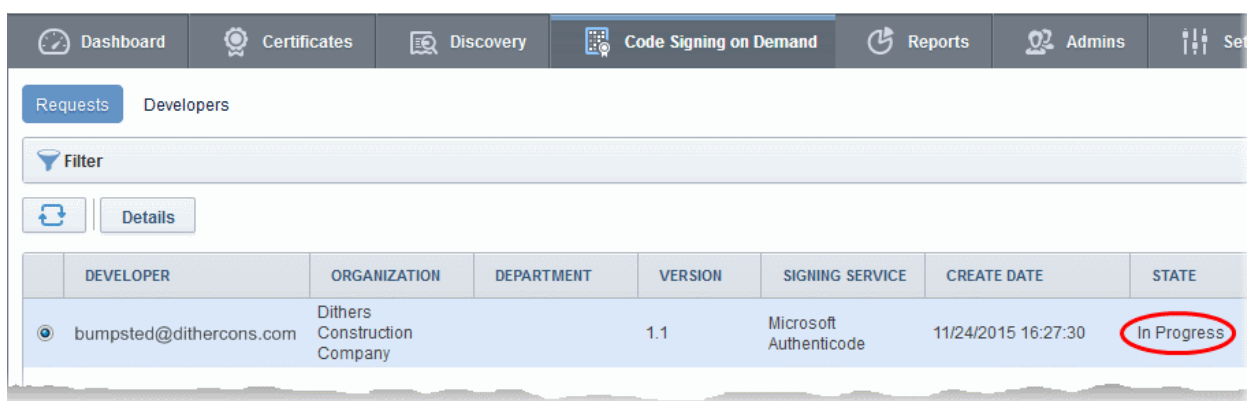
The 'Request Details' dialog displays the developer's name and the file details along with the MD5 and SHA1 hash values of the files.

- To download the file for examination, click the file name.
- To approve the code signing request, select the request and click 'Approve':



- Enter an approval message and click OK.

The request will be approved and its state will change to 'In Progress':



Once the code-signing process has completed, the request state will change to 'Signed' and a notification mail will be sent to the developer to download the signed file.

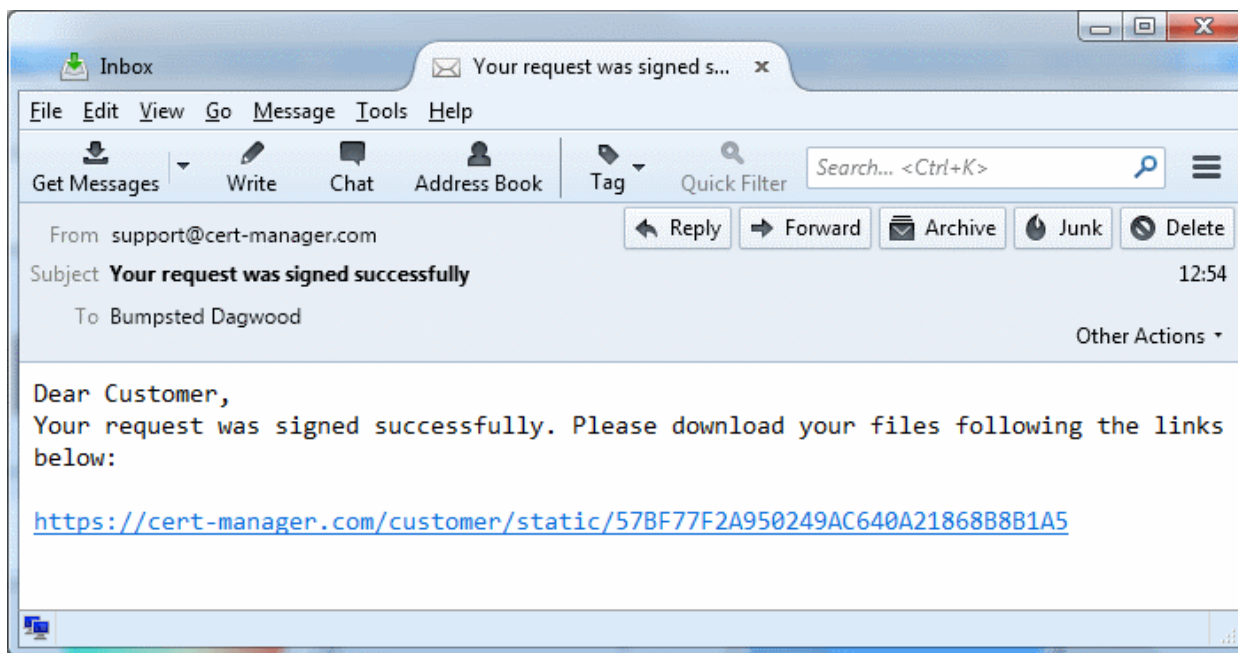
The Developer must download the signed files within three days of the notification. The files will be removed from the database after three days after signing. If required, administrators can resend this notification by clicking the 'Resend Signed Notification' button:

DEVELOPER	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	VERSION	SIGNING SERVICE	CREATE DATE	STATE
bumpsted@dithercons.com	Dithers Construction Company		1.1	Microsoft Authenticode	11/24/2015 16:27:30	Signed

Note. As mentioned earlier, if the Master Administrator has enabled Auto-Approval of Code Signing Requests in the CSD service configuration, the code signing process is completed without the need of approval by the administrators.

Step 3 - Download Code-Signed files

On successful completion of the signing process, the developer will receive a notification email with links to download each signed file. An example is shown below.

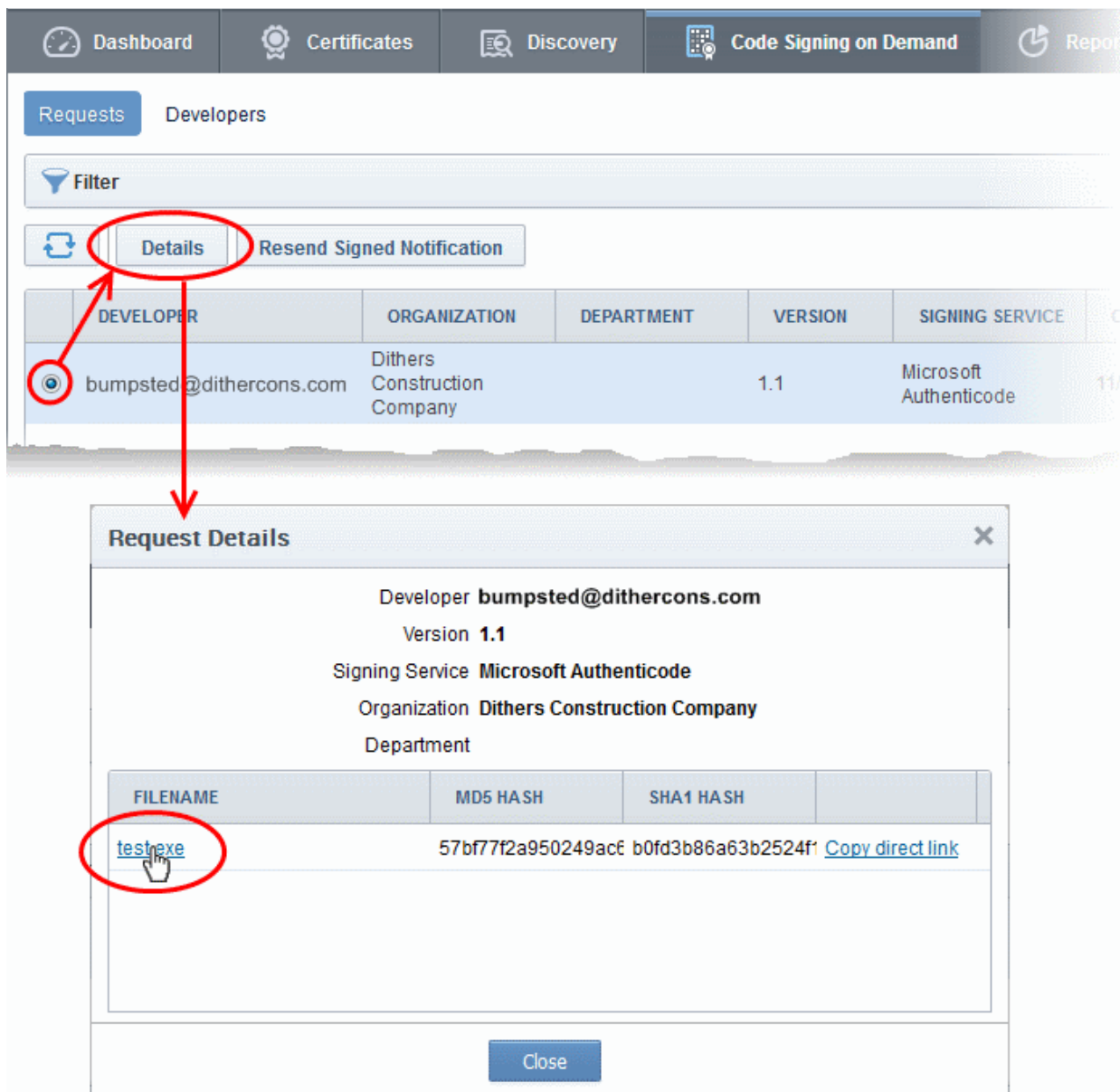


The developer can click the links and download the signed files.

Note: The Developer must download the signed files within three days of the notification. The files will be removed from the database after three days from the date of signing.

Administrators can also download signed files from the 'Details' dialog of the request.

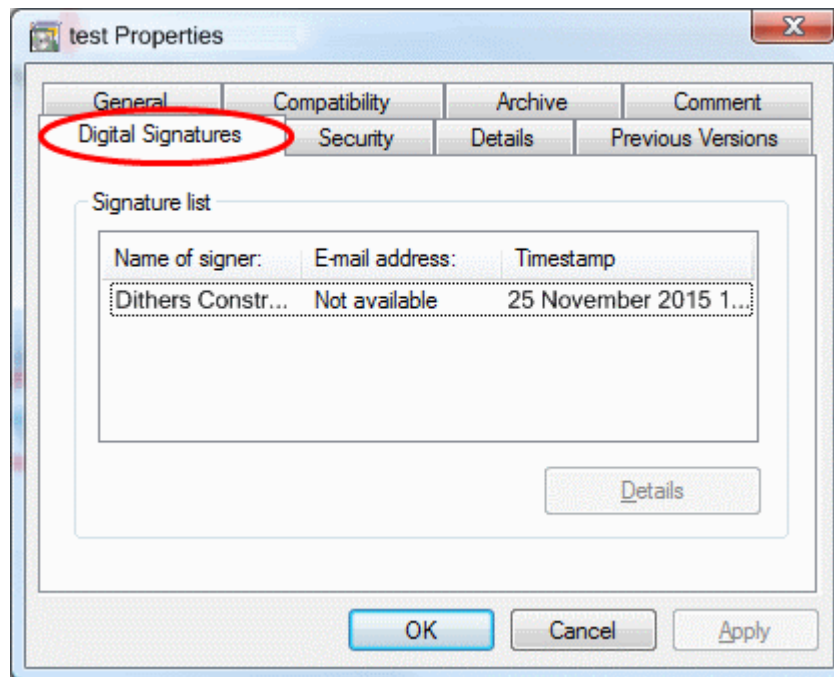
- Choose the request from the 'Code Signing on Demand' > 'Requests' interface and click 'Details'



- Click the file name in the 'Request Details' dialog to download the signed file.

To check whether the file is signed

- Right click on the file and choose 'Properties'
- Choose the 'Digital Certificates' tab



The details of the signer will be displayed.

5 Admin Management

5.1 Section Overview

The 'Admin Management' tab allows administrators to create, manage and edit permissions for new and existing administrators. There are 8 types of administrators:

- Registration Authority Officer (RAO) - SSL
- Registration Authority Officer (RAO) - S/MIME
- Registration Authority Officer (RAO) - Code Signing
- Registration Authority Officer (RAO) - Device Cert
- Department Registration Authority Officer (DRAO) - SSL
- Department Registration Authority Officer (DRAO) - S/MIME
- Department Registration Authority Officer (DRAO) - Code Signing
- Department Registration Authority Officer (RAO) - Device Cert

Administrative Roles:

Registration Authority Officer (RAO)

- A Registration Authority Officer (RAO) is an administrative role created by a **Master Administrator** at Comodo CA or fellow RAO for the purposes of managing the certificates and end-users belonging to one or more CCM Organizations.
- They have control over the certificates that are ordered on behalf of their Organization(s); over Domains that have been delegated to their Organization/Dept by the Master Administrator at Comodo CA; over any Departments of their Organization and over that Organization's end-user membership.
- The RAOs can create Departments and DRAO Administrators within their own Organization, but they

should be approved by the Master Administrator at Comodo CA.

- RAO Administrators cannot create a new Organization or edit the General settings of any Organization - even those Organizations to which they have been delegated control. [Click here](#) for more details.

Department Registration Authority Officer (DRAO)

- Department Registration Authority Officers are created by, and subordinate to, the RAO class of Administrator.
- They are assigned control over the certificates, users and domains belonging to a Department(s) of an Organization.
- DRAOs have privileges to access, manage and request certificates for Departments of a Organization that have been delegated to them by a RAO.
- DRAOs have no Admin creation rights. They can edit only self or fellow DRAO administrators of the Department(s) that have been delegated to them.
- DRAOs have visibility of and can request certificates only for the Department(s) that have been delegated to them. They have no access to manage certificates belonging to Organizations or Departments for which they have not been granted permissions. [Click here](#) for more details.

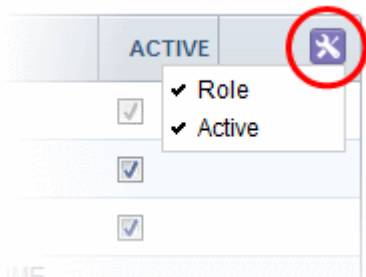
It is also possible to create an Administrator with more than one Admin privileges. Further details about the privileges and security roles of these administrator types can be found in section [1.2.3. Administrative Roles](#). The remainder of this chapter contains detailed explanations of the controls available from the 'Admin Management' tab.

The screenshot shows the 'Admins' tab in the Comodo Certificate Manager interface. It features a navigation bar with tabs for Dashboard, Certificates, Discovery, Reports, Admins (selected), Settings, and About. Below the navigation bar is a 'Filter' dropdown and buttons for '+ Add', 'Edit', and 'Delete'. The main content is a table with columns: NAME, EMAIL, LOGIN, TYPE, ROLE, ACTIVE, and a delete icon. The table lists three administrators: Alice V, Joe A, and Thomas D. At the bottom right, there is a pagination control showing '15 rows/page 1 - 3 out of 3'.

NAME	EMAIL	LOGIN	TYPE	ROLE	ACTIVE	
Alice V	alice@dithers.com	adminrao	Standard	RAO Admin - S/MIME, RAO Admin - SSL, RAO Admin - Code Signing	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Joe A	joea@example.com	joe_rao_all	Standard	RAO Admin - S/MIME, RAO Admin - SSL, RAO Admin - Code Signing	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Thomas D	thomas@example.com	admindrao	Standard	DRAO Admin - S/MIME, DRAO Admin - SSL, DRAO Admin - Code Signing	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

Admin Management Area - Table of Parameters

Fields	Values	Description
Name	<i>String</i>	Administrator's full name.
Email address	<i>String</i>	Administrator's Email Address (it will be used for client certificate enrollment, notifications)
Login	<i>String</i>	The login username of the administrator.
Type		Shows the type of the administrators.
	Standard	Indicates that the administrator is created in CCM
	IdP Template	Indicates that the administrator is added via Identity Provider (IdP) template.

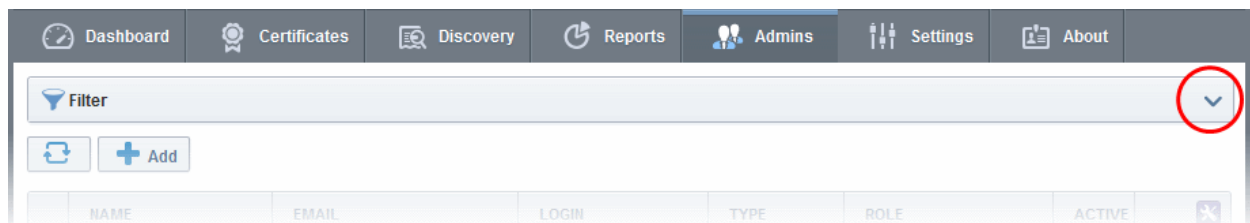
	IdP User	Indicates that the administrator is added in CCM and was authenticated by IdP
Role	<i>RAO Admin SSL</i>	RAO SSL Administrators have privileges to access, manage, request and approve the requests of SSL certificates for Departments/domains belonging to their Organization. (More...)
	<i>RAO Admin S/MIME</i>	RAO S/MIME Administrators have privileges to access, manage, request and approve the requests of Client Certificates for Departments/domains that have been delegated to their Organization. (More...)
	<i>RAO Admin Code Signing</i>	RAO Code Signing Administrators have privileges to access, manage, request and issue the Code signing Certificates for end-users belonging to their Organization. (More...)
	<i>RAO Admin Device Cert</i>	RAO Device Cert administrators have privileges to access, manage, and approve Device Certificates issued for devices enrolled through AD server or through SCEP, belonging to their Organization. (More...)
	<i>DRAO Admin SSL</i>	DRAO SSL Administrators have privileges to access, manage and request SSL certificates for Departments of a Organization that have been delegated to them by a RAO Admin. (More...)
	<i>DRAO Admin S/MIME</i>	DRAO S/MIME Administrators have privileges to access, manage, request Client Certificates for domains that have been delegated to their Department. (More...)
	<i>DRAO Admin Code Signing</i>	DRAO Code Signing Administrators have privileges to access, manage, request and issue the Code signing Certificates for end-users belonging to their Department. (More...)
	<i>DRAO Admin Device Cert</i>	DRAO Device Cert administrators have privileges to access, manage, approve and issue the Device Certs for Devices enrolled through AD server or through SCEP, belonging to their Department. (More...)
Active	Checkbox	Indicates whether the administrator is active or not. Also allows delegated RAO admins to switch other admins between active and inactive states according to their privilege levels.
<p>Note: An administrator can enable or disable the columns displayed in the table, from the drop-down at the right end of the table header :</p> 		
Control Buttons	<i>Add</i>	Enables RAO Administrators to add new administrators.
	<i>Edit</i>	Enables RAO Administrators to modify the details of the selected administrator.
	<i>Delete</i>	Deletes the administrator.

		Note: If an Administrator is deleted, the details of that Administrator can be viewed but they will no longer be editable.
	<i>Refresh</i>	Refreshes the list.
Administrator Control Buttons Note: The availability of the control buttons depends on the chosen administrator.	<i>Edit</i>	Enables RAO administrators to modify the details of the selected administrator.
	<i>Delete</i>	Deletes the administrator. Note: If an Administrator is deleted, the details of that Administrator can be viewed but they will no longer be editable.
	<i>View</i>	Enables admins to view the details of RAO/DRAO added by another RAO, pending approval.
	<i>Approve</i>	Enables admins to approve RAO/DRAO added by an RAO. The newly added administrator becomes active only on approval by the Master administrator.
	<i>Reject</i>	Enables MRAO admins to reject RAO/DRAO added by an RAO, pending approval.
	<i>Reset Lockout</i>	Enables Master admins to unlock the login screen that has been locked due to consecutive five wrong attempts to login.

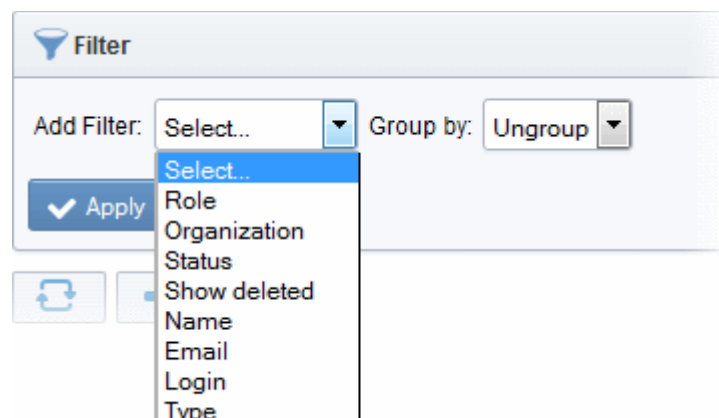
5.1.1 Sorting and Filtering Options

- Clicking on the column header 'Name', 'Email' or Type sorts the items in the alphabetical order of the entries in the respective column.

Administrators can search for particular administrator by using filters under the sub-tab:



You can add filters by selecting from the options in the 'Add Filter' drop-down and group the selection with other options that appears depending on the selection from the 'Add Filter' drop-down.



For example if you want to search for DRAO SSL administrators belonging to 'org1' Organization and 'dept1' Department and group them based on their types:

- Choose 'Role' from the 'Add Filter' drop-down
- Choose 'Organization' from the 'Add Filter' drop-down

The Organization and Department filters will be displayed.

- Choose 'org1' Organization and 'dept1' Department from the 'Organization' and 'Department' drop-downs respectively
- Choose 'Type' from the 'Group by' drop-down

NAME	EMAIL	LOGIN	TYPE	ROLE	ACTIVE
Standard					

- Click the 'Apply' button.

The filtered items based on the entered and selected parameters will be displayed:

NAME	EMAIL	LOGIN	TYPE	ROLE	ACTIVE
Standard					
drao3 test	drao3@ccmqa.com	drao3	Standard	DRAO Admin - S/MIME, DRAO Admin - SSL, DRAO Admin - Code Signing	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
drao39 test	drao39@ccmqa.com	drao39	Standard	DRAO Admin - S/MIME, DRAO Admin - SSL, DRAO Admin - Code Signing	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
drao37 test	drao37@ccmqa.com	drao37	Standard	DRAO Admin - SSL, DRAO Admin - Code Signing	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
drao35 test	drao35@ccmqa.com	drao35	Standard	DRAO Admin - SSL, DRAO Admin - Code Signing	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

- To remove the filter options, click the 'Clear' button.

Note: The search filters once configured for the interface will be automatically saved. When you are re-opening the 'Admins' interface in future, the configured filters will be in action and only the search results will be displayed. If you do not want the filters to be saved, click the 'Clear' button.

5.2 Adding Administrators

1. Click the 'Admins' tab from the top of the Certificate Manager interface
2. Click the 'Add' button to open the 'Add new Client Admin' form.
3. Complete the 'Add New Client Admin' form.

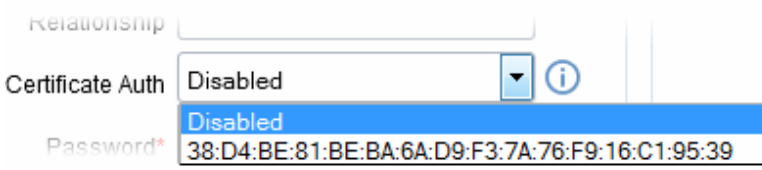
Add New Client Admin
✕

CREDENTIALS	PRIVILEGES	ROLE
*-required fields		
<p>Login* <input type="text" value="john_drao"/></p> <p>Email* <input type="text" value="jsmith@dithers.com"/></p> <p>Forename* <input type="text" value="John"/></p> <p>Surname* <input type="text" value="Smith"/></p> <p>Title <input type="text" value="Mr."/></p> <p>Telephone Number <input type="text" value="+919876543210"/></p> <p>Street <input type="text" value="Raleigh Street"/></p> <p>Locality <input type="text" value="Riverdale"/></p> <p>State/Province <input type="text" value="Alabama"/></p> <p>Postal Code <input type="text" value="123456"/></p> <p>Country <input style="border-bottom: none; border-right: none; border-left: none; border-top: none; width: 100%;" type="text" value="United States"/></p> <p>Relationship <input type="text" value="DRAO SSL Admin"/></p> <p>Certificate Auth <input style="border-bottom: none; border-right: none; border-left: none; border-top: none; width: 100%;" type="text" value="Disabled"/></p> <p>Password* <input type="password" value="•••••"/></p> <p>Confirm Password* <input type="password" value="•••••"/></p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow creation of peer admin users</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow editing of peer admin users</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow deleting of peer admin users</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow DCV</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow SSL details changing</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow SSL auto approve</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> WS API use only</p>	<p>Expand All</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> RAO Admin - SSL</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> RAO Admin - S/MIME</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> RAO Admin - Code Signing</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> RAO Admin - Device cert</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DRAO Admin - SSL</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;"><input type="checkbox"/> Dithers Organization</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;"><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stores Department</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;"><input type="checkbox"/> SSL Support Team</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> DRAO Admin - S/MIME</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> DRAO Admin - Code Signing</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> DRAO Admin - Device cert</p>
<input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>		

4. Click 'OK' to add the administrator to the Certificate Manager.

5.2.1 'Add New Client Admin' form - Table of Parameters

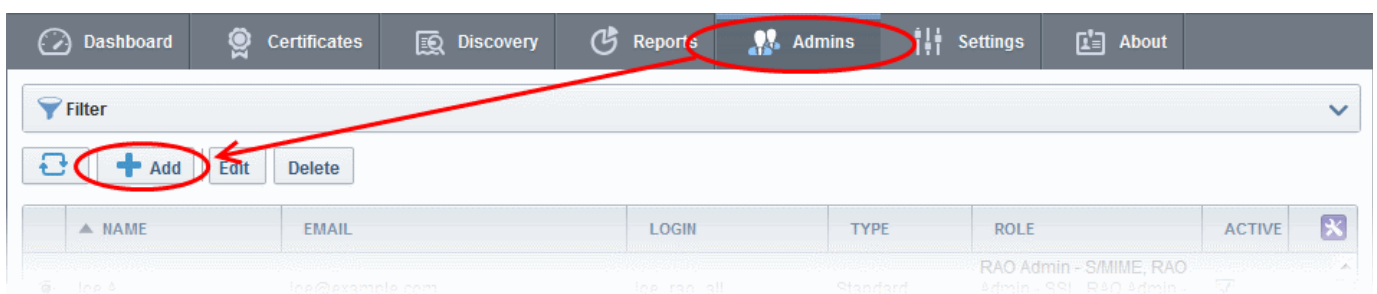
Form Element	Type	Description
Credentials		
Login*	Text Field	Enter login username for the new administrator.
Email*	Text Field	Enter full email address of the new administrator.
Forename*	Text Field	Enter first name of the new administrator.
Surname*	Text Field	Enter surname of the new administrator.
Title	Text Field	Enter the title for the new administrator.
Telephone Number	Text Field	Enter the contact phone number for the new administrator.
Street	Text Field	Enter the address details of the new administrator.
Locality	Text Field	
State/Province	Text Field	
Postal Code	Text Field	
Country	Drop-down	

Form Element	Type	Description
Relationship	Text Field	The role of the new administrator, for example, RAO SSL Administrator.
Certificate Auth	Drop-down	<p>Enables the administrator to specify whether the new administrator must authenticate themselves to Certificate Manager with his/her client certificate over a https: connection prior to being granted login rights. The drop-down is auto-populated with the client certificate(s) issued by CCM for the new administrator, based on his/her email address in the 'Email' field.</p>  <p>If authentication is needed, the administrator can select the certificate from the drop-down. The new administrator can login to CCM, only if the specified certificate is installed on the computer from which he/she attempts to login.</p> <p>If authentication is not needed, the administrator can select 'Disabled' from the drop-down.</p>
Password*	Text Field	Enter the password for the new administrator to access the CCM interface and reenter the same for confirmation.
Confirm Password*	Text Field	The new administrator will need to change the password upon his/her first login.
Privileges		
Administrator can assign admin management privileges to the new administrator. The new administrator will be able to add, edit or remove other administrators of their own level or of lower level in the hierarchy, depending on the options selected here.		
Allow creation of peer admin users	Checkbox	Enables the new administrator to add new administrators from their management interface.
Allow editing of peer admin users	Checkbox	Enables the new administrator to edit roles of existing administrators from their management interface.
Allow deleting of peer admin users	Checkbox	Enables the new administrator to remove existing administrators from their management interface.
<p>Note: The new administrator can create, edit or delete the other administrators of their own tier and administrators of the lower tier. Refer to the descriptions under Administrative Roles in the section 4.1 Section Overview for more details.</p>		
Allow domain validation without Dual Approval	Checkbox	The new administrator will be privileged so that the domain creation/delegation approved by the administrator will be activated immediately, without the requirement of approval by a second MRAO. This checkbox will be active only for Administrators with MRAO role. Refer to the section Domains for more details.
Allow DCV	Checkbox	Enables the new administrator to initiate Domain Control Validation

Form Element	Type	Description
		(DCV) process for newly created domains. The privilege is available only for MRAO and RAO/DRAO SSL Administrators.
Allow SSL Details changing	Checkbox	Enables the new MRAO or RAO/DRAO SSL administrator to change the details of SSL certificates from the Certificates > SSL Certificates interface.
Allow SSL auto approve	Checkbox	The SSL certificates requested by the MRAO administrator is automatically approved and those by RAO/DRAO SSL administrators are automatically approved by the administrator of same level and await approval from higher level administrator.
WS API use only	Checkbox	The administrator account can only be used for API integration. CCM GUI access will not be allowed for this account.
<p>Note: 'Allow domain validation without Dual Approval' and 'Allow DCV' fields will only be visible if the features are enabled for your account.</p>		
Role		
<p>Administrator can assign the role to the new administrator. For more details on the roles, refer to the section Administrative Roles.</p>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RAO Admin SSL • RAO Admin S/MIME • RAO Admin Code Signing • RAO Device Cert • DRAO Admin SSL • DRAO Admin S/MIME • DRAO Admin Code Signing • DRAO Device Cert 	Checkboxes	<p>The new Administrator can be assigned to a particular Organization/Department by selecting the appropriate Organization/Department from the list that appears after selecting a role. All Organizations are listed by default. Clicking the '+' button beside the Organization name expands the tree structure to display the Departments associated with the Organization.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clicking on 'Expand All' expands the tree structure to display all the Departments under each Organization. • Clicking on 'Collapse All' in the expanded view collapses the tree structure of all the Organizations and hides the Departments under each Organization.

5.2.2 Example: Adding a New Administrator with Multiple Roles

1. Click the 'Admin Management' tab at the top left of the Certificate Manager interface.
2. Click the 'Add' button to open the 'Add new Client Admin' form (as shown below).



3. Complete the 'Add New Client Admin' form.

Add New Client Admin
✕

CREDENTIALS	PRIVILEGES	ROLE
<div style="background-color: #ffffcc; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;">*-required fields</div> <p>Login* <input type="text" value="john_drao"/></p> <p>Email* <input type="text" value="jsmith@dithers.com"/></p> <p>Forename* <input type="text" value="John"/></p> <p>Surname* <input type="text" value="Smith"/></p> <p>Title <input type="text" value="Mr."/></p> <p>Telephone Number <input type="text" value="+919876543210"/></p> <p>Street <input type="text" value="Raleigh Street"/></p> <p>Locality <input type="text" value="Riverdale"/></p> <p>State/Province <input type="text" value="Alabama"/></p> <p>Postal Code <input type="text" value="123456"/></p> <p>Country <input type="text" value="United States"/></p> <p>Relationship <input type="text" value="DRAO SSL Admin"/></p> <p>Certificate Auth <input style="border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 3px; padding: 2px 5px;" type="text" value="Disabled"/> ⓘ</p> <p>Password* <input type="password" value="•••••"/></p> <p>Confirm Password* <input type="password" value="•••••"/></p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow creation of peer admin users</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow editing of peer admin users</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow deleting of peer admin users</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow DCV</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow SSL details changing</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow SSL auto approve</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> WS API use only</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MS AD Discovery</p>	<p>Expand All</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> RAO Admin - SSL</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> RAO Admin - S/MIME</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> RAO Admin - Code Signing</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> RAO Admin - Device cert</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DRAO Admin - SSL</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;"><input type="checkbox"/> Dithers Organization</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;"><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stores Department</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;"><input type="checkbox"/> SSL Support Team</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DRAO Admin - S/MIME</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;"><input type="checkbox"/> Dithers Organization</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;"><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stores Department</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;"><input type="checkbox"/> SSL Support Team</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DRAO Admin - Code Signing</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;"><input type="checkbox"/> Dithers Organization</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;"><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stores Department</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;"><input type="checkbox"/> SSL Support Team</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> DRAO Admin - Device cert</p>
<input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>		

- Fill out the contact, login details and password and select the privileges that should apply to the new administrator
- Next, you should specify the new administrator's security role:

A new administrator can be:

- RAO Admin SSL - Will be able to manage ONLY SSL certificates and ONLY for selected Organization(s).
- RAO Admin S/MIME - Will be able to manage ONLY client certificates and ONLY for selected Organization(s).
- RAO Admin Code Signing - Will be able to manage ONLY the code signing certificates issued to end-users belonging to the selected Organization(s).
- RAO Admin Device Cert - Will be able to manage ONLY the device authentication certificates issued to devices belonging to the selected Organization(s).
- DRAO Admin SSL - Will be able to manage ONLY SSL certificates and ONLY for selected Departments(s).
- DRAO Admin S/MIME - Will be able to manage ONLY client certificates and ONLY for selected Departments(s).
- DRAO Admin Code Signing - Will be able to manage ONLY the code signing certificates issued to end-users belonging to the selected Department(s).
- DRAO Admin Device Cert - Will be able to manage ONLY the device authentication certificates issued to devices belonging to the selected Department(s).

The same RAO can be assigned as RAO SSL, RAO S/MIME and RAO Code Signing as required.

Similarly, same DRAO can be assigned as RAO SSL, RAO S/MIME and RAO Code Signing as required. Further details about the privileges and security roles of these administrator types can be found in section **1.2.3. Administrative Roles**

4. Select the Organization/Department to which the new administrator will have access as shown above.

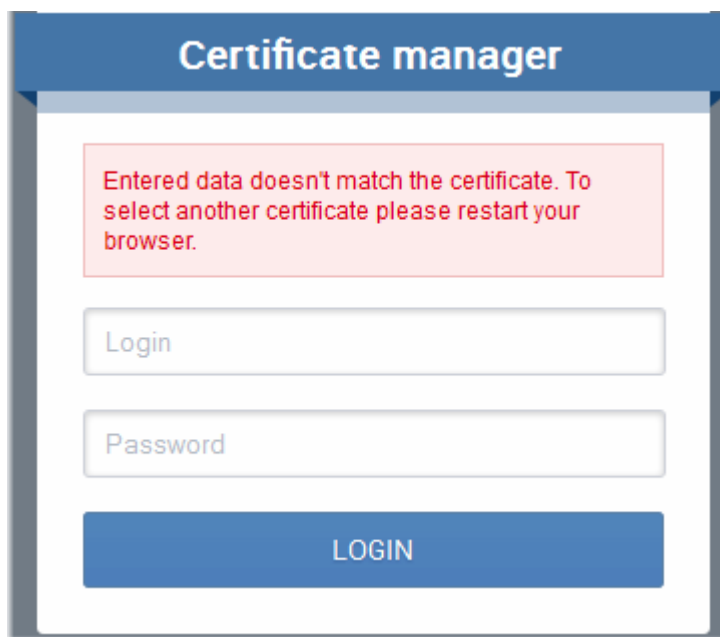
If the single RAO is chosen as RAO SSL, RAO S/MIME and/or RAO Code Signing, he or she can have the multiple privileges only for a particular Organization. Similarly, If the single DRAO is chosen as DRAO SSL, DRAO S/MIME and/or DRAO Code Signing, he or she can have the multiple privileges only for a particular Department.

5. Click 'OK' to save all changes and finish the process.

5.2.2.1 The 'Certificate auth' Field

If enabled, the administrators currently being created will only be able to login to Certificate Manager after authenticating themselves with an certificate. This means, that the Certificate Manager Server will request the certificate specified during creation of the administrator in addition to their login and password details.

If Certificate Manager does not detect the authentication certificate specified during adding an admin, an error will be displayed and the administrator will not be able to login.



The screenshot shows a web interface titled "Certificate manager". At the top, there is a blue header with the text "Certificate manager". Below the header, there is a red error message box that reads: "Entered data doesn't match the certificate. To select another certificate please restart your browser." Below the error message, there are three input fields: "Login", "Password", and a blue "LOGIN" button.

If Certificate Manager does not detect the correct authentication certificate during login, an error stating that data doesn't match.

The administrator should restart the browser and select the correct digital certificate when requested at the login page. If the correct certificate is not detected or is not present on the administrator's system then they will not be able to access the Certificate Manager interface.

Note: In the event that an administrator has replaced their certificate used for 'Certificate Auth', Certificate Manager needs to re-sync their certificate information. You will need to re-select the appropriate certificate. To do this:

- Open the Admins interface by clicking the 'Admins' tab
- Click 'Edit' button at the top after selecting the radio button next to the administrator's name to re-open the administrator configuration dialog
- Select the new authentication certificate from the 'Certificate Auth' drop down.
- Save by clicking 'OK'.

5.3 Editing Administrators

All parameters of any administrator can be modified at any time by selecting the administrator and clicking the 'Edit' button at the top.

Full details of the options available when editing an existing administrator are available in the section '[Add New Client Admin](#)' form - [table of parameters](#).

5.4 Deleting an Administrator

Appropriately privileged administrators can delete peer administrators or administrators of next hierarchy level by selecting them and clicking the 'Delete' button at the top.

- Click 'OK' to delete the Administrator.

6 Settings

6.1 Overview

The 'Settings' area contains several tabs relating to the overall configuration of CCM. The number of tabs that are visible to a particular administrator is dependent on their security role.

	NAME	CITY	STATE	COUNTRY	VALIDATION STATUS
<input type="radio"/>	Device Org	Device Org	Device Org	US	Not Validated
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Dithers Organization	Chennai	TN	IN	Not Validated
<input type="radio"/>	SSL Support Team	Clifton	NJ	US	Not Validated
<input type="radio"/>	Comodo SE	Clifton	NJ	US	Not Validated

- **Organizations** - Visible only to RAO class administrators. RAOs can view, edit, request new domains and add Departments to Organizations that have been delegated to them.
- **Departments** - Visible only to DRAO class administrators. Allows DRAOs to view all Departments that have been delegated to them and to request new domains for those Departments.
- **Domains** - RAO class administrators can view the domains belonging to their Organization; can delegate domains to subordinate Departments and can request new domains for their Organization. DRAOs can view existing domains and request the addition of new ones.
- **Notifications** - Allows administrators to precisely define email notifications to various personnel based on a range of parameters - including notifications triggered by SSL certificate status, notifications triggered by Client Certificate status and notifications triggered by Discovery Scan Summaries.
- **Encryption** - Visible only to RAO/DRAO S/MIME administrators. Allows administrators to initialize a new master key pair or to re-encrypt the private keys of client certificates held in escrow.

Note: S/MIME administrators are strongly advised to familiarize themselves with the information in this section.

- **Assignment Rules** - Allows RAO/DRAO admins to create rules which will assign certificates found during a discovery scan to a specific organization or department.

6.2 Organizations

6.2.1 Section Overview

The 'Organizations' area allows RAO class administrators to view and manage their delegated Organizations and any Departments of that Organization. From here, RAOs can:

- Edit the way their Organization issues certificates
- Modify the content of email notifications that are issued on behalf of their Organization
- Create, Edit or Delete Departments of that Organization

- Request the addition of new Domains for their Organization
- Delegate existing Domains to any Organization or Department that they control

'Organizations' and 'Departments' and the delegation of domains to these entities is crucial to the issuance and effective management of SSL, code signing, S/MIME certificates and Device certificates via the Certificate Manager interface. Each Organization can have multiple Departments. 'Organizations' can only be managed by an RAO administrators whereas 'Departments' can be managed by a dedicated DRAO administrator or by the RAO.

Note: DRAO class administrators cannot view or access the 'Organizations' area - they see the '**Departments**' area instead.

Summary:

- Organizations are umbrella entities for the purposes of requesting, issuing and managing certificates for domains and employees.
- Each Organization can have multiple Departments. Furthermore, each Organization and each Department can have multiple domains delegated to it.
- RAO class administrators can manage all certificates (of the type that they have privileges for), domains and users belonging to their Organization and any of its sub-Departments. They are also able to create new Departments and appoint DRAO administrators.
- RAO class administrators can request that certificates be issued to domains that have been delegated to their Organization. They can also approve/decline certificate requests from individuals using the external application form.
 - RAO SSL administrators can manage SSL certificates for their Organization/Departments via the '**Certificate Managements - SSL Certificates**' area.
 - RAO S/MIME administrators can manage the client certificates of end-users belonging to their Organization/Departments via the '**Certificates Management - Client Certificates**' area.
 - RAO Code Signing administrators can manage Code Signing Certificates for their Organization/Departments from the '**Code Signing**' area.
 - RAO Device Cert administrators can manage Device Authentication Certificates for their Organization/Departments from the '**Device Certificates**' area.
- End-users can be assigned membership of an Organization or Department and provisioned with client certificates for the domain that is associated with that Organization/Department.
- A wide range of Organization and Department specific **email notifications** can be set up to alert personnel to changes in certificate status, changes to domain status, Discovery Scan Summaries, Admin creation and more.
- RAO SSL and DRAO SSL administrators can utilize the **Certificate Discovery** feature to audit a network for the presence of SSL certificates then assign any unmanaged certificates to their Organization or Department.
- **Reports** can be run, viewed and exported for an Organization or Department

CCM Entity	Administrator Types
Organization	RAO Administrator - SSL RAO Administrator - S/MIME RAO Administrator - Code Signing Certificate RAO Administrator - Device Cert
Department	RAO Administrator - SSL

	RAO Administrator - S/MIME RAO Administrator - Code Signing Certificates RAO Administrator - Device Cert DRAO Administrator - SSL DRAO Administrator - S/MIME DRAO Administrator - Code Signing Certificates DRAO Administrator - Device Cert
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Although we strongly advise administrators to carefully plan any Organizational and administrative structure beforehand, it is, of course, possible to rearrange and tweak your structure at a later date. Organizations, Departments, Domains and Administrators are each created and configured as independent entities in CCM. It is the association and delegation of these entities into a coherent superstructure which forms the key to an effective certificate management hierarchy for your enterprise. If you would like further advice on setting up an Organizational structure and administrative chains-of-command then please contact your Comodo account manager.

6.2.1.1 Example Scenarios

In order to maximize the effectiveness of your CCM implementation, it is important that you first decide the structure of your Organizational and administrative hierarchy. CCM's flexibility allows you to create and delegate hierarchies that are as simple or sophisticated as you require.

- You can delegate the same domain to multiple Departments
- You can delegate multiple admins to a single Department
- You cannot delegate domains directly to admins

The examples listed below are merely workable suggestions for reasonably straightforward situations. Administrators should, of course, follow their own policies when determining how to setup and manage domains between Organizations and Departments.

Each example outlines a hypothetical issuance scenario followed by two or three alternative solutions that are possible through CCM:

Example 1:

Scenario: You wish to issue only SSL certificates for a single first level domain and two sub-domains.

Solution 1 - Simple: Certificates for all domains are delegated to the Organization and managed by a single RAO SSL admin

- Request the creation of an RAO SSL admin if one does not already exist
- Do not create any DRAO SSL admins
- Do not create any Departments
- Delegate the domain and all sub-domains your Organization

Organization Name	Organization Admin(s)	Department Name / Department Admin	Domains
Your Organization	RAO SSL	-	http://website_1.com
			http://secure.website_1.com
			http://mail.website_1.com

Solution 2 - Simple: Create three Departments and delegate a domain to each one. Create a single DRAO SSL admin to manage all Departments.

- Request the creation of an RAO SSL admin if one does not already exist
- Create and approve a DRAO SSL admin
- Create three Departments
- Delegate each domain to a separate Department
- Delegate the DRAO SSL to manage all three Departments

Organization Name	Organization Admin(s)	Department Name / Department Admin		Domains
Your Organization	RAO SSL	Department 1	DRAO SSL	http://website_1.com
		Department 2		http://secure.website_1.com
		Department 3		http://mail.website_1.com

Solution 3 - Intermediate: Create three Departments and delegate a domain to each one. Create three DRAO SSL admins to manage each of the Departments.

- Request the creation of an RAO SSL admin if one does not already exist
- Create and approve three DRAO SSL Admins
- Create three Departments
- Delegate each Domain to one of these Departments
- Delegate one DRAO SSL Admin to each of the Departments

Organization Name	Organization Admin(s)	Department Name / Department Admin	Domains
Your Organization	RAO SSL	Department 1 / DRAO SSL 1	http://website_1.com
		Department 2 / DRAO SSL 2	http://secure.website_1.com
		Department 3 / DRAO SSL 3	http://mail.website_1.com

Example 2:

Scenario: Your company issues both SSL certificates and S/MIME certificates. Your company operates 2 distinct websites, each with it's own unique first level domain name and two sub-domains.

Solution 1 - Simple:

- Request the creation of one RAO SSL admin and one RAO S/MIME admin if they do not already exist
- Do not create any DRAO class admins
- Do not create any Departments
- Delegate both first level domains and all sub-domains to your Organization
- The RAO SSL admin manages all SSL certificates for all domains
- The RAO S/MIME admin manages all Client Certificates for all domains

Organization Name	Organization Admin(s)	Department Name / Department Admin	Domains
Your Organization	RAO SSL RAO S/MIME RAO Code Signing	-	http://website_1.com
			http://secure.website_1.com
			http://mail.website_1.com
			http://website_2.com
			http://secure.website_2.com
			http://mail.website_2.com

Solution 2 - More sophisticated:

- Request the creation of one RAO SSL admin and one RAO S/MIME admin if they do not already exist
- Create four Departments
- Create four DRAO SSL admins
- Create two DRAO S/MIME admins
- Delegate the top level Domain and the two sub-domains of website #1 each to a separate Department. Assign a DRAO SSL admin to each of these Departments.
- Delegate the top level Domain and the two sub-domains of website #2 all to Department 4. Assign the remaining DRAO SSL admin to this fourth Department.
- Delegate one DRAO S/MIME as administrator of Departments 1,2 and 3. Delegate the other DRAO S/MIME as admin of Department 4.

Organization Name	Organization Admin(s)	Department Name / Department Administrator		Domains
Your Organization	RAO SSL	Department 1	DRAO SSL 1	http://website_1.com
		Department 2	DRAO SSL 2	http://secure.website_1.com
		Department 3	DRAO SSL 3	http://mail.website_1.com
		Department 4	DRAO SSL 4	http://website_2.com http://secure.website_2.com http://mail.website_2.com
	RAO S/MIME	Department 1	DRAO S/MIME 1	http://website_1.com
		Department 2		http://secure.website_1.com
		Department 3		http://mail.website_1.com
		Department 4	DRAO S/MIME 2	http://website_2.com http://secure.website_2.com http://mail.website_2.com

6.2.2 Organization Management

6.2.2.1 Organizations Area Overview

To open the 'Organizations' management area, click the 'Organizations' sub-tab under the 'Settings' tab. The 'Organizations' tab is not visible to a DRAO (they see the 'Departments' tab instead).

NAME	CITY	STATE	COUNTRY	VALIDATION STATUS
Bar[9]	BarCity	CT	US	Not Validated
Football[7]	SkyCity	AL	US	Not Validated
org2[53]	ODS	ods	US	Not Validated
Advanced[2]	Sky-City	AL	US	Validated
org 1[52]	Ods	ods	US	Validated

This area:

- Lists all Organizations available to an RAO admin
- Allows RAO and DRAO admins to modify certificate settings and email templates for their Organization and/or Department
- Allows RAO admins to request new and delegate existing Domains to an Organization or Department
- Allows RAO admins to search and filter Organizations by Name and Department.

Administrative Roles:

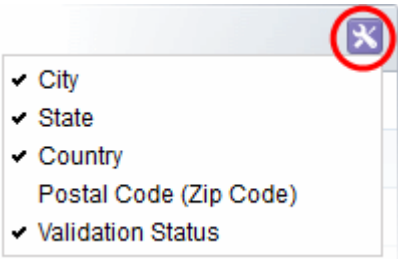
- RAO Administrators - can only see their own Organization(s) in the 'Organizations' area. They cannot create new Organizations but can manage and create Departments for the Organization(s) that has/have been delegated to them.
- DRAO Administrators cannot view the 'Organizations' area. They have visibility only of the 'Departments' tab. They have the rights to manage only the Department(s) that has/have been delegated to them.

The following table provides a summary of the ability of Administrator types to manage Organizations and Departments:

RAO	DRAO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Can Manage the Delegated Organization • Can create and manage Subordinate Department(s) 	Can manage Delegated Department (s) (via the 'Departments' sub-tab)

6.2.2.2 Summary of Fields and Controls

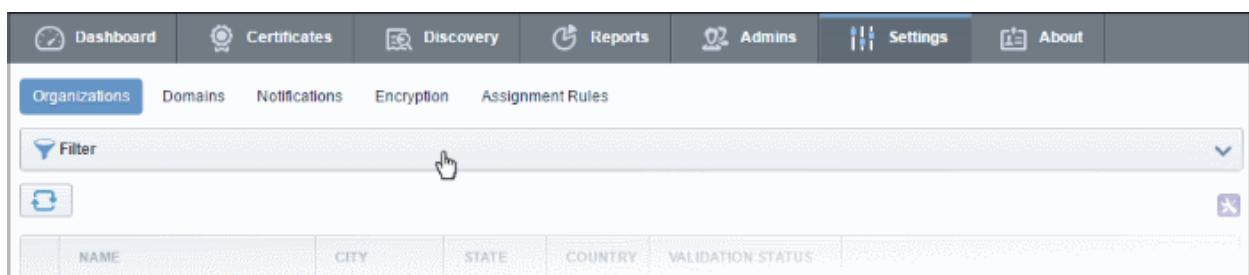
Organizations Area - Table of Parameters		
Fields	Values	Description

Name	String	Name of the Organization
City	String	Name of the City where the Organization is located
State	String	Name of the State or province
Country	String	Two character country code
Postal Code	Numeric	The postal code or zip code of the city
Validation Status	String	Indicates whether the Organization has been validated by the Master Administrator for the issuance of OV SSL certificates.
<p>Note: An administrator can select the columns to be displayed in the table from the drop-down at the right end of the table header:</p> 		
Control Buttons	Refresh	Refreshes the list.
Organization Control Buttons Note: The Organization control buttons appear only on selecting an Organization	Edit	Enables administrators to modify Client, SSL and Code Signing Certificate settings pertaining to an existing Organization.
	Departments	Enables administrators to view and manage Departments that belong to that Organization.
	Domains	Enables administrators to view, edit and delegate domains to the Organization and the Departments within the Organization.

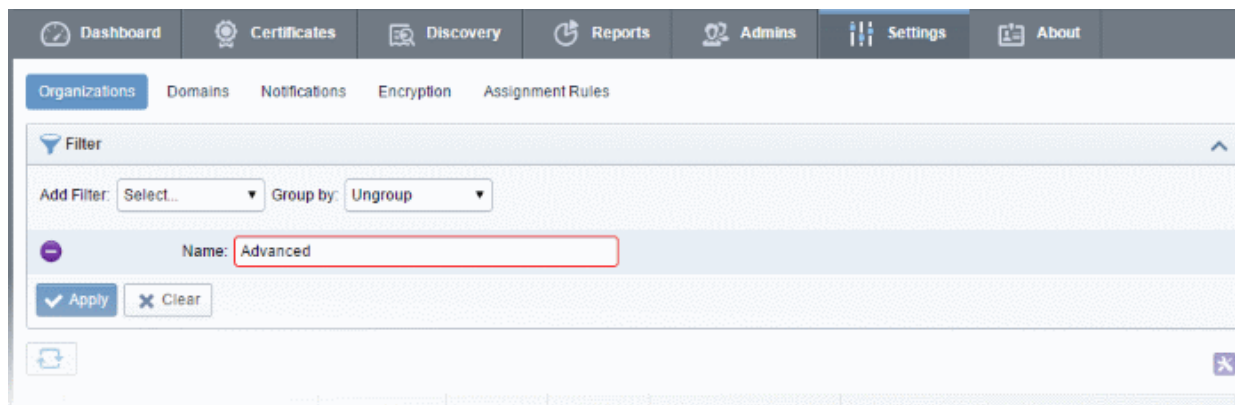
6.2.2.3 Sorting and Filtering Options

- Clicking on the column header 'Name' sorts the items in the alphabetical order of the names of the Organizations.

Administrators can search for particular Organization by using the filters.

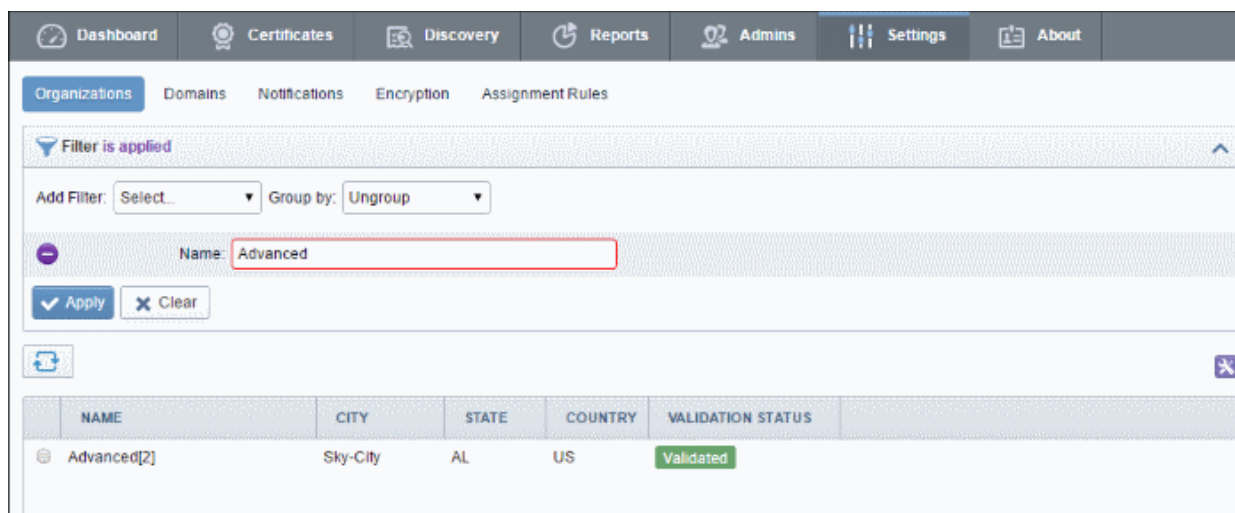


To apply filters, anywhere on the 'Filters' stripe. The filter options will be displayed. You can add filters by selecting from the options in the 'Add Filter' drop-down and group the selection with other options that appears depending on the selection from the 'Add Filter' drop-down.



- Enter part of or full name in the 'Name' field and click the Apply button.

The filtered items based on the entered parameters will be displayed.



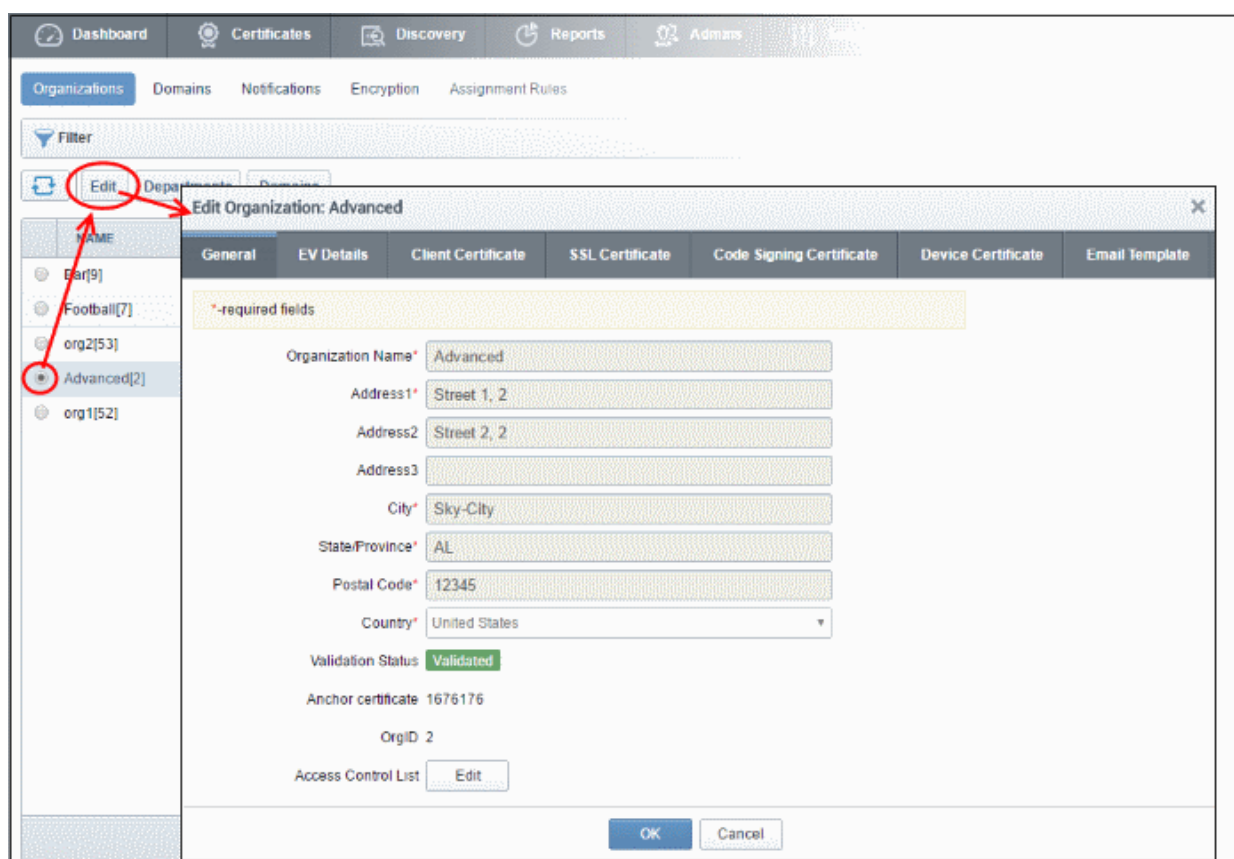
- To remove the filter options, click the 'Clear' button.

Note: The search filters once configured for the interface will be automatically saved. When you are re-opening the 'Organizations' interface in future, the configured filters will be in action and only the search results will be displayed. If you do not want the filters to be saved, click the 'Clear' button.

6.2.2.4 Editing an Organization

The 'Edit Organization' interface allows RAO and DRAO Administrators to modify certificate and email settings for their organization or department. To open it:

- Select an organization and click the 'Edit' button as shown below:



The precise functionality available in the interface depends on the type of RAO administrator that is logged in:

- RAO S/MIME admins see 'General Settings', 'Client Cert' and 'E-mail Template' tabs
- RAO SSL admins see 'General Settings', 'SSL' and 'E-mail Template' tabs
- RAO Code Signing admins see 'General Settings', 'Code Signing Certificate' and 'E-mail Template' tabs
- RAO Device Cert admins see 'General Settings', 'Device Certificate Settings' and 'E-mail Template' tabs

Note: Any changes you make to the settings of an existing Organization will NOT affect certificates that have already been issued.

6.2.2.4.1 General Settings

RAO and DRAO Administrators cannot edit the name and address details in the 'General' settings relating to an Organization/Department. Please contact the **Master Administrator** at Comodo should your company wish these details to be altered.

Note: The **Master Administrator** at Comodo is the person responsible for approving requests made by RAO and DRAO administrators. This includes approving requests for creating new domains; delegating domains to Organizations and requests for new SSL and Code Signing Certificates. The Master Administrator also initiates the process for validating an Organization and Departments under it for the request and issuance of OV SSL certificates.

Edit Organization: Advanced

General | EV Details | Client Certificate | SSL Certificate | Code Signing Certificate | Device Certificate | Email Template

*-required fields

Organization Name* Advanced

Address1* Street 1, 2

Address2 Street 2, 2

Address3

City* Sky-City

State/Province* AL

Postal Code* 12345

Country* United States

Validation Status Validated

Anchor certificate 1676176

OrgID 2

Access Control List

- **ACL:** Enables the administrator to configure and limit incoming access to the CCM interface to certain IP addresses and ranges. This is very useful if they want to grant access only to certain IP addresses and so prevent unauthorized or unsecured access to the CCM interface. After specifying one or more IP addresses or ranges in CIDR notation, only administrators attempting to login from these specified addresses will be allowed access.

Imposing Access Restrictions to CCM interface

Security Roles:

- **RAO** - Can impose access restrictions to CCM for the management of the certificates, administrators, end-users and settings for the Organizations (and any subordinate Departments) that have been delegated to them.
- **DRAO** - Can impose access restrictions to CCM for the management of the certificates, end-users and settings for the Departments that have been delegated to them.

To limit incoming access to the CCM interface

- Click the 'Edit' beside 'Access Control List' under the 'General' tab of the 'Edit Organization' dialog.

The 'Access Control for...' dialog will appear.

Edit Organization: Dithers Construction Company

General | EV Details | Client Certificate | SSL Certificate | Code Signing Certificate | Email Template

*-required fields

Organization Name* Dithers Construction Company

Validation Status not Validated

Anchor certificate

Access Control List **Edit**

OK Cancel

Access Control for: Dithers Construction Company

Filter

Refresh Add

CIDR	DESCRIPTION
124.200.0.0/16	For Dither Admins

15 rows/page 1 - 1 out of 1

Close

Column Header	Description
CIDR	Short for Classless Internet DOMAIN Routing. Administrator should specify IP range: it should be IP address followed by network prefix, e.g. 123.456.78.91/16.
Description	Contains a short description for the IP range as entered by the administrator while creating the CIDR.
Controls Buttons	Description
Edit	Enables administrator to edit CIDR's details.
Delete	Enables administrator to delete the CIDR.
Add	Opens 'Add IP Range' dialog
Refresh	Updates the list of IP ranges.

To Add a new IP Range

- Click 'Add'. The 'Add IP Range' dialog will appear.

Access Control for: Dithers Construction Company

Filter

+ Add

CIDR	DESCRIPTION
There is no data to display	

Add IP Range

CIDR* 121 . 202 . 121 . 10 / 16

Description* User-friendly name for this range

OK Cancel

- Enter the IP range, followed by network prefix, e.g. 123.456.78.91/16.
- Enter a short description for the IP range
- Click OK.

The IP range will be added as a new CIDR and the access to CCM from the new IP range will be allowed.

6.2.2.4.2 EV Details Tab

RAO and DRAO Administrators cannot edit the details in the 'EV Details' tab relating to an Organization/Department. Please contact the **Master Administrator** at Comodo CA should your company wish these details to be altered.

Note: The EV details tab is displayed only if Extended Validation Registration Authority (EVRA) feature is enabled for your CCM account. Contact your Master Administrator for enabling this feature.

Edit Organization: Dithers Construction Company

- General
- EV Details**
- Client Certificate
- SSL Certificate
- Code Signing Certificate
- Email Template

Incorporation or Registration Agency

Incorporating Agency

Main Telephone Number


DUN and Bradstreet Number

Company Registration Number

Locality

State or Province of Incorporation

Country of Incorporation

Date of Incorporation 

Business Category

Contract Signer

Title

6.2.2.4.3 Client Cert Settings Tab

The 'Client Cert' tab allows RAO S/MIME administrators to configure enrollment and term settings relating to client certificates issued to end-users. The settings chosen in this section relate only to those client certificates issued to the domain associated with the currently selected Organization.

Edit Organization: Advanced

General | EV Details | **Client Certificate** | SSL Certificate | Code Signing Certificate | Device Certificate | Email Template

Self Enrollment

Access Code*

Web API

Secret Key*

Allow Key Recovery by Master Administrators

Allow Key Recovery by Organization Administrators

Client Cert Types

OK Cancel

6.2.2.4.4 Client Cert Settings - Table of Parameters

Field Name	Type	Description
Self Enrollment	<i>Check-box</i> <i>Default state - not checked</i>	Checking this box will allow the end-users that belong to the Organization to apply for a personal certificate using the application form. The administrator can send an email containing a link to the self-enrollment URL to an end-user by clicking the 'Send Invitation' button in the ' Certificates ' configuration menu for that user. Users that apply for a client certificate using the enrollment forms will also be automatically created as a new 'End-User' in this Organization/Department if they do not already exist. (List of end-users is viewable in the 'Client Certificates' area of 'Certificates Management' section).
Access Code (Appears only if the 'Self Enrollment' check-box is selected) (Required)	<i>String</i>	Access Code - To authenticate the certificate application, applicants are required to provide an access code at the Client Certificate Self Enrollment Form . The RAO administrators can modify the Access Code set by the Master Administrator while creating the Organization and should choose a complex access code containing a mixture of alpha and numeric characters that cannot be easily guessed. This access code should be conveyed to the applicant(s) along with the URL of the sign up form.
Web API	<i>Check-box</i> <i>Default state - not checked</i>	Checking this box enables certificate enrollment through the WebService API. This requires a special agreement with Comodo. For detailed instructions please refer to Web API documentation.
Secret Key (Appears only if the 'Web API' check-box is selected)	<i>String</i>	The Secret key is a phrase that is unique to the Organization. This phrase restricts access for enrolling certificates for that Organization.
Allow Key Recovery by	<i>Check-box</i>	If selected, the Master Administrator will have the ability to recover the private keys of client certificates issued by this Organization. At the point

Field Name	Type	Description
Master Administrator	<i>Default state - checked</i>	of creation, each client certificate will be encrypted with the Master Administrator's master public key before being placed into escrow. If this box is selected then the Organization will not be able to issue client certificate UNTIL the Master Administrator has initialized their master key pair in the Encryption tab. See ' Encryption and Key Escrow ' for a more complete explanation of key recovery processes.
Allow Key Recovery by Organization administrators	<i>Check-box Default state - checked Not modifiable</i>	If selected, the RAO will have the ability to recover the private keys of client certificates issued by this Organization. At the point of creation, each client certificate will be encrypted with the RAOs master public key before being placed into escrow. If this box is selected then the Organization will not be able to issue client certificate UNTIL the RAO has initialized their master key pair in the Encryption tab. See ' Encryption and Key Escrow ' for a more complete explanation of key recovery processes.
Client Cert Types	<i>Button 'Customize'</i>	The Client Cert types customization options allow the administrator to specify the Client Certificate types and term lengths that will be available for this Organization through the Self Enrollment Forms. Refer to the section Customize an Organization's Client Certificate Types for more details. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Clicking the 'Customize' button will open the 'Bind Client Cert Types' interface. All choices made in the 'Bind Client Cert Types' interface will apply only to this specific Organization.. If a particular certificate type or term is not visible in the 'Bind Client Cert Types' area then it may need enabling in the 'Client Cert Types' area. RAO S/MIME and DRAO S/MIME Administrators should seek the advice of the Master Administrator.

6.2.2.4.4.1 Customize an Organization's Client Certificate Types

Comodo offers different types of Client certificates depending on their purpose. The capabilities of a client certificate depend on the Key Usage Templates (KUTs) bound to it. For example, client certificate types can be created with the capacities of 'Signing Only', 'Encryption Only', 'Dual Use' (Signing + Encryption) or 'Smart Card Logon and Authentication' by associating respective KUTs to them.

The following table shows a sample of available KUTs/Client Certificate types:

Name	Description of Purpose
Signing Only	Digital Signing
Dual Use	Digital Signing and Encryption
Encryption Only	Encryption and Decryption only
Authentication Only	Authentication only
Comodo Dual Use	Dual use certificates (Digital Signing and Encryption) as defined by Comodo Certification Practice Statement (CPS)
SOAP Signing & Encryption	Digital Signing and Encryption of Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP)

	messages
Data Encipherment	Data Encipherment
AD User	Authentication to AD server
Smart Card Logon and Authentication	For use with Smart Card Logon and Authentication
EFS	Encryption of files

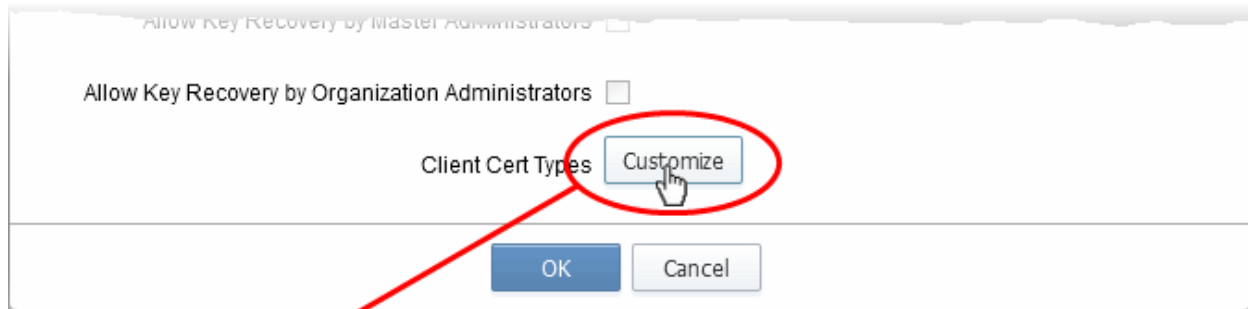
RAO S/MIME administrators can request their Master Administrator or their Comodo Account Manager to enable multiple types of client certificates for their organization. It is also possible to create custom client certificate types with combinations of capabilities depending on the requirements of your organization. Administrators can view the list of client certificate types enabled for their Organization by clicking the 'Customize' button under the 'Client Certificate' tab in the 'Edit Organization' dialog.

The types and term lengths of Client Certificates that are available to any particular Organization can be customized using the 'Customize Client Cert Types' interface. Creating a targeted 'certificate roster' simplifies the certificate selection procedure at the application forms and helps avoid applications for certificates which are inappropriate for that Organization.

Security Roles:

- RAO S/MIME - Can customize client certificate type availability only for the Organizations and the Departments belonging to the Organizations that are delegated to them.
- DRAO S/MIME - Cannot customize client certificate type availability.

To access the 'Customize Client Cert Types' interface, click the 'Customize' button under the Client Cert tab of the Edit Organization interface:



Customize Client Cert Types [X]

Enrollment Form

Customized

Name*	Terms*	Validation Type
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High	Select..	STANDARD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> My Comodo Custom Cert	Select..	STANDARD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Smart Card Client Certificate	Select..	STANDARD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Client Certificate - Dual Use	Select..	STANDARD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Client Certificate - Encr only	Select..	STANDARD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Client Certificate - Sign only	Select..	STANDARD

This will open the 'Customize Client Cert Types' for that Organization, that enables to restrict the Client Cert types that will be available to applicants using the **Self Enrollment Form** for that Organization.

By default, the 'Customized' option is left unchecked so that all the certificate types are available through the self enrollment forms (both Access Code and Secret ID based application forms).

To restrict the Client Cert types and their term lengths:

1. Select the 'Customized' checkbox.
2. Check the names of the certificates you wish to be available for the Organization leave the others unchecked.
3. Click the 'Select' button next to the certificate name to choose which terms will be available. If you want to set the selected term as default term for the selected certificate type, select 'Default' radio button.

Enrollment Form			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Customized	Name*	Terms*	Validation Type
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	High	Select...	STANDARD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	My Comodo Custom Cert	Select...	STANDARD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smart Card Client Certificate	Select...	STANDARD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Client Certificate - Dual Use	Select...	STANDARD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Client Certificate - Encr only	Select...	STANDARD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Client Certificate - Sign only	Select...	STANDARD

Apply

OK

Terms Default

- 1 year
- 2 years
- 3 years

4. The 'Validation' type will be preset for each certificate type.

The two options available are 'Standard' and 'High' validation types.

'Standard' validation type can be completed quickly and takes advantage of the user authentication mechanisms that are built into CCM.

Under 'Standard Personal Validation' type, the user is authenticated using the following criteria:

- User must apply for a certificate from an email address @ a domain that has been delegated to the issuing Organization
- The Organization has been independently validated by a web-trust accredited Certificate Authority as the owner of that domain
- User must know either a unique Access Code or Secret ID that should be entered at the certificate enrollment form. These will have been communicated by the administrator to the user via out-of-band communication.
- User must be able to receive an automated confirmation email sent to the email address of the certificate that they are applying for. The email will contain a validation code that the user will need to enter at the certificate collection web page.

'High Personal Validation' type requires that the user undergo the validation steps listed above AND

- Face-to-Face meeting with the issuing Organization

Note: The additional validation steps must be completed PRIOR to the administrator selecting 'High Personal Validation' type.

5. Click OK.

The administrator needs to log out then back in again for the customization options to take effect.

Only the types and terms of client certificates that are selected in the 'Customize Client Cert Types' interface will now be available in the 'Type' drop-down field of the Self Enrollment form.

6.2.2.4.5 SSL Certificates Settings Tab

The 'SSL' tab allows RAO SSL administrators to specify Self Enrollment, certificate types and term lengths, Web API capabilities and expiry synchronization settings relating to the SSL certificates issued to the domain associated with the Organization (or Department of the Organization).

6.2.2.4.6 SSL Certificates - Table of Parameters

Field Name	Type	Description
Self Enrollment	<i>Check-box</i> <i>Default state - not checked</i>	<p>Checking this box will enable external requests for SSL certificates to be made by using the Self Enrollment Form.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Certificates requested using the Self Enrollment Form will appear in the 'SSL Certificates' sub-tab of 'Certificates Management' section of Comodo Certificate Manager before they are submitted to Comodo CA for validation. It is the responsibility of the administrator to review then approve or decline the request. If the request is approved it will then be forwarded to Comodo CA for processing. If the application is made for a domain that has been pre-validated for your account then certificate will be issued immediately. If the application is made for a new domain, then Comodo will first need to validate your company's ownership of that domain prior to issuing the certificate. After successful validation, the new domain will be added to your list of 'pre-validated' domains and future certificates will be processed immediately. • To successfully complete the SSL request, the applicant must supply the correct Access Code for the Organization the Self Enrollment Form. This Access Code should be communicated to the applicant using out-of-bands methods like email. • Provided that the Access Code matches the Organization being applied for AND the email address that the applicant entered at the enrollment form is from the same domain as that

Field Name	Type	Description
		Organization's 'Common Name' then SSL certificates can be requested by individuals that do not yet exist in Comodo Certificate Manager. In such circumstances, a new end-user will be automatically created under the 'SSL Certificates' sub-tab of CCM interface with the end-user name 'requesterSSL <DOMAIN.com>' (where DOMAIN.com = the domain name for which the application is being made). This End-User will automatically be assigned membership of the Organization that the SSL Certificate was ordered for but will not own a Client Certificate.
Access Code (Appears only if the 'Self Enrollment' check-box is selected)	<i>String</i>	Access Code - To help authenticate the certificate application to Certificate Manager, applicants are required to provide an access code at the Self Enrollment Form. Administrators should choose a complex access code containing a mixture of alpha and numeric characters that cannot easily be guessed. This access code should be conveyed to the applicant(s) along with the URL of the sign up form. Applicants requesting an SSL certificate using the Self Enrollment Form will be required to enter this code.
Sync. Expiration Date	<i>Check-box</i>	Checking this box will enable the ability to modify and synchronize the expiration month and day of all certificates issued to the Organization. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> It is possible to select only a specific day of the month for expiry (simply select 'Not Used' for 'Sync. Month') It is possible to select both a specific day and a specific month for expiry. It is not possible to specify just a month of expiry.
Sync. Month:	<i>Drop-down Selection</i>	Allows Administrators to choose a specific month of the year during which all certificates issued to the Organization will expire. Administrators will also need to choose a specific day of expiration.
Sync. Day:	<i>String</i> <i>Numeric character.</i> <i>Between 1-31 if no specific month is chosen.</i> <i>Between 1-31 ; 1-30 or 1-28 if a specific month is also chosen.</i>	RAO SSL administrators can specify the day of the month on which certificates issued to the domain will expire. Specifying a certain day of the month for expiry for all SSL certificates issued to an Organization(s) can greatly simplify the certificate management process - especially in enterprises with large volumes of certificates. Note 1: Certificate terms cannot exceed the duration selected at the SSL certificate application form. This means: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If a specific Month is ALSO selected at the 'Sync. Month' drop down THEN the certificate will expire on the occurrence of that precise date that is closest to the certificate term selected on the SSL Certificates Self Enrollment Form or the Built In Application Form If a specific Month is NOT selected at the 'Sync. Month' drop down THEN the certificate will expire on the numbered day of the month that is nearest to the certificate term selected on the SSL Certificates Self Enrollment Form or the Built In Application Form <p>Example: Ordinarily, a 2 year certificate issued on the 12th of August</p>

Field Name	Type	Description
		<p>2014 would expire 730 days later on the 12th August 2016.</p> <p>However:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If the administrator has ONLY specified day 16 as the 'sync expiry day' then the certificate will expire on the 16th of July 2016. • If the administrator has ONLY specified day 5 as the 'sync expiry day', then the certificate will expire on the 5th August 2016. • If the administrator has specified 14th of June as the sync expiry 'day' and 'month', then the certificate will expire on the 14th June 2016. • If the administrator has specified 14th of August as the sync expiry 'day' and 'month', then the certificate will expire on the 14th August 2015. <p>Note 2: Specifying a sync expiry day only affects certificates issued from that point forward. The expiry date of certificates that have already been issued will not change. The sync expiry day will, however, apply to all renewals of existing certificates.</p>
Web API	<i>Check-box</i> <i>Default state - not checked</i>	Checking this box enables certificate enrollment through the Webservice API. This requires a special agreement with Comodo. For detailed instructions please refer to Web API documentation.
Secret Key (Appears only if the 'Web API' check-box is selected)	<i>String</i>	The Secret key is a phrase that is unique for all Organizations. This phrase restricts access for certificate enrollment for that Organization. Used in pair with 'Organization ID' (visible only for already created Organizations).
SSL Types	<i>Button</i> <i>'Customize'</i>	<p>The SSL types customization options allow the RAO SSL admin to specify the SSL Certificate types and term lengths that will be available for this Organization for new certificate applications.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clicking the 'Customize' button will open the 'Bind SSL Types' interface. • All choices made in the 'Bind SSL Types' interface will apply only to this specific Organization. • It is possible to make different certificate types and terms available to the applicant depending on whether the application is made using the Built-in application form (Admin UI) or the (Self) Enrollment form. • If a particular certificate type or term is not visible in the 'Bind SSL Types' area then it may need enabling in the 'SSL Types' area. SSL Administrators should seek the advice of the Master Administrator.
Server Software	Button <i>'Customize'</i>	<p>The Server Software customization options allow the administrator to specify the types of server software that are allowed for this Organization.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clicking the 'Customize' button will open the 'Server Software' interface, with a list of server software

Field Name	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The administrator can select the server software that can be used for the Organization All choices made in the 'Server Software' interface will apply only to this specific Organization. The server software selected in this field will be available in the 'Server Software' drop-down of both the Built-in application form (Admin UI) or the (Self) Enrollment form. See section Customize an Organization's Server Software Types for more details on this.

6.2.2.4.6.1 Customize an Organization's SSL Certificate Types

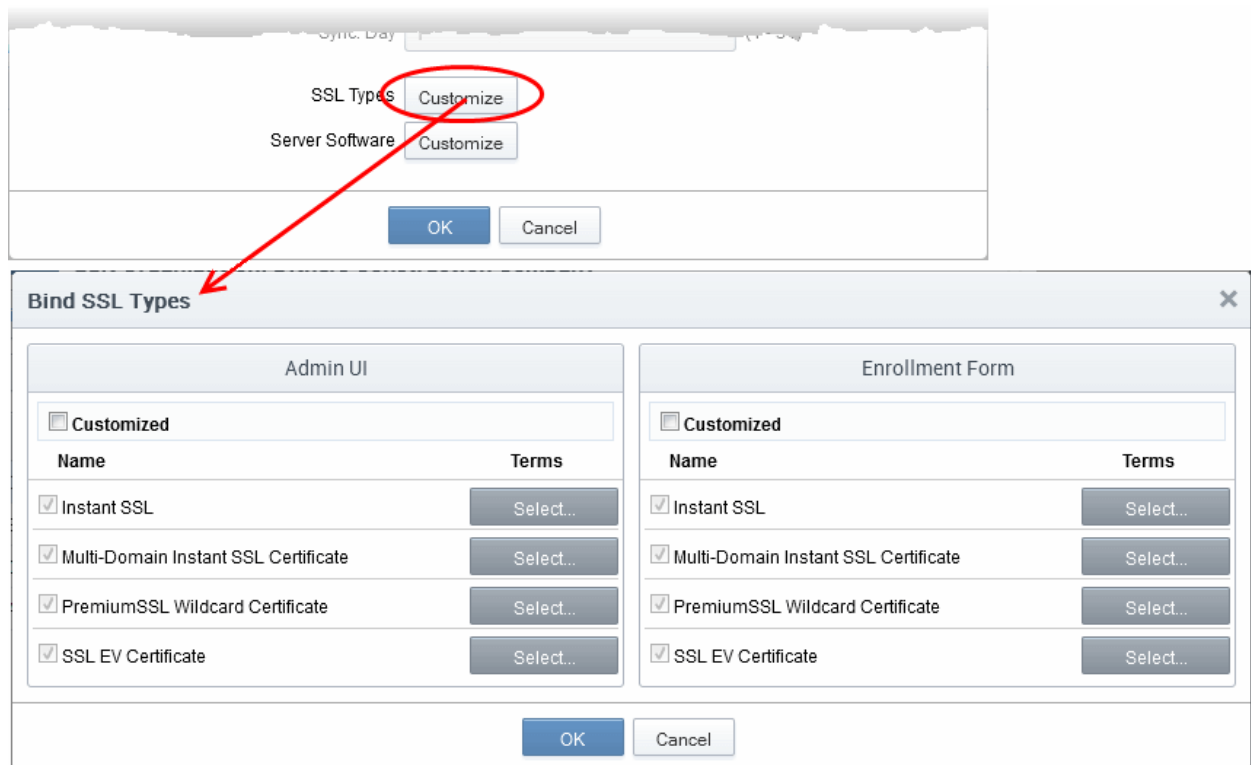
The types and term lengths of SSL certificates that are available to any particular Organization can be customized using the

'Bind SSL Types' interface. Creating a targeted 'certificate roster' simplifies the certificate selection procedure at the application forms and helps avoid applications for certificates which are inappropriate for that Organization.

Security Roles:

- RAO SSL - Can customize SSL certificate type availability only for Organizations (and any subordinate Departments) that are delegated to them.
- DRAO - Cannot customize SSL certificate type availability.

To access the 'Bind SSL Types' interface, click the 'Customize' button under the SSL tab of the 'Edit Organization' interface:



This will open the 'Bind SSL Types' for that Organization.

- **Admin UI** - Determines the SSL certificate types that will be available to applicants using the **Built In Application Form** for that Organization.
- **Enrollment Form** - Determines the SSL certificate types that will be available to applicants using the **Self**

Enrollment Form for that Organization.

- It is therefore possible to choose a different selection of certificate availabilities for an Organization depending on whether the Built-in or Self-Enrollment form is to be used.

By default, the 'Customized' option is left unchecked so that all the certificate types are available through both types of application form.

To restrict the SSL types and their durations

1. Select the 'Customized' option below either or both 'Admin UI' or 'Enrollment Form'.
2. Check the names of the certificates you wish to be available to that Organization and leave the others unchecked.
3. Click the 'Select' button next to the certificate name to choose which terms will be available.

4. Click OK.

The administrator needs to log out then back in again for the customization options to take effect.

The types and terms of SSL certificates that are selected in the 'Bind SSL Types' interface will now be available in the 'Type' and 'Term' drop-down fields of this Organization's application forms.

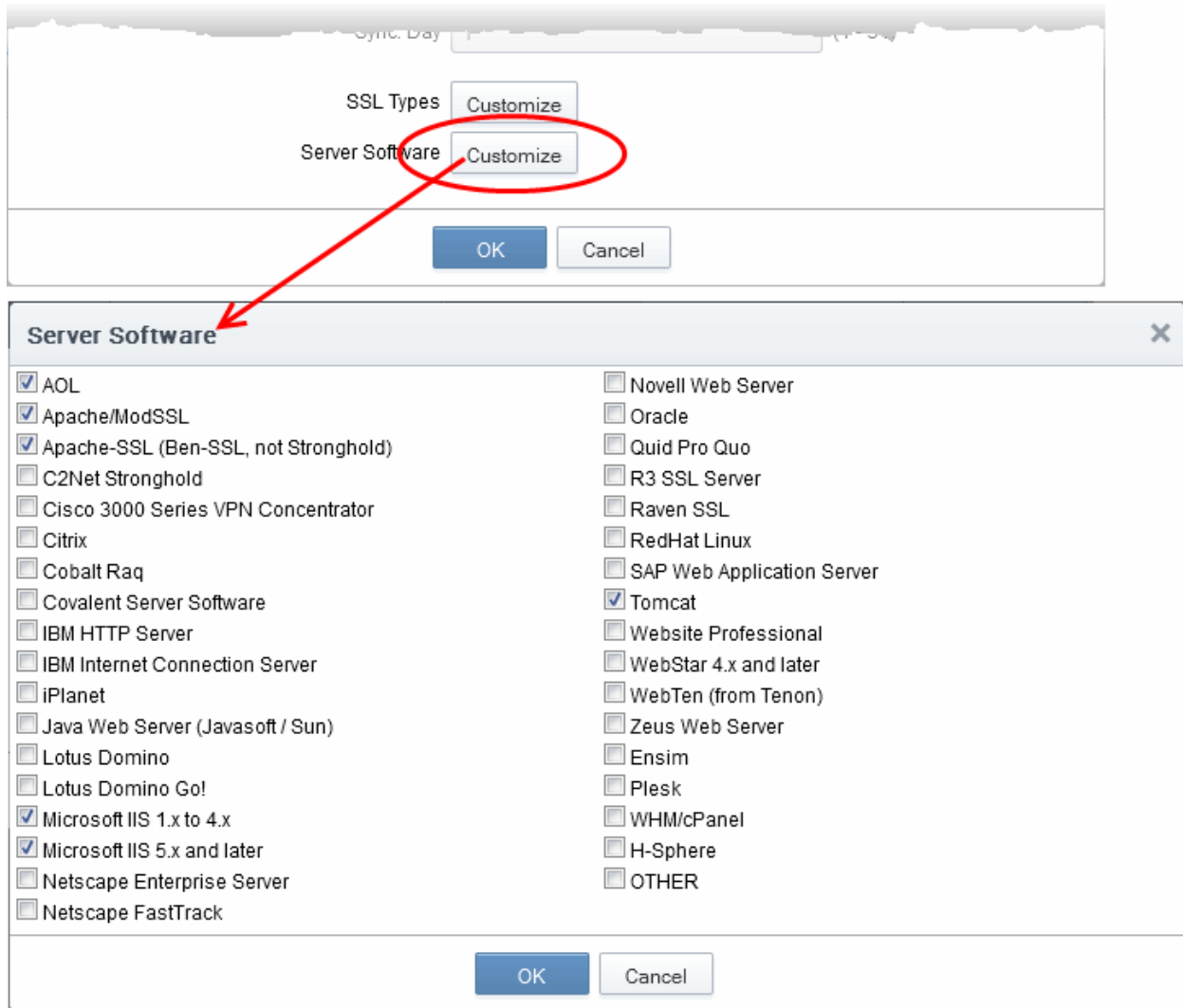
6.2.2.4.6.2 Customize an Organization's Server Software Types

Security Roles:

- RAO SSL - Can customize server software types that can be used for only for Organizations (and any subordinate Departments) that are delegated to them.
- DRAO - Cannot customize server software types.

The types of server software that can be used to any particular Organization can be customized using the 'Server Software' interface. Only those allowed server software will be listed in the Server Software drop down of both the **Self Enrollment** and the **Built-in Application** forms for adding new SSL certificate for that Organization.

To access the 'Server Software' interface, click the 'Customize' button beside 'Server Software', under the SSL tab of the Edit Organization interface. This will open the 'Server Software' for that Organization.



By default, no server software will be selected.

- To restrict the Server Software types select the names of the server software you wish to allow for that Organization and leave the others unchecked. Click OK to save the selection.

The administrator needs to log out then back in again for the customization options to take effect.

Note: All choices made in the 'Server Software' interface will apply only to this specific Organization.

6.2.2.4.7 'Code Signing Certificates' Settings Tab

The 'Code Signing' tab allows the Administrators to enable request/issuance of Code Signing Certificates for the Organization. The setting in this section relate only to those certificates issued to the domain associated with the currently selected Organization.

Edit Organization: Dithers Construction Company

General | EV Details | Client Certificate | SSL Certificate | **Code Signing Certificate** | Email Template

When checkbox is selected "Code Signing" certificates could be enrolled for this particular Organization or Department.

Enabled

OK Cancel

6.2.2.4.7.1 Code Signing Certificates - Table of Parameters

Field Name	Type	Description
Enabled	Check-box <i>Default state - not checked</i>	Checking this box will enable the request and issuance of Code Signing Certificates to end-users that are members of this Organization.

6.2.2.4.8 'Device Certificate Settings' Tab

The 'Device Certificate' tab allows admins to enable device certificates for an organization. Devices certs can be obtained using the self-enrollment forms or via SCEP.

Add New Organization

General | EV Details | Client Certificate | SSL Certificate | Code Signing Certificate | **Device Certificate**

Self Enrollment

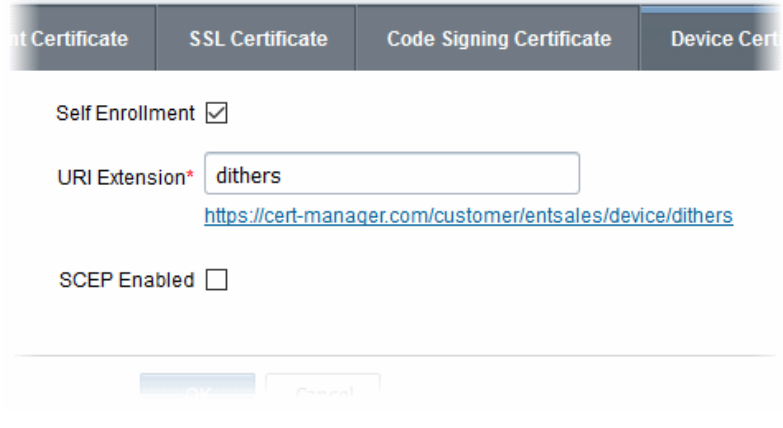
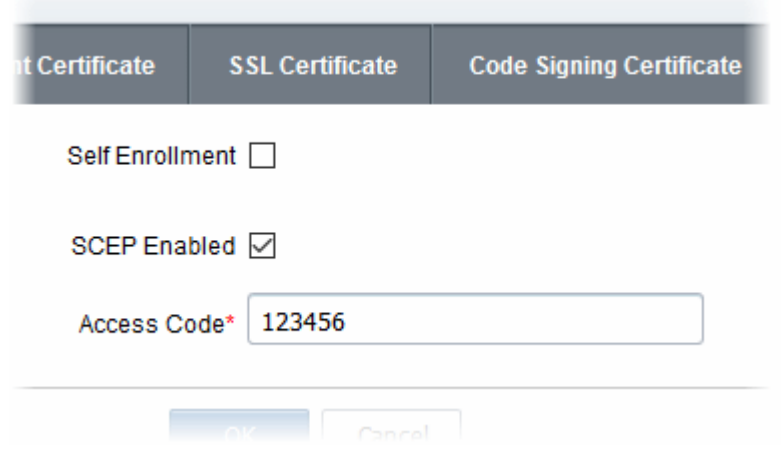
SCEP Enabled

OK Cancel

- Self Enrollment – Users can request device certificates via the self-enrollment application forms. If enabled, you need to specify the URI extension
- SCEP Enabled – Apply for device certificates for an organization using SCEP. An access code is required.

6.2.2.4.9 Device Certificates - Table of Parameters

Field Name	Type	Description
Self Enrollment	Checkbox	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enabling this box allows end-users to request device certificates

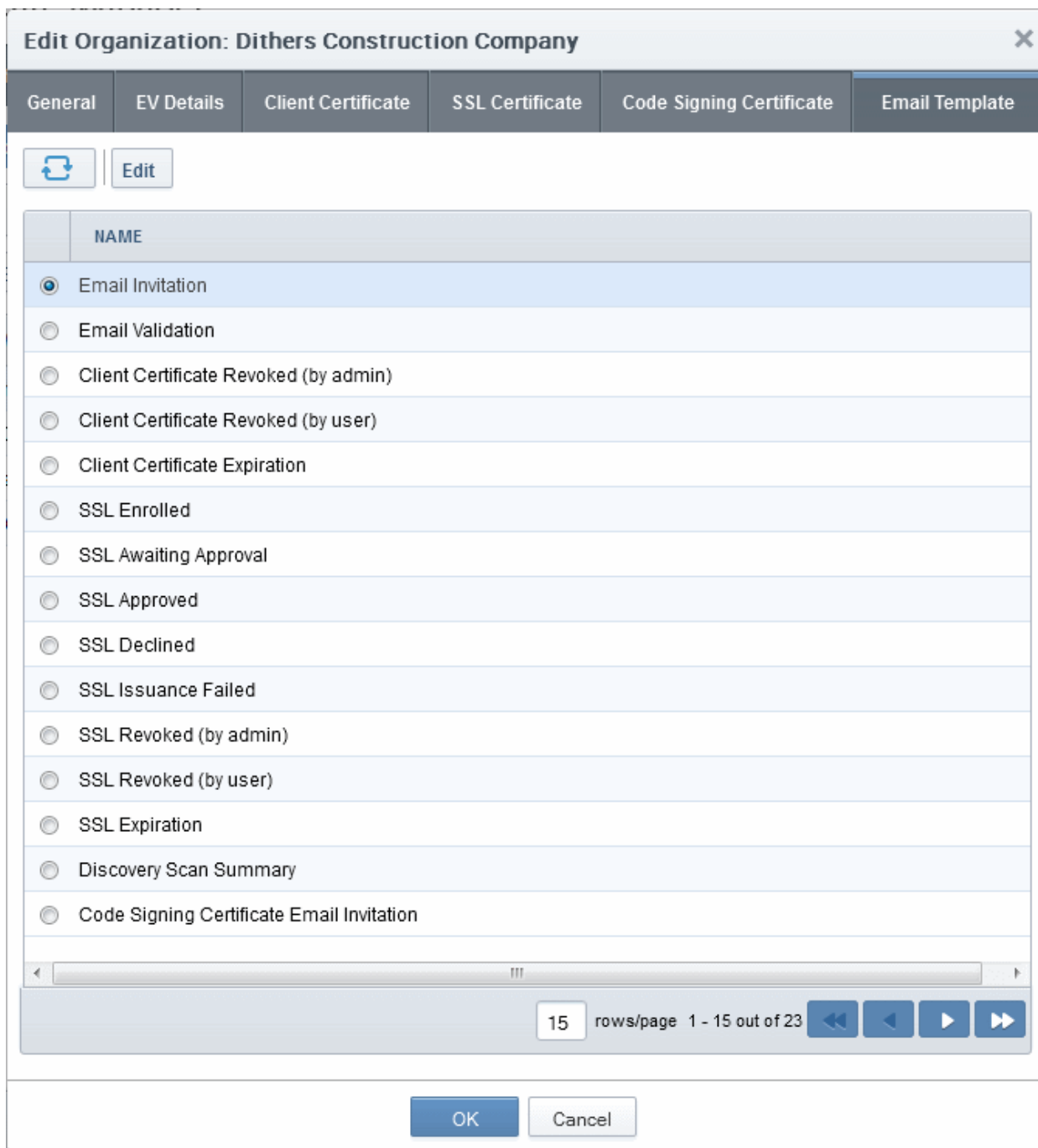
Field Name	Type	Description
	Default state - not checked	<p>by completing the self-enrollment form.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> You can specify a URL extension if one is not already set. The URL of the form is automatically shown below the extension field. This URL should be passed to applicants so they can apply for device certificates: 
SCEP Enabled	Checkbox Default state - not checked	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Select this box to enable enrollment of device certificates via SCEP for an organization. Administrators need to specify an access code after enabling this option. The code should included in the configuration profile for OTA enrollment of device certificates. The code is to be included in the profile, as the 'challengePassword' parameter in the certificate request generated by the device. 

6.2.2.4.10 'Email Template' Tab

CCM sends automated email notifications to applicants, administrators and end-users of all types of certificates upon events such as the certificate status updates, approvals, certificate collection, revocation etc. These are set by the respective administrators in the **'Notifications'** area.

The 'Email Template' tab in the 'Edit Organization' dialog allows the Administrator to directly edit/customize the content of the automated notification emails as set by him/her in the Notifications area.

CCM is shipped with several types of email templates corresponding to various notifications, related to different types of certificates and events. But the email templates displayed in the list and can be edited are dependent on the role of the administrator. For example, RAO SSL and DRAO SSL administrators will see the email templates of notifications corresponding to only SSL certificates and so on.



6.2.2.4.10.1 Viewing and Editing the Email Templates

Selecting an email template and clicking the 'Edit' button at the top will open the 'Edit Email Template' dialog for the respective type. An example is shown below.

Edit Email Template: Email Invitation

Title* Invitation Email - You have requested email certificate validation.

Body* Dear \${name},

You now need to complete the following steps:

* Click the following link to validate your email
\${url} (if the link doesn't work please copy request code
\${requestCode} and paste it into proper field in the
validation form).
Your request code: \${requestCode}

Send notification in HTML format

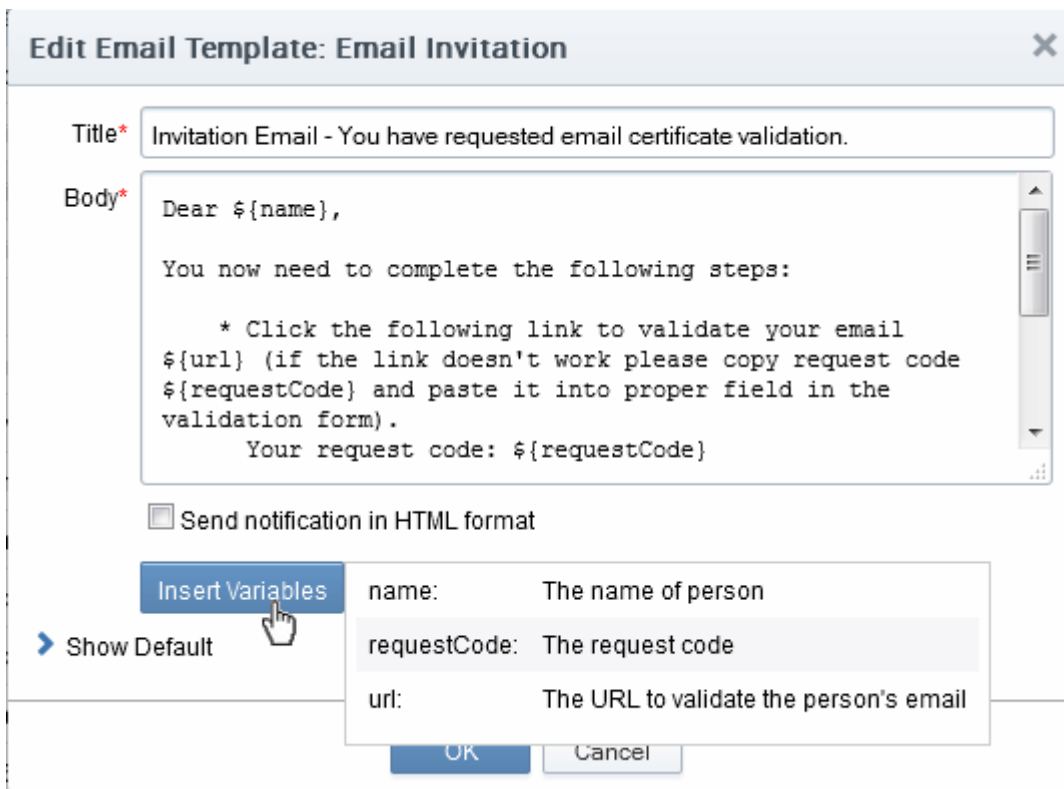
Insert Variables Revert to default

Show Default

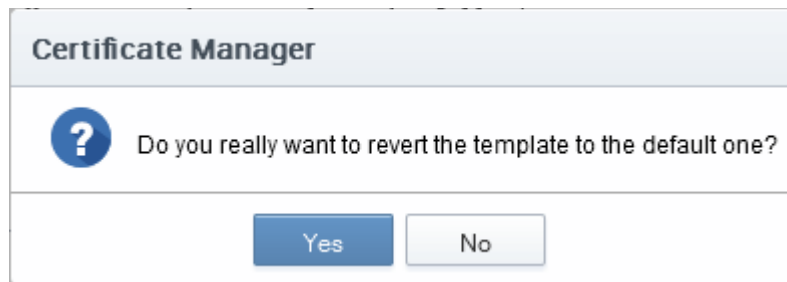
OK Cancel

The 'Title' field displays the subject line of the email to be sent. The 'Body' field contains the body content of the email message. The body content contains the text portions and the variables which will be replaced with the exact values from the details of the corresponding certificate/domain while sending the email automatically. The dialog allows the administrator to directly customize the content and add or remove the variables according to the need.

- Selecting the checkbox 'Send notification in HTML format' will send automated email notifications to administrators, applicants and end-users in HTML format.
- Clicking 'Insert Variables' will display a list of the variables used in the specific template. The administrator can select the variable to be inserted into the content from the list. This is useful if the administrator has accidentally deleted variable(s) which are essentially required in the template.



- Clicking 'Revert to default' enables the administrator to reset to the default content as shipped with CSM.



- Clicking 'Show Default' will display the default content for administrator to refer.

Edit Email Template: SSL Enrolled

Title* Enrollment Successful - Your SSL certificate is ready

Body*

Hello,

You have successfully enrolled for a SSL certificate.

You now need to complete the following steps:

* Click the following link to download your SSL certificate
\${downloadURL}

Send notification in HTML format

Insert Variables Revert to default

▼ Hide Default

Title Enrollment Successful - Your SSL certificate is ready

Body

Hello,

You have successfully enrolled for a SSL certificate.

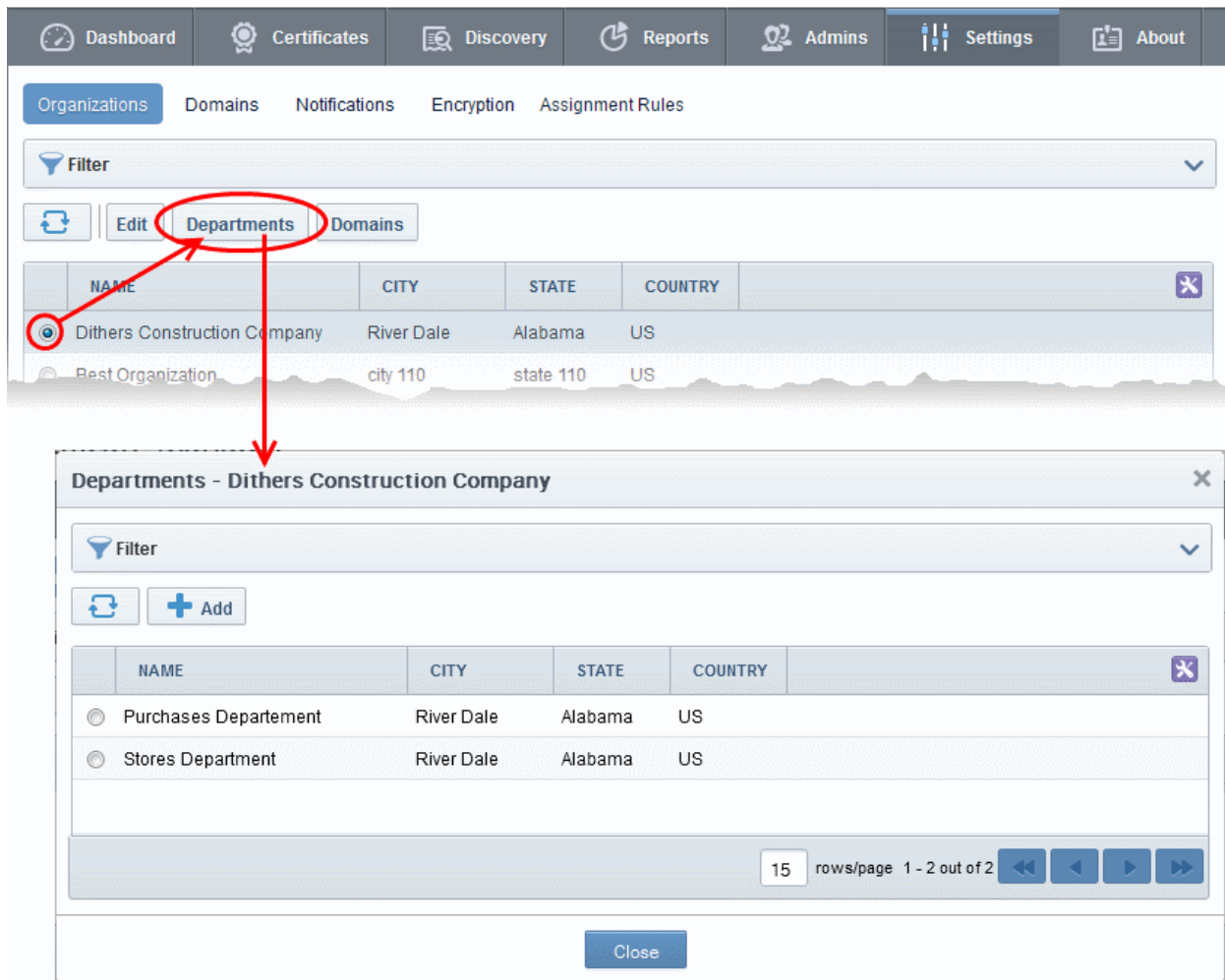
You now need to complete the following steps:

* Click the following link to download your SSL certificate
\${downloadURL}

OK Cancel

6.2.2.5 Managing the Departments of an Organization

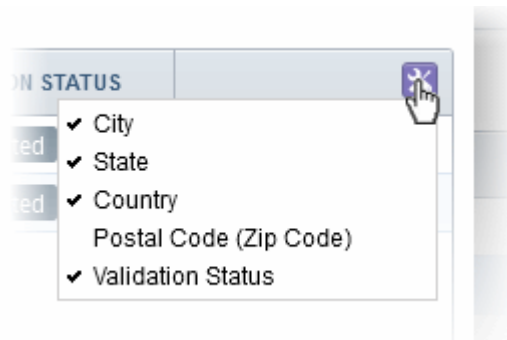
RAO administrators can view and edit Departments belonging to an Organization by selecting it and clicking the 'Departments' button at the top. This will open a dialog that lists all Departments belonging to the Organization and controls to Edit, Delete, Add and manage Domains.



6.2.2.5.1 Departments Dialog - Table of Parameters

Column Display	Description
Name	A list of all Departments that have been delegated to the Administrator that is currently logged in. The list is displayed in ascending alphabetical order.
City	Displays the name of the city entered at the time of creating the Department.
State	Displays the name of the State entered at the time of creating the Department.
Country	Displays the name of the Country entered at the time of creating the Department.
Postal Code (Zip Code)	Displays the postal code entered at the time of creating the Department.
Validation Status	Displays whether the Department is validated for the request and issuance of OV SSL certificates by the Master Administrator .

Note: An administrator can enable or disable the columns from the drop-down button beside the last item in the table header:



Controls Buttons	Add	Enables Administrators to modify General, Client, SSL and Code Signing Certificate settings pertaining to an existing Department.
	Refresh	Updates the list of Departments.
Department Control Buttons Note: The Department control buttons appear only on selecting a Department	Edit	Enables Administrators to modify General, Client, SSL, Code Signing Certificate and E-mail Template settings pertaining to a Department.
	Delete	Deletes the Department. The Control is not visible to DRAO Administrators.
	Domains	Enables Administrators to view, edit and delegate domains to the Departments.

6.2.2.5.2 Sorting and Filtering Options

- Clicking on the column header 'Name' sorts the items in the alphabetical order of the names of the Departments.

Administrators can search for particular Department by using filters.



To apply filters, click on the down arrow at the right end of the 'Filters' stripe. The filter options will be displayed. You can add filters by selecting from the options in the 'Add Filter' drop-down and group the selection with other options that appears depending on the selection from the 'Add Filter' drop-down. For example, if you want to filter the Department by 'Name':

Departments - Dithers Construction Company

Filter

Add Filter: Select.. Group by: Ungroup

Apply

Select..
Name
Validation Status
Show deleted

- Enter the name of the Department in part or full in the 'Name' field.
- Click the 'Apply' button.

The filtered items based on the entered parameters will be displayed:

- To remove the filter options, click the 'Clear' button.

Note: The search filters once configured for the interface will be automatically saved. When you are re-opening the 'Departments' interface in future, the configured filters will be in action and only the search results will be displayed. If you do not want the filters to be saved, click the 'Clear' button.

6.2.2.5.3 Creating Departments

An Organization may consist of sub-ordinate Departments, managed by DRAO administrators. In order to provide certificates to the employees, end-users or websites pertaining to the Departments, the RAO administrators must first create the Departments under the Organization and associate domains to the Departments. RAO administrators can add a new Department at any time by clicking the 'Add' button located at the top of the 'Departments' dialog.

Before you can issue Organization validated (OV) SSL certificates for a Department under an Organization, the Organization must first be validated by Comodo. The Organization validation process is initiated by the **Master Administrator**. When a new Department is added under a validated Organization, its address details will be fetched from the Organization's anchor certificate and these will auto-populate the Department's 'General' tab. The Department name will be blank for the administrator to complete and this will be shown as the 'Organizational Unit' (OU) in the final certificate. If a Department was added with different address details before the parent Organization was validated, then these details will be replaced with those in the anchor certificate the next time an OV certificate is ordered for the Department.

Add New Department
✕

General
EV Details
Client Certificate
SSL Certificate
Code Signing Certificate
Device Certificate

*-required fields

Department Name*

Address1*

Address2

Address3

City*

State/Province*

Postal Code*

Country*

Validation Status Validated

Anchor certificate 1676176

General Tab:

'General' settings allows the RAO administrator to configure high level details relating to the new Department if the parent Organization has not been validated. These details will be replaced with those in the anchor certificate issued for the parent Organization the next time an OV certificate is ordered for the Department. If the parent Organization is already validated by Comodo for the request and issuance of OV SSL certificates, the address details except the Department Name will be auto populated with the parent Organization's address. The administrator must fill the Department Name field, which will display as 'Organizational Unit' (OU) in the final certificate.

- The details in the 'General' section are used for Client, SSL and Code Signing Certificates requested on behalf of that Department.
- Client and SSL certificates may only be automatically issued to common names of domains (and sub-domains) delegated to the Department, which Comodo CA has pre-validated that you have the right to use. If you apply for certificates on a new domain, then Comodo CA will first need to validate your ownership of the domain before the certificate can be issued for it. See [Delegating Domains](#) for more details.
- For more details on these fields, see '[General Settings](#)' - [Table of Parameters](#)'

6.2.2.5.4 General Settings - Table of Parameters

Field Name	Values	Description
Department Name	String (required)	The name of the Department to be created which will display as "Organizational Unit" (OU) in the final OV SSL certificate.
Address 1	String (required)	If the parent Organization is already validated by Comodo for the request and issuance of OV SSL certificates, the address details except the Department Name will be auto populated with the parent Organization's address and non-editable.
Address 2	String	
Address 3	String	

Field Name	Values	Description
		If the parent Organization is not validated, then the administrator can fill these details, but will be replaced with those in the anchor certificate issued for the parent Organization after validation the next time an OV certificate is ordered for the Department.
City	String	
State/Province	String	
Postal Code	String	
Country	String	
Validation Status		Indicates the progress of Organizational validation (OV) on the CCM parent 'Organization' in question. States can be 'Not validated', 'Validated', 'Pending', 'Failed', 'Expired'.
Anchor Certificate		Issued after the Organization validation is completed for the parent Organization of the Department. Indicates the status of Anchor certificate. This is used as a reference for Organization validation status by CCM whenever an Organization Validated SSL certificate is requested for an Organization or Departments under it.

- The 'EV Details' Tab - see [EV Details tab](#) for more details
- The 'SSL Certificate' tab - see [SSL Certificate Settings tab](#) for more details.
- The 'Code Signing' tab - see [Code Signing Certificates Settings tab](#) for more details.
- The 'Device Certificate' tab - see [Device Certificates Setting tab](#) for more details

Client Cert Tab

The Client Certificate tab is the same as that explained in [Client Certificate Settings Tab](#) but contains an additional setting related to key recovery:

Add New Department ✕

General

EV Details

Client Certificate

SSL Certificate

Code Signing Certificate

Self Enrollment

Access Code*

Web API

Secret Key*

Allow Key Recovery by Master Administrators

Allow Key Recovery by Organization Administrators

Allow Key Recovery by Department Administrators

Allow Principal Name

Allow Principal Name Customization

Client Cert Types

Allow Key Recovery by Master Administrator	Check-box Default state - checked if pre-enabled by Master Administrator	If selected, the Master Administrator will have the ability to recover the private keys of client certificates issued by this Organization. At the point of creation, each client certificate will be encrypted with the Master Administrator master public key before being placed into escrow. If this box is selected then the Organization will not be able to issue client certificate UNTIL the Master Administrator has initialized their master key pair in the 'Encryption' tab. See ' Encryption and Key Escrow ' for a more complete explanation of key recovery processes.
Allow Key Recovery by Organization RAO	Check-box Default state - checked if pre-enabled by Master Administrator	If selected, the RAO Administrator will have the ability to recover the private keys of client certificates issued by this Organization. At the point of creation, each client certificate will be encrypted with the RAOs master public key before being placed into escrow. If this box is selected then the Organization will not be able to issue client certificate UNTIL the RAO has initialized their master key pair in the 'Encryption' tab. See ' Encryption and Key Escrow ' for a more complete explanation of key recovery processes.
Allow Key Recovery by Department DRAO	Check-box Default state - checked	If selected, the DRAO Administrator will have the ability to recover the private keys of client certificates issued by this Department. At the point

		<p>of creation, each client certificate will be encrypted with the DRAOs master public key before being placed into escrow. If this box is selected then the Department will not be able to issue client certificate UNTIL the DRAO has initialized their master key pair in the 'Encryption' tab.</p> <p>See 'Encryption and Key Escrow' for a more complete explanation of key recovery processes.</p>
--	--	--

* The settings outlined above will be active ONLY IF they have been enabled for your Organization.

6.2.2.5.5 Editing Departments belonging to an Organization

The existing Departments under any Organization can be edited by the appropriately privileged administrator at any time by selecting the Department and clicking the Edit button at the top in the 'Departments' interface.

The Edit Department dialog will appear.

Edit Department: CS

General | EV Details | Client Certificate | SSL Certificate | Code Signing Certificate | Device Certificate | Email Template

*-required fields

Department Name* CS

Address1* Street 1, 2

Address2 Street 2, 2

Address3

City* Sky-City

State/Province* AL

Postal Code* 12345

Country* United States

Validation Status Validated

Anchor certificate 1676176

OrgID 6

Access Control List

General Tab

The 'General' settings area is similar to general settings in the [Create New Department](#) dialog except for an additional option - 'Access Control List'.

- For details on other options, see [General Settings](#)
- For more details on ACL, see [Imposing Access Restrictions to CCM interface](#)
- For more details on the 'EV Details' tab, see [EV Details Tab](#)
- For more details on the 'Client Certs' tab, see [Client Certs tab](#) under [Creating Departments](#)
- For more details on the 'SSL Certificate' tab, see [SSL Certificate Settings tab](#)

- For more details on the 'Code Signing Certificate' tab, see [Code Signing Certificates Settings tab](#)
- For more details on the 'Device Certificate' tab, see [Device Certificate Settings tab](#)
- For more details on the 'Email Template' tab, see [Customizing Notification Email Template](#)

6.2.2.5.6 Managing Domains Belonging to a Department

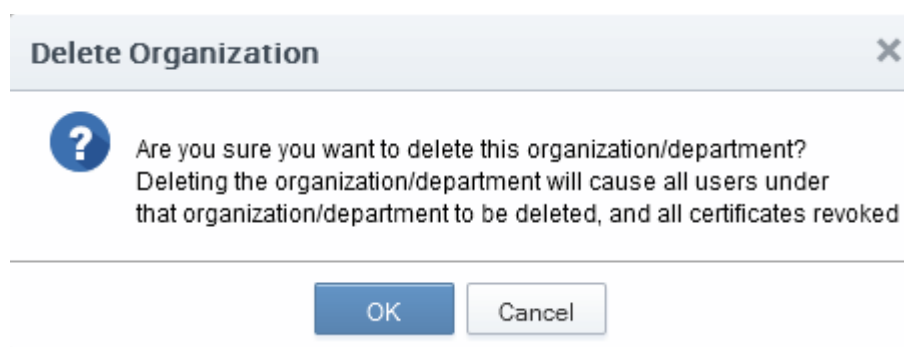
The domains delegated to a Department can be viewed and managed by selecting the Department and clicking the 'Domains' button from the top. The 'Domains' dialog enables appropriately privileged Administrators to view, edit and delegate any Domains attached to the Department.

NAME	DELEGATION STATUS	DATE REQUESTED	DCV STATUS
ccmqa.com	Approved	06/20/2012	Validated
coradithers.com	Approved	04/16/2015	
ditherscons.com	Requested	04/16/2015	

A detailed explanation on this area is available in section: [6.4.2.1 Domains Area](#)

6.2.2.5.7 Deleting an Existing Department

The Administrator can remove a Department if he/she no longer wishes to issue certificates from it, by selecting it and clicking the 'Delete' button from the top.



Note: Deleting an Organization will automatically revoke any certificates issued to that Department and will delete any end-users that are members of it. For this reason, Comodo Certificate Manager will prompt for confirmation:

6.2.2.6 Managing the Domains of an Organization

The Administrators can view and manage the domains delegated to an Organization by selecting it and clicking the

'Domains' button at the top. The 'Domains' dialog displays a list of Domains attached to the Organization and the Departments under that Organization.

The screenshot shows the Comodo Certificate Manager interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs: Dashboard, Certificates, Discovery, Reports, Admins, Settings, and About. Below this, there is a sub-navigation bar with tabs: Organizations, Domains, Notifications, Encryption, and Assignment Rules. A 'Filter' dropdown is visible. Below the filter, there are buttons for 'Edit', 'Departments', and 'Domains'. The 'Domains' button is circled in red, and a red arrow points from it to a modal dialog titled 'Domains - Dithers Construction Company'. The dialog has a 'Filter' dropdown and an 'Add' button. Below these, there is a table with columns: NAME, DELEGATION STATUS, DATE REQUESTED, and DCV STATUS. The table contains three rows of domain information. At the bottom of the dialog, there is a pagination control showing '15 rows/page 1 - 3 out of 3' and a 'Close' button.

NAME	CITY	STATE	COUNTRY
Dithers Construction Company	River Dale	Alabama	US
Best Organization	city 110	state 110	US

NAME	DELEGATION STATUS	DATE REQUESTED	DCV STATUS
ccmqa.com	Approved	06/20/2012	Validated
coradithers.com	Approved	04/16/2015	
ditherscons.com	Requested	04/16/2015	

A detailed explanation of the controls available in this area is available in section [Domains](#).

6.3 Departments

The Departments tab allows DRAO Administrators to manage existing domains and add new domains to the Departments that have been delegated to them. Clicking the 'Edit' button at the top after selecting Department will allow the DRAO Administrator to manage the certificates issued by the Department.

Important Note: The 'Departments' area is visible only to DRAO Administrators. RAOs will instead see the 'Organizations' tab and can manage the Departments associated with any specific Organization (for which they are assigned rights to) by clicking the Departments button after selecting it beside the Organization name from the Organizations interface. Refer to [Managing Departments of an Organization](#) for more details. The 'Departments' area is, in effect, a limited view of the information available in 'Organizations' area - containing data and controls relating to the Department that the DRAO is responsible for.

NAME	ORGANIZATION	CITY	STATE	COUNTRY
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Purchases Departement	Dithers Construction Company	River Dale	Alabama	US
<input type="radio"/> Stores Department	Dithers Construction Company	River Dale	Alabama	US

The 'Departments' area is similar to the 'Departments' dialog that appears on clicking the Departments button for a selected Organization from the 'Organizations' interface. Detailed explanations on the options and controls in this area are available in the section [Managing Departments of an Organization](#).

6.4 Domains

6.4.1 Section Overview

The 'Domains' tab allows Administrators to view the list of domains associated with the Organizations that are enrolled with CCM and the Departments within the Organizations. The Administrators can also create new domains, delegate/re-delegate existing domains to the required Organizations/Departments and restrict the certificate types that can be offered for the domains, depending on the purpose(s) for which its use is authorized, from this interface.

- RAO Administrators can create, edit and delegate domains to Organizations (RAOs) and Departments of those Organizations (DRAOs) that have been delegated to them. RAO Administrators can request, approve and manage certificates for such domains. The domains created by RAO are to be validated and approved by Master Administrator.(s)
- DRAO Administrators can create, edit and delegate domains to the Department that have been delegated to them. They can request, approve and manage certificates for such domains. The domains created by DRAO are to be validated and approved first by the RAO of the Organization to which the Department belongs and then by Master Administrator(s). The 'Domain Awaiting Approval' notification will be sent to Master Administrator only after the domain created by DRAO is first approved by RAO.

Note: Dual Master Administrators' Approval for created Domains and Domain Control Validation (DCV) options will be visible only if the respective features are enabled for your account.

The following table provides a summary of the ability of administrators to manage domains:

Action	RAO Administrator	DRAO Administrator
Request New Domains for..	Delegated Organizations Subordinate Departments	Delegated Departments
Approve/Reject New Domain Requests	✗ (Responsibility of Comodo)	✗ (Responsibility of Comodo)
Initiate Domain Control Validation (DCV)	✓	✓
Delegate Existing Domains to...	Subordinate Departments	✗
Activate/Deactivate Domains	✗ (Responsibility of Comodo)	✗ (Responsibility of Comodo)

Validating and Approving created Domains	✓ Can approve domains created by DRAO Administrators of the Departments under the Organization, prior to approval by the Master Administrator.	✗
--	---	---

Note: A single domain can be delegated to more than one Organization/Department as per requirements.

6.4.1.1 Wildcard Domains

When a wildcard domain is created and delegated to an Organization or a Department, and is validated by Master Administrator, then the primary domain and all the sub-domains belonging to it are automatically validated only for the same Organization or the Department. For example, if *.example.com is delegated and validated for a specific Organization 'Test Organization', then all the sub-domains such as anything.example.com and something.example.com are automatically validated and approved for the 'Test Organization'.

If the sub-domains of a primary domain delegated to an Organization or Department are to be delegated to other Organizations or Departments, they need to be validated and approved by the Master Administrator. For example, if *.example.com is delegated and validated for a specific Organization 'Test Organization' and:

- If an RAO wants to re-delegate the subdomain(s) such as anything.example.com and something.example.com to other Organization 'Demo Organization' then the re-delegation needs to be validated and approved by the Master Administrator.
- If a DRAO wants to re-delegate the subdomain(s) such as anything.example.com and something.example.com to a Department 'Test Department' (a Department that belongs to the same Organization) then the re-delegation needs to be validated and approved by the RAO.

6.4.2 Domain Management

6.4.2.1 The Domains Area

- To open the Domain management area click the 'Domains' sub-tab under the 'Settings' tab.

Organizations Domains Notifications Encryption Assignment Rules

Delegations DCV

Filter

Refresh Add Delete View Delegate

	NAME	ACTIVE	DELEGATION STATUS	DATE REQUESTED	DCV STATUS	
<input type="radio"/>	*.abcdcomp.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Approved	06/20/2012	Validated	
<input type="radio"/>	abcdcomp.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Approved	04/16/2015		
<input type="radio"/>	capitalbuss.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Approved	06/20/2012	Validated	
<input type="radio"/>	localhost	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Approved	06/20/2012		
<input type="radio"/>	coradithers.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Approved	04/16/2015		
<input type="radio"/>	example.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Approved	06/20/2012		
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	ditherscons.com	<input type="checkbox"/>	Requested	04/16/2015		

7 rows/page 1 - 7 out of 7

The Domain management area is divided into two areas accessible by clicking the respective tabs at the top left:

- **Delegations** - Displays a list of all enrolled domains with their delegation status and controls to approve delegate/redelegate them.
- **DCV** - Displays list of enrolled domains as a tree structure with their Domain Control Validation (DCV) status and controls to initiate the DCV process.

Note: Domain Control Validation (DCV) tab will be visible only if the DCV feature is enabled for your account.

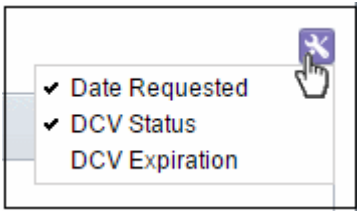
6.4.2.1.1 Domain Delegations

The Domain Delegations area is displayed by default under 'Settings' > 'Domains' and displays a list of requested and approved domains.

- **RAO Administrator** - Can add new domains to the Organizations that have been delegated to them, view the requested and approved domains delegated to their Organizations with their delegation and DCV status. The RAO Administrator can also view the full details of a domain, delegate/redelegate domains to their Organizations/Departments and approve domains requested by DRAO Administrators. The domains created or approved by RAO are to be approved by two Master Administrators or a single Master Administrator with appropriate privileges. The RAO Administrator can also create domains without delegating to them any Organizations/Departments. Only the Master Administrator can view these undelegated domains and delegate to them required Organizations/Departments.
- **DRAO Administrator** - Can add new domains to the Departments that have been delegated to them, view the requested and approved domains delegated to their Departments with their delegation and DCV status. The DRAO Administrator can also view the full details of a domain and delegate/redelegate domains to their Departments. The domains created by DRAO are to be validated and approved first by the RAO of the Organization to which the Department belongs and then by two Master Administrators or a single Master Administrator with appropriate privileges. The DRAO Administrator can also create domains without delegating to them any Departments. Only the Master Administrator can view these undelegated domains

and delegate to them required Organizations/Departments.

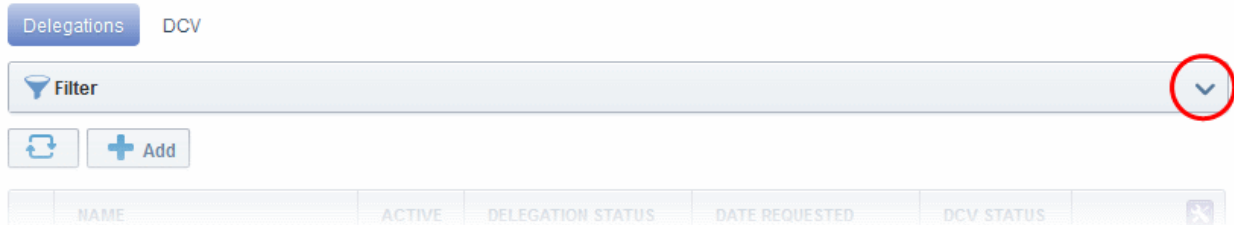
6.4.2.1.1.1 Summary of Fields and Controls

Column Display	Description	
Name	A list of all available Domains created for this account. List is displayed in ascending alphabetical order. The domains which are awaiting approval are displayed in red.	
Active	The checkbox allows the administrator to toggle the domain between the active and inactive states. If this is made inactive, the status of the domain will be shown as suspended.	
Delegation Status	Indicates the request/approval status of the domain.	
Date Requested	Indicates the date on which the domain was requested.	
DCV Status	Indicates the validation status of the domain. Note: DCV Status column will be visible only if the respective feature is enabled for your account.	
DCV Expiration	Indicates the date on which the DCV for the domain will expire.	
<p>Note: An administrator can enable or disable the columns from the drop-down button beside the last item in the table header:</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div>		
Controls		Contains controls that allow RAO administrators to view and add new domains, delegate any existing domain to an Organization/Department. DRAO Administrators can only create Domains and associate it to the Departments that have been delegated to them.
	Add	Enables administrators to create a new Domains to be associated with the existing Organizations and Departments, for the purposes of issuing certificates to end-users.
	Refresh	Updates the list of displayed Domains.
Domain Control Buttons Note: The Domain control buttons are visible only on selecting a domain	View	Enables administrators to view details of the domains. The MRAO can also validate and approve the Domains created by self or other administrators using this control.
	Delegate	Enables administrators to associate or delegate an existing domain to Organizations and Departments as required. Note: This control is not visible to DRAO Administrators.
	Delete	Deletes the domain. This control is available only for domains yet to be approved.

6.4.2.1.1.2 Sorting and Filtering Options

- Clicking on a column header sorts the items in the alphabetical order of the entries in the respective column

Administrators can search for particular domain by using filters:



Filter Options	Description
Domain Name	Enables Administrators to filter the list of Domains by name.
State	Enables Administrators to filter the list of Domains based on their active state: ANY - Displays the list of all the domains; Active - Displays the list of Domains which are currently active, as set by the administrator. Inactive - Displays the list of Domains which are currently inactive, as set by the administrator.
Status	Enables Administrators to filter the list of Domains based on their delegation status: ANY - Displays the list of all the domains; Requested - Displays the list the domains which are requested and awaiting for approval by MRAO. Approved - Displays the list of Domains which are already approved by the MRAO.
DCV Status	Enables Administrators to filter the list of Domains based on their DCV status: ANY - Displays the list of all domains Not Started - Displays the list of domains for which the validation process is not started. Awaiting Submittal - Displays the list of domains for which the DCV process has been initiated but the request has not yet been submitted to the Domain Administrator. Submitted - Displays the list of domains for which the DCV request has been submitted to the Domain Administrator. Validated - Displays the list of domains for which the domain control is validated. Expired - Displays the list of domains for which DCV is expired.

You can add filters by selecting from the options in the 'Add Filter' drop-down. For example, if you want to filter the domain with the domain name, select 'Domain Name':

Filter

Add Filter: Select... Group by: Ungroup

Apply

- Select...
- Domain Name
- State
- Status
- DCV Status
- Organization

- Enter the domain name in part or full in the 'Name' field.

Filter

Add Filter: Select... Group by: Ungroup

Domain Name: dithers

Apply Clear

+ Add

NAME	ACTIVE	DELEGATION STATUS	DATE REQUESTED	DCV STATUS

- If you want to group the results based on their delegation status or their DCV status, select the option from the 'Group by' drop-down.

Delegations DCV

Filter

Add Filter: Select... Group by: Ungroup

Domain Name: dithers

Apply Clear

+ Add

NAME	ACTIVE	DELEGATION STATUS	DATE REQUESTED	DCV STATUS

- Click the 'Apply' button.

The filtered items based on the entered parameters will be displayed:

Delegations DCV

Filter is applied

Add Filter: Select... Group by: DCV Status

Domain Name: dithers

Apply Clear

	NAME	ACTIVE	DELEGATION STATUS	DATE REQUESTED	DCV STATUS
Validated					
	dithers.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Approved	09/05/2013	Validated
Submitted					
	coradithers.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Approved	03/23/2015	Submitted
	ditherscons.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Approved	03/18/2015	Submitted

- To remove the filter options, click the 'Clear' button.

Note: The search filters once configured for the interface will be automatically saved. When you are re-opening the 'Domains' interface in future, the configured filters will be in action and only the search results will be displayed. If you do not want the filters to be saved, click the 'Clear' button.

6.4.2.1.1.3 Tool Tip

On pointing the mouse cursor over a domain, the Organizations/Departments to which the domain is delegated is displayed as a tool tip.

Delegated To:

- Dithers Construction Company
 - Purchases Department

6.4.2.1.2 DCV

The DCV area of the Domains interface displays a list of registered domains along with their DCV status and expiration dates. Domains enrolled by RAO/DRAO SSL Administrators domains are to be approved by Master Administrator(s) before subjecting to validation.

- RAO SSL Administrator - Can initiate DCV process for the domains delegated to the Organizations that are administrated by them.
- DRAO SSL Administrator - Can initiate DCV process for domains delegated to the Departments that are administrated by them.

The Administrator can choose anyone from the three methods to initiate DCV process for a domain:

- Email - CCM will send an automated email with a validation link to the email address of the domain administrator. The domain will be validated on the domain administrator visiting the validation link in the mail.
- DNS CNAME - CCM will send a hash value that must be entered as DNC CNAME for the domain. CCM will validate by checking the DNS CNAME of the domain

- HTTP/HTTPS File - CCM will send a .txt file which is to be placed at the root of the web server. CCM will validate the domain based on the presence of the sent file.

If a wildcard domain is created and delegated to an Organization or a Department, CCM will validate only the registered High Level Domain (HLD). If the HLD is successfully validated, all the sub domains within the name space of the HLD will be considered validated.

For more details on initiating DCV process, refer to the section [Validating the Domain](#).

REGISTERED DOMAIN [+/-]	DCV STATUS	DCV EXPIRATION	METHOD
<input type="checkbox"/> ccmqa.com	Validated	06/16/2017	
<input type="checkbox"/> comodo.com	Expired	05/14/2016	
<input type="checkbox"/> comododev.com	Expired	04/15/2016	
<input type="checkbox"/> dithers.com	Submitted		EMAIL
<input type="checkbox"/> ditherscons.com			

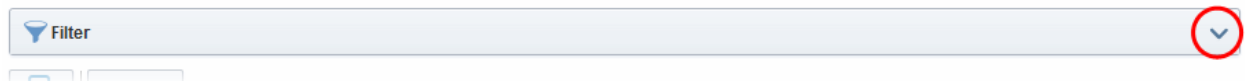
6.4.2.1.2.1 Summary of Fields and Controls

Column Display	Description
Registered Domain	A list of all available Domains created for this account. List is displayed in ascending alphabetical order as a tree structure. Clicking the '+' beside a domain name displays the sub domains of the registered domain. Tip: The [+] and [-] beside 'Registered Domain ' enable the Administrator to expand all the domain names and collapse the tree structure respectively.
DCV Status	Indicates the validation status of the domain. The status can be one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not Started or blank - The DCV process has not been initiated for the registered high level domain (HLD). • Awaiting Submittal - The DCV process has started but the request has not yet been submitted to the Domain Administrator. This status will be available only for the following DCV methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HTTP/HTTPS • DNS CNAME • Submitted - The DCV request has been submitted to the domain administrator. • Validated - The registered high level domain (HLD) has been successfully validated. • Expired - Displays the list of domains on which DCV has expired.
DCV Expiration	Indicates the date when Domain Control Validation for the domain expires. The DCV has to be done again after the expiry period.
Method	Indicates the DCV Method chosen by the administrator for validating the domain.

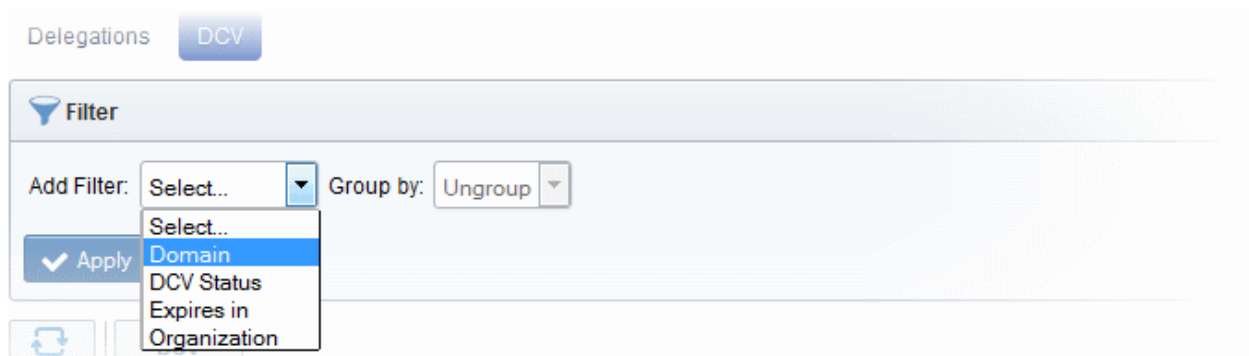
Controls	Contains a control enabling RAO/DRAO SSL Administrators to initiate or restart the DCV process for a Domain. Refer to the section Validating the Domain for more details.
DCV Controls	Description
Refresh	Updates the list of displayed Domains.
'DCV' Control Button Note: The DCV Control button appears only on selecting a domain.	Enables the MRAO and RAO/DRAO SSL Administrators to initiate or restart the DCV process for the selected Domain.

6.4.2.1.2.2 Sorting and Filtering Options

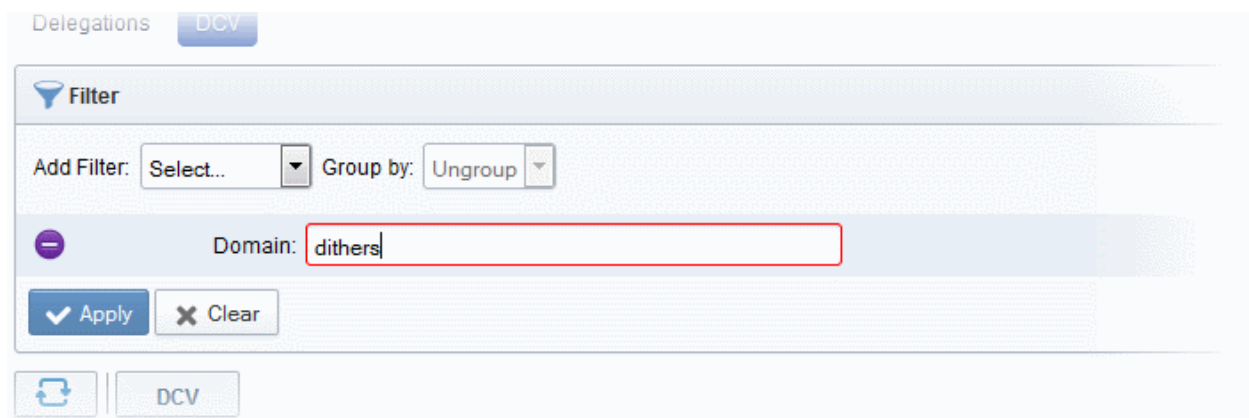
Administrators can search for particular domain by using filters:



To apply filters, click on the down arrow at the right end of the 'Filters' stripe. The filter options will be displayed. You can add filters by selecting from the options in the 'Add Filter' drop-down and group the selection with other options that appears depending on the selection from the 'Add Filter' drop-down.



- Enter name of the domain in part or full in the Name field.



The available filter criteria and their filter parameters are given in the following table:

Filter Options	Description
Domain	Enables Administrators to filter the list of Domains by name.
DCV Status	Enables Administrators to filter the list of Domains based on their DCV status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ANY - Displays the list of all the domains; • Not Started - Displays only the Domains for which the DCV process has not yet been started. • Awaiting Submittal - Displays only the Domains for which the DCV process has started but the request has not yet been submitted to the Domain Administrator. • Submitted - Displays only the Domains for which the DCV request has been submitted to the domain administrator. • Validated - Displays only the Domains for which the validation has been successfully completed • Expired - Displays a list of domains on which DCV has expired.
Expires in	Enables Administrators to filter the list of Domains based on the remaining days for their DCV expiry. The administrator can choose the domains to be listed, whose DCV request expires in: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any • Next 3 days • Next 7 days • Next 14 days • Next 30 days • Next 60 days • Next 90 days
Organization	Enables to filter only the domains associated with the Organization selected from the drop-down menu. Note: This Field is not visible to RAO and DRAO Administrators.

- Click the 'Apply' button.

The filtered items based on the entered parameters will be displayed:

The screenshot shows the 'Delegations' section with the 'DCV' tab selected. A filter is applied: 'Domain: dithers'. Below the filter, there are 'Apply' and 'Clear' buttons. The table below displays the filtered results:

REGISTERED DOMAIN [+][-]	DCV STATUS	DCV EXPIRATION	METHOD
<input type="checkbox"/> coradithers.com	Submitted		
<input type="checkbox"/> ditherscons.com	Submitted		EMAIL

- To remove the filter options, click the 'Clear' button.

Note: The search filters once configured for the interface will be automatically saved. When you are re-opening the 'Domains' > 'DCV' interface in future, the configured filters will be in action and only the search results will be displayed. If you do not want the filters to be saved, click the 'Clear' button.

6.4.2.2 Creating a New Domain

In order to request, approve and manage all the company's certificates, the administrator should first create domains corresponding to different Organizations/Departments of the company. These domains are to be delegated to respective Departments and/or Organizations delegated to them. The delegated domains are to be validated through Domain Control Validation (DCV) process, which is to be initiated by RAO/DRAO SSL Administrators with the sufficient privileges. Only approved and validated domains are facilitated for the request and approval of the SSL certificates and the issuance of client certificates to the end-users falling within the domain. The administrator can also restrict the certificate types that can be requested for the domain depending on the purpose for which its use is authorized.

Note: The administrator can select the certificate type for the domain depending on the privilege levels. E.g. A RAO SSL administrator can allow or restrict the availability of only SSL certificates for the created domain.

To create a new domain click the 'Add' button located at the top of the 'Domains' area. This will open the 'Create domain' dialog.

Create Domain
✕

Domain*

Description

Organizations/Departments	SSL	S/MIME	Code Signing
<input type="checkbox"/> ABCD Corporation	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Best Organization	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Capital Business	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dithers Construction Company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Purchases Departement	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stores Department	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

[Expand All](#)

6.4.2.2.1 Create Domain - Table of Parameters

Field Name	Values	Description
Domain (<i>required</i>)	<i>String</i>	The name of the Domain

Field Name	Values	Description
Description	<i>String</i>	A short description of the domain.
Organization/Department	<i>Check-boxes</i>	Enables the administrator to delegate the currently created domain to an Organization/Department. All Organizations are listed by default. Clicking the '+' button beside the Organization name expands the tree structure to display the Departments associated with the Organization. The created domain can be associated to the Organization(s) and/or the Department(s) by selecting the respective checkbox(es). A single domain can be delegated to more than one Organization/Department. Clicking on 'Expand All' expands the tree structure to display all the Departments under each Organization. Clicking on 'Collapse All' in the expanded view collapses the tree structure of all the Organizations and hides the Departments under each Organization."
SSL, Smime, Code Signing	<i>Check-boxes</i>	Enables the administrator to allow or restrict the types of certificates that can be requested for the created domain, by checking or unchecking the respective checkboxes. The certificate types can be restricted according to the purpose of the domain created.

6.4.2.2.2 Validating the Domain

All new domains added to CCM must pass Domain Control Validation (DCV) before Comodo can issue them with certificates. Administrators can initiate DCV on an individual basis or, if all domains share a common 'Whols' email record, may initiate DCV on multiple domains at once.

- RAO SSL Administrator - Can initiate DCV process for the domains delegated to the Organizations (and their sub-ordinate Departments) that are administrated by them.
- DRAO SSL Administrator - Can initiate DCV process for domains delegated to the Departments that are administrated by them.

CCM enables the Administrator to initiate DCV process by three methods:

- Email - CCM will send an automated email with a validation link to the selected email address of the domain administrator. The domain will be validated on the domain administrator visiting the validation URL in the mail. The Email method can be used for both validating a single domain and multiple domains at a time.
- DNS CNAME - CCM will send a hash value that must be entered as DNC CNAME for the domain. CCM will validate by checking the DNS CNAME of the domain.
- HTTP/HTTPS File - CCM will send a .txt file which is to be placed at the root of the web server. CCM will validate the domain based on the presence of the sent file.

If a wildcard domain is created and delegated to an Organization or a Department, CCM will validate only the registered High Level Domain (HLD). If the HLD is successfully validated, all the sub domains within the name space of the HLD will be considered validated.

The following sections explain on:

- **Validating a single domain**
- **Validating multiple domains at a time**

Validating a Single Domain

To initiate DCV for a Domain

1. Open the DCV interface by clicking 'Settings' > 'Domains' > 'DCV'.

- Next, initiate DCV by selecting the domain and clicking the 'DCV' button that appears at the top. This will open the DCV wizard:

The screenshot shows the Comodo Certificate Manager interface. At the top, there are navigation tabs: Dashboard, Certificates, Discovery, Code Signing on Demand, and Reports. Below these are sub-tabs: Organizations, Domains, Notifications, Encryption, and Assignment Rules. Under Domains, there are sub-tabs: Delegations and DCV. A 'Filter' button is visible. A 'DCV' button is circled in red, with a red arrow pointing to a modal window titled 'Domain - ditherscons.com'. The modal window displays the following information:

REGISTERED DOMAIN [+]	DCV STATUS	DCV EXPI
<input type="checkbox"/> ccmqa.com	Validated	06/16/2017
<input type="checkbox"/> comodo.com	Expired	05/14/2016
<input type="checkbox"/> comododev.com	Expired	04/15/2016
<input type="checkbox"/> dithers.com	Submitted	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> dithersprojects.com		

Domain - ditherscons.com

Requested Domain Name	dithersprojects.com
DCV Status	Not Started
DCV Method	

Select a Domain Control Validation method you want to use:

- Email
- HTTP
- HTTPS
- CNAME

Buttons: Cancel, Back, Next

Select the DCV method from:

- **Email**
- **HTTP/HTTPS**
- **CNAME**

... and click 'Next'

Email

On selection of EMAIL method, the next step allows you to select the email address of the Domain Administrator for sending the validation email.

Domain - dithersprojects.com
✕

1 Email Selection
2 Awaiting Validation

Requested Domain Name	dithersprojects.com
DCV Status	Not Started
DCV Method	Email

Select an email address that will be used for validation:

...

...

admin@dithersprojects.com

administrator@dithersprojects.com

hostmaster@dithersprojects.com

postmaster@dithersprojects.com

webmaster@dithersprojects.com

Cancel

Back

Validate

3. Select the email address of the administrator who can receive and respond to the validation mail from the drop-down and click 'Validate'.

An automated email will be sent to the selected Domain Administrator email address. The DCV status of the Domain will change to 'Submitted'.

Domain - dithersprojects.com
✕

1 Email Selection
2 Awaiting Validation

Requested Domain Name	dithersprojects.com
DCV Status	Submitted
DCV Method	Email

A validation letter was sent to **admin@dithersprojects.com**.
Please follow the instructions it contains.

Cancel

Back

Reset

On receiving the email, the domain administrator should click the validation link in it and enter the validation code in

the validation from that appears on clicking the validation link in order to complete the validation process. Once completed, the DCV status of the Domain will change to 'Validated'

HTTP/HTTPS

On selection of HTTP or HTTPS method, the next step allows you to download the .txt file for sending to the Domain Administrator. CCM creates a Hash value for the .txt file and stores it for future reference on validating the domain. The DCV status of the Domain will be changed to 'Awaiting Submittal'.

Domain - dithersprojects.com ✕

1 Get Validation Info
 2 Preliminary Test
 3 Awaiting Validation

Requested Domain Name	dithersprojects.com
DCV Status	Awaiting Submittal
DCV Method	HTTPS_CSR_Hash

SHA1 Hash **72B21EEE5B37D791308461F4BB041A1845F87DC8**

MD5 Hash **CC5412BF14B25A69F0D3A571C2426767**

Instructions for HTTPS DCV:

1. Create a text file containing the following two lines:

```
72B21EEE5B37D791308461F4BB041A1845F87DC8
comodoca.com
```

or get it from here: [Download](#)

2. Save the file with the following name (case sensitive):

```
CC5412BF14B25A69F0D3A571C2426767.txt
```

Cancel

Back

Test

3. Click 'Download' and save the .txt file or create a new notepad file, copy and paste the string given in item 1 and save the file with the name given in item 2.
4. Click Close. CCM will save the hash value generated for future comparison
5. Send the .txt file to the Domain Administrator through any out-of-band communication method like email and request the domain administrator to place the file in the root of the HTTP server, so that the file is accessible by one of the paths specified in item 3.
6. Once the Domain Administrator has placed the .txt file on the HTTP server, open the DCV interface by clicking 'Settings' > 'Domains' > 'DCV' tab
7. Resume the 'DCV' process by clicking the 'DCV' button in the row of the Domain.
8. Click 'Test' to check whether the file has been placed in the web server root. If the file is present, the 'DCV Submission' dialog will appear. Click 'Submit'. The DCV status of the domain will change to 'Submitted'
9. CCM will validate the Domain on successful submission and the DCV status of the domain will change to 'Validated'.

DNS CNAME

On selection of CNAME method, CCM creates a DNS CNAME record for the requested domain and stores its hash value for future reference. The next step allows you to get the DNS CNAME record for the requested domain. The DCV status of the Domain will be changed to 'Awaiting Submittal'.

✕
Domain - dithersprojects.com

1 Get Validation Info
 2 Preliminary Test
 3 Awaiting Validation

Requested Domain Name	dithersprojects.com
DCV Status	Awaiting Submittal
DCV Method	CNAME_CSR_Hash

SHA1 Hash	72B21EEE5B37D791308461F4BB041A1845F87DC8
MD5 Hash	CC5412BF14B25A69F0D3A571C2426767

Instructions for CNAME DCV:

1. Create a CNAME DNS record for **dithersprojects.com** as follows


```
CC5412BF14B25A69F0D3A571C2426767.dithersprojects.com. CNAME
72B21EEE5B37D791308461F4BB041A1845F87DC8.comodoca.com.
```
2. After you have created the CNAME record, click the **Test** button below.

Cancel
Back
Test

3. Copy the CNAME DNS record given in item no. 1 and pass it to the domain administrator through out-of-band communication method like email and request the domain administrator to create the record for the domain.
4. Click Close. CCM will save the hash value generated for future comparison.
5. After the Domain Administrator has created the record, open the DCV interface by clicking 'Settings' > 'Domains' > 'DCV' tab.
6. Resume the DCV process by clicking the 'DCV' button in the row of the Domain.
7. Click 'Test' to check whether the record has been created. If it is created, the 'DCV Submission' dialog will appear. Click 'Submit'. The DCV status of the domain will change to 'Submitted'.
8. CCM will validate the Domain on successful submission and the DCV status of the domain will change to 'Validated'.

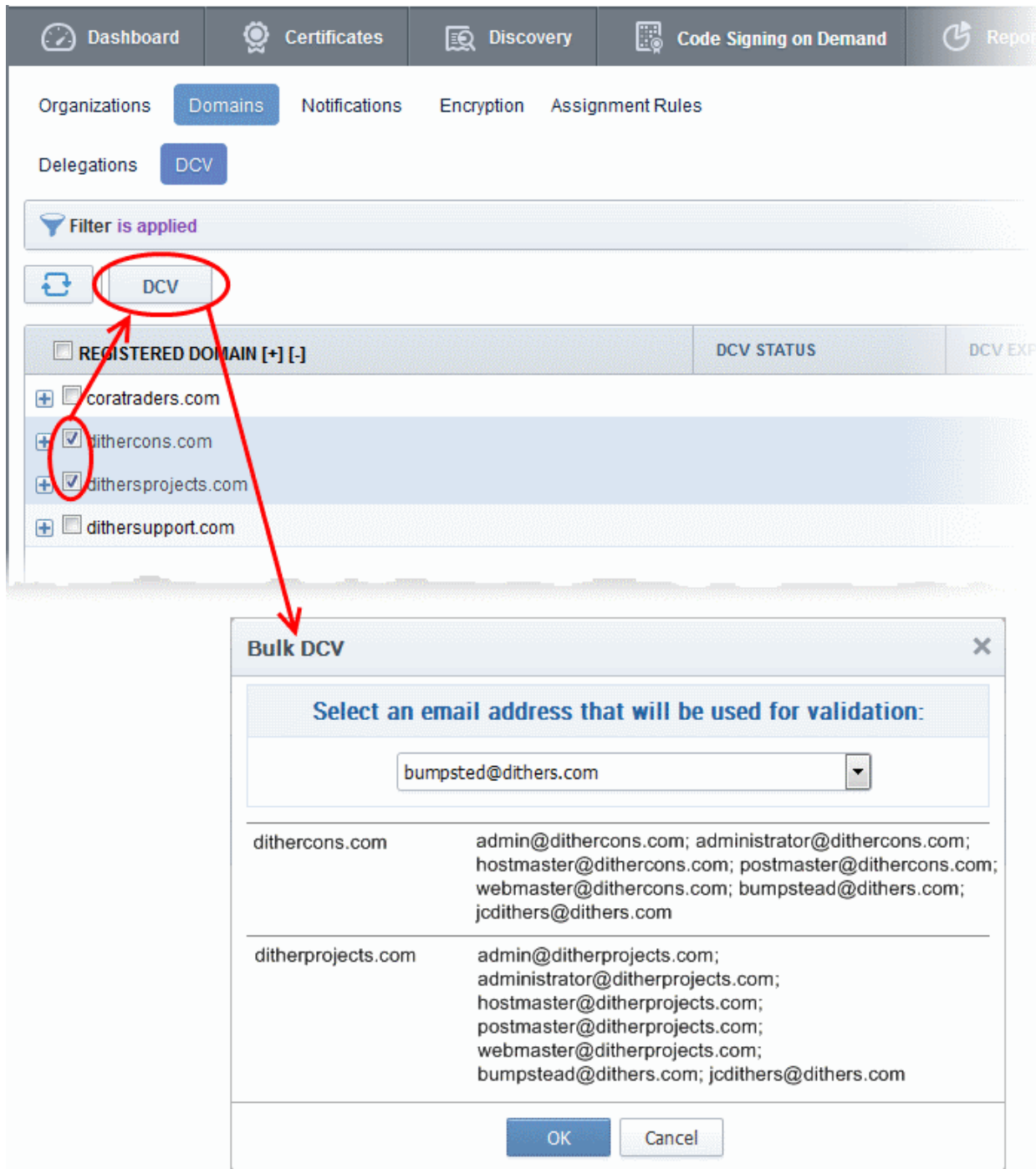
Validating Multiple Domains at a time

Domain Control Validation (DCV) can be initiated for multiple domains that share a common domain administrative email account in the WhoIs database, at once.

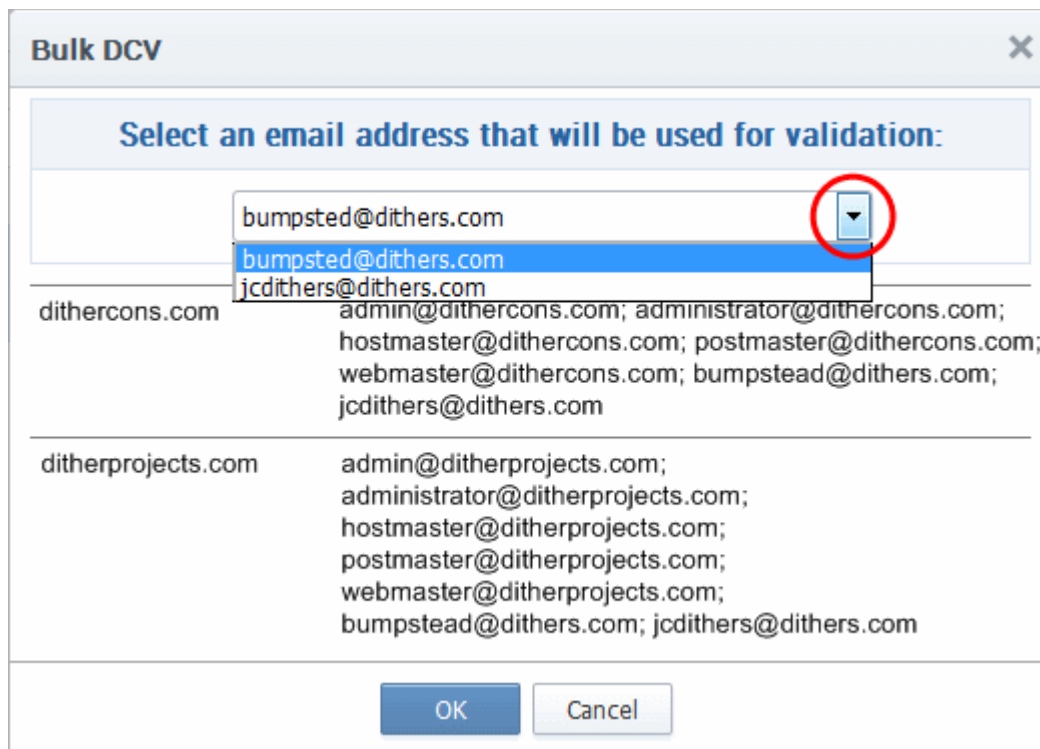
To initiate Bulk DCV for multiple domains

1. Open the DCV interface by clicking 'Settings' > 'Domains' > 'DCV'.

2. Select the domains that share common domain administrator email address
3. Click the 'DCV' button



The Bulk DCV dialog will open. The dialog contains lists of possible domain administrator email addresses and the email addresses fetched from the Whois database for each domain. Common email addresses identified from the lists are displayed in the drop-down at the top.



4. Select the email address of the administrator who can receive and respond to the validation mail from the drop-down and click 'OK'.

An automated email will be sent to the selected Domain Administrator email address. The DCV status of the Domain will change to 'Submitted'.

On receiving the email, the domain administrator should click the validation link in it to open the validation form and enter the validation code contained in the email, in order to complete the validation process. Once completed, the DCV status of the Domains will change to 'Validated'.

6.4.2.2.1 Changing DCV method for Validation Pending Domains

The RAO/DRAO SSL Administrator with appropriate privileges can change the DCV method for the domains whose validation is pending, from the DCV interface.

To change the validation method

1. Open the DCV interface by clicking 'Settings' > 'Domains' > 'DCV'.
2. Click the 'DCV' button in the row of the domain with DCV status is 'Awaiting Submittal' or 'Submitted'. The DCV wizard will start.
3. Click 'Back' The wizard will move to the previous step of selecting the DCV method
4. Select the new DCV method and continue the process as explained in the section **Validating the Domain**.

6.4.2.3 Delegating/Re-delegating an Existing Domain

The administrator can delegate or re-delegate the domain to Organizations/Departments according to the requirement from the 'Domains' > 'Delegate' area. Selecting the domain and clicking 'Delegate' button from the top opens the 'Delegate Domain' interface that allows the administrator to delegate or re-delegate the domain. The administrator can also select the certificates to be made available for the domain on delegation to the specific Organization/Department based on purpose of delegating the domain to the Organization/Department.

The screenshot shows the 'Delegations' tab in the Comodo Certificate Manager. A table lists domain delegations. The 'dithersprojects.com' row is selected, and a red circle highlights the 'Delegate' button. A modal window titled 'Delegate Domain' is open, showing the domain 'dithersprojects.com' and a table of organizations/departments with checkboxes for SSL, S/MIME, Code Signing, and Device cert.

NAME	ACTIVE	DELEGATION STATUS	DATE REQUESTED	DCV STATUS
comodo.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Approved	09/12/2015	Expired
dithersprojects.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Approved	08/22/2016	Submitted
*.comodo.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Approved	12/01/2015	Expired
*.dev.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Approved	09/11/2015	Expired

Organizations/Departments	SSL	S/MIME	Code Signing	Device cert
<input type="checkbox"/> Comodo SE	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Device Org	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dithers Organization	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SSL Support Team	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Also the administrator can validate the domain before delegating/re-delegating it specific Organization/Department by clicking the 'Validate' link. Clicking the link enables the administrator to send an automated email to the domain control administrator to check the domain control authority. See [Validating the Domain](#) for more details.

The domains delegated by other administrators are to be approved by the **Master Administrator** at Comodo CA.

Full details on delegating a domain are available in the previous section, '[Create Domain - Table of Parameters](#)'.

6.4.2.4 Viewing Validating and Approving Newly Created Domains

The Domains created by self or other Administrators can be viewed by RAOs. To view the details of a domain, select the checkbox beside it and click the 'View' button at the top. The view dialog also enables the administrators to view the requisition details of the domain creation/delegation. The delegations that are yet to be approved are displayed in red. The domain becomes active only after the Master Administrator approve it and only then it enables for request and issuance of SSL certificates and client certificates.

The screenshot shows the Comodo Certificate Manager interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Organizations', 'Domains', 'Notifications', 'Encryption', and 'Assignment Rules'. Below these, there are buttons for 'Delegations' and 'DCV'. A 'Filter' input field is present. Below the filter, there are buttons for '+ Add', 'Delete', 'View', and 'Delegate'. The 'View' button is circled in red. Below the buttons is a table with columns: NAME, ACTIVE, DELEGATION STATUS, DATE REQUESTED, and DCV STATUS. The table contains several rows, with the row for 'dithersprojects.com' selected and circled in red. An arrow points from the 'View' button to a modal window titled 'View domain: dithersprojects.com'. This modal window has buttons for 'Details', 'Approve', and 'Reject'. Below these buttons is a table with columns: ORGANIZATION, DEPARTMENT, and ALLOWED CERT TYPES. The table contains four rows, with the second row selected. At the bottom of the modal window, there is a 'Close' button.

NAME	ACTIVE	DELEGATION STATUS	DATE REQUESTED	DCV STATUS
comodo.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Approved	09/12/2015	Expired
dithersprojects.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Approved	08/22/2016	Submitted
*.comodo.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Approved	12/01/2015	Expired
indov.com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Approved	09/11/2015	Expired

ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	ALLOWED CERT TYPES
SSL Support Team		Device cert
SSL Support Team	dome	Device cert
Dithers Organization	Stores Department	Client cert,SSL,Code Signing,Device
Dithers Organization		Client cert,SSL,Code Signing,Device

6.4.2.4.1 View Domain - Summary of Fields and Controls

Column Display	Description
Organization	Displays the list of all Organizations delegated to the selected domain. List is displayed in ascending alphabetical order.
Department	Displays the list of Department that is delegated the domain.
Description	Short description of the domain
Requested by	Displays the name of the administrator who has created the domain.
Date Requested	The date at which the domain was added to CCM.
Date Approved	The date at which the request was approved.
Allowed Cert Types	The Certificate types that are enabled and available for the domain

Note: The administrator can enable or disable the columns from the drop-down button beside the last item in the table header:



Controls	Refresh	Updates the list of displayed Organizations and Departments and their details.
Delegation Control Buttons Note: The Delegation control buttons are visible only on selecting a domain	Details	Enables the administrator to view the requisition details of the domain.
	Approve	Enables Master administrator to approve the creation and delegation of the domain by RAO and DRAO administrators. Note: This control button is visible only for Domains with 'Requested' status and only to RAO administrator.
	Reject	Enables Master administrator to decline the creation and delegation of the domain by RAO and DRAO administrators. Note: This control button is visible only for Domains with 'Requested' status and only to RAO administrator.

6.4.2.4.2 Approval of Creation and Delegation of Domains

Domains that are created and delegated by:

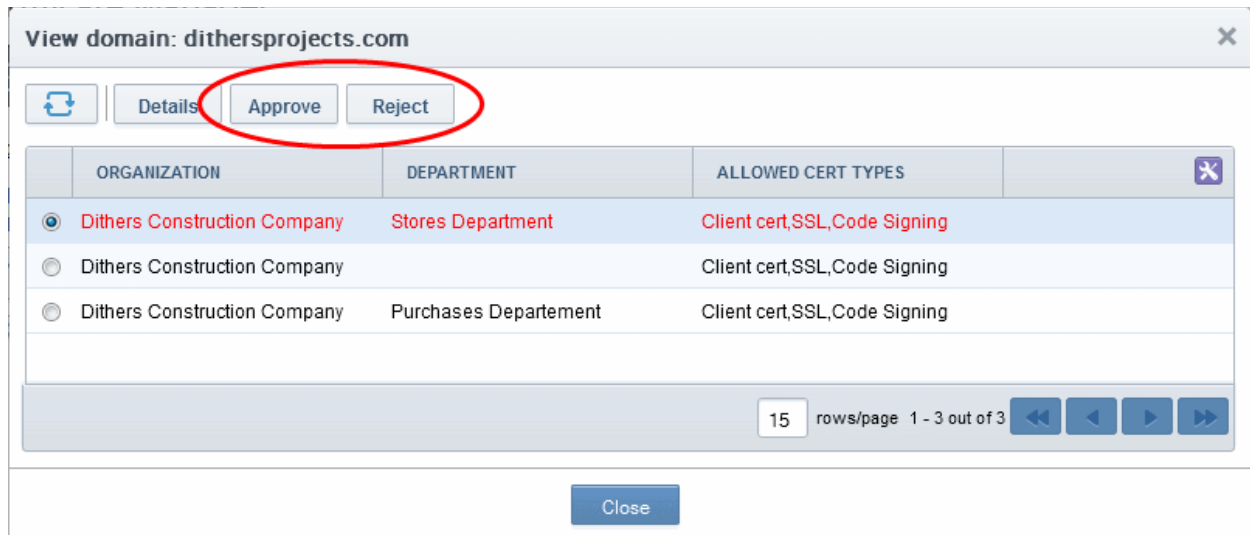
- RAO Administrators are to validated by the Master Administrator to become active;
- DRAO Administrators are to be first validated and approved by the RAO Administrator of the Organization to which the Department delegated with the domain and then by the Master Administrator to become active.

Domains which are awaiting approval are displayed in red color in the Domains area of the CSM interface.

The RAO Administrator can check the validity of the Domain and approve/reject the request for the Domain.

To approve or reject a domain delegation

- Open the 'View Domain' dialog.
- Select the Organization/Department for which the domain delegation has been requested.
- Click 'Approve' or 'Reject' button from the top.



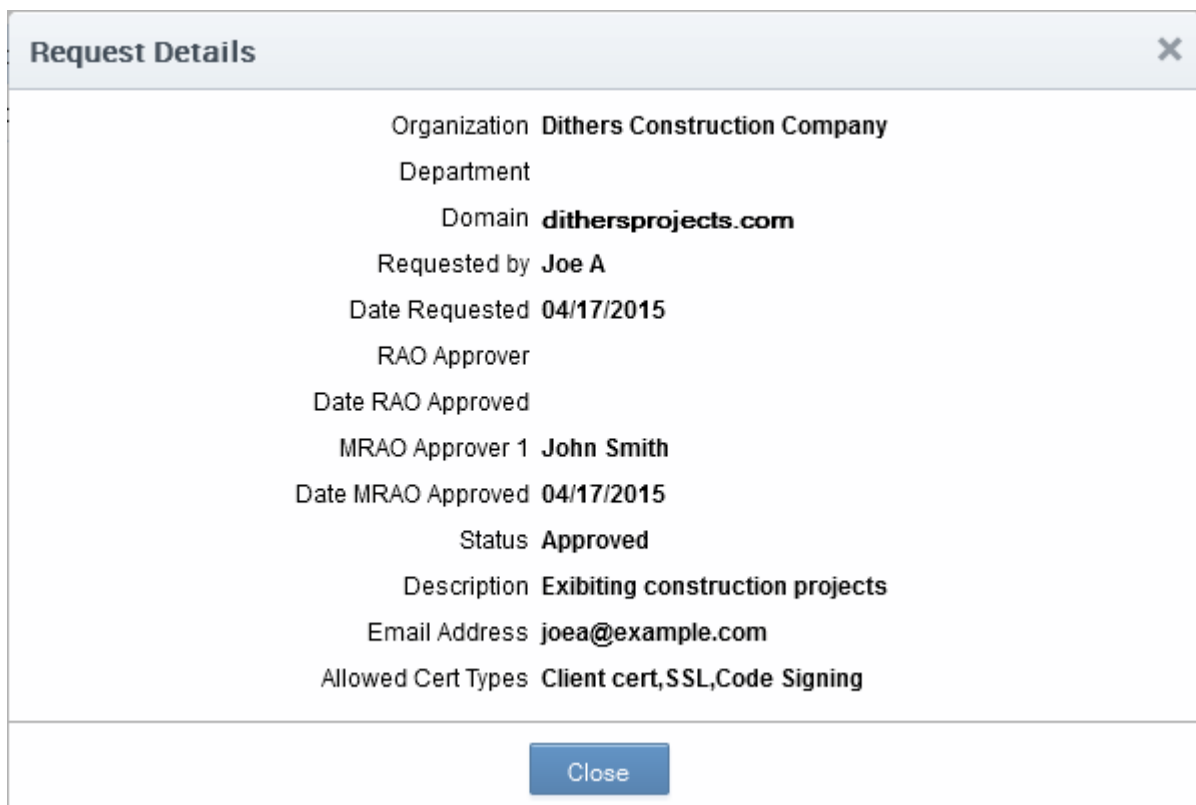
If a domain is created/delegated by a DRAO Administrator, it will be displayed in red only to the RAO Administrator of the Organization to which the Department belongs, indicating it is awaiting approval, in the 'Domains' area of the CSM interface. Once it is validated and approved by the RAO Administrator, it becomes visible to the Master Administrators for validation/approval.

If a domain is created by an RAO Administrator, it will be displayed in red to the Master Administrators indicating that it is awaiting validation/approval.

Once a requested domain is validated and approved by the Master Administrator, a domain approval notification will be sent and the domain will be enabled for request and issuance of SSL certificates, Client certificates and Code Signing certificates.

6.4.2.4.3 Viewing Requisition Details of a Domain

The administrator can view the request details of the domain delegation by selecting an Organization or a Department and clicking the 'Details' button from the 'View Domain' interface.



6.4.2.4.4 Request Details - Table of Parameters

Field	Description
Organization	Indicates the name of the Organization to which the domain is delegated.
Department	Indicates the name of the Department to which the domain is delegated.
Domain	Indicates the name of the selected Domain.
Requested by	The name of the Administrator who has requested for the approval of the delegation of the domain to the Organization/Department.
Date Requested	Date of requisition for delegation of the domain.
Date Approved	The date on which the request was approved.
Status	Indicates whether the domain has been approved or awaiting approval for delegation.
State	Indicates whether the domain is active or inactive as set by the administrator.
Description	A short description for the domain as entered by the administrator while creating it.
Email Address	Email address of the administrator who requested for the delegation of the domain.
Allowed Cert Types	Indicates the Certificate types which could be requested/issued for the domain.

6.5 Encryption and Key Escrow

6.5.1 Introduction and Basic Concepts

If required, Comodo Certificate Manager can store the individual private keys of end-user's client certificates so that they can be recovered at a later date by appropriately privileged administrators. This allows important data and messages to be decrypted should the end-user lose their private key. Due to the highly sensitive and confidential nature of this feature, all escrowed private keys are stored in encrypted form so that they cannot be easily stolen or compromised.

- At the time the public/private key pair is generated for an end-user's client certificate, the private key of that certificate will be automatically encrypted and escrowed (stored) by CCM. This happens every time a new client certificate is generated.
- It is possible to specify that keys in escrow be independently retrieved by three types of administrator - RAO S/MIME, DRAO S/MIME and the **Master Administrator** (at Comodo CA). When creating a Department, the RAO S/MIME can choose whether they wish the private keys to be retrievable by the DRAO S/MIME, by the RAO S/MIME (themselves) and/or by the 'Master Administrator' (Comodo).
- Therefore, it is possible for CCM to store up to 2 encrypted versions of the private keys of client certificates of an Organization and up to 3 versions for a Department. Each version will be separately encrypted by a different 'master' public key.
- These master public keys are stored by Certificate Manager. The corresponding master private keys are not stored in Certificate Manager (the master 'private' key is required for decryption/retrieval). These keys must be saved in a secure location by the Administrator that is creating the Organization/Department.
- There is one master key pair per Organizational tier (Master (Comodo), RAO and DRAO) These keys are generated (if required) during the creation of that Organizational tier (e.g. during Organization creation or

during Department creation). Therefore, one master key pair will be used by all RAO S/MIME Administrators of a particular Organization - the Organization Master key. Similarly, if key retrieval is required at the Departmental level then one pair of master keys will be used by all DRAO S/MIME Admins of a particular Department - the Department Master Key.

- If 'Allow key recovery by RAO/DRAO' is enabled at the point of Organization/Department creation THEN these master key pairs **must be initialized** prior to issuing client certificates. It is not possible to issue client certificates UNTIL the master private keys have been initialized. See '**Master Keys Required Prior to Client Cert Issuance**' for more details.

Retrieving the private key of a user's client certificate from escrow will cause the revocation of that certificate. This is true if any one of the aforementioned administrative types chooses to retrieve from escrow. A private key can be retrieved from escrow by clicking the 'Download' button next to the chosen certificate. See '**Recovering a User's Private Key from Escrow**' for more details.

6.5.2 Setting up Key Escrow for a Department

- Key recovery options are chosen during the creation of a Department. Once chosen, these settings cannot be reversed.
- This section will deal purely with the key recovery elements of Department creation. The key recovery settings are just one part of the overall Departmental creation process. Administrators are therefore advised to treat this section as an information gathering exercise on key escrow prior to creating a new Department. For a full outline of all steps and options involved in the creation a Department, please see '**Managing the Departments of an Organization**'
- Only RAO S/MIME Administrators are able to specify key recovery settings for an Organization. This is because only those types of Administrator are able to create a Department.

To set key recovery options

- Select 'Settings' > 'Organizations'.
- Select the 'Organization' and click 'Departments' from the top to open the 'Departments' interface
- Click 'Add' from the 'Departments' interface to open Add New Department interface
- Click the 'Client Cert' tab to view and configure key recovery options:

The screenshot illustrates the process of adding a new department in Comodo Certificate Manager. It shows three stages: the main dashboard, the department list for 'Dithers Organization', and the 'Add New Department' dialog box.

Dashboard: The top navigation bar includes Dashboard, Certificates, Discovery, Code Signing on Demand, and Reports. Below this, there are tabs for Organizations, Domains, Notifications, Encryption, and Assignment Rules. A Filter section is present, and a 'Departments' button is circled in red.

Departments - Dithers Organization: This view shows a table of departments. The 'Departments' button from the dashboard points to this view. A '+ Add' button is circled in red.

	NAME	CITY	STATE	COUNTRY	VALIDATION STATUS
<input type="radio"/>	Device Org	Device Org	Device Org	US	Not Validated
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Dithers Organization	Chennai	TN	IN	Not Validated
<input type="radio"/>	SSL Support Team	Clifton	NJ	US	Not Validated

Add New Department: This dialog box has tabs for General, EV Details, Client Certificate, SSL Certificate, and Code Signing Certificate. The 'Client Certificate' tab is selected. It contains several checkboxes: Self Enrollment, Web API, Allow Key Recovery by Master Administrators, Allow Key Recovery by Organization Administrators, and Allow Key Recovery by Department Administrators. The 'Allow Key Recovery by Master Administrators' checkbox is circled in red. There is also a 'Client Cert Types' section with a 'Customize' button. At the bottom are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Allow Key Recovery by Master Administrators	Checkbox	If selected, the Master Administrator will have the ability to recover the private keys of client certificates issued by this Department. At
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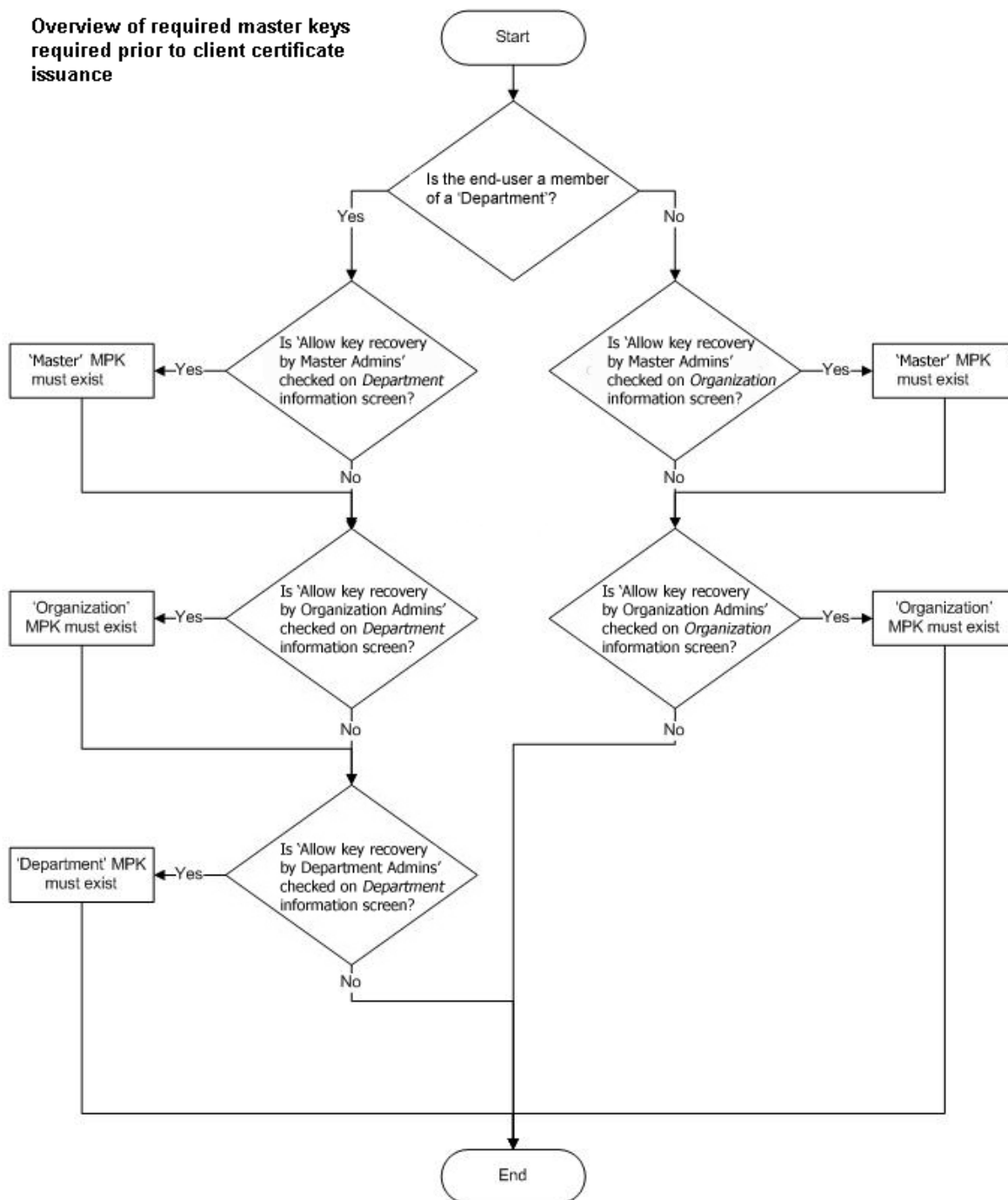
	Default state - checked if pre-enabled by <i>Master Administrator</i>	the point of creation, each client certificate will be encrypted with the Master Administrator's master public key before being placed into escrow. If this box is selected then the Department will not be able to issue client certificate UNTIL the Master Administrator has initialized their master key pair in the Encryption tab
Allow Key Recovery by Organization Administrators	<i>Check-box</i> Default state - checked if pre-enabled by <i>Master Administrator</i>	If selected, the RAO will have the ability to recover the private keys of client certificates issued by this Department. At the point of creation, each client certificate will be encrypted with the RAOs master public key before being placed into escrow. If this box is selected then the Department will not be able to issue client certificate UNTIL the RAO S/MIME admin has initialized their master key pair in the Encryption tab.
Allow Key Recovery by Department Administrators	<i>Check-box</i> Default state - checked if pre-enabled by <i>Master Administrator</i>	If selected, the DRAO S/MIME Administrator will have the ability to recover the private keys of client certificates issued by this Department. At the point of creation, each client certificate will be encrypted with the DRAOs master public key before being placed into escrow. If this box is selected then the Department will not be able to issue client certificates UNTIL the DRAO has initialized their master key pair in the Encryption tab.

- Fill out the 'General Information' tab (and optionally the 'SSL' / 'Code Signing Certificate' tabs if those cert types are required). See **Creating Departments** for full details concerning the creation of a new Department.
- Once you are satisfied with all settings, click 'OK' to add the Department

6.5.3 Master Keys Required Prior to Client Cert Issuance

The diagram below is an overview of the master keys necessary per recovery requirements for the successful issuance of client certificates:

Overview of required master keys required prior to client certificate issuance



Notes:

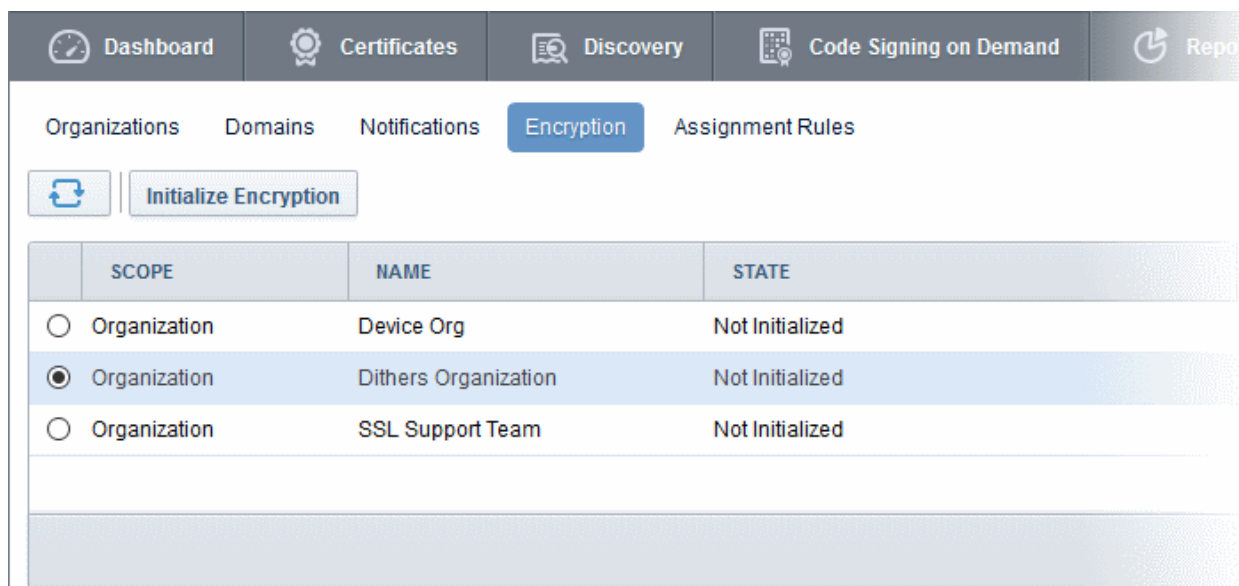
- Administrators can find out whether recovery is checked for an Organization by clicking 'Settings' > 'Organizations', clicking the 'Edit' button of the Organization in question then selecting the 'Client Cert' tab.
- RAO S/MIME Administrators can find whether recovery is checked for a Department by clicking 'Settings' > 'Organizations', then clicking the 'Departments' button of the Organization in question. Next, select the Department in question and click 'Edit' button, then select the 'Client Cert' tab.
- 'MPK must exist' means that the key must have been initialized. If the key has not been initialized then the Organization or Department in question will not be able to issue client certificates. If key escrow is required through all tiers (Organization + Department) then this means that 2 master private keys will need to be initialized. To check initialization status, the currently logged in administrator should click the 'Encryption' tab

6.5.4 Encryption

This area allows administrators to encrypt the private keys of users' client certificates. If key recovery was specified during the creation of a Department, then this step is *essential*. No client certificates can be issued until the master key pairs have been initialized.

Note: This area is visible and accessible by RAO/DRAO S/MIME Administrators if key recovery has been enabled for their specific Organization/Department.

To use this feature the administrator needs to initialize private key encryption by clicking 'Initialize Encryption' button.



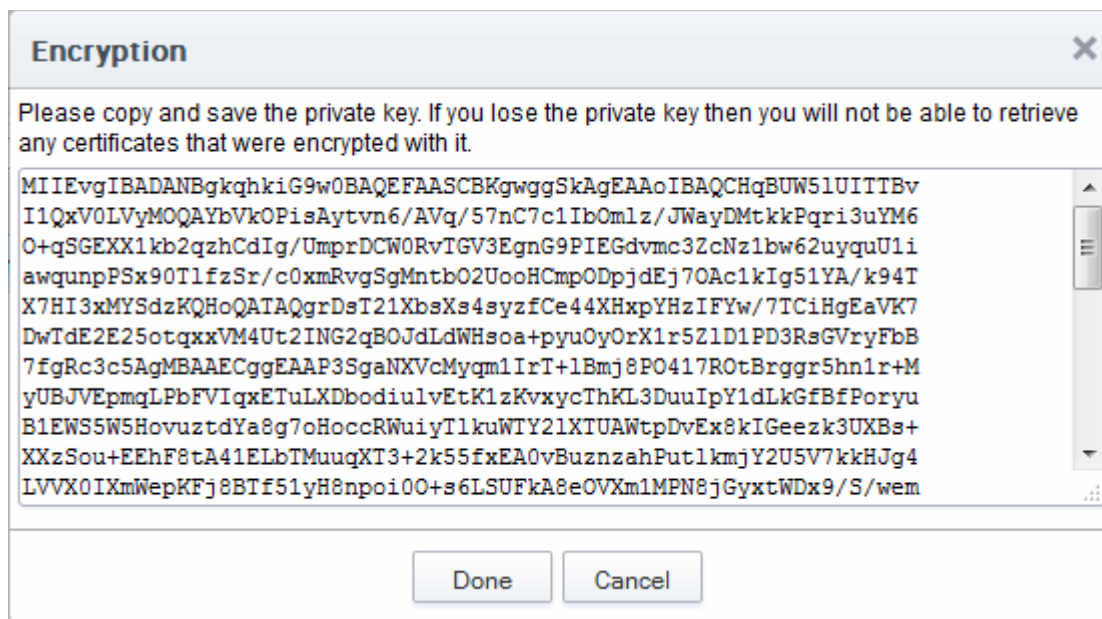
6.5.4.1 Summary of Fields and Controls

Column Display	Description	
Scope	The Hierarchy level of the Organization/Department. It can be the Master, Organization or Department.	
Name	The name of the Organization/Department.	
State	Indicates the status of private key encryption.	
Controls		
	Refresh	Reloads the list.
Encryption Controls		
	Initialize Encryption	Starts the initial encryption process. This control is available only when the private key encryption has not been done earlier and the status is Not Initialized, for and Organization/Department.
	Reencrypt	Starts the re-encryption process of the private keys of the certificates of the end-users of belonging to an

		Organization/Department. This control is available only if the private keys are already encrypted.
--	--	--

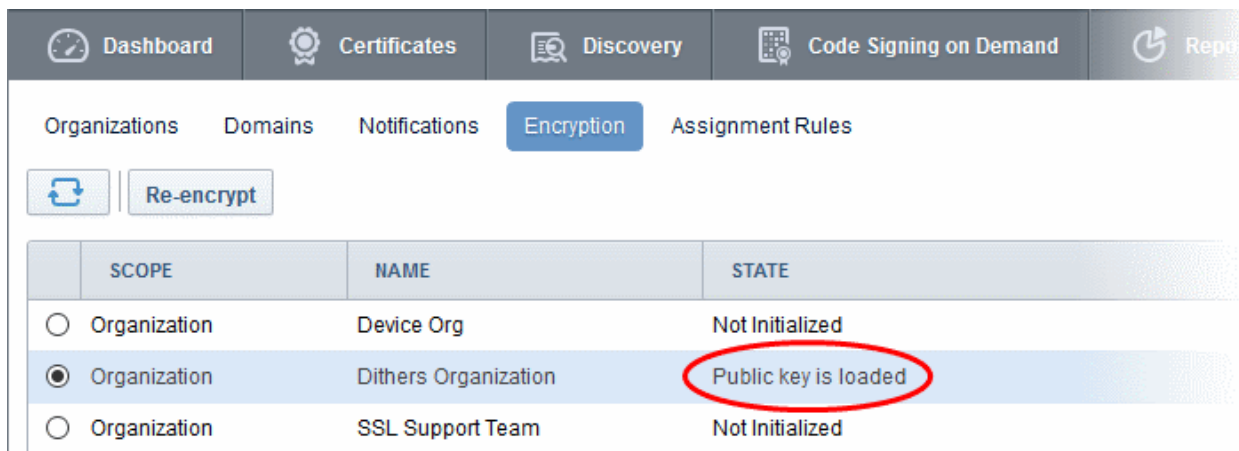
6.5.5 Encrypting the Private Keys

To use this feature the administrator needs to initialize private key encryption by clicking 'Initialize Encryption' button. The process will be started and a master private key will be generated. The administrators need to copy the private key and paste it in a .txt file and store in a secure location.



Note: This 'master' private key is not stored within Comodo Certificate Manager. We advise administrators to save the private key in a secure, password protected, location. It will be required should the administrator wish to either re-encrypt the keys or download a user's client certificate.

On clicking 'Done', the state is changed to 'Public key is loaded'.



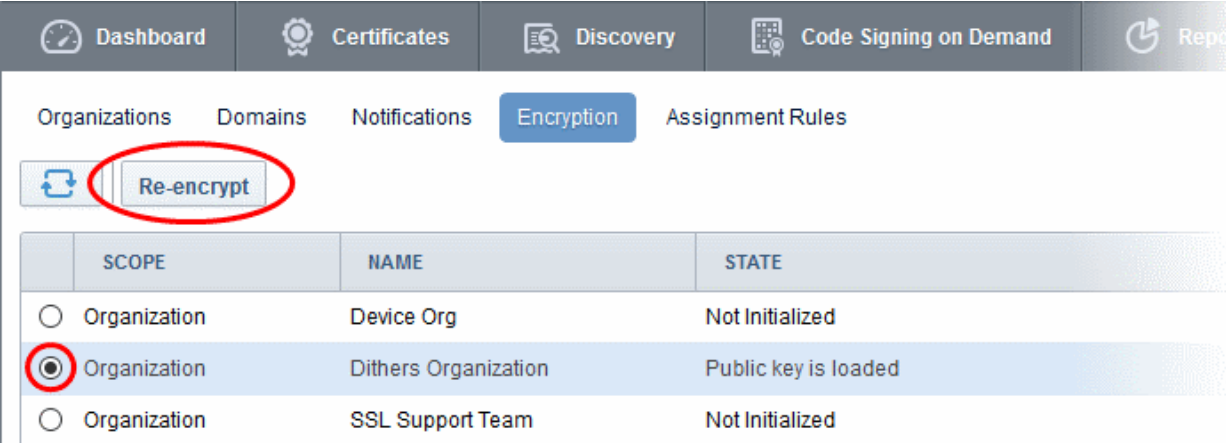
All the private keys of user client certificates are now encrypted using the master public key of the administrator that began this process. Decryption will require the private key that was saved earlier.

6.5.6 Re-encryption

The re-encryption area allows RAO S/MIME and DRAO S/MIME administrators to change their master key pair then automatically re-encrypt existing end-users key pairs with the new master public key. This may be necessary if the original private key becomes compromised or administrative personnel leave the company.

To start the Re-encryption process

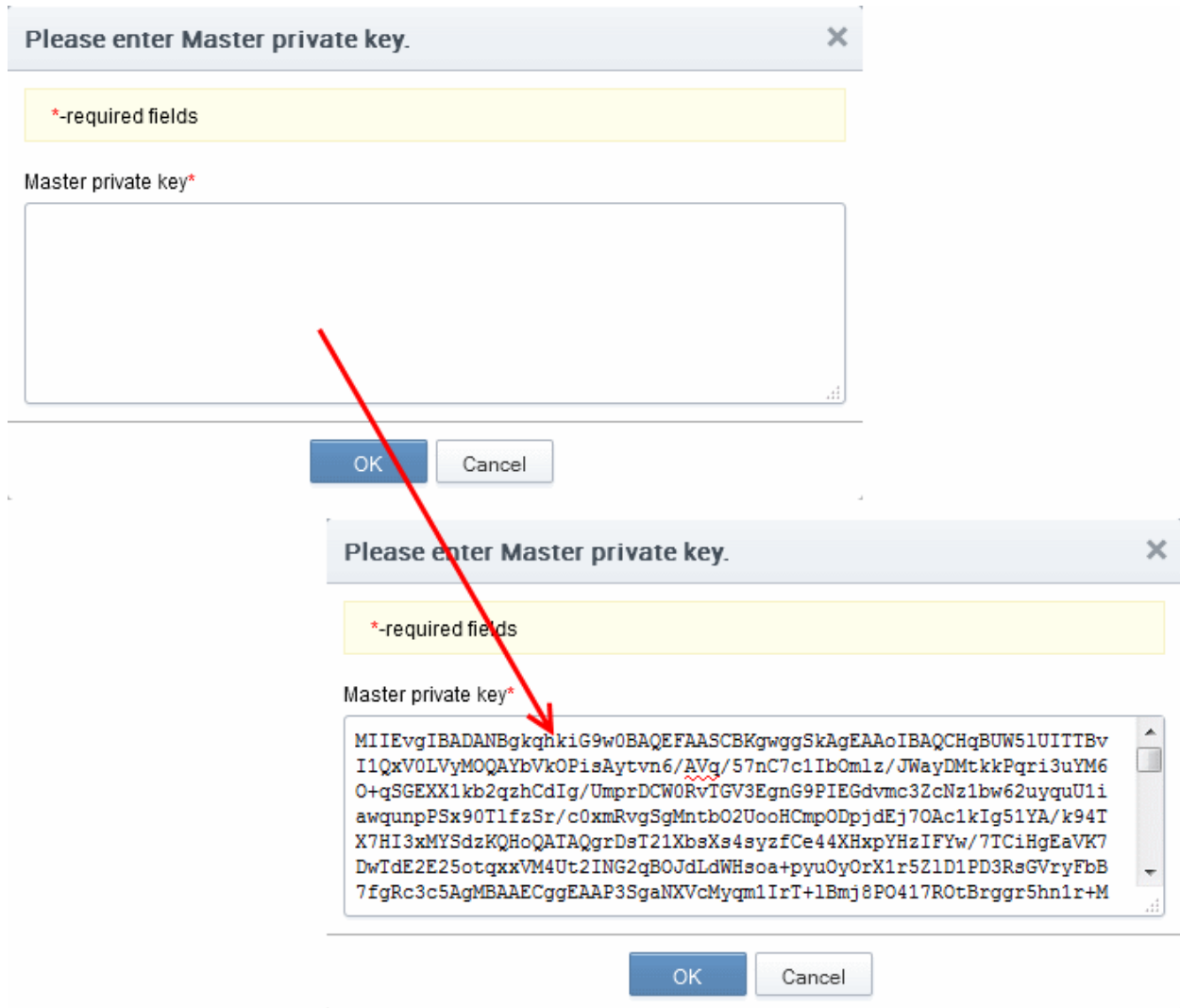
- Select the scope and click the 'Reencrypt' button alongside the Organization/Department in the Controls column.



The screenshot shows the 'Encryption' tab in the Comodo Certificate Manager interface. The 'Re-encrypt' button is highlighted with a red circle. Below the button is a table with the following data:

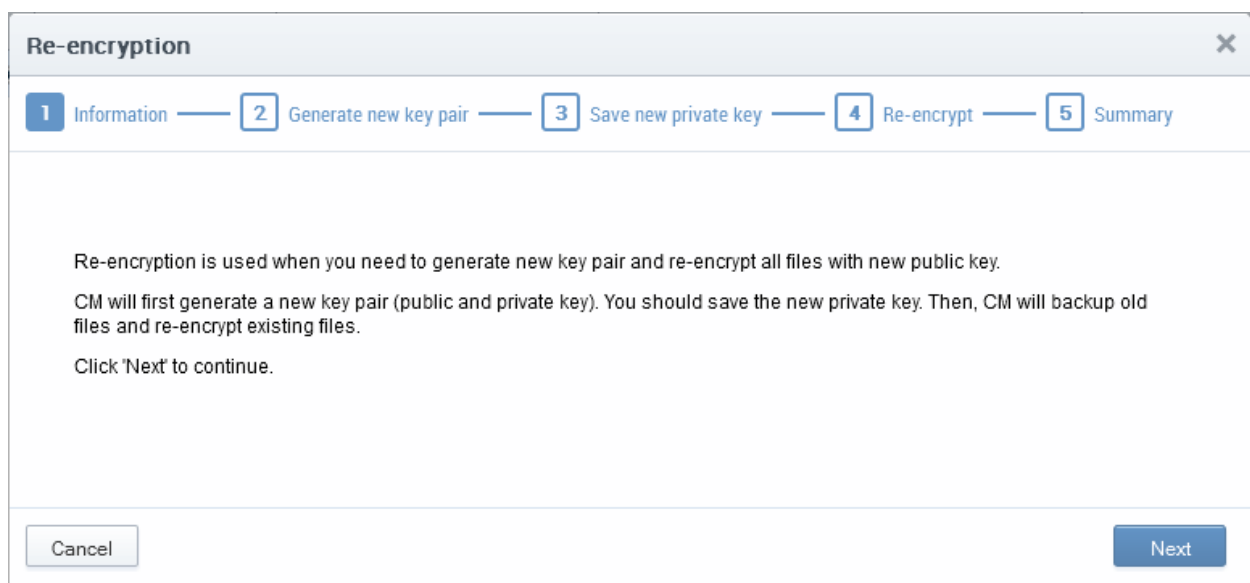
	SCOPE	NAME	STATE
<input type="radio"/>	Organization	Device Org	Not Initialized
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Organization	Dithers Organization	Public key is loaded
<input type="radio"/>	Organization	SSL Support Team	Not Initialized

The Administrator will be prompted to paste the existing master private key to start the process:

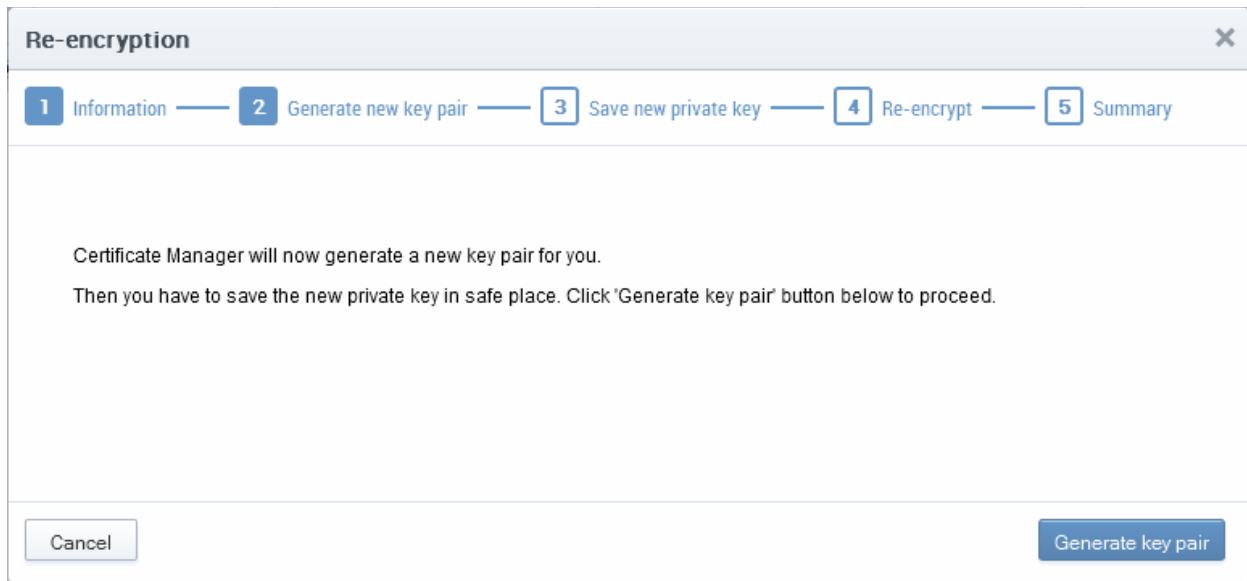


- Paste the Master key and click 'OK'.

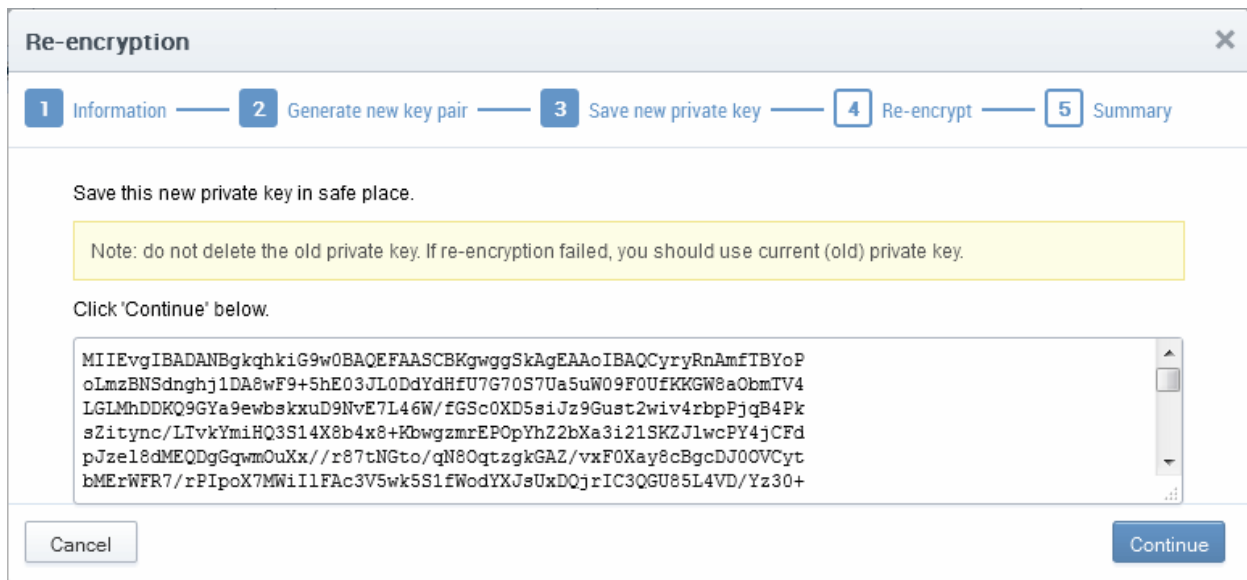
The re-encryption dialog will appear. This will provide a brief summary of the forthcoming process.



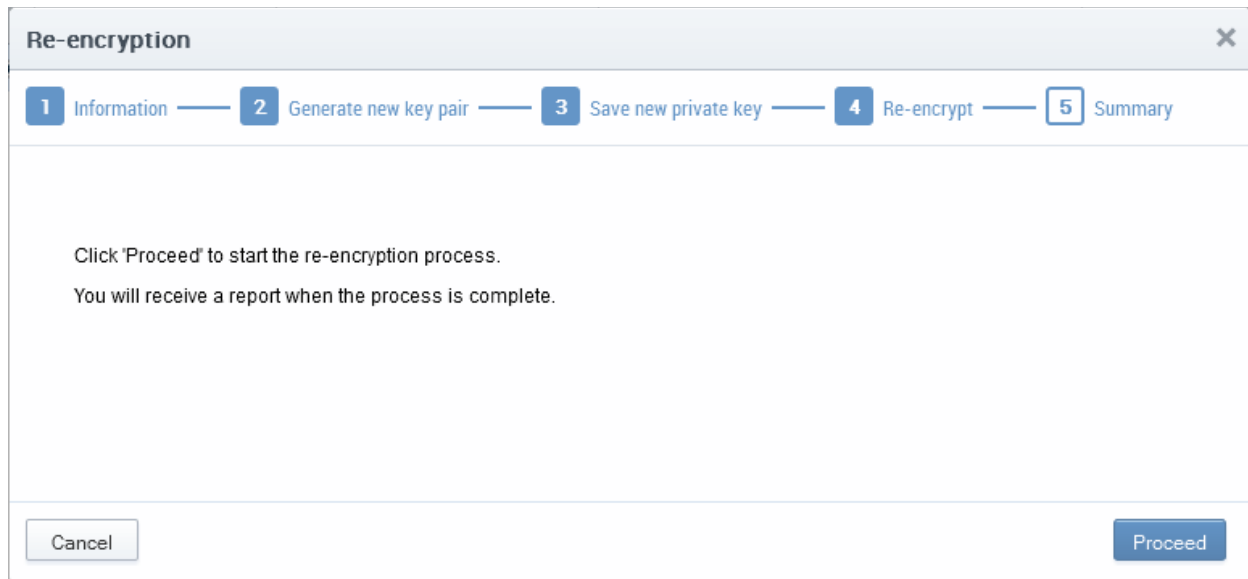
- Click 'Next' to continue:



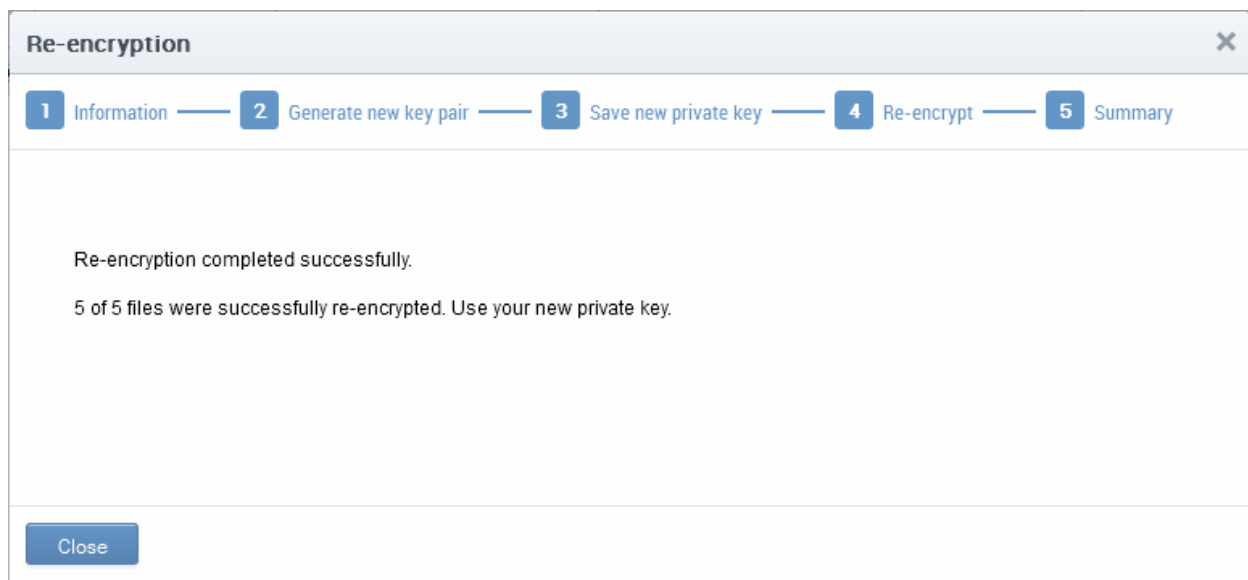
- Click the 'Generate Key Pair' to generate the new keys:



- Copy and paste the private key into a .txt file then save it in a secure, password protected location. Click 'Continue'. The re-encryption of the private keys will be start.



- Click 'Proceed' to begin re-encrypting the private keys of client certificates. Upon successful re-encryption, a summary screen will be displayed.

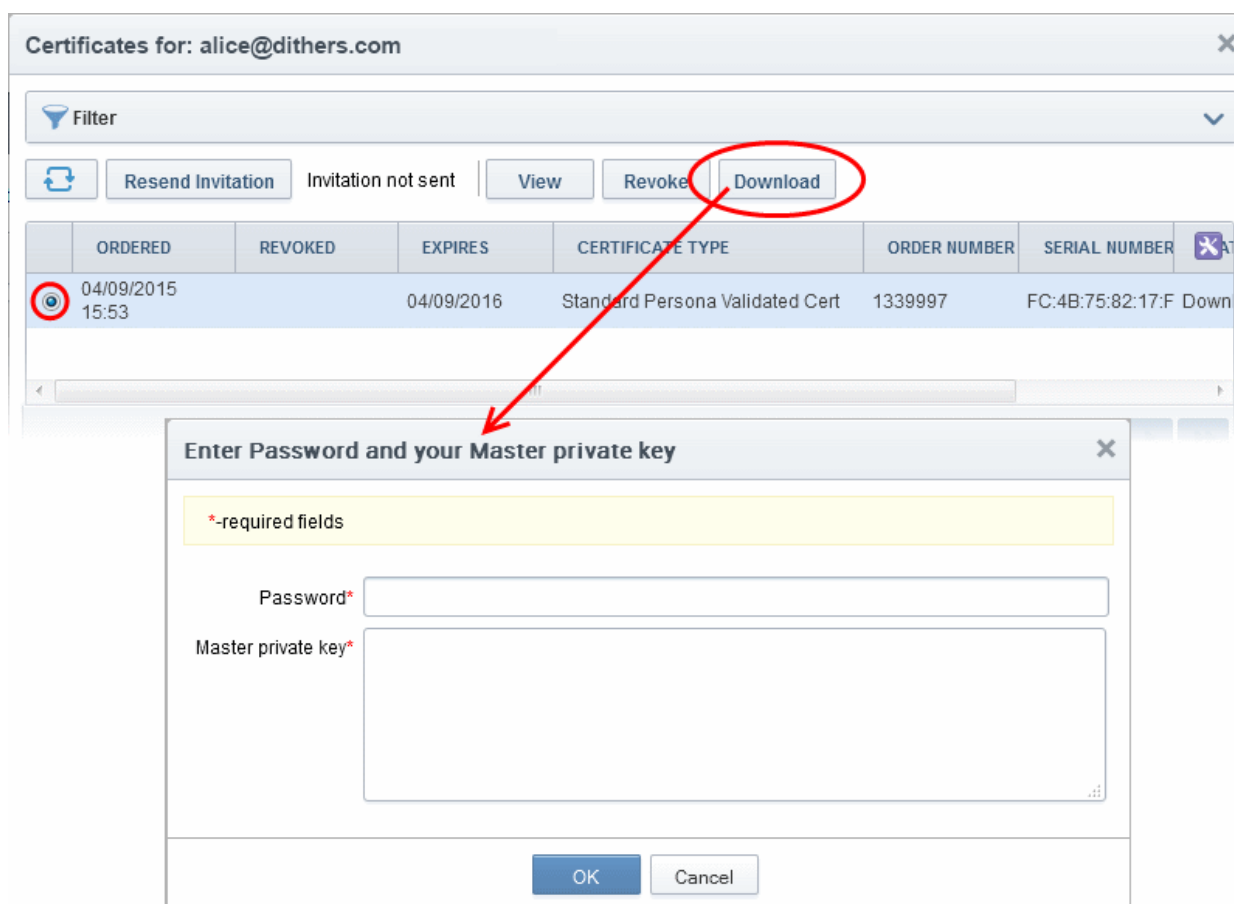


6.5.7 Recovering a User's Private Key from Escrow

The administrator may need to recover a user's private key in order to decrypt data if, for example, the original client certificate belonging to an end-user was lost or if the user left the company. The end-user's private key can be downloaded from the 'Certificates' > 'Client Certificates' interface.

Note: Administrators should have their master private key ready - it will be required to complete this process.

- Open the 'Client Certificates' interface by clicking 'Certificates' > 'Client Certificates'.
- Select the end-user and click the 'Certs' button from the top. The 'Certificates for' interface will open with the list of all the certificates belonging to the end-user in chronological order (newest first).
- Select the certificate and click 'Download'.



In order to decrypt this end-user's key pair the Administrator must paste the corresponding 'master' private key into the space provided in order to download any end-user's client certificates. Admin can set a password to protect access to private key in .p12 file as well.

Note: Successfully downloading the private key of a client certificate will revoke that certificate.

6.6 Notifications

The 'Notifications' interface enables RAO and DRAO Administrators to set up and manage to set up and manage email notifications to various personnel - including notifications triggered by events like requisition, issuance, download, installation, expiry of certificates, requisition, approval and validation of domains and their delegations, creation of administrators, certificate discovery scan reports and more.

Tip: CCM also enables the Administrators to customize the email templates of the notifications as required. Refer to [Email Templates](#) for more details.

Administrative Roles:

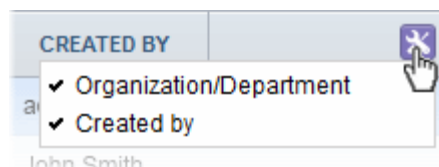
- RAO - Can only view the notification set by them for the users belonging the Organizations (and any subordinate Departments) that have been delegated to them. They can create and manage notifications only for the notification types on which they have authority AND only for the Organization (and any subordinate Departments) that have been delegated to them.
- DRAO - Can only view the notifications setup for the users belonging to Department(s) delegated to them. They can create and manage notifications only for the notification types on which they have authority AND only for the Departments that have been delegated to them.

DESCRIPTION	ORGANIZATION/DEPARTMENT	DAYS	CREATED BY
30 days before expiry of SSL certs	Advanced / Any department	30	Dry Gild
15 days before expiry of Client Certs	Advanced, Football, Bar, org1 / Any department	15	Dry Gild
15 days before of Device Certs	Advanced, Football, Bar, org1 / Any department	15	Dry Gild

Notifications - Summary of Fields and Controls

Column Display	Description
Description	Provides a short description for the notification, as entered by the administrator during creation.
Organization/Department	The Organization(s)/Department(s) for which the notification was created. The notification mails will be sent to the only to Administrators/Users of these Organization(s)/Department(s).
Days	Number of days in advance of the event, the notification will be sent.
Created by	Displays the name of the administrator who has created the notification.

Note: An administrator can enable or disable the columns from the drop-down button beside the last item in the table header:



Control Buttons		
Control Buttons	Add	Enables the Administrator to add a new notification.
	Refresh	Updates the list of displayed Notifications.
Notification Control Buttons Note: The Notification control buttons are visible only on selecting a Notification	Edit	Enables the administrator to edit the notification. See the note below this table.
	Delete	Enables the Administrator to delete the notification. See the note below this table.

Important Note: An administrator can either edit or delete an existing notification when *all* the following conditions are true:

- The administrator has authority for *all* of the Organizations and Departments contained within the scope of the notification.

- The administrator has authority for the notification type.
- The creator of the notification is of the same or lower administrative level than that of the administrator.

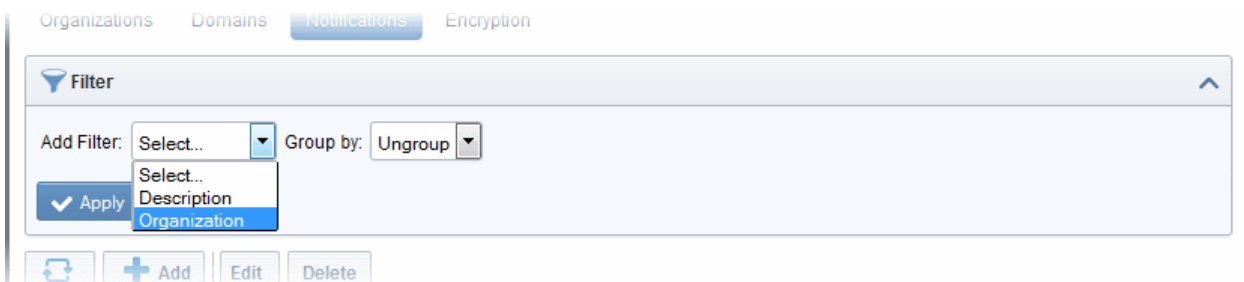
Sorting and Filtering Options

- Clicking on a column headers 'Description' and 'Days' sorts the items in the alphabetical order of the entries in the respective column.

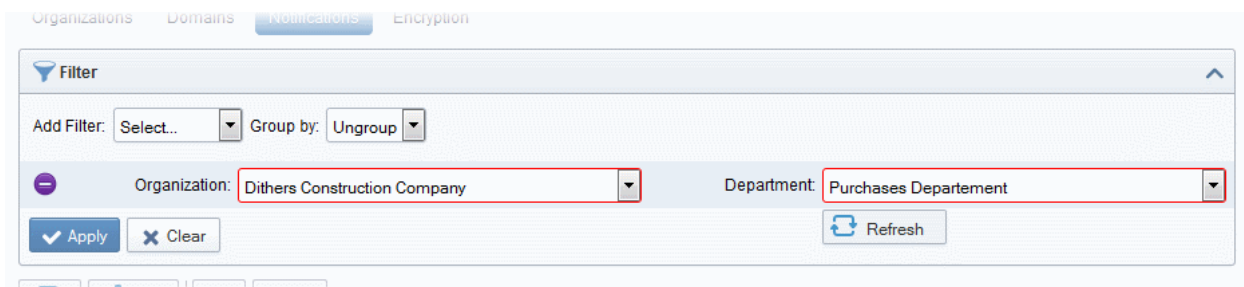
Administrators can search for a particular notification from the list by using filters:



To apply filters, click anywhere on the 'Filters' stripe. The filter options will be displayed. You can add filters by selecting from the options in the 'Add Filter' drop-down and group the selection with other options that appears depending on the selection from the 'Add Filter' drop-down. For example, if you want to filter the notification type set for an Organization/Department, select 'Organization' from the 'Add Filter' drop-down:



- Select the Organization to which the Department belongs from the 'Organization' drop-down.



- Select the Department from the 'Department' drop-down.
- To group the results based on the days parameter, select 'Days' from the 'Group by' drop-down.

- Click the 'Apply' button.

The filtered items based on the selected parameters will be displayed:

	DESCRIPTION	ORGANIZATION/DEPARTMENT	DAYS	CREATED BY	
☰ 15					
<input type="radio"/>	15 days before expiry of Client Cert	ABCD Corporation, Dithers Construction Company, Capital Business, Best Organization / Any department	15	Joe A	
☰ 10					
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	10 days before expiry of Client Cert	ABCD Corporation, Dithers Construction Company, Capital Business, Best Organization / Any department	10	Joe A	
☰ 30					
<input type="radio"/>	30 days before expiry of SSL Cert	ABCD Corporation, Dithers Construction Company, Capital Business, Best Organization / Any department	30	Joe A	

- To remove the filters, click the 'Clear' button.

Note: The search filters once configured for the interface will be automatically saved. When you are re-opening the 'Notifications' interface in future, the configured filters will be in action and only the search results will be displayed. If you do not want the filters to be saved, click the 'Clear' button.

6.6.1 Adding a Notification

The administrator can add a new notification by clicking the 'Add' button under the 'Notifications' sub-tab and filling out the form that appears.

The screenshot shows the Comodo Certificate Manager interface. At the top, there are navigation tabs: Dashboard, Certificates, Discovery, Code Signing on Demand, and Reports. Below these are sub-tabs: Organizations, Domains, Notifications (selected), Encryption, and Assignment Rules. A 'Filter' dropdown is visible. Below the filter are buttons for Refresh, Add (circled in red), Edit, and Delete. A table lists existing notifications with columns: DESCRIPTION, ORGANIZATION/DEPARTMENT, DAYS, and CREATED BY. The table contains three entries: '30 days before expiry of SSL certs', '15 days before expiry of Device Certs', and '15 days before expiry of cliet certs'. A red arrow points from the '+ Add' button to the 'Create Notification' dialog box.

Create Notification

*-required fields

Notification Type: Client Certificate Expiration

Description*

Organization/Department*

Organization:

- Comodo SE
- Device Org
- Dithers Organization
- SSL Support Team

Department:

- Any
- Dithers Organization
 - None
 - Stores Department

Days in advance to notify*

Frequency: Once Daily

Notify Requester*

Notify Client Certificate RAO Admin(s)*

Notify Client Certificate DRAO Admin(s)*

Subscribers (optional, comma separated)

OK Cancel

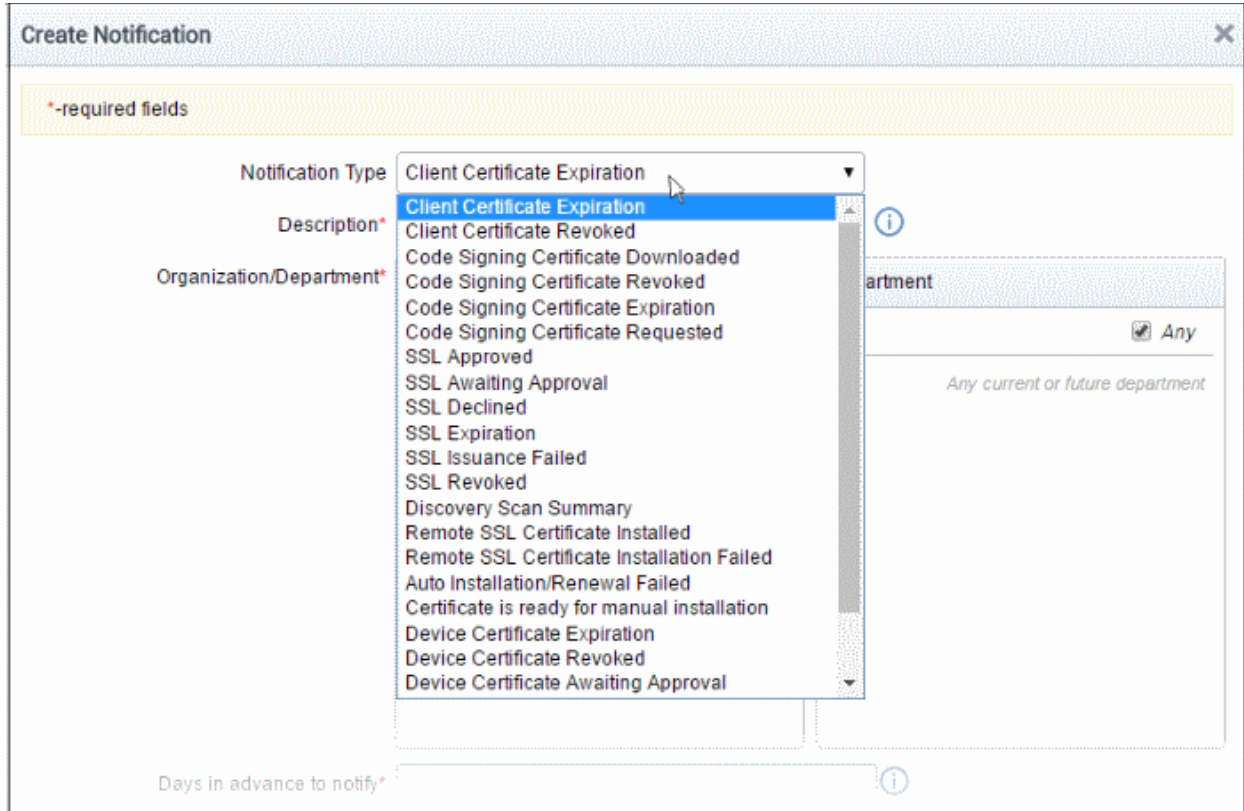
When adding a notification administrator should first select a Notification Type.

There are several types of notifications available for selection. The list of notification types in the drop-down is

dependent on the role of the administrator. For example, RAO SSL and DRAO SSL administrators will see the options corresponding to only to SSL certificates and so on.

An administrator can create notifications when he/she has authority for *all* of the Organizations and Departments contained within the scope of the notification *and* the administrator has authority for the notification type.

Similarly, an administrator can view existing notifications when he/she has authority for *any* of the Organizations or Departments contained within scope of the notification *and* the administrator has authority for the notification type.



The following table explains the notification types that are available for administrators according to their administrative roles.

Notification	Notification Type	Administrator Type
Client Certificate Expiration	Client Certificate	RAO S/MIME admins, DRAO S/MIME admins.
Client Certificate Revoked	Client Certificate	RAO S/MIME admins, DRAO S/MIME admins.
Code Signing Certificate Downloaded	Code Signing Certificate	RAO Code Signing admins.
Code Signing Certificate Revoked	Code Signing Certificate	RAO Code Signing admins.
Code Signing Certificate Expiration	Code Signing Certificate	RAO Code Signing admins.
Code Signing Certificate Requested	Code Signing Certificate	RAO Code Signing admins.
SSL Approved	SSL Certificate	RAO SSL admin, DRAO SSL admin.
SSL Awaiting Approval	SSL Certificate	RAO SSL admin, DRAO SSL admin.
SSL Declined	SSL Certificate	RAO SSL admin, DRAO SSL admin.
SSL Expiration	SSL Certificate	RAO SSL admin, DRAO SSL admin.

SSL Issuance Failed	SSL Certificate	RAO SSL admin, DRAO SSL admin.
SSL Revoked	SSL Certificate	RAO SSL admin, DRAO SSL admin.
Discovery Scan Summary	Other	All administrators.
Remote SSL Certificate Installed	SSL Certificate	RAO SSL admin, DRAO SSL admin.
Remote SSL Certificate Installation Failed	SSL Certificate	RAO SSL admin, DRAO SSL admin.
Auto Installation / Renewal Failed	SSL Certificate	RAO SSL admin, DRAO SSL admin.
Certificate is ready for manual installation	SSL Certificate	RAO SSL admin, DRAO SSL admin.
Device Certificate Expiration	Device Authentication Certificate	RAO Device Certificate admins, DRAO Device Certificate admins.
Device Certificate Revoked	Device Authentication Certificate	RAO Device Certificate admins, DRAO Device Certificate admins.
Device Certificate Awaiting Approval	Device Authentication Certificate	RAO Device Certificate admins, DRAO Device Certificate admins.
Client Admin Creation	Other	All administrators.
Domain Awaiting Approval	Other	All administrators.
Domain Approved	Other	All administrators.
DCV Expiration	Domain Control Validation	RAO SSL admin, DRAO SSL admin
DCV Validated	Domain Control Validation	RAO SSL admin, DRAO SSL admin
DCV Needed-New Domain	Domain Control Validation	RAO SSL admin, DRAO SSL admin
Code Sign Request Created	Code Signing Certificate	MRAO, RAO Code Signing admins, DRAO Code Signing admins.
Code Signing CSoD Revoked	Code Signing Certificate	MRAO, RAO Code Signing admins, DRAO Code Signing admins.
Note: The Notification Types related to DCV will be available only if the DCV feature is enabled for your account.		

Detailed description of each type of form is given below. The 'Create Notification' form varies pursuant to the selected 'Notification Type'.

6.6.2 Notification Types

6.6.2.1 'Client Certificate Expiration' Create Notification Form

Enables administrator to set notification about terms of expiration of client certificates.

Create Notification
✕

*-required fields

Notification Type

Description*

Organization/Department*

Organization	Department
<input type="checkbox"/> ▼ <input type="checkbox"/> ABCD Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> Best Organization <input type="checkbox"/> Capital Business <input type="checkbox"/> Dithers Construction Company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Any <small>Any current or future department</small>

Days in advance to notify*

Frequency: Once Daily

Notify Requester*

Notify Client Certificate RAO Admin(s)*

Notify Client Certificate DRAO Admin(s)*

Subscribers
(optional, comma separated)

6.6.2.1.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department <i>(required)</i>	Checkboxes	Administrator can select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting the checkbox at the top of the 'Organization' column enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations/Departments. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations, then select the respective Organizations. Selecting 'Any' in the 'Departments' column enables the notification to the members of all the Departments of the selected Organization. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Department(s) of the selected Organization(s), uncheck 'Any' and select the required the Departments.
Days in advance to notify	Text Field	Enables the administrator to set number of days the end-user will be

<i>(required)</i>		informed about expiration of the certificate before the event. Administrator can also specify whether the notification has to be sent to the member(s) only once or daily till the expiration date by selecting the respective radio button.
Notify Requester <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for person that requested the certificate.
Notify Client Certificate RAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for RAO S/MIME Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s).
Notify Client Certificate DRAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for DRAO S/MIME Admin(s) of the selected Department(s).
Subscribers <i>(optional)</i>	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.2 'Client Certificate Revoked' Create Notification Form

Enables the Administrator to create a notification that will be sent to selected personnel upon revocation of a client certificate.

*-required fields

Notification Type: Client Certificate Revoked ▼

Description*: ⓘ

Organization/Department*

Organization

▼

- ABCD Corporation
- Best Organization
- Capital Business
- Dithers Construction Company

Department

Any

Any current or future department

For Certificates Revoked by* User Administrator

Notify Requester* ⓘ

Notify Client Certificate RAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Notify Client Certificate DRAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Subscribers
(optional, comma separated)

6.6.2.2.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department <i>(required)</i>	Checkboxes	Administrator can select Organization(s)/Department(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting the checkbox at the top of the 'Organization' column enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations/Departments. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations, then select the respective Organizations. Selecting 'Any' in the 'Departments' column enables the notification to the members of all the Departments of the selected Organization. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Department(s) of the selected Organization(s), uncheck 'Any' and select the required the Departments.
For Certificates Revoked by: <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Administrator should select a person (administrator or user) after whose revoke action, the notification will be send.
Notify Requester <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for person, who requested the certificate.
Notify Client Certificate RAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for RAO S/MIME Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s).
Notify Client Certificate DRAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for DRAO S/MIME Admin(s) of the selected Department(s).
Subscribers <i>(optional)</i>	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.3 'Code Signing Certificate Downloaded' Create Notification Form

Enables the Administrator to create a notification that will be sent to selected personnel whose Code Signing Certificate was revoked.

*-required fields

Notification Type: Code Signing Certificate Downloaded ▼

Description*: ⓘ

Organization/Department*: **Organization**

▼

- ABCD Corporation
- Best Organization
- Capital Business
- Dithers Construction Company

Department

▼ Any

- ABCD Corporation
 - None
- Capital Business

Notify Requester* ⓘ

Notify Code Signing RAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Notify Code Signing DRAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Subscribers
(optional, comma separated)

6.6.2.3.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description (required)	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department (required)	Checkboxes	Administrator can select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting the checkbox at the top of the 'Organization' column enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations/Departments. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations, then select the respective Organizations. Selecting 'Any' in the 'Departments' column enables the notification to the members of all the Departments of the selected Organization. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Department(s) of the selected Organization(s), uncheck 'Any' and select the required the Departments.
Notify Requester (required)	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for person, who requested the certificate.
Notify Code Signing RAO	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for RAO Code

Form Element	Type	Description
Admins(s) <i>(required)</i>		Signing Certificate Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Department(s).
Notify Code Signing DRAO Admins(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for DRAO Code Signing Certificate Admin(s) of the selected Department(s).
Subscribers <i>(optional)</i>	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.4 'Code Signing Certificate Revoked' Create Notification Form

Enables the Administrator to create a notification that will be sent to selected personnel whose Code Signing Certificate is due to expire.

✕
Create Notification

*-required fields

Notification Type ▼
Code Signing Certificate Revoked

Description* i

Organization/Department* **Organization**

▼
 ABCD Corporation
 Best Organization
 Capital Business
 Dithers Construction Company

Department

Any

Any current or future department

Notify Requester* i

Notify Code Signing RAO Admin(s)* i

Notify Code Signing DRAO Admin(s)* i

Subscribers
(optional, comma separated)

6.6.2.4.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department <i>(required)</i>	Checkboxes	Administrator can select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting the

Form Element	Type	Description
		checkbox at the top of the 'Organization' column enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations/Departments. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations, then select the respective Organizations. Selecting 'Any' in the 'Departments' column enables the notification to the members of all the Departments of the selected Organization. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Department(s) of the selected Organization(s), uncheck 'Any' and select the required the Departments.
Notify Requester <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for person, who requested the certificate.
Notify Code Signing RAO Admins(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for RAO Code Signing Certificate Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Department(s).
Notify Code Signing DRAO Admins(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for DRAO Code Signing Certificate Admin(s) of the selected Department(s).
Subscribers <i>(optional)</i>	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.5 'Code Signing Certificate Expiration' Create Notification Form

Enables the Administrator to create a notification that will be sent to selected personnel whose Code Signing Certificate is due to expire.

*-required fields

Notification Type: Code Signing Certificate Expiration

Description*:

Organization/Department*:

Organization	Department
<input type="checkbox"/> ▼ <input type="checkbox"/> ABCD Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> Best Organization <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Capital Business <input type="checkbox"/> Dithers Construction Company	<input type="checkbox"/> ▼ <input type="checkbox"/> Any <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Capital Business <input type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Marketing Dept <input type="checkbox"/> Sales Dept

Days in advance to notify*: 15

Frequency: Once Daily

Notify Requester*:

Notify Code Signing RAO Admin(s)*:

Notify Code Signing DRAO Admin(s)*:

Subscribers (optional, comma separated):

6.6.2.5.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department <i>(required)</i>	Checkboxes	Administrator can select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting the checkbox at the top of the 'Organization' column enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations/Departments. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain

		Organizations, then select the respective Organizations. Selecting 'Any' in the 'Departments' column enables the notification to the members of all the Departments of the selected Organization. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Department(s) of the selected Organization(s), uncheck 'Any' and select the required the Departments.
Days in advance to notify <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	Enables the administrator to set number of days the end-user will be informed about expiration of the certificate before the event. Administrator can also specify whether the notification has to be sent to the member(s) only once or daily till the expiration date by selecting the respective radio button.
Notify Requester <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for person, who requested the certificate.
Notify Code Signing RAO Admins(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for RAO Code Signing Certificate Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Department(s).
Notify Code Signing DRAO Admins(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for DRAO Code Signing Certificate Admin(s) of the selected Department(s).
Subscribers <i>(optional)</i>	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.6 'Code Signing Certificate Requested' Create Notification Form

Enables the Administrator to create a notification that will be sent to selected personnel whose Code Signing Certificate is been requested by the Administrator to the CA.

*-required fields

Notification Type: Code Signing Certificate Requested

Description*:

Organization/Department*:

Organization	Department
<input type="checkbox"/> ▼ <input type="checkbox"/> ABCD Corporation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Best Organization <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Capital Business <input type="checkbox"/> Dithers Construction Company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Any <small>Any current or future department</small>

Notify Requester*: i

Notify Code Signing RAO Admin(s)*: i

Notify Code Signing DRAO Admin(s)*: i

Subscribers
(optional, comma separated)

6.6.2.6.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department <i>(required)</i>	Checkboxes	Administrator can select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting the checkbox at the top of the 'Organization' column enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations/Departments. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations, then select the respective Organizations. Selecting 'Any' in the 'Departments' column enables the notification to the members of all the Departments of the selected Organization. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Department(s) of the selected Organization(s), uncheck 'Any' and select the required the Departments.
Notify Requester <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for person, who requested the certificate.

Notify Code Signing RAO Admins(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for RAO Code Signing Certificate Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Department(s).
Notify Code Signing DRAO Admins(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for DRAO Code Signing Certificate Admin(s) of the selected Department(s).
Subscribers <i>(optional)</i>	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.7 'SSL Approved' Create Notification Form

Enables the Administrator to create a notification that will be sent to selected personnel upon Approval of an SSL certificate request by an Administrator.

Create Notification
✕

*-required fields

Notification Type

Description*

Organization/Department* **Organization**

▾
 ABCD Corporation
 Best Organization
 Capital Business
 Dithers Construction Company

Department

Any

Any current or future department

Certificate Type

Notify Owner* ⓘ

Notify Requester* ⓘ

Notify SSL RAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Subscribers
(optional, comma separated)

6.6.2.7.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department <i>(required)</i>	Checkboxes	Administrator can select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting the checkbox at the top of the 'Organization' column enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations/Departments. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations, then select the respective Organizations. Selecting 'Any' in the 'Departments' column enables the notification to the members of all the Departments of the selected Organization. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Department(s) of the selected Organization(s), uncheck 'Any' and select the required the Departments.
Certificate type: <i>(required)</i>	Drop-down	Administrator should select type of SSL certificate for which the notification is to be set.
Notify owner <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for the Owner of the certificate. The Owner of the certificate is the Administrator that first approved the request for the certificate.
Notify Requester <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for person, who requested the certificate.
Notify SSL RAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for RAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Department(s).
Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for DRAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Department(s).
Subscribers <i>(optional)</i>	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.8 'SSL Awaiting Approval' Create Notification Form

Enables the administrator to set a notification about an SSL certificate state after the certificate was requested. An SSL certificate request must be approved by the administrator. Before the request is approved, its state is 'Awaiting Approval'.

*-required fields

Notification Type: SSL Awaiting Approval ▼

Description*: ⓘ

Organization/Department* **Organization**

▼

- ABCD Corporation
- Best Organization
- Capital Business
- Dithers Construction Company

Department

▼ Any

- Dithers Construction Company
 - None
 - Purchases Departement
 - Stores Department

Certificate Type: ANY ▼

Notify Requester* ⓘ

Notify SSL RAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Subscribers
(optional, comma separated)

OK
Cancel

6.6.2.8.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department <i>(required)</i>	Checkboxes	Administrator can select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting the checkbox at the top of the 'Organization' column enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations/Departments. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations, then select the respective Organizations. Selecting 'Any' in the 'Departments' column enables the notification to the members of all the Departments of the selected Organization. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Department(s) of the selected Organization(s), uncheck 'Any' and select the required the Departments.
Certificate type: <i>(required)</i>	Drop-down	Administrator should select type of SSL certificate for which the notification is to be set.

Notify Requester <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for person, who requested the certificate.
Notify SSL RAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for RAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Department(s).
Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for DRAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Department(s).
Subscribers <i>(optional)</i>	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.9 'SSL Declined' Create Notification Form

Enables the Administrator to create a notification that will be sent to selected personnel whose SSL Certificate request was declined by the Administrator.

*-required fields

Notification Type: SSL Declined

Description*:

Organization/Department*

Organization
 ABCD Corporation
 Best Organization
 Capital Business
 Dithers Construction Company

Department
 Any

Dithers Construction Company
 None
 Purchases Departement
 Stores Department

Certificate Type: ANY

Notify Owner*

Notify Requester*

Notify SSL RAO Admin(s)*

Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s)*

Subscribers *(optional, comma separated)*

6.6.2.9.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department <i>(required)</i>	Checkboxes	Administrator can select Organization(s)/Department(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting the checkbox at the top of the 'Organization' column enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations/Departments. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations, then select the respective Organizations. Selecting 'Any' in the 'Departments' column enables the notification to the members of all the Departments of the selected Organization. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Department(s) of the selected Organization(s), uncheck 'Any' and select the required the Departments.
Certificate type: <i>(required)</i>	Drop-down	Administrator should select type of SSL certificate for which the notification should be set.
Notify Owner <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for the Owner of the certificate. The Owner of the certificate is the Administrator that first approved the request for the certificate.
Notify Requester <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for a person, who requested the certificate.
Notify SSL RAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for RAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Department(s).
Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for DRAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Department(s).
Subscribers <i>(optional)</i>	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.10 'SSL Expiration' Create Notification Form

Enables the Administrator to create a notification that will be sent to selected personnel whose SSL Certificates are due to expire, in advance.

*-required fields

Notification Type:

Description*:

Organization/Department*: **Organization**

[v]

- ABCD Corporation
- Best Organization
- Capital Business
- Dithers Construction Company

Department

[v] Any

- Dithers Construction Company
 - None
 - Purchases Departement
 - Stores Department

Certificate Type:

Days in advance to notify*:

Frequency: Once Daily

Notify Owner*:

Notify Requester*:

Notify SSL RAO Admin(s)*:

Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s)*:

Subscribers
(optional, comma separated)

6.6.2.10.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description (required)	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department (required)	Checkboxes	Administrator can select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting the checkbox at the top of the 'Organization' column enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations/Departments. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations, then select the respective Organizations. Selecting 'Any' in the 'Departments' column enables the notification to the members of all the Departments of the selected Organization. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Department(s) of the selected Organization(s), uncheck 'Any' and select the required the Departments.

Form Element	Type	Description
Certificate type: <i>(required)</i>	Drop-down	Administrator should select type of SSL certificate for which the notification is to be set.
Days in advance to notify <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	Enables the administrator to set number of days the notification will be sent about expiration of the certificate before the event. Administrator can also specify whether the notification has to be sent only once or daily till the expiration date by selecting the respective radio button.
Notify Owner <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for a person, who owns the certificate.
Notify Requester <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for a person, who requested the certificate.
Notify SSL RAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for RAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Departments.
Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for DRAO SSL Admin(s) of the Department(s).
Subscribers <i>(optional)</i>	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.11 'SSL Issuance Failed' Create Notification Form

Enables the Administrator to create a notification that will be sent to selected personnel for whom the SSL Certificate issuance has failed.

Create Notification

*-required fields

Notification Type: SSL Issuance Failed

Description*

Organization/Department*

Organization

- ABCD Corporation
- Best Organization
- Capital Business
- Dithers Construction Company

Department

- Any
- Dithers Construction Company
 - None
 - Purchases Departement
 - Stores Department

Certificate Type: ANY

Notify Owner*

Notify Requester*

Notify SSL RAO Admin(s)*

Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s)*

Subscribers (optional, comma separated)

OK Cancel

6.6.2.11.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description (required)	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department (required)	Checkboxes	Administrator can select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting the checkbox at the top of the 'Organization' column enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations/Departments. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations, then select the respective Organizations. Selecting 'Any' in the 'Departments' column enables the notification to the members of all the

		Departments of the selected Organization. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Department(s) of the selected Organization(s), uncheck 'Any' and select the required the Departments.
Certificate type: (<i>required</i>)	Drop-down	Administrator should select type of SSL certificate for which the notification is to be set.
Notify owner (<i>required</i>)	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for the Owner of the certificate.
Notify Requester (<i>required</i>)	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for a person, who requested the certificate.
Notify SSL RAO Admin(s) (<i>required</i>)	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for RAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s).
Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s) (<i>required</i>)	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for DRAO SSL Admin(s) of selected the Department(s).
Subscribers (<i>optional</i>)	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.12 'SSL Revoked' Create Notification Form

Enables the administrator to set the notification about SSL certificates 'Revoke' action (the certificate could be revoked by the administrator or by the end-user).

The screenshot shows a 'Create Notification' dialog box with the following fields and options:

- Notification Type:** A dropdown menu set to 'SSL Revoked'.
- Description*:** A text input field with an information icon.
- Organization/Department*:** Two side-by-side panels. The 'Organization' panel has a header checkbox and a list of organizations: ABCD Corporation, Best Organization, Capital Business, and Dithers Construction Company (checked). The 'Department' panel has a header checkbox, an 'Any' checkbox, and a list of departments: Dithers Construction Company (checked), None (checked), Purchases Departement, and Stores Department.
- Certificate Type:** A dropdown menu set to 'ANY'.
- For Certificates Revoked by*:** Radio buttons for 'User' and 'Administrator'.
- Notify Owner*:** A checkbox with an information icon.
- Notify Requester*:** A checkbox with an information icon.
- Notify SSL RAO Admin(s)*:** A checkbox with an information icon.
- Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s)*:** A checkbox with an information icon.
- Subscribers (optional, comma separated):** A large text area for entering email addresses.

At the bottom of the dialog are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

6.6.2.12.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description (required)	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department (required)	Checkboxes	Administrator can select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting the checkbox at the top of the 'Organization' column enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations/Departments. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations, then select the respective Organizations. Selecting 'Any' in the 'Departments' column enables the notification to the members of all the

		Departments of the selected Organization. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Department(s) of the selected Organization(s), uncheck 'Any' and select the required the Departments.
Certificate type: <i>(required)</i>	Drop-down	Administrator should select type of SSL certificate for which the notification is to be set.
For Certificates Revoked by: <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Administrator should select a person (administrator or user) after whose revocation action, the notification is to be sent.
Notify Owner <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for the Owner of the certificate.
Notify Requester <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for a person, who requested the certificate.
Notify SSL RAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for RAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Department(s).
Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for DRAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Department(s).
Subscribers <i>(optional)</i>	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.13 'Discovery Scan Summary' Create Notification Form

Enables the Administrator to create a notification with a summary of certificate discovery scan results, for sending to selected personnel.

6.6.2.13.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department <i>(required)</i>	Checkboxes	Administrator can select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting the checkbox at the top of the 'Organization' column enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations/Departments. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations, then select the respective Organizations. Selecting 'Any' in the 'Departments' column enables the notification to the members of all the Departments of the selected Organization. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Department(s) of the selected Organization(s), uncheck 'Any' and select the required the Departments.

Form Element	Type	Description
Certificates type: <i>(required)</i>	Drop-down	Administrator should select type of SSL certificate for which the discovery scan summary notification will be set.
Notify SSL RAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for RAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Department(s).
Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for DRAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Department(s).
Subscribers <i>(optional)</i>	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.14 'Remote SSL Certificate Installed' Create Notification Form

Enables the Administrator to create a notification that will be sent to selected personnel whose SSL Certificate was remotely installed by the Administrator.

Create Notification ✕

*-required fields

Notification Type ▼
Remote SSL Certificate Installed

Description* i

Organization/Department*

Organization

▼

- ABCD Corporation
- Best Organization
- Capital Business
- Dithers Construction Company

Department

▼ Any

- Dithers Construction Company
 - None
 - Purchases Departement
 - Stores Department

Certificate Type ▼
ANY

Notify Owner* i

Notify Requester* i

Notify SSL RAO Admin(s)* i

Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s)* i

Subscribers *(optional, comma separated)*

OK Cancel

6.6.2.14.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description (<i>required</i>)	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department (<i>required</i>)	Checkboxes	Administrator should select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting 'Any' (checked by default) enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations/Departments, then select the checkbox with the drop-down arrow. The tree structure of Organizations and Departments will be displayed. Choose the Organizations/Departments from the tree structure.
Certificate Type: (<i>required</i>)	Drop-down	Administrator should select type of SSL certificate for which the 'SSL certificate was installed remotely' notification is to be set.
Notify Owner (<i>required</i>)	Checkbox	Enables the administrator to set the notification for the Owner of the certificate.
Notify Requester (<i>required</i>)	Checkbox	Enables the administrator to set the notification to the person who requested the Admin status.
Notify SSL RAO Admin(s) (<i>required</i>)	Checkbox	Enables the administrator to set the notification for RAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Department(s).
Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s) (<i>required</i>)	Checkbox	Enables the administrator to set the notification for DRAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Department(s).
Subscribers (optional)	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.15 'Remote SSL Certificate Installation Failed' Create Notification Form

Enables the Administrator to create a notification that will be sent to selected personnel whose remote SSL Certificate installation failed.

*-required fields

Notification Type: Remote SSL Certificate Installation Failed

Description*

Organization/Department*

Organization

ABCD Corporation

Best Organization

Capital Business

Dithers Construction Company

Department

Any

Dithers Construction Company

None

Purchases Departement

Stores Department

Certificate Type: ANY

Notify Owner*

Notify Requester*

Notify SSL RAO Admin(s)*

Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s)*

Subscribers
(optional, comma separated)

6.6.2.15.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description (required)	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department (required)	Checkboxes	Administrator should select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting 'Any' (checked by default) enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations/Departments, then select the checkbox with the drop-down arrow. The tree structure of Organizations and Departments will be displayed. Choose the Organizations/Departments from the tree structure.
Certificate Type: (required)	Drop-down	Administrator should select the type of SSL certificate for which the 'Remote installation failed' notification is to be sent.
Notify Owner (required)	Checkbox	Enables the administrator to set the notification for the Owner of the

Form Element	Type	Description
		certificate.
Notify Requester (<i>required</i>)	Checkbox	Enables the administrator to set the notification to the person who requested the Admin status.
Notify SSL RAO Admin(s) (<i>required</i>)	Checkbox	Enables the administrator to set the notification for RAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Department(s).
Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s) (<i>required</i>)	Checkbox	Enables the administrator to set the notification for DRAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Department(s).
Subscribers (<i>optional</i>)	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.16 'Auto Installation/Renewal Failed' Create Notification Form

Enables the Administrator to create a notification that will be sent to selected personnel for whom auto installation/renewal has failed.

***-required fields**

Notification Type: Auto Installation/Renewal Failed ▼

Description*: ⓘ

Organization/Department* **Organization**

▼

- Advanced
- Football
- Bar
- org1
- org2

Department

▼ Any

- None
- chemistry
- philosophy
- biology
- CS

Certificate Type: ANY ▼

Notify Owner* ⓘ

Notify Requester* ⓘ

Notify SSL RAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Subscribers
(optional, comma separated)

6.6.2.16.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department <i>(required)</i>	Checkboxes	Administrator should select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting 'Any' (checked by default) enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations/Departments, then select the checkbox with the drop-down arrow. The tree structure of Organizations and Departments will be displayed. Choose the Organizations/Departments from the tree structure.
Certificate Type: (required)	Drop-down	Administrator should choose the type of SSL certificate for which the remote installation failed notification will be sent.
Notify Owner <i>(required)</i>	Checkbox	Enables the administrator to send the notification for the Owner of the certificate.
Notify Requester <i>(required)</i>	Checkbox	Enables the administrator to send the notification to the person who requested the Admin status.
Notify SSL RAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Checkbox	Enables the administrator to send the notification for RAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Department(s).
Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Checkbox	Enables the administrator to send the notification for DRAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Department(s).
Subscribers <i>(optional)</i>	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.17 'Certificate Ready for Manual Installation' Create Notification Form

Enables the Administrator to create a notification that will be sent to selected personnel for whom certificate is ready for manual installation.

6.6.2.17.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department <i>(required)</i>	Checkboxes	Administrator should select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting 'Any' (checked by default) enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations/Departments, then select the checkbox with the drop-down arrow. The tree structure of Organizations and Departments will be displayed. Choose the Organizations/Departments from the tree structure.
Certificate Type: (required)	Drop-down	Administrator should choose the type of SSL certificate for which the

Form Element	Type	Description
		remote installation failed notification will be sent.
Notify Owner <i>(required)</i>	Checkbox	Enables the administrator to send the notification for the Owner of the certificate.
Notify Requester <i>(required)</i>	Checkbox	Enables the administrator to send the notification to the person who requested the Admin status.
Notify SSL RAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Checkbox	Enables the administrator to send the notification for RAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Department(s).
Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Checkbox	Enables the administrator to send the notification for DRAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Department(s).
Subscribers <i>(optional)</i>	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.18 'Device Certificate Expiration' Create Notification Form

Enables administrator to set notifications about expiring device certificates.

* -required fields
✕

Notification Type: Device Certificate Expiration

Description*: ⓘ

Organization/Department*: **Organization**

▾
 Comodo SE
 Device Org
 Dithers Organization
 SSL Support Team

Department

▾ Any
 Dithers Organization
 None
 Stores Department

Days in advance to notify*: ⓘ

Frequency: Once Daily

Notify Device Certificate RAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Notify Device Certificate DRAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Subscribers *(optional, comma separated)*

OK
Cancel

6.6.2.18.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description (<i>required</i>)	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department (<i>required</i>)	Checkboxes	Select Organization(s)/Departments(s) whose members should receive notifications. Selecting 'Any' (checked by default) enables notifications for members of all Organizations. To choose recipient Organizations, select the check-box on the left.
Days in advance to notify (<i>required</i>)	Text Field	Set the number of days before expiry that the notification should be sent. Administrators can also specify whether the notification should be sent once or daily till the expiration date.
Notify Requester (<i>required</i>)	Checkbox	Add the certificate requester to the list of recipients.
Notify Device Certificate RAO Admin(s) (<i>required</i>)	Checkbox	Send the notification to the RAO Device Cert Admin(s) of the Organization(s).
Notify Device Certificate DRAO Admin(s) (<i>required</i>)	Checkbox	Send the notification to the DRAO Device Cert Admin(s) of the Departments(s).
Subscribers (<i>optional</i>)	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.19 'Device Certificate Revoked' Create Notification Form

Enables the Administrator to create a notification that will be sent to selected personnel upon revocation of a device certificate.

*-required fields

Notification Type: Device Certificate Revoked ▼

Description*: ⓘ

Organization/Department*

Organization

▼

- Comodo SE
- Device Org
- Dithers Organization
- SSL Support Team

Department

▼ Any

- Dithers Organization
 - None
 - Stores Department

Notify Device Certificate RAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Notify Device Certificate DRAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Subscribers (optional, comma separated)

6.6.2.19.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description (<i>required</i>)	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department (<i>required</i>)	Checkboxes	Select Organization(s)/Departments(s) whose members should receive notifications. Selecting 'Any' (checked by default) enables notifications for members of all Organizations. To choose recipient Organizations, select the check-box on the left.
For Certificates Revoked by: (<i>required</i>)	Checkbox	Select a person (administrator or user) after whose revoke action, the notification will be sent.
Notify Requester (<i>required</i>)	Checkbox	Add the certificate requester to the list of recipients.
Notify Device Certificate RAO Admin(s) (<i>required</i>)	Checkbox	Send the notification to the RAO Device Cert Admin(s) of the Organization(s).
Notify Device Certificate DRAO Admin(s) (<i>required</i>)	Checkbox	Send the notification to the DRAO Device Cert Admin(s) of the Departments(s).
Subscribers (<i>optional</i>)	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.20 'Device Certificate Awaiting Approval' Create Notification Form

Enables the Administrator to set a notification about a request of a device certificate to selected personnel. The device certificate request must be approved by the MRAO/RAO Administrator. Before the request is approved, its state is 'Awaiting Approval'.

6.6.2.20.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description (<i>required</i>)	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department (<i>required</i>)	Checkboxes	Select Organization(s)/Departments(s) whose members should receive notifications. Selecting 'Any' (checked by default) enables notifications for members of all Organizations. To choose recipient Organizations, select the check-box on the left.
Notify Device Certificate RAO Admin(s) (<i>required</i>)	Checkbox	Send the notification to the RAO Device Cert Admin(s) of the Organization(s).
Notify Device Certificate DRAO Admin(s) (<i>required</i>)	Checkbox	Send the notification to the DRAO Device Cert Admin(s) of the Departments(s).

Subscribers (<i>optional</i>)	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.
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6.6.2.21 'Client Admin Creation' Create Notification Form

Enables the Administrator to create a notification to selected personnel upon creation of new RAO/DRAO Administrators.

6.6.2.21.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description (<i>required</i>)	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.

Organization/Department (required)	Checkboxes	Administrator can select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting the checkbox at the top of the 'Organization' column enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations/Departments. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations, then select the respective Organizations. Selecting 'Any' in the 'Departments' column enables the notification to the members of all the Departments of the selected Organization. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Department(s) of the selected Organization(s), uncheck 'Any' and select the required the Departments.
Notify Requester (required)	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification to the person who requested the Admin status.
Notify SSL RAO Admin(s) (required)	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the RAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Departments.
Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s) (required)	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the DRAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Departments.
Notify Client Certificate RAO Admin(s) (required)	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the RAO S/MIME Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Departments.
Notify Client Certificate DRAO Admin(s) (required)	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the DRAO S/MIME Admin(s) of the selected Departments.
Notify Code Signing RAO Admin(s) (required)	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the RAO Code Signing Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Departments.
Notify Code Signing DRAO Admin(s) (required)	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the DRAO Code Signing Admin(s) of the selected Departments.
Subscribers (optional)	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.22 'Domain Awaiting Approval' Create Notification Form

Enables the administrator to set a notification about a request of a domain delegation to an Organization/Department. The Domain delegation request must be approved by the RAO Administrator. Before the request is approved, its state is 'Awaiting Approval'.

Create Notification
✕

*-required fields

Notification Type

Description*

Organization/Department*

Organization	Department
<input type="checkbox"/> ▾ <input type="checkbox"/> ABCD Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> Best Organization <input type="checkbox"/> Capital Business <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dithers Construction Company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ▾ <input type="checkbox"/> Any <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dithers Construction Company <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Purchases Departement <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stores Department

Notify Requester* ⓘ

Notify SSL RAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Notify Client Certificate RAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Notify Client Certificate DRAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Notify Code Signing RAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Notify Code Signing DRAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Subscribers
(optional, comma separated)

6.6.2.22.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description (required)	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department (required)	Checkboxes	Administrator can select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting the checkbox at the top of the 'Organization' column enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations/Departments. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations, then select the respective Organizations. Selecting 'Any' in the 'Departments' column enables the notification to the members of all the Departments of the selected Organization. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Department(s) of the selected Organization(s), uncheck 'Any' and select the required the Departments.
Notify Requester (required)	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification to the person who requested the delegation of a created domain to an Organization/Department.
Notify SSL RAO Admin(s) (required)	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the RAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Departments.
Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s) (required)	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the DRAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Departments.
Notify Client Certificate RAO Admin(s) (required)	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the RAO S/MIME Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Departments.
Notify Client Certificate DRAO Admin(s) (required)	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the DRAO S/MIME Admin(s) of the selected Departments.
Notify Code Signing RAO Admin(s) (required)	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the RAO Code Signing Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Departments.
Notify Code Signing DRAO Admin(s) (required)	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the DRAO Code Signing Admin(s) of the selected Departments.
Subscribers (optional)	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

Important Note: The 'Domain Awaiting Approval' notification will be sent to Master Administrator only after the requested domain is approved by RAO.

6.6.2.23 'Domain Approved' Create Notification Form

Enables the Administrator to create a notification that will be sent to selected personnel upon Approval of creation and delegation of a domain to an Organization/Department.

Create Notification ✕

*-required fields

Notification Type

Description*

Organization/Department*

<div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 5px;"> <p style="background-color: #e0e0e0; margin: -1px -1px 1px -1px; padding: 2px;">Organization</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> ▾</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> ABCD Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> Best Organization <input type="checkbox"/> Capital Business <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dithers Construction Company </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 5px;"> <p style="background-color: #e0e0e0; margin: -1px -1px 1px -1px; padding: 2px;">Department</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ▾ <input type="checkbox"/> Any</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dithers Construction Company <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Purchases Departement <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stores Department </div>
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Notify Requester* ⓘ

Notify SSL RAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Notify Client Certificate RAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Notify Client Certificate DRAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Notify Code Signing RAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Notify Code Signing DRAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Subscribers
(optional, comma separated)

6.6.2.23.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department <i>(required)</i>	Checkboxes	Administrator can select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting the checkbox at the top of the 'Organization' column enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations/Departments. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations, then select the respective Organizations. Selecting 'Any' in the 'Departments' column enables the notification to the members of all the Departments of the selected Organization. If the notification is to be

		sent only to members of certain Department(s) of the selected Organization(s), uncheck 'Any' and select the required the Departments.
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Notify Requester <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification to the person who requested the delegation of a created domain to an Organization/Department.
Notify SSL RAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the RAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Departments.
Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the DRAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Departments.
Notify Client Certificate RAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the RAO S/MIME Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Departments.
Notify Client Certificate DRAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the DRAO S/MIME Admin(s) of the selected Departments.
Notify Code Signing RAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the RAO Code Signing Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Departments.
Notify Code Signing DRAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the DRAO Code Signing Admin(s) of the selected Departments.
Subscribers <i>(optional)</i>	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.24 'DCV Expiration' Create Notification Form

Enables administrator to set notification about expiration of domain control validation if it is due to expire.

6.6.2.24.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description (required)	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department (required)	Checkboxes	Administrator can select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting the checkbox at the top of the 'Organization' column enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations/Departments. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations, then select the respective Organizations. Selecting 'Any' in the 'Departments' column enables the notification to the members of all

		the Departments of the selected Organization. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Department(s) of the selected Organization(s), uncheck 'Any' and select the required the Departments.
Days in advance to notify <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	Enables the administrator to set number of days the end-user will be informed about expiration of the certificate before the event. Administrator can also specify whether the notification has to be sent to the member(s) only once or daily till the expiration date by selecting the respective radio button.
Notify Owner <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for the Owner of the certificate.
Notify Requester <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification to the person who requested the delegation of a created domain to an Organization/Department.
Notify SSL RAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the RAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Departments.
Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the DRAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Departments.
Subscribers <i>(optional)</i>	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.25 'DCV Validated' Create Notification Form

Enables the Administrator to create a notification that will be sent to selected personnel on successful completion of Domain Control Validation (DCV).

6.6.2.25.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department <i>(required)</i>	Checkboxes	Administrator can select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting the checkbox at the top of the 'Organization' column enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations/Departments. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations, then select the respective Organizations. Selecting 'Any' in the 'Departments' column enables the notification to the members of all the Departments of the selected Organization. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Department(s) of the selected

		Organization(s), uncheck 'Any' and select the required the Departments.
Notify Owner <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for the Owner of the certificate.
Notify Requester <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification to the person who requested the delegation of a created domain to an Organization/Department.
Notify SSL RAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the RAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Departments.
Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the DRAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Departments.
Subscribers <i>(optional)</i>	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.26 'DCV Needed-New Domain' Create Notification Form

Enables the Administrator to create a notification that will be sent to those personnel selected when a new domain is created and awaiting validation.

Create Notification
✕

*-required fields

Notification Type: DCV Needed-New Domain

Description*:

Organization/Department*:

Organization

▾

- ABCD Corporation
- Best Organization
- Capital Business
- Dithers Construction Company

Department

▾ Any

- Dithers Construction Company
 - None
 - Purchases Departement
 - Stores Department

Notify Owner* ⓘ

Notify Requester* ⓘ

Notify SSL RAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s)* ⓘ

Subscribers *(optional, comma separated)*

OK
Cancel

6.6.2.26.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department <i>(required)</i>	Checkboxes	Administrator can select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting the checkbox at the top of the 'Organization' column enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations/Departments. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations, then select the respective Organizations. Selecting 'Any' in the 'Departments' column enables the notification to the members of all the Departments of the selected Organization. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Department(s) of the selected Organization(s), uncheck 'Any' and select the required the Departments.
Notify Owner <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification for the Owner of the certificate.
Notify Requester <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification to the person who requested the delegation of a created domain to an Organization/Department.
Notify SSL RAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the RAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Departments.
Notify SSL DRAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Check-box	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the DRAO SSL Admin(s) of the selected Departments.
Subscribers <i>(optional)</i>	Text Field	Administrator can specify email address(es) of other people to whom the notifications are to be sent.

6.6.2.27 'Code Sign Request Created' Create Notification Form

Enables the Administrator to create a notification that will be sent to selected personnel when a 'Code Signing on Demand' request has been created by a developer for a software.

6.6.2.27.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department <i>(required)</i>	Checkboxes	Administrator should select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting 'Any' (checked by default) enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations/Departments, then select the checkbox with the drop-down arrow. The tree structure of Organizations and Departments will be displayed. Choose the Organizations/Departments from the tree structure.
Notify Code Signing RAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Checkbox	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the RAO Code Signing Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Departments.
Notify Code Signing DRAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Checkbox	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the DRAO Code Signing Admin(s) of the selected Departments.

6.6.2.28 Code Signing CSoD Revoked Create Notification Form

Enables the Administrator to create a notification that will be sent to selected personnel when a 'Code Signing on Demand' request has been revoked by an administrator.

6.6.2.28.1 Table of Parameters

Form Element	Type	Description
Description <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	Administrator should enter text of the notification in this field.
Organization/Department <i>(required)</i>	Checkboxes	Administrator should select Organization(s)/Departments(s), to the members of which this notification has to be sent. Selecting 'Any' (checked by default) enables the notification to the members of all the Organizations. If the notification is to be sent only to members of certain Organizations/Departments, then select the checkbox with the drop-down arrow. The tree structure of Organizations and Departments will be displayed. Choose the Organizations/Departments from the tree structure.
Notify Code Signing RAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Checkbox	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the RAO Code Signing Admin(s) of the selected Organization(s)/Departments.
Notify Code Signing DRAO Admin(s) <i>(required)</i>	Checkbox	Enables the administrator to set the notification all the DRAO Code Signing Admin(s) of the selected Departments.

6.7 Auto-Assignment Rules for Unmanaged Certificates

Administrators can create rules to automatically assign 'Unmanaged' certificates found after a discovery scan to a specific Organization or Department.

Assignment Rules will assign certificates to a particular entity based on one or more conditions set by the administrator.

The rules can be applied while configuring Discovery Tasks, so that each Unmanaged certificate found by a Discovery Scan and satisfying conditions in any of the rules applied to the scan, will be automatically assigned to

the respective Organization(s)/Department(s). For more details on configuring Discovery Scans, refer to the section [Discovery Tasks](#).

The 'Assignment Rules' interface allows the Administrators to create rules for use in Discovery Scans.

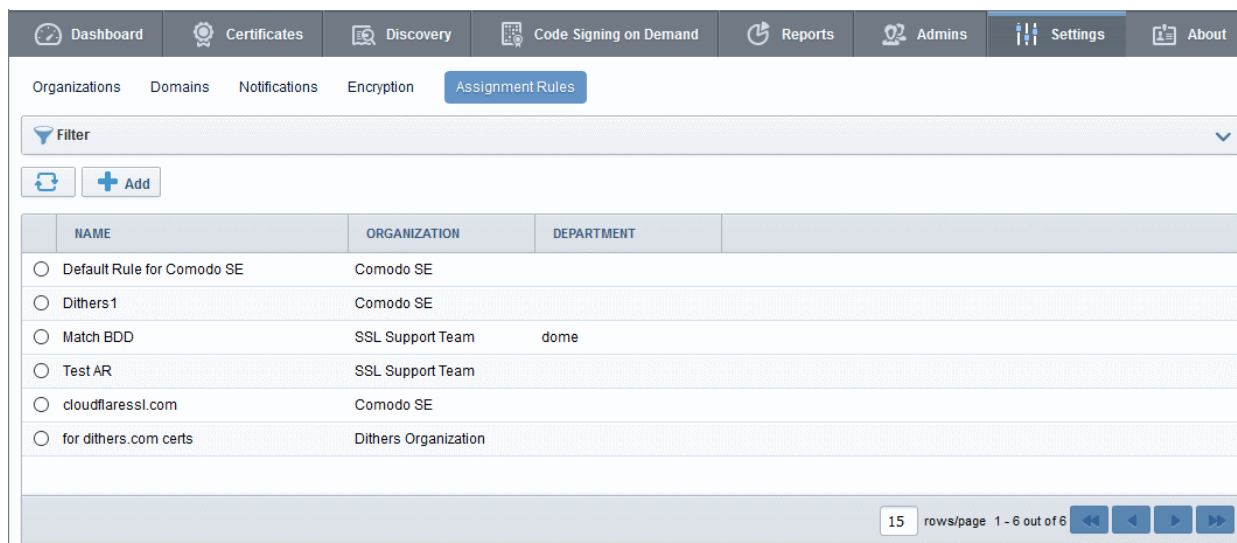
To open the 'Assignment Rules' interface:

- Click 'Settings' > 'Assignment Rules'

Security Roles:

- RAO - can create and manage rules to assign certificates discovered on their networks to Organizations and sub-Departments Departments which have been delegated to them.
- DRAO - can create and manage rules to assign certificates discovered on their networks to Departments which have been delegated to them.

The 'Assignment Rules' interface displays a list of the available rules, allows administrators to create new rules and manage existing rules.



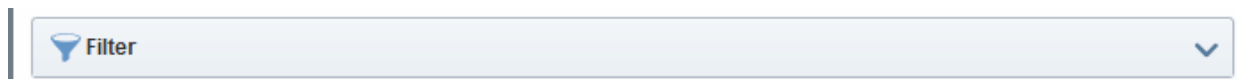
Assignment Rules - Table of Column Descriptions

Column Header	Description
Name	Name of the unmanaged certificate assignment rule
Organization	Name of the Organization to which the certificates matching the criteria specified in the rule will be auto-assigned.
Department	Name of the Department to which the certificates matching the criteria specified in the rule will be auto-assigned.

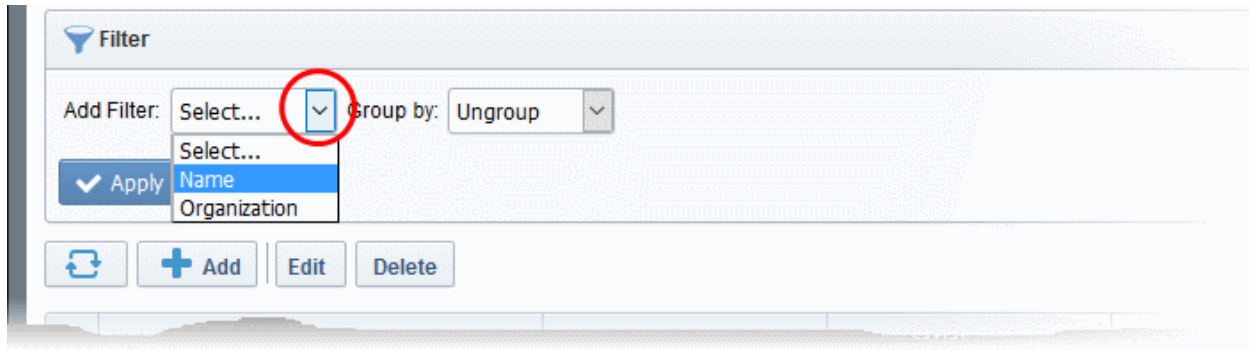
Sorting and Filtering Options

- Clicking on a column headers 'Name', 'Organization' and 'Department' sorts the items in the alphabetical order of the entries in the respective column.

Administrators can search for a particular discovery task by using filter.



You can add filters by selecting from the options in the 'Add Filter' drop-down and group the selection with other options that appears depending on the selection from the 'Add Filter' drop-down.



Filter Criteria	Filter Parameter
Name	Enter the name of the rule in full or part
Organization	Select the Organization and/or the Department to which the certificate will be assigned as per the rule, from the 'Organization' and 'Department' drop-downs.

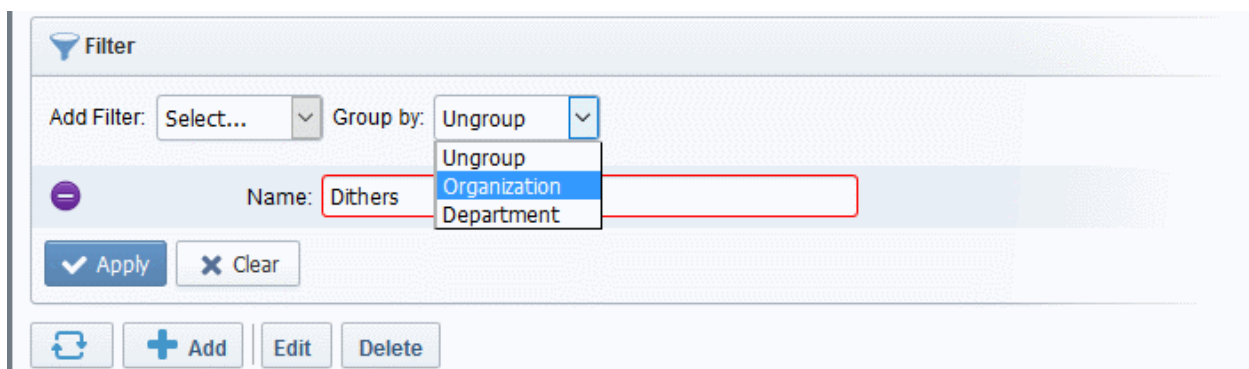
To add a filter

- Select a filter criteria from the 'Add Filter' drop-down
- Enter or select the filter parameter as per the selected criteria.

Tip: You can use more than one filter at a time. To remove a filter criteria, click the '-' button to the left of it

- Select the criteria by which the results are to be grouped from the 'Group by' drop-down and enter or select the grouping parameter

For example, if you want to filter the rules with a specific Common Name starting with 'Dithers' and group the results by 'Organizations/Departments', then select 'Name' from the 'Add Filter' drop-down, enter 'Dithers' and select 'Organization/Department' from the 'Group by' drop-down. The tasks, having 'test' in their name will be displayed as a list.



The filtered items based on the entered parameters will be displayed:

- To remove the filter options, click the 'Clear' button.

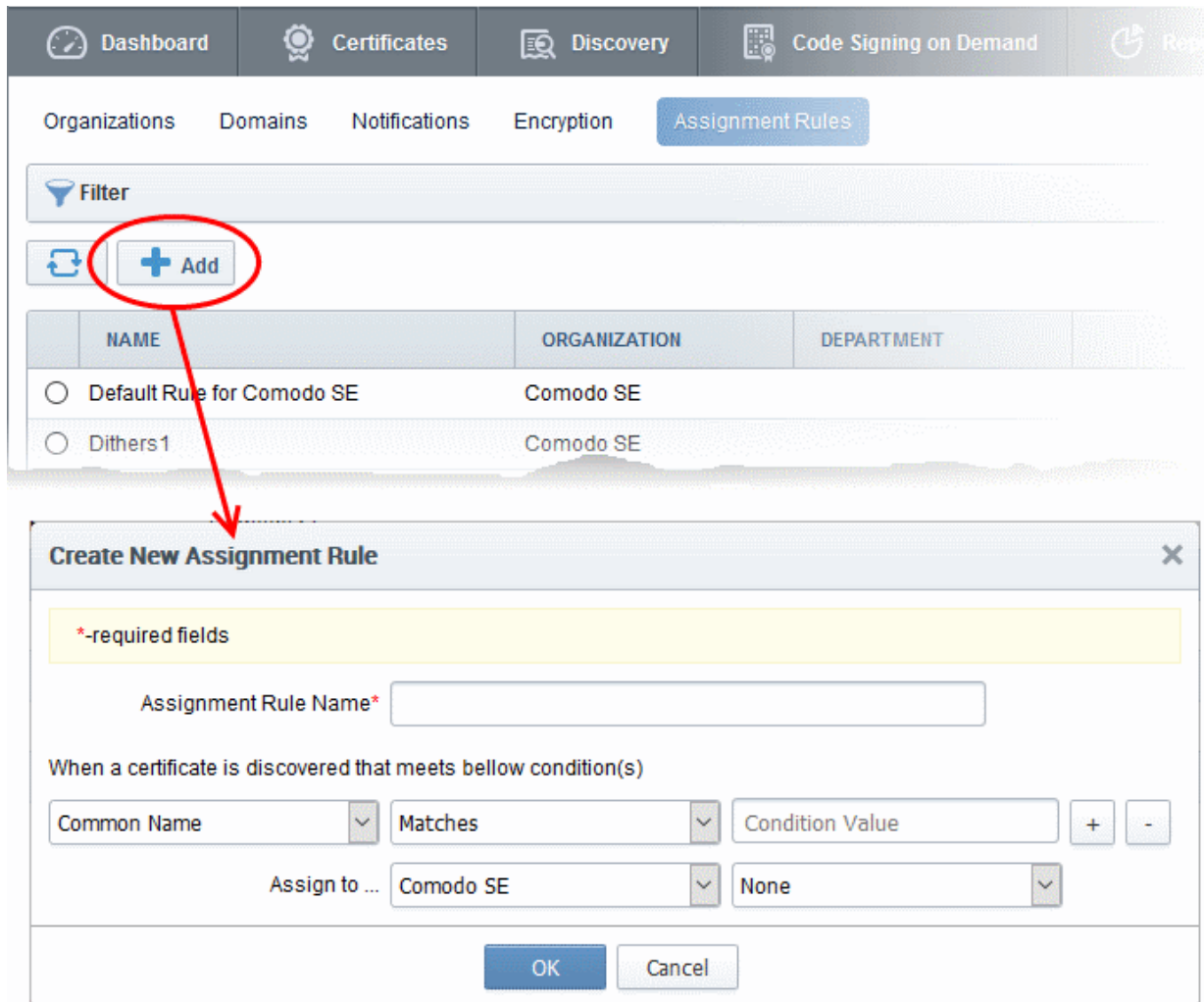
Note: The search filters once configured for the interface will be automatically saved. When you are re-opening the 'Assignment Rules' interface in future, the configured filters will be in action and only the search results will be displayed. If you do not want the filters to be saved, click the 'Clear' button.

Following sections explain in details about:

- [Creating a new certificate assignment rule](#)
- [Editing an assignment rule](#)

To create a new rule

- Click 'Add' from the 'Assignments Rules' interface



- Enter a name shortly describing the rule in the Assignment Rule Name text box.
- Set the condition for identifying the certificate to be auto-assigned as per the rule.
 - Select the field of the certificate to be searched from the first drop-down
 - Select the relationship between the field value and the condition value from the second drop-down
 - Enter the condition value in the text field.

For example, if you want to auto-assign certificates with common name dithers.com, then choose 'Common Name' from the first drop-down, select 'Matches' from the second drop-down and enter dithers.com in the text field.
- Choose the Organization and/or Department to which the certificates meeting the conditions to be auto-assigned, from the respective 'Assign to' drop-downs.
- Click OK.

The Rule will be added to the list. The rule will be available for selection while configuring a Discovery Task. For more details on configuring Discovery Scans, refer to the section [Discovery Tasks](#).

- Repeat the process to add more rules.

To edit a rule

- Select the rule and click the 'Edit' button

The screenshot shows the 'Assignment Rules' section of the Comodo Certificate Manager. A table lists the following rules:

	NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT
<input type="radio"/>	Default Rule for Comodo SE	Comodo SE	
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Dithers1	Comodo SE	
<input type="radio"/>	Match BDD	SSL Support Team	dome
<input type="radio"/>	Test AR	SSL Support Team	

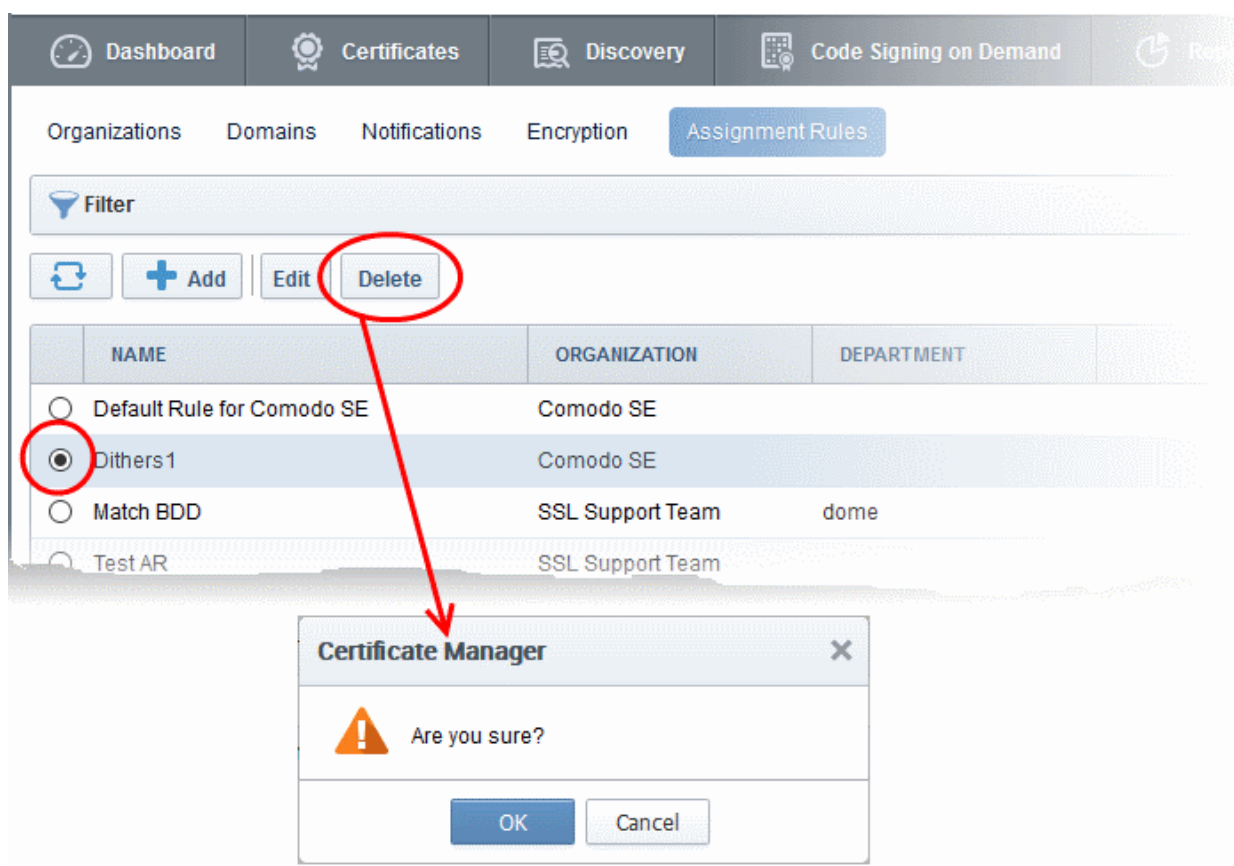
The 'Edit Assignment Rule' dialog box is open, showing the following fields:

- Assignment Rule Name***: Dithers1
- When a certificate is discovered that meets below condition(s)**:
 - Common Name (dropdown) Matches (dropdown) dithers (text input)
- Assign to ...**: Comodo SE (dropdown) None (dropdown)

Buttons: OK, Cancel

The 'Edit Assignment Rule' dialog will open. The dialog is similar to 'Add Assignment Rule' dialog. For description of the parameters, refer to the explanation of adding a new rule

- Edit the parameters and click 'OK'
- To remove a rule, select the rule and click 'Delete'



A confirmation dialog will appear.

- Click 'OK' in the confirmation dialog.

7 Certificate Discovery and Agents

CCM allows administrators to scan networks for SSL certificates installed on them, including certificates issued to network devices, certificates issued by third party vendors and self-signed certificates. CCM also identifies the web servers on the network and the domains hosted by them, with their SSL security status. Agents installed on the network facilitate this discovery process. In addition, the agents are also used for automatic installation of SSL certificates on Apache httpd, Apache Tomcat and IIS 7, 7.5, and 8. Refer to the following sections for more detailed explanation on each area.

- **Network Assets** - Contains explanations on viewing the results from scans. The results include SSL certificates installed on the network, web-servers identified from the network with their details and devices added to CCM by Active Directory Integration.
- **Certificate Discovery** - Contains explanations on adding, scheduling and running discovery tasks on networks.
- **Agents** - Contains explanations on downloading CCM extra agent and deployment on to networks for certificate discovery and auto-installation of SSL certificates.

7.1 Network Assets

The 'Network Assets' area displays the SSL, client, code signing and device authentication certificates installed on servers and other devices connected to the network, as discovered from the scans. It also displays the list of web-servers identified from the network with the details on domains hosted from them.

	IP ADDRESS	COMMON NAME	VALID TO	VALID FROM	KEY ALGORITHM	KEY SIZE	SIGNATURE ALGORITHM	INVENTORY
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	10.104.70.11:443	10.104.70.11	01/03/2025	01/06/2015	RSA	1024	SHA1withRSA	Managed
<input type="checkbox"/>	10.104.70.12:443	10.104.70.12	01/03/2025	01/06/2015	RSA	1024	SHA1withRSA	Managed
<input type="checkbox"/>	10.104.70.133:443	10.104.70.133	05/13/2026	05/15/2016	RSA	1024	SHA1withRSA	Managed
<input type="checkbox"/>	10.104.70.230:443	IPMI	04/12/2014	04/12/2012	RSA	1024	SHA1withRSA	Managed
<input type="checkbox"/>	10.104.70.234:443	IPMI	03/14/2017	03/14/2014	RSA	1024	SHA1withRSA	Managed
<input type="checkbox"/>	10.104.70.2:443	KM272C9E	12/01/2037	03/26/2016	RSA	1024	SHA1withRSA	Managed
<input type="checkbox"/>	10.104.70.7:443	NPI038E8D.comodo	08/01/2022	08/01/2012	RSA	1024	MD5withRSA	Managed
<input type="checkbox"/>	10.104.70.5:443	NPI03EE9B	08/01/2022	08/01/2012	RSA	1024	MD5withRSA	Managed
<input type="checkbox"/>	10.104.70.73:443	SAGESERVER.como	12/08/2015	06/08/2015	RSA	2048	SHA1withRSA	Managed
<input type="checkbox"/>	10.104.70.233:443	doris	06/10/2009	06/10/2008	RSA	1024	SHA1withRSA	Managed
<input type="checkbox"/>	10.104.70.236:443	iDRAC6 default certificate	09/16/2019	09/18/2009	RSA	1024	SHA1withRSA	Managed
<input type="checkbox"/>	10.104.70.202:443	mail.jc.office.comodo	05/19/2018	05/18/2016	RSA	2048	SHA256withRSA	Managed
<input type="checkbox"/>	10.104.70.221:443	win2k12.comododev	06/25/2017	06/24/2016	RSA	2048	SHA256withRSA	Managed

Different categories of the identified Network Assets are displayed as tree structure in the left pane and the details/certificates identified from the selected node in the tree structure is displayed in the right pane.

Refer to the following sections for more detailed explanation on each category of Network Assets.

- [Network Discovery](#)
- [Web Servers](#)

7.1.1 Network Discovery

The 'Network Discovery' category view allows administrators to view a summary of all certificates installed on every network scanned and a history of previous scans. Administrators can also generate reports on discovered certificates and assign unmanaged certificates identified by discovery scans to respective organizations.

Note: An 'Unmanaged' certificate is one that was not obtained via Comodo Certificate Manager. This includes, for example, certificates from other CA's, self-signed certificates, and certificates issued by Comodo CA but not obtained via CCM. CCM identifies all certificates installed on a scanned network including 'Unmanaged' certificates and allows the administrator to assign them to respective Organization/Department for which the certificates were enrolled.

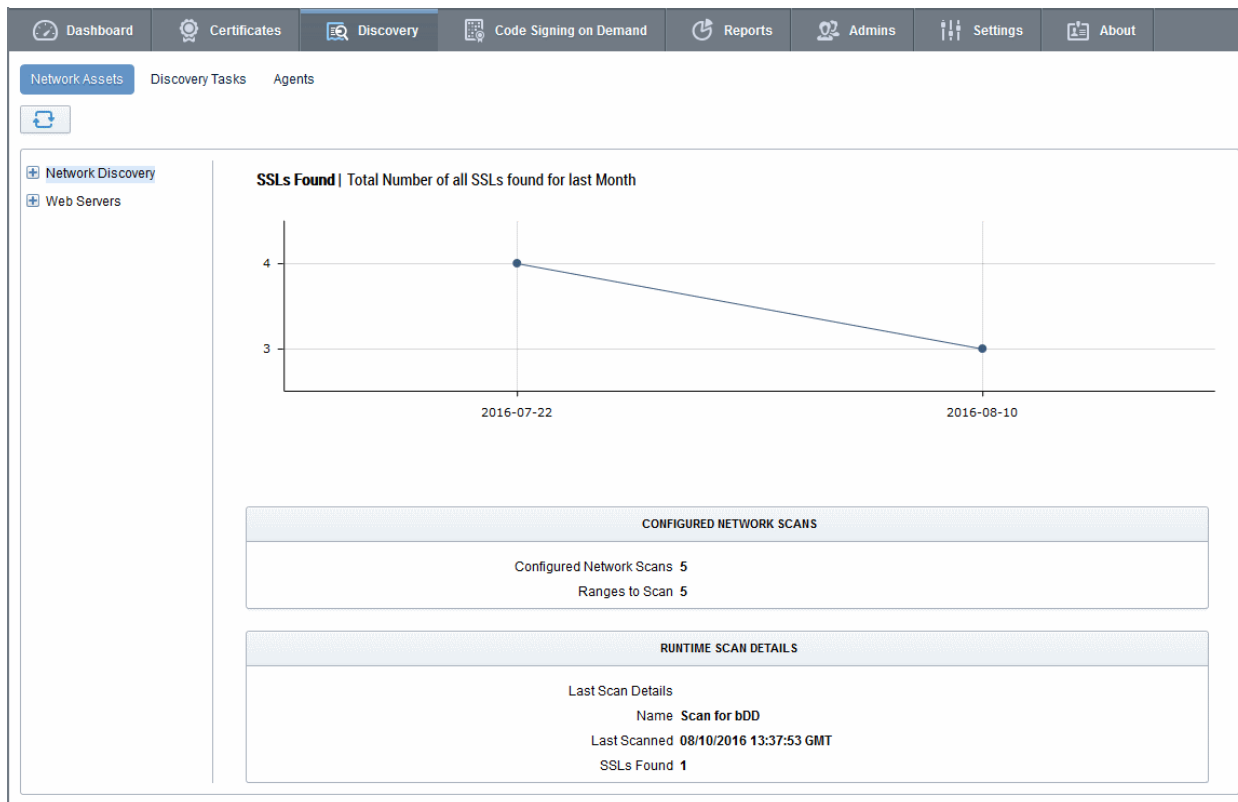
For more details on configuring discovery scans refer to the section [Discovery Tasks](#).

Security Roles:

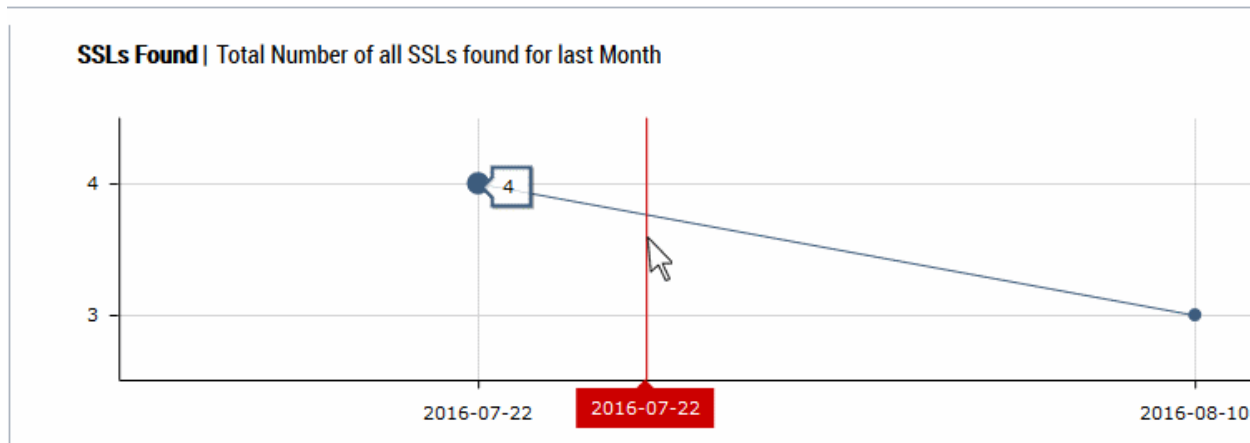
- RAO SSL Administrators - can view the certificates installed on networks of Organizations (and any subordinate Departments) that have been delegated to them.
- DRAO SSL Administrators - can view the certificates installed on networks of Department(s) that have been delegated to them.

To view an over all statistical summary of SSL certificates installed on all scanned networks

- Click 'Discovery' tab and choose 'Network Assets' from the left.
- Choose 'Network Discovery' category from the left



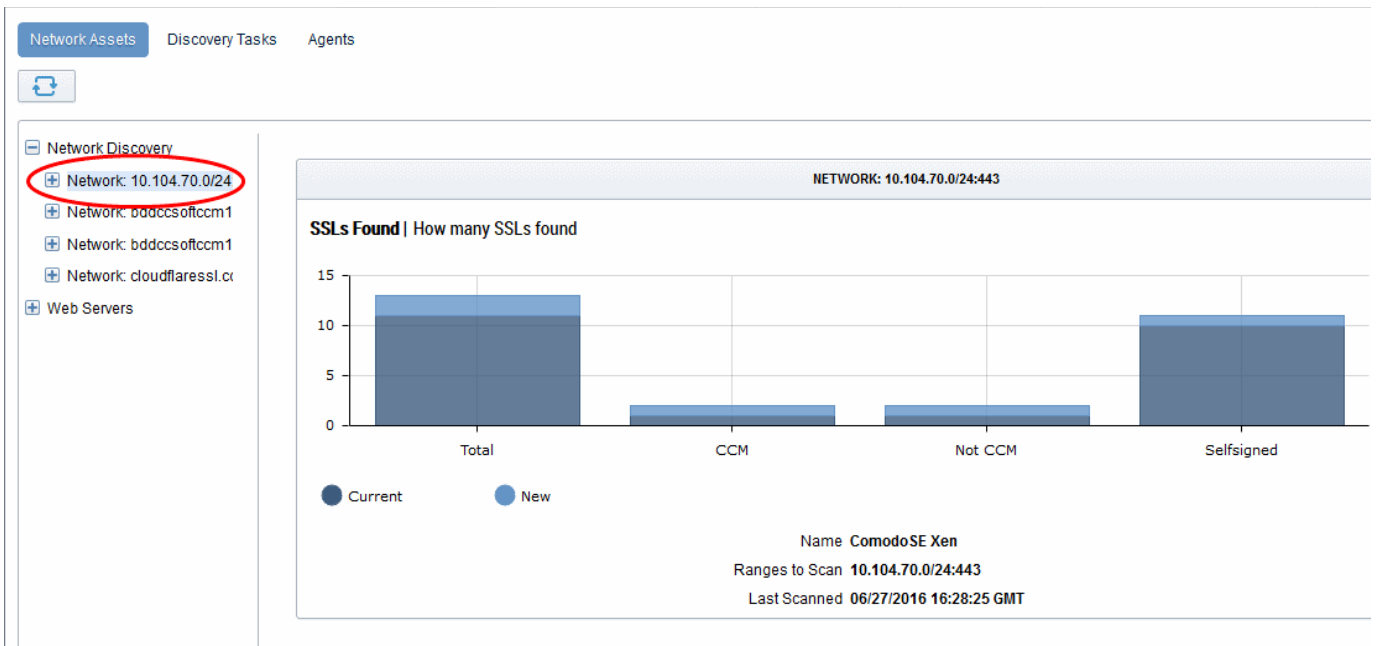
The right pane shows a time graph of number of SSL certificates and details of discovery scans run on the networks. Hovering the mouse over a date/month displays the number of SSL certificates identified on that date/month.



For more details on configuring discovery scans refer to the section [Discovery Tasks](#).

To view the statistical summary of SSL certificates installed on a selected network

- Click 'Discovery' tab and choose 'Network Assets' from the left.
- Expand the 'Network Discovery' category and choose the network



The right pane displays a comparison graph of total number of SSL certificates with numbers of certificates that are managed by CCM, unmanaged certificates and self-signed certificates installed on the network. The details of the discovery scan task name, network and IP ranges scanned and date/time of last run scan are displayed below the graph.

To view the list of SSL certificates installed on a selected network

- Click 'Discovery' tab and choose 'Network Assets' sub-tab.
- Expand the 'Network Discovery' category to view the networks on which discovery scans were run.
- Expand the selected network and choose 'SSL certificates'.

IP ADDRESS	COMMON NAME	VALID TO	VALID FROM	KEY ALGORITHM	KEY SIZE	SIGNATURE ALGORITHM	INVENTORY
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 17.149.160.16:443	extensions.apple.com	08/16/2015	07/24/2013	RSA	2048	SHA1withRSA	
<input type="checkbox"/> 17.149.160.22:443	helpqt.apple.com	12/23/2014	10/23/2012	RSA	2048	SHA1withRSA	
<input type="checkbox"/> 17.149.160.23:443	helposx.apple.com	12/23/2014	10/23/2012	RSA	2048	SHA1withRSA	
<input type="checkbox"/> 17.149.160.240:443	www.apple.com	05/30/2014	07/11/2012	RSA	2048	SHA1withRSA	

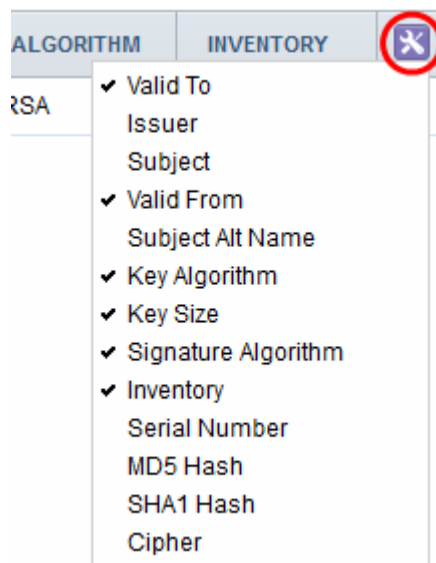
The list of certificates detected from the network during the last scan is displayed with their details as a table. Selecting a certificate allows displays options for viewing its details and to manually assign Unmanaged certificates to required Organization/Department.

The interface also allows you to create a report on the discovered certificates.

List of Discovered Certificates - Column Descriptions	
Column Header	Description
IP Address	The IP address of the server on which the certificate was discovered.

Common Name	The domain name for which the certificate was issued.
Valid to	Displays the expiry date of the certificate.
Valid From	The issuance date of the certificate.
Key Algorithm	Displays the type of algorithm used for the encryption.
Key Size	Displays the key size used by certificate for the encryption.
Signature Algorithm	Displays the type of algorithm used for the signing the certificate.
Inventory	<p>Indicates whether the certificate is 'Managed' or 'Unmanaged'.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Clicking the 'Managed' link opens the 'Certificate Details' screen of the certificate. Refer to the explanation under Viewing Details of a Certificate for more details. You can open the certificate details dialog by selecting the certificate and clicking the 'Details' button at the top. Selecting an 'Unmanaged' certificate displays the option for assigning it to required Organization/Department. Refer to the explanation under Manually Assigning a Certificate to an Organization/Department for more details. <p>Tip - CCM also allows you to can configure for automatic assignment of Unmanaged certificates identified by a discovery scan to respective Organizations and Departments. Refer to the section Overview of Process under Discovery Tasks for more details.</p>

Note: The administrator can add more columns from the drop-down button beside the last item in the column:



Issuer	Displays the details of the Certificate Authority that issued the certificate and the name of the certificate.
Subject	Displays the details of the common name, organizational unit , organization and more, contained in the 'Subject' field of the certificate.
Subject Alt Name	Displays the names of domain(s) for which the certificate is used for.
Serial Number	Displays the serial number of the certificate that is unique and can be used to identify the certificate.
MD5 Hash	Displays the MD5 hash (thumbprint/fingerprint) for the certificate.
SHA1 Hash	Displays the SHA1 hash (thumbprint/fingerprint) for the certificate.

Cipher	The cipher suite used for encryption.
--------	---------------------------------------

Sorting and Filtering Options

- Clicking on a column header sorts the items in the alphabetical order of the entries in that column.

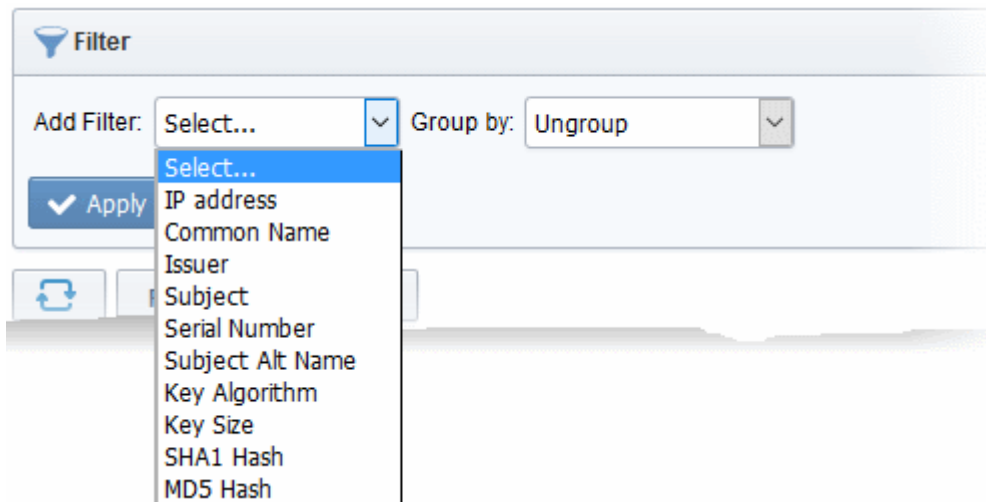
Administrators can search for particular SSL certificates using filters.



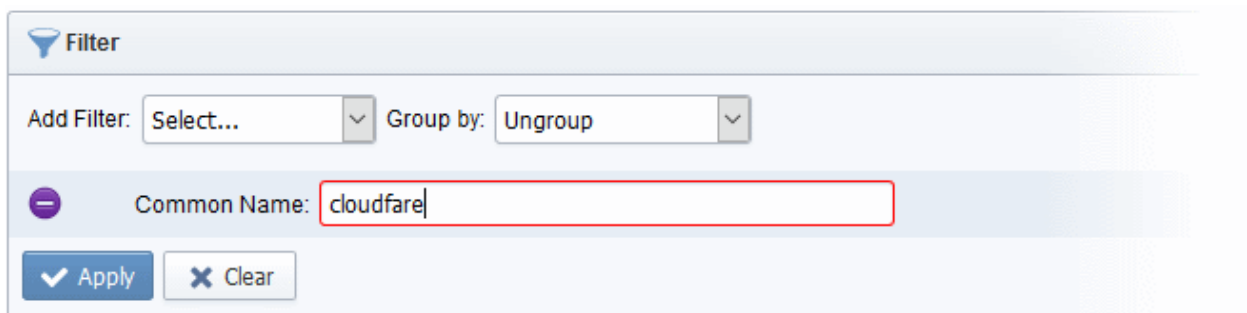
- To apply filters, click on the 'Filters' stripe. The filter options will be displayed. You can add filters by selecting from the options in the 'Add Filter' drop-down and group the results with other options that appears depending on the selection from the 'Add Filter' drop-down.

To add a filter

- Select a filter criteria from the 'Add Filter' drop-down



- Enter or select the filter parameter as per the selected criteria.



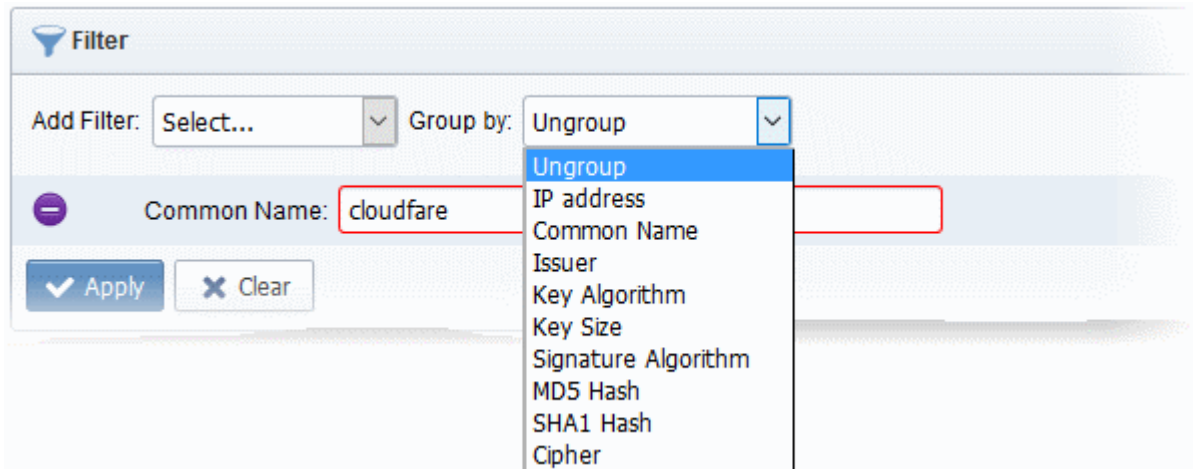
The available filter criteria and their filter parameters are given in the following table:

Filter Criteria	Filter Parameter
IP Address	Enter the IP address from which the certificate was discovered
Common Name	Enter the common name or domain name for the

	certificate fully or in part
Issuer	Enter the name of the issuer of the certificate
Subject	Enter the details in the Subject field of the certificate in full or part.
Serial Number	Enter the serial number of the certificate in full or part.
Subject Alt Name	Enter the subject alternative name for the certificate fully or in part
Key Algorithm	Enter the key algorithm of the certificate
Key Size	Enter the key size in bits
SHA1 Hash	Enter the SHA1 Hash (thumbprint/fingerprint) of the certificate
MD5 Hash	Enter the MD5 Hash (thumbprint/fingerprint) of the certificate

Tip: You can add more than one filter at a time to narrow down the filtering. To remove a filter criteria, click the '-' button to the left of it.

- Select the criteria by which the results are to be grouped from the 'Group by' drop-down and enter or select the grouping parameter



For example, if you want to filter the certificates with a specific Common Name starting with 'cloudfare.com' and group the results by their 'Issuer', then select 'Common Name' from the 'Add Filter' drop-down, enter 'cloudfare.com' and select 'Issuer' from the 'Group by' drop-down. The certificates, having 'cloudfare.com' in their common name will be displayed as a list, grouped based on their issuers.

- To remove the filter options, click the 'Clear' button.

Note: The search filters once configured for the interface will be automatically saved. When you are re-opening the 'SSL certificates' interface in future, the configured filters will be in action and only the search results will be displayed. If you do not want the filters to be saved, click the 'Clear' button.

Viewing Details of a Certificate

The 'Certificate Details' dialog displays the complete details of the selected SSL certificate with its certificate chain details.

- To view the SSL certificate details dialog, select the certificate from the list and click the 'Details' button at the top.
- Alternatively, click the 'Managed' link in the Inventory column

For more details on the information displayed in the Certificate Details dialog, refer to the section [Certificate 'Details' Dialog](#).

Manually Assigning a Certificate to an Organization/Department

The certificates that are issued through CCM, otherwise called 'Managed' certificates are pre-assigned to their respective Organizations or Departments, specified during their enrollment process. But the certificates that are not obtained via CCM and found installed on the network by discovery scans are classified as 'Unmanaged' certificates. These certificates are not pre-assigned to any Organization or Department by default.

You can assign certificates to required Organizations/Departments from the list of certificates displayed under 'Network Assets'.

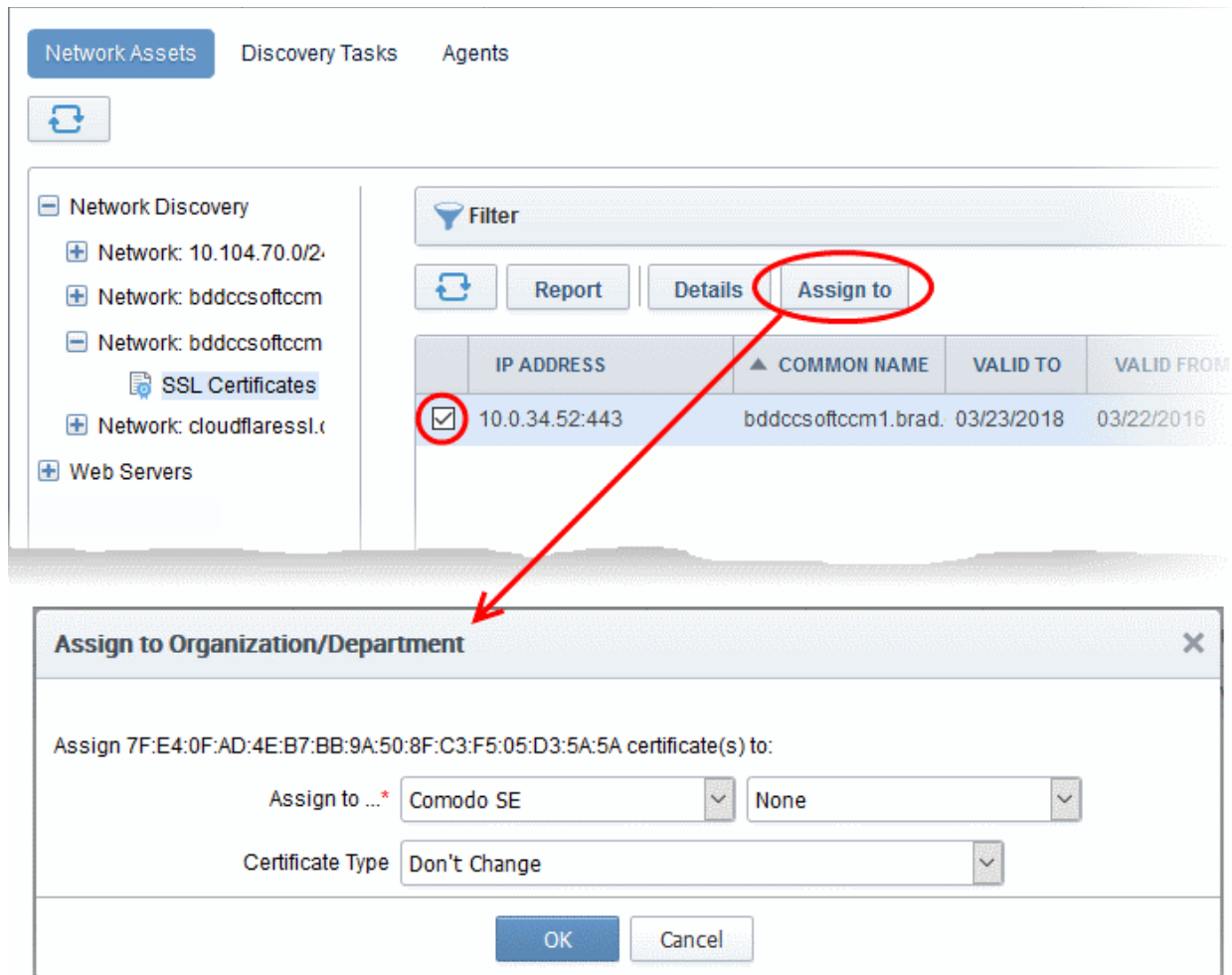
Tip: You can configure a discovery scan to automatically assign the unmanaged certificates identified by it to respective Organizations and Department by specifying Auto-Assignment Rules.

- For more details on configuring a discovery scan, refer to the section [Adding IP Range and Start Scanning](#) under [Discovery Tasks](#).
- For more details on configuring Auto Assignment Rules, refer to the section [Auto-Assignment Rules for Unmanaged Certificates](#)

To manually assign certificates

- Click 'Discovery' tab and choose 'Network Assets' sub-tab.

- Expand the 'Network Discovery' category to view the list of scanned networks
- Expand the selected network and choose 'SSL certificates'. The list of SSL certificates found installed on the network will be displayed.
- Select the unmanaged certificate from the list and click 'Assign To'



The 'Assign to Organization/Department' dialog will appear.

Assign to Organization/Department dialog - Table of parameters	
Form Element	Description
Assign to	Select the Organization and Department (optional) from the respective drop-downs to which the certificate has to be assigned.
Certificate Type	If you want to manually define the type of certificate, depending on whether it is a SSL, Client, Code signing or a device authentication certificate, choose the certificate type from the drop-down.

- Click OK.

The certificate will be assigned to the chosen Organization or Department.

Generating Report on Discovered Certificates

You can generate a report on the list of certificates discovered on selected network from the Network Assets interface.

To generate a report

- Click 'Discovery' tab and choose 'Network Assets' sub-tab.
- Expand the 'Network Discovery' category to view the list of scanned networks
- Expand the selected network and choose 'SSL certificates'. The list of SSL certificates found installed on the network will be displayed.
- Click the Report button at the top of the list.

The report will be generated as a spreadsheet file containing the list of certificate with their details. You can download the report in .xls format, which can be opened in spreadsheet software like Microsoft Excel or OpenOffice Calc.

7.1.2 Web Servers

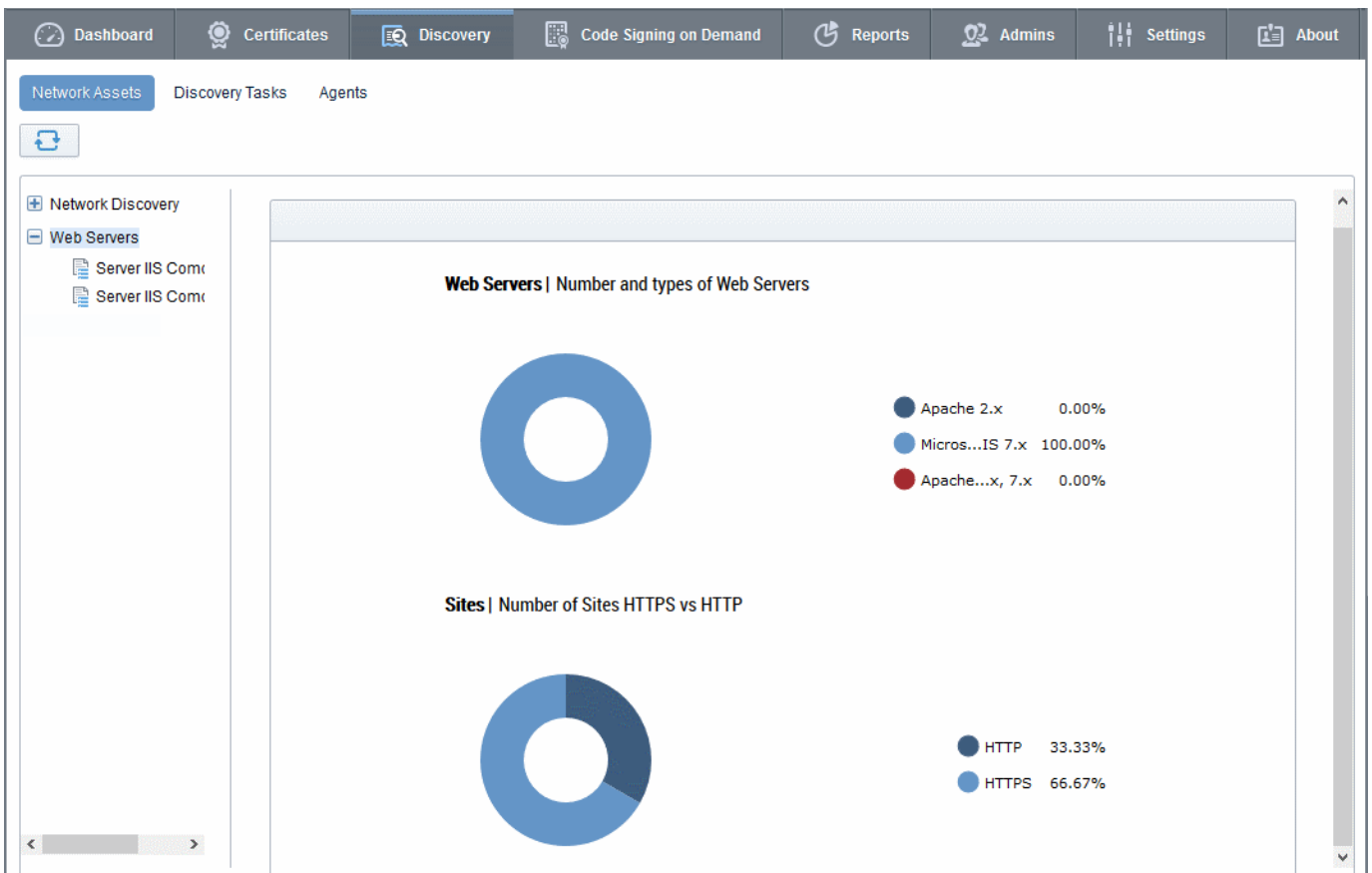
The 'Web Servers' category view allows administrators to view a summary of all web-servers identified from every network scanned and a list of websites/domains hosted on each identified server.

Security Roles:

- RAO SSL Administrators - can view details of web servers pertaining to Organizations (and any subordinate Departments) that have been delegated to them.
- DRAO SSL Administrators - can view details of web servers pertaining to Department(s) that have been delegated to them.

To view a dashboard summary of web servers identified on all scanned networks

- Click the 'Discovery' tab and choose the 'Network Assets' sub-tab.
- Choose 'Web Servers' on the left



The pie-charts on the right show the percentage of scanned web-servers using different operating systems and the percentage of those servers using HTTPS versus HTTP.

- Placing your mouse over a chart segment or legend item displays additional details such as the exact number of servers/number of sites in that category.

Sites | Number of Sites HTTPS vs HTTP



To view details of websites/domains hosted on each server in scanned networks

- Click the 'Discovery' tab and choose the 'Network Assets' sub-tab.
- Expand the 'Web Servers' category to view the list of identified web servers
- Choose the server whose details you want to view

SERVER IIS COMODO SE 59						
Name Server IIS Comodo SE 59						
Vendor Microsoft IIS 7.x						
State ACTIVE						
Path to web server						
NAME	COMMON NAME	PROTOCOL	IP ADDRESS	PORT	STATUS	SSL
ccm2.t1.ccmqa.com	ccm2.t1.ccmqa.com	HTTP	*	80	No SSL	
ccm2.t1.ccmqa.com	ccm2.t1.ccmqa.com	HTTPS	*	443	Failed	External
ccm2.t2.ccmqa.com	ccm2.t2.ccmqa.com	HTTPS	*	8443	No SSL	

The right hand pane displays general server details and a list of websites/domains hosted on the server:

List of Discovered Websites - Column Descriptions	
Column Header	Description
Name	The name of the website/domain.
Common Name	The registered domain name for website/domain.
Protocol	Displays the data transfer protocol used by the website.
IP Address	The address where the site is hosted.

Port	The server port number through which the site is served
Status	Indicates whether the site is secured with SSL/TLS.
SSL	For HTTPS sites, indicates whether the certificate used by the site is managed by CCM or not. Clicking the entry opens the 'Certificate Details' screen. For more details on the information shown in this screen, refer to Certificate 'Details' Dialog

7.2 Discovery Tasks

The Certificate Discovery option is a very convenient tool for scanning and monitoring a network for all installed SSL certificates (including Comodo Certificates that may or may not have been issued using Comodo Certificate Manager, any 3rd party vendor certificates and any self-signed certificates.)

Administrators can configure Discovery Tasks for different networks to be scanned and can optionally set a schedule for them for periodical scanning. Each discovery task can also be added with auto-assignment rules so that unmanaged certificates identified from that discovery scan will be assigned to the respective Organizations/Departments and added to the 'Certificates' > 'SSL Certificates' interface.

Security Roles:

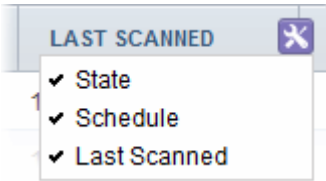
- RAO - can scan for certificates installed on networks pertaining to Organizations (and any sub-ordinate Departments) that have been delegated to them.
- DRAO - can scan for certificates installed on networks pertaining to the Department that have been delegated to them.

The 'Discovery Tasks' interface displays the list of tasks added to CCM and allows Administrators to create new Discovery Tasks and edit existing tasks.

NAME	RANGES TO SCAN	STATE	SCHEDULE	LAST SCANNED
global1	cloudflaressl.com	Successful	Manual	08/10/2016 17:09:06
ComodoSE Xen	10.104.70.0/24	Canceled	Manual	06/27/2016 21:58:25
bdd	bddccsoffccm1.brad.dc.c	Successful	Manual	07/22/2016 19:16:31
Scan for bDD	bddccsoffccm1.brad.dc.c	Partially Successful	Manual	08/10/2016 19:07:53
test	10.104.70.0/24	Scan in Progress 0%	Manual	

Discovery Tasks area - Table of Parameters

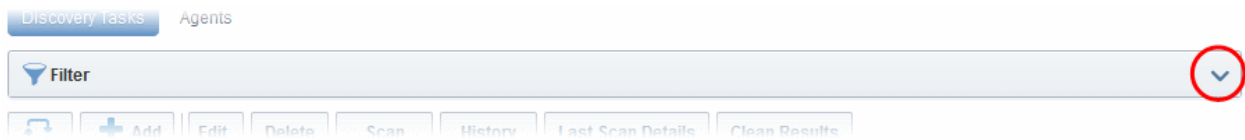
Field Element	Values	Description
Name	String	Name of the certificate discovery task
Ranges to Scan	String	Displays the IP ranges that will be scanned during this

		task
State	String	Displays the status of the scan, that is, whether it is successful, failed, in progress or canceled. Clicking on the state displays respective result. For example, clicking on 'Successful' will display the number of certificates discovered.
Schedule	String	Displays whether the scan is to be run manually or scheduled
Last Scanned	String	Displays the date and time of the last scan performed
<p>Note: The administrator can enable or disable desired columns from the drop-down at the right end of the table header:</p> 		
Control Buttons	Add	Enables administrator to add a new certificate discovery task
	Refresh	Updates the list of displayed discovery tasks
Discovery Task control Buttons	Edit	Enables administrator to edit the selected discovery task such as change the IP range and more
	Delete	Enables administrator to delete a discovery task from the list
	Scan	Enables administrator to start a new scan for the selected discovery task
	Cancel	Enables administrator to cancel a discovery scan. This button will appear after starting a new scan
	History	Displays the details of past scans performed for the selected discovery task and allows administrators to download scan reports
	Last Scan Details	Displays the results of the last scan for the selected discovery task
	Clean Results	Removes all the discovered certificates from the SSL certificates tab
<p>Note: The Discovery Task control buttons are visible only on selecting a domain</p>		

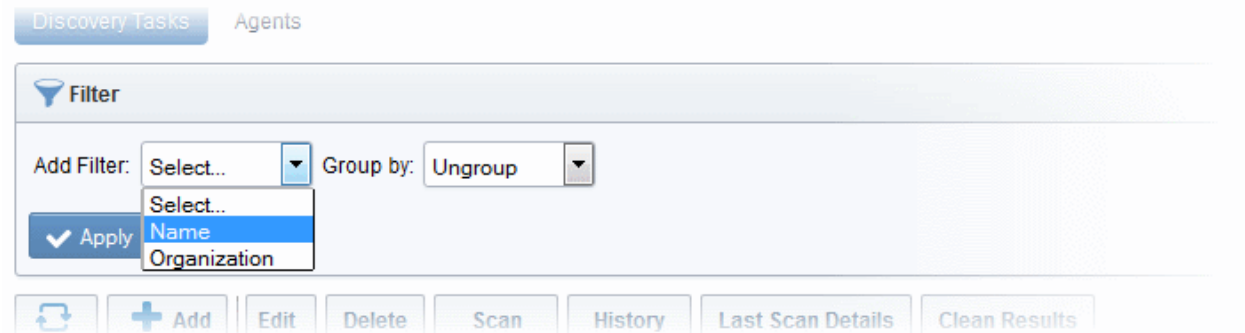
7.2.1 Sorting and Filtering Options

- Clicking on a column headers 'Name', 'Organization', 'Department', 'Schedule' or 'Last Scanned' sorts the items in the alphabetical order of the entries in the respective column.

Administrators can search for a particular discovery task by using filter.



You can add filters by selecting from the options in the 'Add Filter' drop-down and group the selection with other options that appears depending on the selection from the 'Add Filter' drop-down.

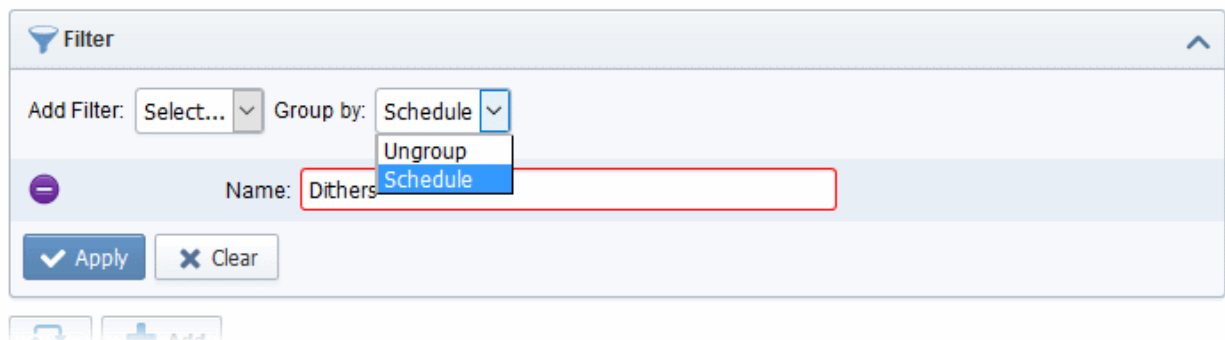


Filter Criteria	Filter Parameter
Name	Enter the name of the discovery task fully or in part
Organization	Select the Organization and/or the Department to which the certificate belongs, from the 'Organization' and 'Department' drop-downs.

To add a filter

- Select a filter criteria from the 'Add Filter' drop-down
- Enter or select the filter parameter as per the selected criteria.
- Select the criteria by which the results are to be grouped from the 'Group by' drop-down and enter or select the grouping parameter

For example, if you want to filter the discovery tasks with a specific Common Name starting with 'Dithers' and group the results by 'Scheduled', then select 'Name' from the 'Add Filter' drop-down, enter 'Dithers' and select 'Schedule' from the 'Group by' drop-down. The tasks, having 'test' in their name will be displayed as a list.



The filtered items based on the entered parameters will be displayed:

- To remove the filter options, click the 'Clear' button.

Note: The search filters once configured for the interface will be automatically saved. When you are re-opening the 'Discovery Tasks' interface in future, the configured filters will be in action and only the search results will be displayed. If you do not want the filters to be saved, click the 'Clear' button.

7.2.2 Prerequisites

The administrator has defined a default Organization/Department and has installed the discovery agent. All unmanaged certificates found during the certificate discovery scanning process will be assigned to the default Organization/Department. A discovery scan cannot be performed until the agent is installed and a default Organization is defined.

7.2.3 Overview of Process

- 1 Run a scan of networks in order to find all deployed SSL certificates.
- 2 CCM will automatically integrate all newly discovered certificates and add:
 - Certificates with Managed status and certificates with 'Unmanaged' status but auto-assigned to respective Organizations/Departments based on Assignment Rules applied to the discovery task, to **'SSL Certificates'** area ('Certificates' > 'SSL' Certificates)
 - All certificates to the lists of certificates, including 'Unmanaged' certificates that are not assigned to any Organization/Department, under respective networks in the the **'Network Assets'** area. Administrators can assign manually assign 'Unmanaged' certificates to Organizations/Departments to which they pertain, to bring them under management through the SSL Certificates area. See **Network Discovery** for more details.

Note: An 'Unmanaged' certificate is one that was not obtained via Comodo Certificate Manager. This includes, for example, certificates from other CA's, self-signed certificates, and certificates issued by Comodo CA but not obtained via CCM. CCM identifies all certificates installed on a scanned network including 'Unmanaged' certificates and allows the administrator to assign them to respective Organization/Department for which the certificates were enrolled.

- 3 CCM will assign certificates that were not issued using CCM to the default Organization with the status 'Unmanaged'.
- 4 CCM will update the status of existing certificates that were issued using CCM (if necessary).
- 5 'Unmanaged' certificates can become 'Managed' by renewing the particular certificate.
- 6 The compiled results of the scan can be viewed in the **'Discovery Scan Log'**.

7.2.4 Adding IP Range and Start Scanning

1. To add a discovery scan task, click 'Discovery' > 'Discovery Tasks' > 'Add' to open the scan configuration form

The form has three tabs. The first to configure scan settings, the second to apply auto-assignment rules and the third to schedule the scan.

2. First, complete the 'Common' tab:

Form Element	Description
Name	Enter a name to describe the discovery task
Agent	Select the CCM controller agent to be used for scanning. CCM uses agents installed on internal servers to scan for certificates. For more details, refer to the section Agents.
Ranges to Scan	IP address ranges of servers to be scanned.
Add	Add IP ranges for scanning.
Edit	Edit the selected scan range
Remove	Delete the selected scan range
OK	Add the discovery task to the list
Cancel	Cancel the task.

3. Click the 'Add' button to add a CIDR, IP address or host name:

Form Element	Element Type	Description
CIDR	Text Field	Short for 'Classless Internet DOMAIN Routing'. Type the IP address you wish to scan followed by network prefix, e.g. 123.456.78.91/16 should be specified here.
IP	Text Field	Type the IP address you wish to scan.
Host name	Text Field	Enter the host name you wish to scan.
Ports to Scan <i>(required)</i>	Text Field	The port number(s) for IP range.
OK	Control	Enables the administrator to add specified data into the scan list.
Cancel	Control	Enables the administrator to add cancel the process.

4. Click OK after selecting and entering the appropriate details.

Administrators can add more scan ranges for the same discovery task. Repeat the process as explained above.

Add

Common | Assignment Rules | Schedule

*-required fields

Name*

Agent

Ranges to Scan*

Add
Edit
Remove

OK Cancel

The entered scan ranges will be displayed. Administrators can edit or remove the scan range after selecting it and clicking 'Edit' or 'Remove'.

Edit Scan Range (CIDR > Scan)

CIDR*

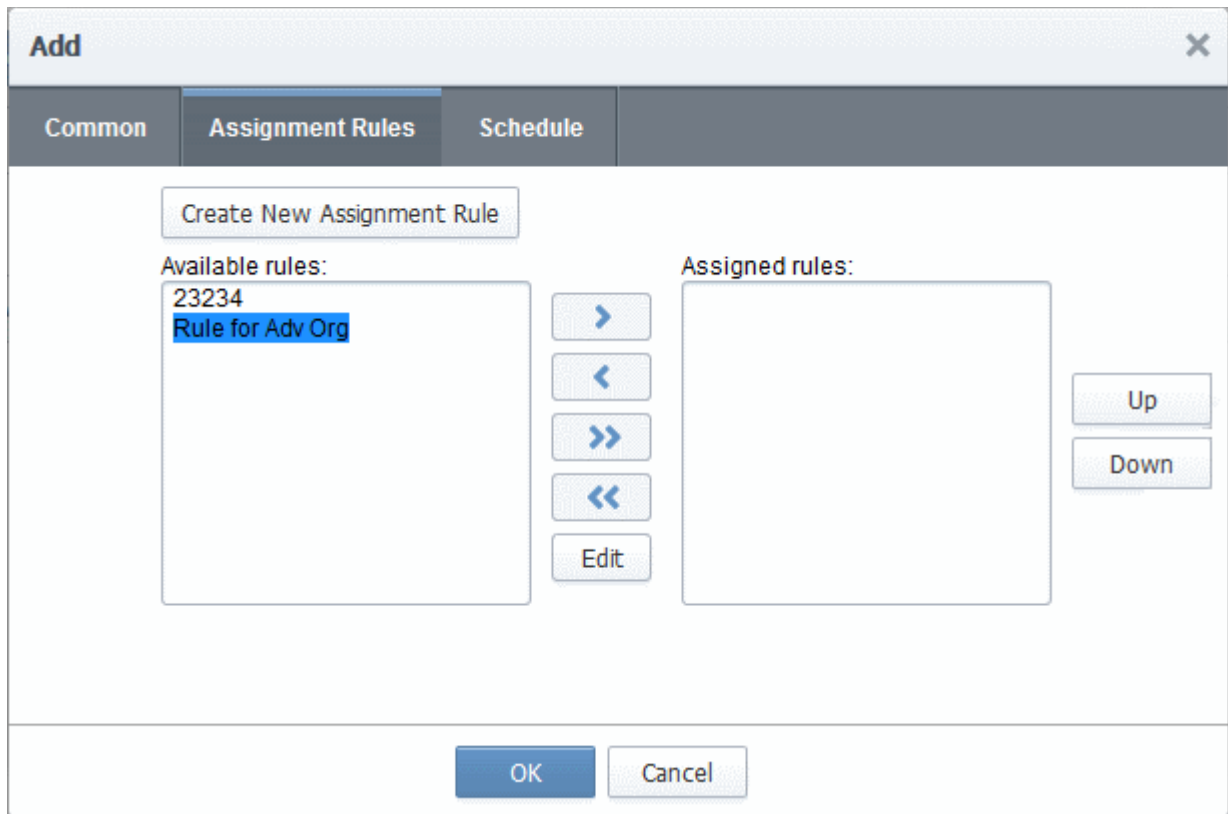
IP

Host name

Port*

OK Cancel

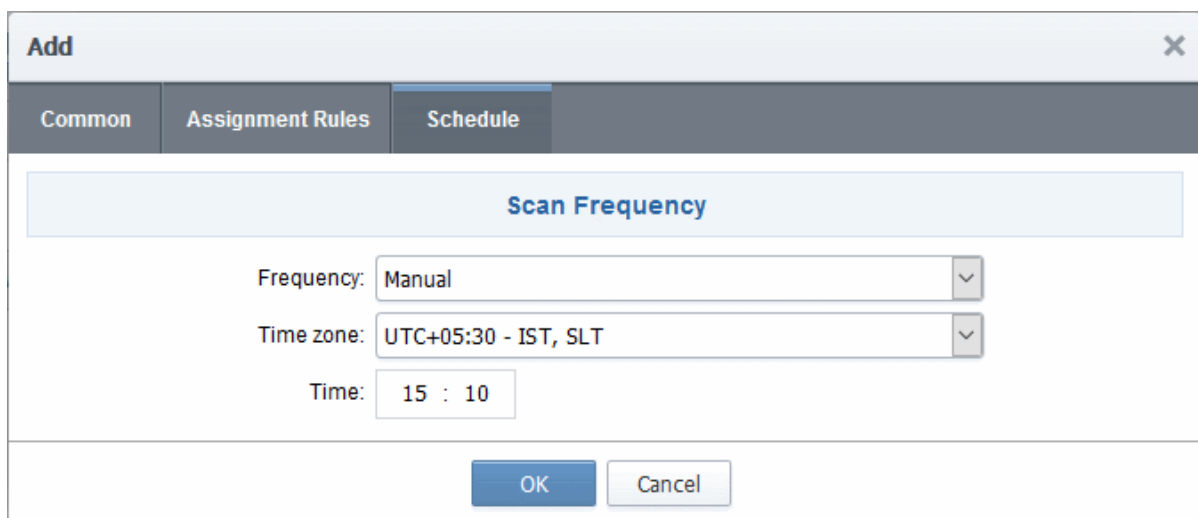
5. Click the 'Assignment Rules' tab to add rules which will assign unmanaged certificates identified by the scan to an organization or department.



All available rules are shown on the left. Use the arrow buttons to add rules to the discovery task. Rules can be configured in the 'Settings' > 'Assignment Rules' interface. For more details on managing auto-assignment rules, refer to [Auto-Assignment Rules for Unmanaged Certificates](#).

- To create a new rule, click the 'Create New Assignment Rule' button. For more guidance refer to the explanation under [Creating a new certificate assignment rule](#) in the section [Auto-Assignment Rules for Unmanaged Certificates](#). The rule will be added to the list of Available Rules. Select it and move to the 'Assigned rules' list
- To edit a rule, select it and click the Edit button. For more guidance refer to the explanation of [Editing an assignment rule](#) in the section [Auto-Assignment Rules for Unmanaged Certificates](#).

6. Click the 'Schedule' tab to set the scan day, date and start time, and the frequency of the task:



Available scan frequencies are: Manual (on demand), Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Quarterly, Semi-Annually and Annually.

7. Click 'OK'.

The newly created discovery task will be displayed in the list.

Network Assets **Discovery Tasks** Agents

Filter

Refresh Add Edit Delete Scan History Last Scan Details Clean Results

	NAME	RANGES TO SCAN	STATE	SCHEDULE	LAST SCANNED
<input type="radio"/>	global1	cloudflaressl.com	Successful	Manual	08/10/2016 17:09:06
<input type="radio"/>	ComodoSE Xen	10.104.70.0/24	Canceled	Manual	06/27/2016 21:58:25
<input type="radio"/>	bdd	bddccsoftccm1.brad.dc.c	Successful	Manual	07/22/2016 19:16:31
<input type="radio"/>	Scan for bDD	bddccsoftccm1.brad.dc.c	Partially Successful	Manual	08/10/2016 19:07:53
<input type="radio"/>	test	10.104.70.0/24	Scan in Progress 0%	Manual	
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	certs for adv	bddccsoftccm1.brad.dc.c		Manual	

Repeat the process to add more Discovery Tasks.

- To run a scan, select it select the respective 'Discovery Task' from the list

The control buttons for managing the task will be displayed at the top.

- Click the 'Scan' button to commence the discovery scan for the selected task.

Filter

Refresh Add Edit Delete **Scan** History Last Scan Details Clean Results

	NAME	RANGES TO SCAN	STATE	SCHEDULE	LAST SCANNED
<input type="radio"/>	global1	cloudflaressl.com	Successful	Manual	08/10/2016 17:09:06
<input type="radio"/>	ComodoSE Xen	10.104.70.0/24	Canceled	Manual	06/27/2016 21:58:25
<input type="radio"/>	bdd	bddccsoftccm1.brad.dc.c	Successful	Manual	07/22/2016 19:16:31
<input type="radio"/>	Scan for bDD	bddccsoftccm1.brad.dc.c	Partially Successful	Manual	08/10/2016 19:07:53
<input type="radio"/>	test	10.104.70.0/24	Scan in Progress 0%	Manual	
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	certs for adv	bddccsoftccm1.brad.dc.c		Manual	

Information ✕

i Scan has started.

CCM allows administrators to run multiple discovery tasks at a time. After a scan has started, select another task

and click the scan button at the top.

Discovery scanning uses a 2 second timeout for each IP/Port combination with 10 threads running at once. This information can be used to approximate how long a scan will take.

$2 \cdot ((\# \text{ IP Addresses}) * (\# \text{ ports per address})) / 300 = \text{Number of minutes for scan.}$

Note: The timeout interval and number of threads per minute may be subject to minor fluctuation. Admins are advised to treat these figures as an approximate calculation of scanning times.

Example:

Scanning a single range xxx.xxx.0.0/16 for a single port (443) equals 65,536 IP addresses.

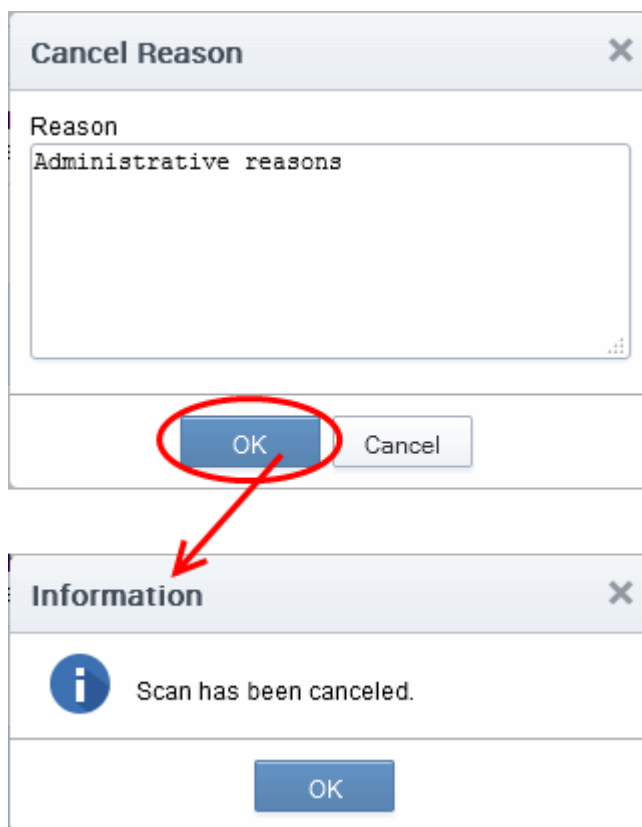
$((65536)(1))/300 = \text{approx 218 minutes.}$

The progress of the scan can be viewed in the row of the selected discovery task under the 'State' column.

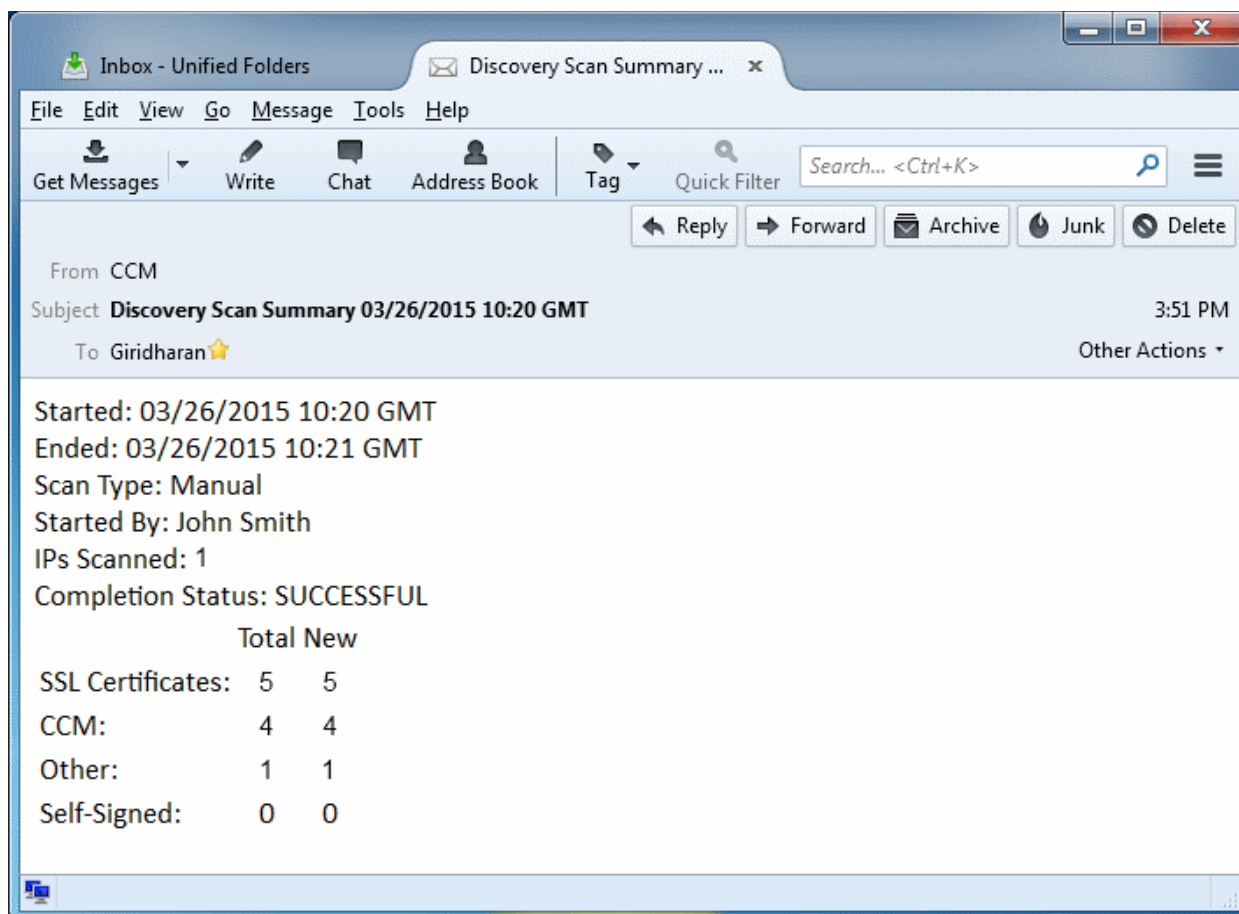
10. Click the 'Cancel' button if you want to cancel the scanning process.

If you cancel the scanning process, the entire system will revert to the state that existed before the scan was started (i.e., any data collected during scanning will not be applied until the scanning process is completed).

If you cancel the scanning, you should specify the reason for in the 'Cancel Reason' dialog and click OK.



After the scan is complete, administrators will be notified of the result via email. Please note the email notification should have been configured in the **Discovery Scan Summary** notifications area.



The results of the scan can be viewed at '[SSL certificates](#)' sub-tab of the '[Certificate Management](#)' section and the '[Reports](#)' section.

7.2.5 Editing a Discovery Task

Administrators can edit an existing discovery task by selecting it in the list and clicking the 'Edit' button at the top.

The screenshot shows the 'Discovery Tasks' section of the Comodo Certificate Manager. At the top, there are navigation tabs: Dashboard, Certificates, Discovery (selected), Reports, and Admins. Below these are sub-tabs: Network Assets, Discovery Tasks (selected), and Agents. A filter bar is present, followed by action buttons: Refresh, Add, Edit (circled in red), Delete, Cancel, and History. A table lists tasks with the following data:

	NAME	RANGES TO SCAN	STATE	SCHEDULE	LAST SCANNED
<input type="radio"/>	Certs for Dither Purchase Dept	10.100.93.53	Successful	Manual	01/25/2017 15:19:20
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	certs for adv	10.100.51.18	Successful	Manual	01/25/2017 15:19:20

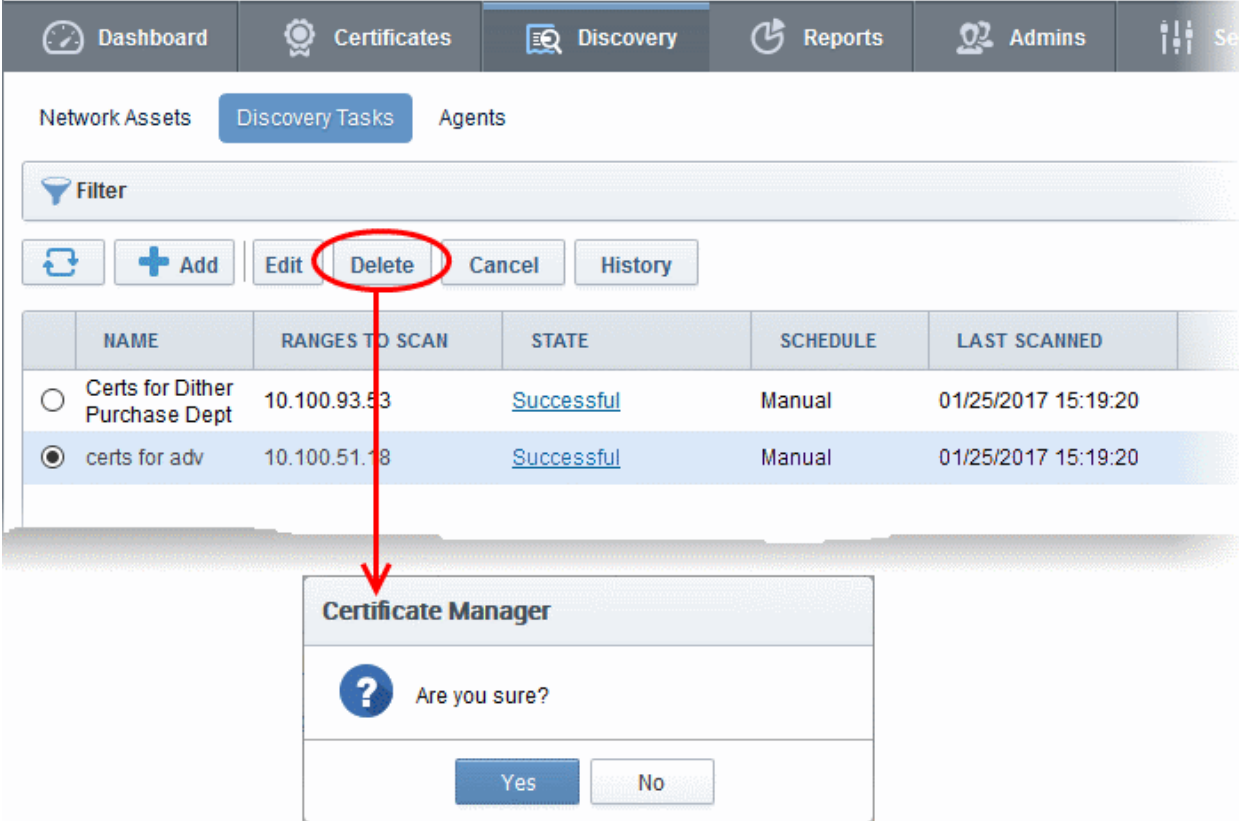
An 'Edit' dialog box is open, showing the 'Common' tab. It contains the following fields and controls:

- Name***: certs for adv
- Agent**: Agent org1 52 (dropdown menu)
- Ranges to Scan***: 10.100.51.18 : 443 (list box with 'Add', 'Edit', and 'Remove' buttons)
- Buttons**: OK, Cancel

The interface allows administrators to change the task name, select another agent, add a new scan range, edit existing scan ranges or remove it. In the schedule tab, the scan frequency can be edited. For more details refer to section [Adding IP Range and Start Scanning](#).

7.2.6 Deleting a Discovery Task

To delete a discovery task from the list, select it and click the 'Delete' button at the top.



The screenshot shows the 'Discovery Tasks' section of the Comodo Certificate Manager interface. The 'Delete' button is circled in red, and a red arrow points from it to a 'Certificate Manager' dialog box. The dialog box contains a question mark icon and the text 'Are you sure?' with 'Yes' and 'No' buttons.

	NAME	RANGES TO SCAN	STATE	SCHEDULE	LAST SCANNED
<input type="radio"/>	Certs for Dither Purchase Dept	10.100.93.53	Successful	Manual	01/25/2017 15:19:20
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	certs for adv	10.100.51.18	Successful	Manual	01/25/2017 15:19:20

- Confirm the deletion in the dialog that appears.

7.2.7 Viewing History of Discovery Tasks

CCM allows administrators to view the previous five scan results of each discovery task. You can also download a report on each task and can assign unmanaged, discovered certificates to an organization or department.

- To view the history of a discovery task, select it and click the 'History' button at the top.

Network Assets **Discovery Tasks** Agents

Filter

	NAME	RANGES TO SCAN	STATE	SCHEDULE	LAST SCANNED
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	global1	cloudflaressl.com	Successful	Manual	08/10/2016 17:09:06
<input type="radio"/>	ComodoSE Xen	10.104.70.0/24	Canceled	Manual	06/27/2016 21:58:25
<input type="radio"/>	bdd	bddccsoftccm1.brad.dc.c	Successful	Manual	07/22/2016 19:16:31

History of scan 'global1' ✕

	DATE	STATE	SSLs FOUND
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	06/21/2016 17:45:34	Successful	251
<input type="radio"/>	06/23/2016 15:36:49	Successful	251
<input type="radio"/>	07/22/2016 18:55:22	Successful	1
<input type="radio"/>	08/10/2016 17:09:00	Successful	1

15 rows/page 1 - 4 out of 4

The 'History of scan...' dialog will be displayed.

- Click the 'Report' button to download all discovery scan reports as a .csv file.
- To view the list of certificates discovered during a scan, choose the scan and click the 'Details' button that appears at the top.

History of scan 'global1'

Report Details

	DATE	STATE	SSLS FOUND
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	06/21/2016 17:45:34	Successful	251
<input type="radio"/>	06/23/2016 15:36:49	Successful	251
<input type="radio"/>	07/22/2016 18:55:22	Successful	251

Details of scan 'global1' run at 06/21/2016

Filter

Report Details Assign to

	IP ADDRESS	COMMON NAME	VALID TO	VALID FROM	KEY ALGORITHM	KEY SIZE	SIGNATURE ALG
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	104.16.20.23:443	rbs.create.edu.sg	04/07/2016	02/23/2015	RSA	2048	SHA256withRSA
<input type="checkbox"/>	104.16.20.251:443	2014-04-09.tinyspec	04/09/2016	04/09/2014	RSA	2048	SHA1withRSA
<input type="checkbox"/>	104.16.20.254:443	holylandmoments.or	05/07/2016	01/28/2015	RSA	4096	SHA256withRSA
<input type="checkbox"/>	104.16.20.8:443	novartis.com	07/19/2016	07/15/2015	RSA	2048	SHA256withRSA
<input type="checkbox"/>	104.16.20.118:443	ssl384981.cloudflare	07/24/2016	01/15/2016	EC	255	SHA256withECDSA
<input type="checkbox"/>	104.16.20.112:443	ssl384966.cloudflare	07/24/2016	01/15/2016	EC	254	SHA256withECDSA
<input type="checkbox"/>	104.16.20.189:443	ssl384990.cloudflare	07/24/2016	01/15/2016	EC	256	SHA256withECDSA
<input type="checkbox"/>	104.16.20.220:443	ssl382925.cloudflare	07/24/2016	01/15/2016	EC	256	SHA256withECDSA
<input type="checkbox"/>	104.16.20.116:443	ssl385035.cloudflare	07/24/2016	01/15/2016	EC	256	SHA256withECDSA
<input type="checkbox"/>	104.16.20.54:443	ssl384289.cloudflare	07/25/2016	01/20/2016	EC	256	SHA256withECDSA
<input type="checkbox"/>	104.16.20.98:443	ssl384295.cloudflare	07/25/2016	01/20/2016	EC	256	SHA256withECDSA
<input type="checkbox"/>	104.16.20.47:443	ssl385311.cloudflare	08/01/2016	01/26/2016	EC	253	SHA256withECDSA
<input type="checkbox"/>	104.16.20.232:443	ssl362514.cloudflare	08/01/2016	01/27/2016	EC	253	SHA256withECDSA
<input type="checkbox"/>	104.16.20.114:443	ssl383912.cloudflare	08/01/2016	01/29/2016	EC	255	SHA256withECDSA
<input type="checkbox"/>	104.16.20.197:443	ssl385353.cloudflare	08/01/2016	01/27/2016	EC	256	SHA256withECDSA

15 rows/page 1 - 15 out of 251

- Click the 'Details' button to view full certificate information. Refer to [SSL Certificate 'Details' Dialog](#) for more on the certificates details panel.
- To manually assign unmanaged certificate(s) to an Organization or Department, select the certificate(s) and click the 'Assign to' button. For more on this, refer to [Manually Assigning a Certificate to an Organization/Department](#) in the section [Network Discovery](#).
- Click the 'Last Scan Details' button to view the latest certificates discovered by a discovery task

The screenshot shows the 'Discovery Tasks' section of the Comodo Certificate Manager. A table lists various scan tasks. The task 'Certs for Dithers org' is selected, and its details are shown in a pop-up window. The details window displays a table of certificates discovered during the scan.

NAME	RANGES TO SCAN	STATE	SCHEDULE	LAST SCANNED
global1	cloudflaressl.com	Successful	Manual	08/10/2016 17:09:06
ComodoSE Xen	10.104.70.0/24	Canceled	Manual	06/27/2016 21:58:25
bdd	bddccsoftccm1.brad.dc.c	Successful	Manual	07/22/2016 19:16:31
Scan for bDD	bddccsoftccm1.brad.dc.c	Partially Successful	Manual	08/10/2016 19:07:53
test	10.104.70.0/24	Scan in Progress 0%	Manual	
Certs for Dithers org	bddccsoftccm1.brad.dc.c	Successful	Manual	08/18/2016 16:06:47

IP ADDRESS	COMMON NAME	VALID TO	VALID FROM	KEY ALGORITHM	KEY SIZE	SIGNATURE ALG
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 10.0.34.52.443	bddccsoftccm1.brad.	03/23/2018	03/22/2016	RSA	2048	SHA256withRSA

The details of certificates discovered during the the last scan ran for the selected task will be displayed.

7.2.8 View Scan Results

After each discovery scan, Comodo Certificate Manager updates the lists of certificates in the **Network Assets** area and the **'SSL Certificates'** area ('Certificates' > 'SSL' Certificates).

Certificates are assigned to these two areas as follows:

SSL Certificates interface

- Managed Certs
- Unmanaged certs which are assigned to an Org/Dep.

Network Assets interface

- Managed certs

- Unmanaged certs which are assigned to an Org/Dep.
- Unmanaged certs which are not assigned to an Org/Dep.

Network Assets Area:

The Network Assets area displays certificates discovered from all nodes of every scanned network, including web servers, domains and certificates discovered from AD servers integrated to CCM.

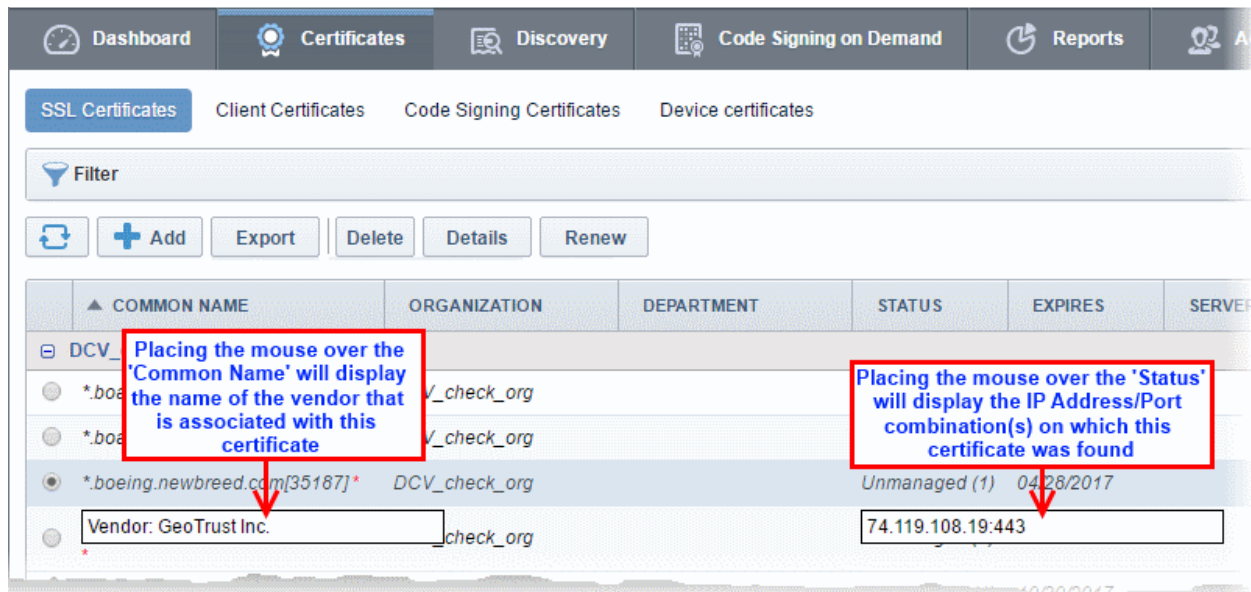
- **Network Discovery** - Displays a tree structure of scanned networks. Selecting a node displays all certificates identified on it, including managed certificates, unmanaged certificates that have been assigned to an Organization/Department by a rule, and unmanaged certificates that have not been assigned to a Organization/Department. You can view details of each certificate and manually assign unmanaged certificates to an Organization or Department. Doing so will grant them 'Managed' status and thus make them visible in the 'SSL Certificates' interface. Refer to the section **Network Discovery** for more details.
- **Web Servers** - Displays a summary of all web-servers identified from every network scanned and a list of websites/domains hosted on each identified server. Refer to the section **Web Servers** for more details.

SSL Certificates Area:

After a discovery scan, CCM will add newly discovered 'unmanaged' certificates which have been assigned to an Org/Dep to the SSL certificates area. It will also update the status of any existing certificates. There are, therefore, two types of SSL certificates that could be discovered:

- **Certificates issued by Comodo Certificate Manager (also known as 'Managed' certificates)**. Comodo Certificate Manager will simply update the certificate's existing entry with any status changes that may have occurred. These certificates will stay assigned to the Organizations that they are currently assigned to.
- **Certificates that were *not* issued by Comodo Certificate Manager (also known as 'Unmanaged certificates)** If the certificate was NOT issued by CCM, they will be assigned '*Unmanaged*' status. The '*Unmanaged*' category covers:
 - Self-signed certificates
 - Certificates issued by Comodo CA but not via Comodo Certificate Manager
 - Certificates issued by 3rd party vendors / other certificate authorities

Note: Only those 'Unmanaged' certificates that are assigned to an Org/Dep (either manually or by an assignment rule) will be added to the 'SSL Certificates' area at the end of a Discovery Scan. Discovered certificates which are not assigned to any Organization or Department will not be added to the SSL Certificates area. They can be viewed in the Network Assets interface.



To bring an 'Unmanaged' certificate under the control of Comodo Certificate Manager you have to 'Renew' that certificate (to be more precise you will be effectively 'replacing' that certificate with an equivalent Comodo certificate). Clicking the 'Renew' button will begin the ordering process for a new Comodo SSL certificate with the same parameters.

Certificate Type		View in the SSL Certificates Sub-Tab																
		State	View															
Certificates, issued by CCM		One of the SSL certificates state listed here .	<table border="1"> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td>testdomain.com</td> <td>Test Organization</td> <td>Test Department 1</td> <td>Applied</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td>example.com</td> <td>Demo Organization</td> <td>Demo Department</td> <td>Declined</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td>www.senthil</td> <td>Test Organization</td> <td></td> <td>Expired 08/16/2012</td> </tr> </table>	<input type="checkbox"/>	testdomain.com	Test Organization	Test Department 1	Applied	<input type="checkbox"/>	example.com	Demo Organization	Demo Department	Declined	<input type="checkbox"/>	www.senthil	Test Organization		Expired 08/16/2012
<input type="checkbox"/>	testdomain.com	Test Organization	Test Department 1	Applied														
<input type="checkbox"/>	example.com	Demo Organization	Demo Department	Declined														
<input type="checkbox"/>	www.senthil	Test Organization		Expired 08/16/2012														
Certificates, not issued by CCM	Self-signed certificates	Unmanaged	<table border="1"> <tr> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td>landfill.addons.allizom.org *</td> <td>Demo Organization</td> <td></td> <td>Unmanaged (1) 02/15/2021</td> </tr> </table> <p>Self-signed certificates are marked with red cross alongside their common name. (Background - 'Self Signed' means that the certificate was not signed (issued) by a Trusted Certificate Authority. As such, these certificates will not be recognized by popular Internet browsers such as IE, Firefox, Opera, Safari and Chrome.)</p> <p>From the 'SSL Certificates' interface, you can:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> View details of these certificates 'Renew' these certificates by replacing them Comodo equivalents 	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	landfill.addons.allizom.org *	Demo Organization		Unmanaged (1) 02/15/2021										
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	landfill.addons.allizom.org *	Demo Organization		Unmanaged (1) 02/15/2021													
	Issued by Comodo CA but not via CCM	Unmanaged	<table border="1"> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td>test2.ccmqa.com</td> <td>Demo Organization</td> <td></td> <td>Unmanaged 01/03/2014</td> </tr> </table> <p>From the 'SSL Certificates' interface, you can:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> View details of these certificates Revoke these certificates 'Renew' these certificates 	<input type="checkbox"/>	test2.ccmqa.com	Demo Organization		Unmanaged 01/03/2014										
<input type="checkbox"/>	test2.ccmqa.com	Demo Organization		Unmanaged 01/03/2014														
Issued by 3rd party	Unmanaged	<table border="1"> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td>example.com</td> <td>Test Organization</td> <td></td> <td>Unmanaged (1) 08/08/2015</td> </tr> </table> <p>From the 'SSL Certificates' interface, you can:</p>	<input type="checkbox"/>	example.com	Test Organization		Unmanaged (1) 08/08/2015											
<input type="checkbox"/>	example.com	Test Organization		Unmanaged (1) 08/08/2015														

Certificate Type	View in the SSL Certificates Sub-Tab	
	State	View
vendor		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> View details of these certificates 'Renew' these certificates by replacing them Comodo equivalents

You can download the results of a discovery scan in .csv format in a **Discovery Scan Log** report from the **Reports** interface.

The **Discovery Scan Log** report contains information concerning overall scan options and discovered SSL certificates information.

Comodo advises administrator to:

- i. Schedule regular discovery scans as a matter of course;
 - ii. Run a manual scan after every change to SSL certificate configuration. Otherwise, it is possible that the 'SSL Certificates' area will show inaccurate information. (e.g. you may have uploaded a certificate to your website but in CCM the certificate will have a state of 'Issued' and a discovery status of '**Not deployed**' if you haven't re-run the scan).
 - iii. Run a manual scan after any change to the network in general.
- To remove the certificates discovered from a particular discovery scan, navigate to 'Discovery' > 'Discovery Tasks', select the discovery task and click the 'Clean Results' button.

The screenshot shows the 'Discovery Tasks' section of the Comodo Certificate Manager. A table lists several discovery tasks. The 'Clean Results' button is circled in red. A dialog box titled 'Certificate Manager' is open, displaying a warning icon and the message: 'The certificates found during this scan will be deleted from the SSL Certificates Tab.' with 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

	NAME	RANGES TO SCAN	STATE	SCHEDULE	LAST SCANNED
<input type="radio"/>	global1	cloudflaressl.com	Successful	Manual	08/10/2016 17:09:06
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	ComodoSE Xen	10.104.70.0/24	Canceled	Manual	06/27/2016 21:58:25
<input type="radio"/>	bdd	bddccsoftccm1.brad.dc.c	Successful	Manual	07/22/2016 19:16:31

- Click 'OK' to confirm removal of the certificates in the SSL Certificates interface.

7.3 Agents

Comodo Certificate Manager uses agents for:

- **Automatic installation of certificates (on Apache Httpd, Apache Tomcat and IIS 7. 7.5 and 8 only)** - The controller/agent installed on the web server, will periodically poll CCM for requests for certificates that have been enabled for auto-installation. If a request exists, it will automatically generate a CSR on the web server and present the application for administrator approval via the CCM interface. On approval, the agent submits the CSR to Comodo CA and tracks the order number. Once the certificate is issued by the CA, the agent downloads the certificate and allows the administrator to install the certificate from the CCM interface. A controller installed on a single server can be configured to communicate with, and install certificates on, other remote servers in the network.
- **Discovery of SSL certificates installed on internal servers** - The agent installed on the web server or any local machine in the network, will scan and monitor internal servers for all installed SSL certificates. It is possible for administrators to configure Comodo CM to scan externally facing IP addresses directly from the 'Discovery Tasks' area (as explained in [Discovery Tasks](#)). However, Comodo CM can only scan internal hosts IF an agent which is configured to communicate with the Comodo CM servers is installed on the local network. After scanning the local network, the agent will send a report back to the Comodo CM console.

Note: The 'auto-installer' feature must be enabled for your account in order for it to execute certificate installation tasks. If this feature is not enabled then the agent will only be capable of certificate discovery. Please contact your account manager if you require auto-installation to be enabled.

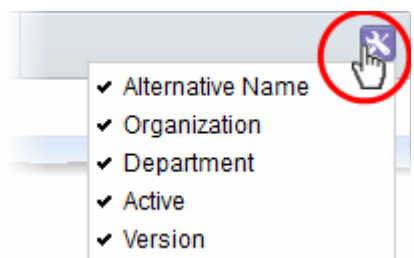
Security Roles:

- **RAO** - Can set up Certificate Controller agent for installing certificates and scanning internal servers of Organizations (and any sub-ordinate Departments) that have been delegated to them, for certificates requested, issued, expired, revoked and replaced.
- **DRAO** - Can set up Certificate Controller agent for installing certificates and scanning internal servers of Department that have been delegated to them for certificates requested, issued, expired, revoked and replaced.

The Agents Interface:

NAME	ALTERNATIVE NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	ACTIVE	STATE	VERSION
Agent Comodo SE 76		Comodo SE		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	N/A	1.9
Agent Comodo SE 91		Comodo SE		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Connected	2.0
Agent Comodo SE 92		Comodo SE		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Not connected	2.0

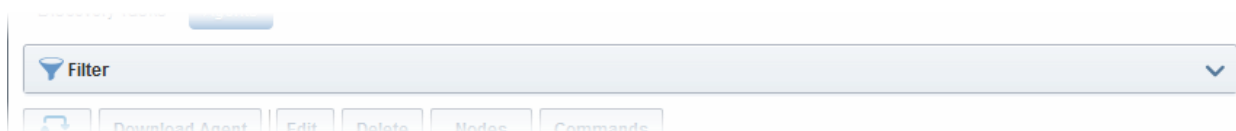
Column Display	Description
Name	Displays the name specified for the Certificate Controller Agent.
Alternative Name	Displays the alternative name specified for the Certificate Controller Agent.
Organization	Displays the Organization to which the Certificate Controller Agent is associated.
Department	Displays the Department to which the Certificate Controller Agent is associated.
Active	The checkbox displays whether the agent is active or inactive and allows the

	administrator to change the state if required.	
State	Displays whether or not the agent is connected to CCM.	
Version	Displays the version number of the Certificate Controller Agent.	
<p>Note: The administrator can enable or disable the columns as desired, from the drop-down button at the right end of the table header.</p> 		
Controls	Download Agent	Starts downloading the Certificate Controller Agent setup file of the selected agent.
	Refresh	Updates the list of displayed Agents.
Agent Controls	Edit	Enables administrators to modify the Agent configuration settings.
	Delete	Removes the Agent.
	Nodes	Enables administrators to view and edit the server nodes for which the Agent is configured.
	Commands	Enables administrators to view the details of the commands like generation of CSR, scanning internal servers, executed by the Agent.

7.3.1 Sorting and Filtering Options

- Clicking on the column headers 'Name', 'Alternative Name', 'Organization', or 'Department' sorts the items in the alphabetical order of the entries in the respective column.

Administrators can search for a particular agent by using the filter.

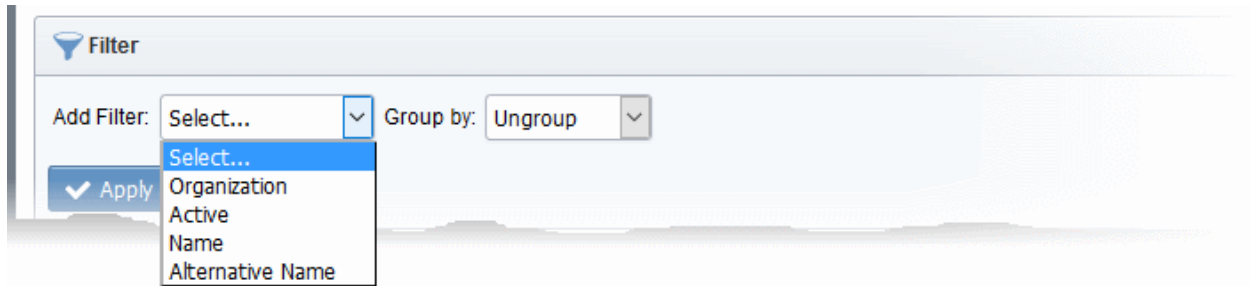


You can add filters by selecting from the options in the 'Add Filter' drop-down and group the selection with other options that appears depending on the selection from the 'Add Filter' drop-down.

Filter Options	Description
Organization	Enables Administrators to filter the list of Agents by Organization.
Active	Enables Administrators to view only the active agents.
Name	Enables to filter the agents by entering the name fully and partially.

Alternative Name	Enables to filter the agents by entering the alternative name fully and partially.
------------------	--

For example if you want to search for an agent by the name filter and belonging to a particular Organization and Department:



- Choose 'Name' from the 'Add Filter' drop-down and enter the name of the agent in full or part.
- Select 'Organization' or 'Department' in the 'Group by:' drop-down.
- Click the 'Apply' button.

The filtered items based on the entered and selected parameters will be displayed:

	NAME	ALTERNATIVE NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	ACTIVE	STATUS
<input type="radio"/>	Agent Comodo SE 76		Comodo SE		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	N/A
<input type="radio"/>	Agent Comodo SE 91		Comodo SE		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Conne
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Agent Comodo SE 92		Comodo SE		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Not co

- To remove the filter options, click the 'Clear' button.

Note: The search filters once configured for the interface will be automatically saved. When you are re-opening the 'Agents' interface in future, the configured filters will be in action and only the search results will be displayed. If you do not want the filters to be saved, click the 'Clear' button.

7.3.2 Configuring the Agent for Auto-Installation and Internal Scanning - Overview of the Process

This section is a brief summary of the steps needed to set up a certificate controller/agent for automatic installation and renewal of SSL certificates and run an internal scan. Click any of the bullet points below to go to a more detailed explanation of that stage:

1. Add a new IP range for Internal Scanning by creating a new CIDR in the Discovery Tasks tab.
2. Download and Install the agent on a server
3. Configure the Agent for adding CIDR ranges for certificate discovery and specifying local and remote servers on to which the certificates are to be auto-installed.
4. Return to the 'Discovery Tasks' tab and click 'Scan'.
5. The results can be viewed by selecting the 'Discovery Scan Log' under the 'Reports' tab. Newly discovered certificates will be added to the 'SSL Certificates' area of 'Certificates Management' and assigned to the Organization that has been set for that agent.

7.3.3 Prerequisites

The administrator has defined at least one Organization. The Organization will be designated as the owner of certificates discovered by the agent during the agent configuration and installation process.

7.3.4 Configuring the Agent for Auto-Installation and Internal Scanning - Detailed Explanation of the Process

1. Add a new IP range for Internal Scanning by creating a new CIDR in the 'Discovery Tasks' tab and specify the ports to be scanned. The IPs you enter here should, naturally, be internal addresses. Once added, you will be able to initiate internal scans from this interface by clicking the 'Scan Now' button. See [Adding IP range and Start Scanning](#) for further reading.

Add Scan Range (CIDR > Scan) X

CIDR
e.g. 10.10.10.10/32

IP*
10.108.17.117

Host name
e.g. host1.domain.com

Port*
443

OK Cancel

Note: CCM is capable of scanning for installed certificates in external servers via Internet. If there is no agent installed in the server to be scanned, CCM will request the user to install the agent.

2. Download and Install the agent on a server in the network.

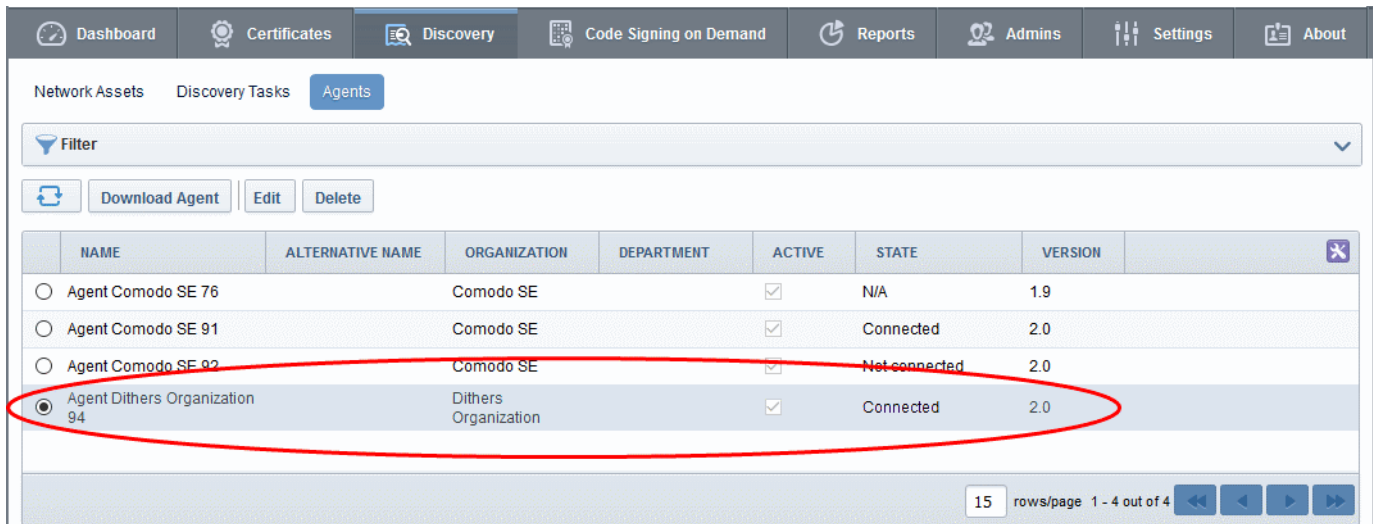
Note: The Agent is also responsible for automatic application and installation of SSL certificates. The Agent installed on one of the servers can be configured to communicate with the other web servers in the network

without the need of any additional software, hence is capable of installing certificates on to the remote servers automatically. The important aspect is that the all the servers should be able to connect to CCM.

- To download the Certificate Controller Agent setup file, click 'Download Agent' from the Agents interface.

The screenshot shows the Comodo Certificate Manager interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Dashboard', 'Certificates', 'Discovery', 'Code Signing on Demand', and 'Reports'. Below this, there are tabs for 'Network Assets', 'Discovery Tasks', and 'Agents'. The 'Agents' tab is active, showing a table with columns: NAME, ALTERNATIVE NAME, ORGANIZATION, DEPARTMENT, ACTIVE, and STATUS. A table row is visible with 'Agent Comodo SE 76', 'Comodo SE', and a checked 'ACTIVE' box. A red circle highlights the 'Download Agent' button in the toolbar above the table. A red arrow points from this button to a 'Download' dialog box. The dialog box contains the following text: 'After the download has been completed, please install the Agent. In the event that you already have an Agent configured, you can edit existing data.' Below this text are two dropdown menus: 'Organization*' with 'Dithers Organization' selected, and 'Department*' with 'ANY' selected. Underneath is a section titled 'Please select your Operating System' with three radio buttons: 'Windows' (selected), 'Linux x86', and 'Linux x64'. At the bottom of the dialog are 'Download' and 'Cancel' buttons.

- Select the Organization/Department(s) for which you want to use the Certificate Controller Agent for auto-installation and discovery of certificates and choose Windows version or Linux version of the Agent setup file depending on the Operating system of the server.
- Click 'Download' and browse to the location where you want to save the setup file.
- The certificate controller / agent needs administrative privileges for installation. To install the Agent, right click on the setup file and select 'Run as Administrator' and follow the setup instructions in the wizard. If you are installing the Linux version of the Agent, run the installation from the command line.
- On completion of installation, the Agent will be added to the CCM interface.



The screenshot shows the 'Agents' tab in the Comodo Certificate Manager interface. The table below lists the discovered agents:

	NAME	ALTERNATIVE NAME	ORGANIZATION	DEPARTMENT	ACTIVE	STATE	VERSION	
<input type="radio"/>	Agent Comodo SE 76		Comodo SE		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	N/A	1.9	
<input type="radio"/>	Agent Comodo SE 91		Comodo SE		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Connected	2.0	
<input type="radio"/>	Agent Comodo SE 92		Comodo SE		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Not connected	2.0	
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Agent Dithers Organization 94		Dithers Organization		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Connected	2.0	

- The next step is to configure the Agent to:
 - apply for and install SSL certificates on the local server
 - apply for and install SSL certificates on the remote servers in the network
 - scan the internal network by linking it to the CIDR created under the Certificate Discovery tab for internal scanning, by specifying the IP Range of the internal network
- To Edit the Agent Properties, click the 'Edit' button at the top after selecting the Agent

Edit Agent (Last activity: a moment ago)
✕

Common
CIDR Ranges
Servers

*-required fields

Name*

Version 1.7

IP address

Local configuration URI <https://10.108.17.117:9090> ⓘ

Alternative Name

Active

Auto update Enabled

Organization*

Department*

Secret Key (min 10 symbols)*

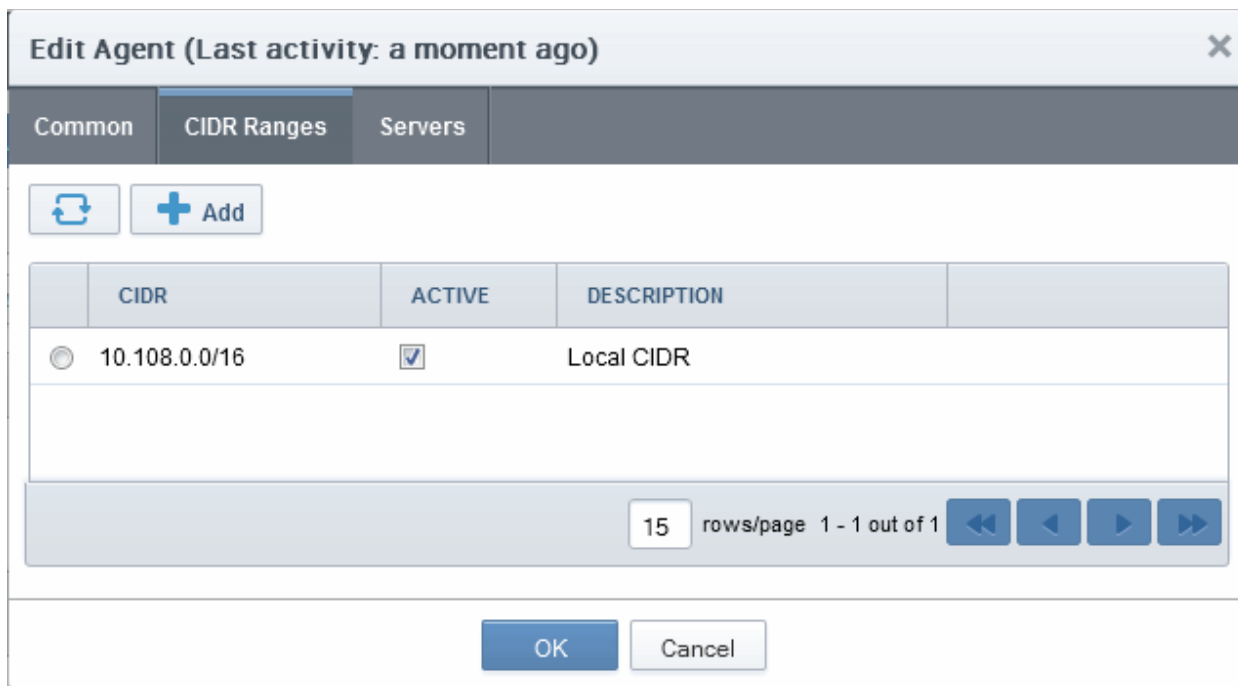
Keystore password pboF0KeYb7

Comments

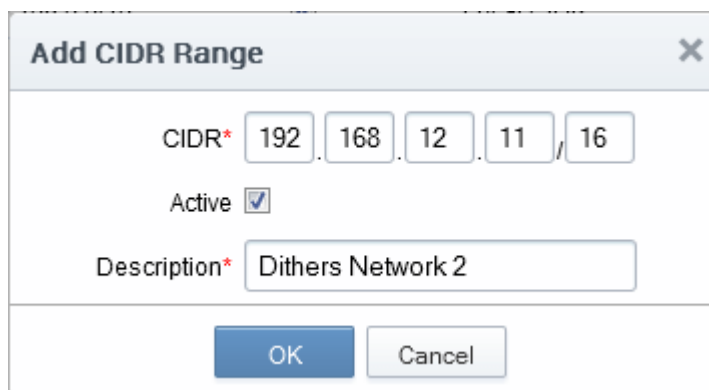
Edit Agent > Common Tab - Table of Parameters		
Field Name	Type	Description
Name	String	Enables the Administrator to edit the name of the Certificate Controller Agent.
Version		Displays the version number of the Agent
IP Address		Displays the IPv6 Loopback address, IPv4 loopback address, IPV6 IP Address IPv4 IP Address physical address of the server on which the agent is installed

Edit Agent > Common Tab - Table of Parameters		
Local Configuration URL		Displays the IP of the server in which the agent is installed. This URL is used to access the agent via a web browser for managing. Refer to the section Configuring the Certificate Controller Agent through Web Interface for more details.
Alternative Name	<i>String</i>	Enables the Administrator to specify an alternative name for the Agent
Active	<i>Checkbox</i>	Enables the Administrator to switch the Agent between active state and inactive state.
Auto update	<i>String</i>	Indicates whether the agent is enabled for auto update
Organization	<i>Drop-down list</i>	Enables the Administrator to change the Organization associated with the CD Agent.
Department	Drop-down list	Enables the Administrator to change the Department associated with the Agent.
Secret Key	<i>String</i>	Displays the secret key generated by the Agent to authenticate itself to Remote Comodo CM server. The secret key must have 10 characters. The administrator can copy and save the secret key in a safe location for use in a new agent, in case the agent has to be reinstalled in the same server, to authenticate itself to the CCM server for scanning the same internal network.
Keystore password	<i>String</i>	Displays the key store password generated by the Agent. The administrator can copy and save the secret key store password in a safe location for use in a new agent, in case the agent has to be reinstalled in the same server.
Comments	<i>String</i>	Enables the Administrator to type a descriptive comment on the purpose of the Agent

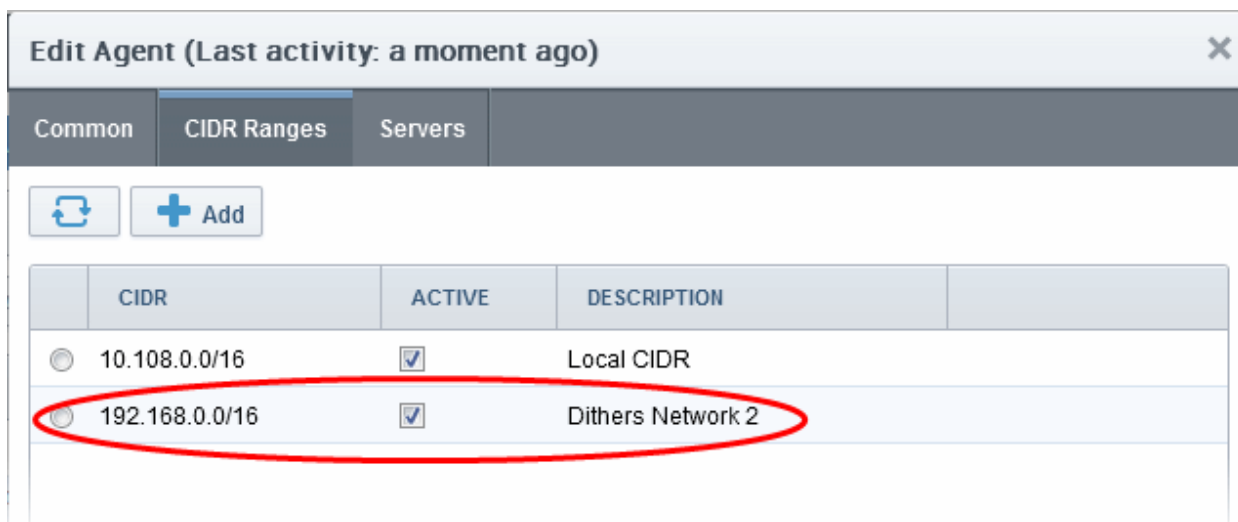
- Edit the values if required. To edit the CIDR ranges, click the 'CIDR Ranges' tab. The CIDR Ranges tab will open.



- To add a new CIDR range, click 'Add'. The 'Add CIDR Range' dialog will open.



- Enter the internal IP address range to be scanned, set whether the Agent is to be Active and type a description for the range in the dialog and click OK. The CIDR Range will be added in the 'CIDR Ranges' tab.



You can add as many ranges as you want by repeating the same procedure.

- To edit an existing CIDR range, select it and click 'Edit' from the top. The Edit CIDR Range dialog will open.

- To delete an existing CIDR range, select it and click 'Delete'. The confirmation dialog will open.
- To configure servers for auto-installation of certificates and scanning by the agent, click the 'Servers' tab.

	NAME	VENDOR	STATE
<input type="radio"/>	Server IIS Dithers Company	Microsoft IIS 7.x	Active
<input type="radio"/>	Server Tom Dithers	Apache Tomcat 5.x, 6.x, 7.x	Inactive

The Servers tab displays the list of Servers for which the agent is configured for auto-installation of certificates. On installation, the agent discovers the server upon which it is installed and adds it to the list automatically, enabling auto-installation of certificates on it.

You can edit the properties of the server by selecting it and clicking the Edit button from the top.

Edit Web Server - Table of Parameters

Field Name	Type	Description
Name	<i>String</i>	Enables the Administrator to edit the name of the Server.
Vendor	<i>Drop-down list</i>	Enables the Administrator to select the vendor of the server.
Path to web server	<i>String</i>	Enables the Administrator to specify the network path for Apache. This is required only if Apache is not from the CCM console.
State		Indicates whether or not the server is connected to CCM.
Remote	<i>Checkbox</i>	Enables the Administrator to specify whether the server is local or remote. For the server in which the agent is installed, the checkbox should remain un-selected.

Configuring the Certificate Controller for Automatic Certificate Installation on Remote Servers

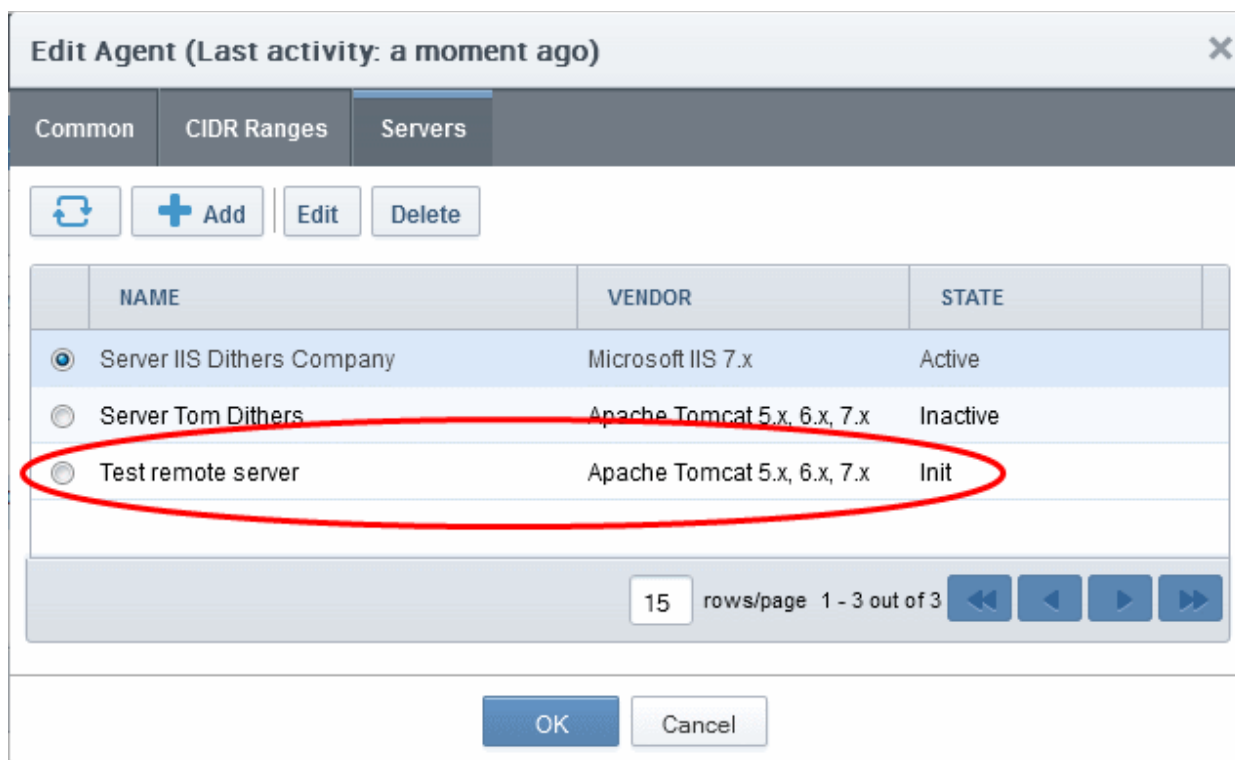
You can add other remote servers in the network to enable the agent to communicate with them. The agent polls CCM periodically for certificate requests for the added remote servers. If a request exists, it will automatically generate a CSR on the web server and present the application for administrator approval via the CCM interface. On approval, the agent will submit the CSR to Comodo CA and track the order number. Once the certificate is issued by the CA, the agent will download the certificate and allow the administrator to install the certificate from the CCM interface.

To add a remote server to the agent

- Select the agent and click the 'Edit' but at the top and move to the 'Servers' tab by clicking Next two times in the 'Edit Agents' dialog
- Click 'Add' under the 'Servers' tab in the 'Edit Agent' dialog

Add Web Servers - Table of Parameters		
Field Name	Type	Description
Name	String	Enter the name of the server.
Vendor	drop-down	Choose the vendor of the server.
State	String	Indicates whether or not the server is initialized.
Path to Web Server	String	Enables the Administrator to specify the network path for remote Apache 2.x and Tomcat servers. This is required only if Apache server is not accessible from the CCM console.
Remote	Checkbox	Enables the Administrator to specify whether the server is Remote or Local. While adding remote servers for agent-less automatic certificate installation, this checkbox should be selected.
IP Address / Port	String	Specify the IP address and connection port of the server for remote connection. Note: This field will be enabled only if 'Remote' is selected.
User Name	String	Specify the username of the administrator for logging-into the server. Note: This field will be enabled only if 'Remote' is selected.
Password	String	Specify the log-in password for the administrator account for logging-into the server Note: This field will be enabled only if 'Remote' is selected.

- Enter the parameters and click 'OK'.



The remote server will be added with the state 'Initialized'.

- Click 'OK' in the 'Edit Agent' dialog to save your changes.

The agent will discover the newly added server and connect to it within a few minutes and the state will be changed to 'Connected'.

The Agent, is now configured to auto-install the certificates in the remote server and to scan the internal network. The Agent authenticates itself to remote Comodo CM server via combination of the secret key and awaits further instructions. The Agent polls CCM every 1 minute to find out whether there are any instructions such as an instruction to 'Scan Now'. When the 'Scan Now' button is clicked, CCM will tell the agent which CIDRs to scan. The agent performs this scan and sends the results back.

The Agent properties can be configured through the Agent's web interface accessible by typing `http://<IP Address/host name of the server on which the agent is installed>:9090` in the browser address bar. The administrator can change the connection settings, polling interval, certificate management settings and server settings from the web interface. Refer to the section [Configuring the Certificate Controller Agent through Web Interface](#) for more details.

3. Go back to 'Certificates Discovery' tab and click 'Scan Now'. You can also schedule the scans to run periodically to discover the SSL certificates installed in the internal servers. See [Adding IP range and Start Scanning](#) for more details.
4. Certificate discovery results can be viewed by selecting the 'Discovery Scan Log' under the 'Reports' tab. Newly discovered certificates will be added to the 'SSL Certificates' area of 'Certificates Management'. All certificates will be assigned to the Organization that was specified for the agent in [Step 2](#).
 - See the section, [View Scan Results](#), for a more detailed account of scan reports and managing newly discovered certificates. Administrators that have not already done so may also want to familiarize themselves with the information in section [The SSL Certificates Area](#).

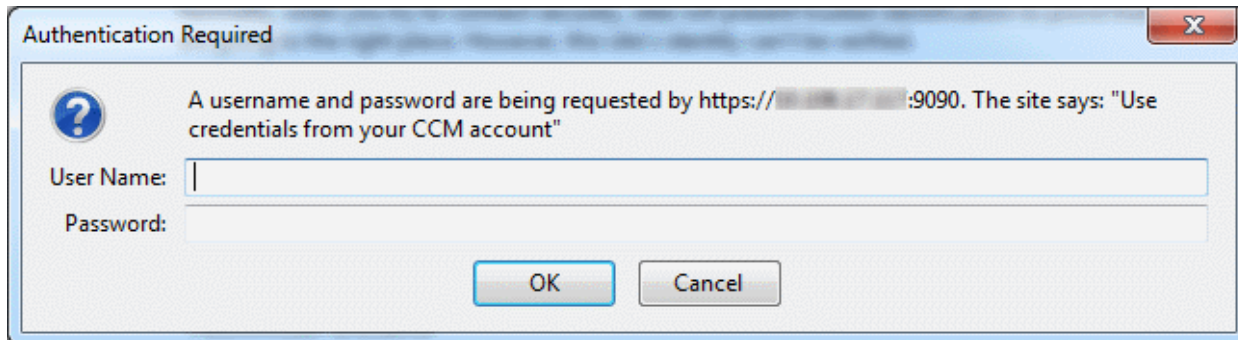
7.3.5 Configuring the Certificate Controller Agent through Web Interface

The Certificate Controller Agent can be configured by logging-in to its web-interface.

To access the Agent configuration web interface

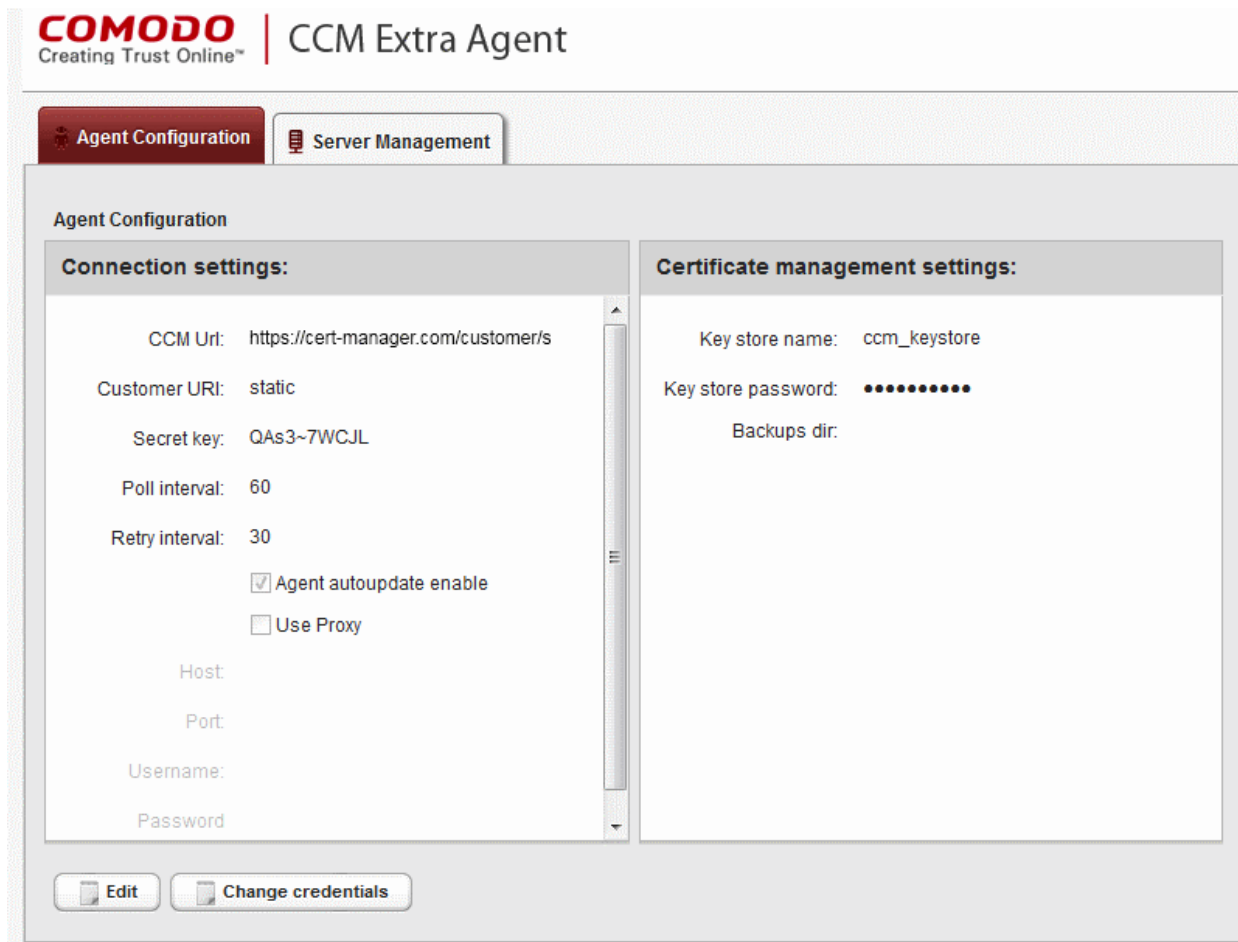
- Type `http://<IP Address/host name of the server on which the agent is installed>:9090` in the address of your browser.

The login dialog will appear:



- Enter your CCM username and password.

The Agent configuration interface will open.



It has two tabs:

- **Agent Configuration**
- **Server Management**

7.3.5.1 Agent Configuration

The Agent Configuration tab displays the connection management settings and certificate management settings of the agent and enables the administrator to edit them, if required.

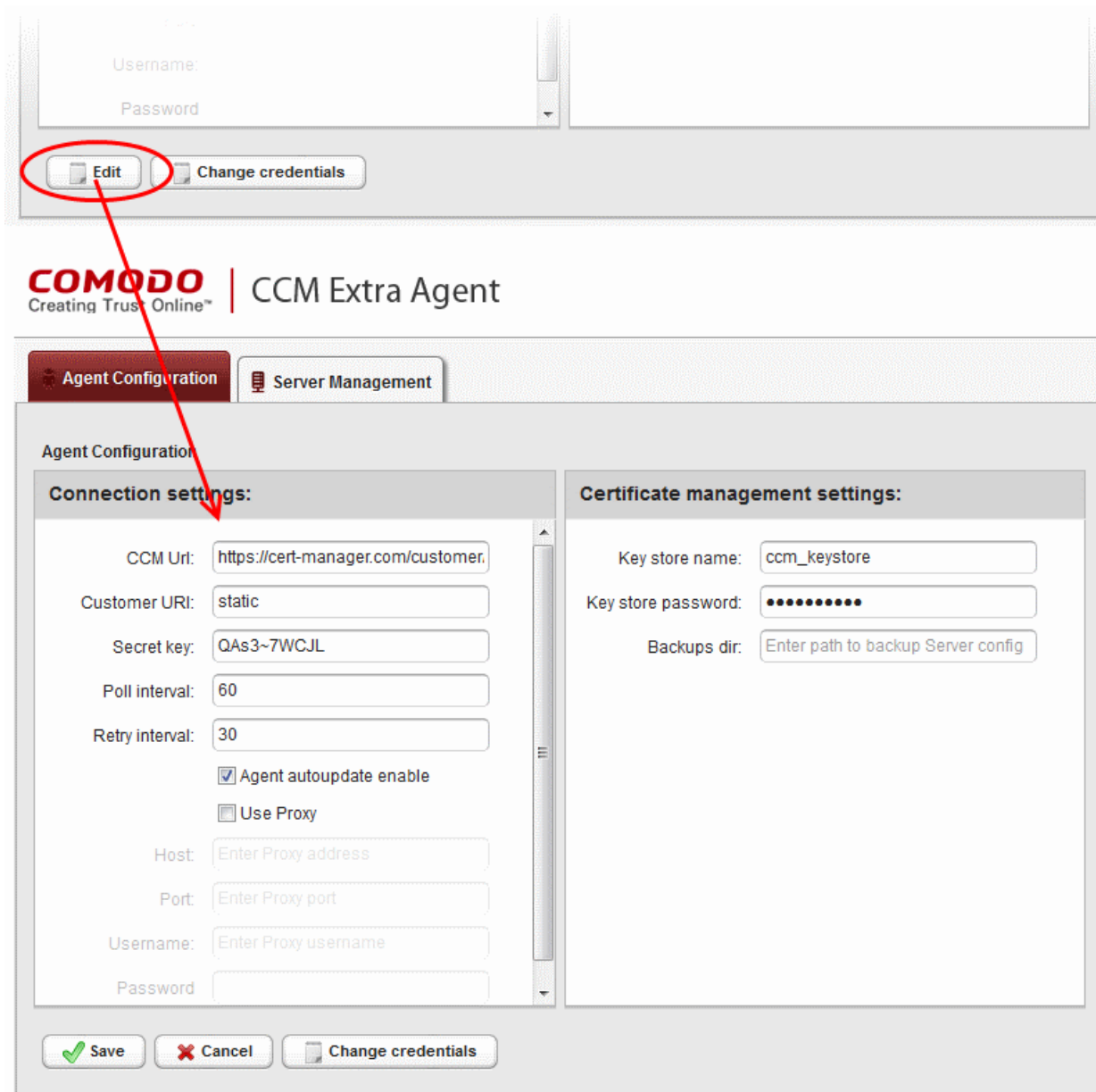
Agent Configuration - Table of Parameters

Field	Type	Description
Connection Settings		
CCM url	<i>Text field</i>	Displays the URL of CCM server
Customer URI	Text field	Displays the uniform resource identifier (URI) of the customer
Secret key	<i>Text field</i>	Displays the secret key unique to the agent, which it uses to identify it to CCM. This value should not be altered
Poll Interval	<i>Text field</i>	Displays the time interval at which the agent polls the CCM for new certificate requests (in seconds) and enables the administrator to edit it in edit mode.
Retry interval	<i>Text field</i>	Displays the time interval set for retrying polling on CCM server if polling fails (in seconds) and enables the administrator to edit it in edit mode.
Agent autoupdate enable	<i>Checkbox</i>	Indicates whether the agent is enabled for auto-update. The checkbox enables the administrator to switch the auto-update on/off in edit mode.

Use Proxy	<i>Checkbox</i>	Indicates whether the agent is configured to use a proxy server. The checkbox and the text fields below it enable the Administrator to instruct the agent to use proxy server and to specify the proxy server details, if required.
------------------	-----------------	---

Host	<i>Text field</i>	Displays the IP/Host name of the proxy server and enables the Administrator to specify it in edit mode
Port	<i>Text field</i>	Displays the port of the proxy server for the agent to connect and enables the Administrator to specify it in edit mode
Username	<i>Text field</i>	Displays the username of the administrator account to login to the proxy server and enables the Administrator to specify it in edit mode
Password	<i>Text field</i>	Displays the password of the administrator account to login to the proxy server and enables the Administrator to specify it in edit mode
Certificate Management Settings		
Key store name	<i>Text field</i>	The name of the CCM keystore file, pertaining to the agent. By default, it will be 'ccm_keystore'. The Administrator can edit it in the edit mode
Keystore password	<i>Text field</i>	The password to access the CCM keystore file. The Administrator can edit it in the edit mode
Backup dir	<i>Text field</i>	Displays the folder path for backup of keystore file. The Administrator can edit it in the edit mode.

- To edit the agent configuration settings, click the 'Edit' button at the bottom left. The Agent Configuration page will open in edit mode.



- Edit the required fields and click 'Save' for your changes to take effect.

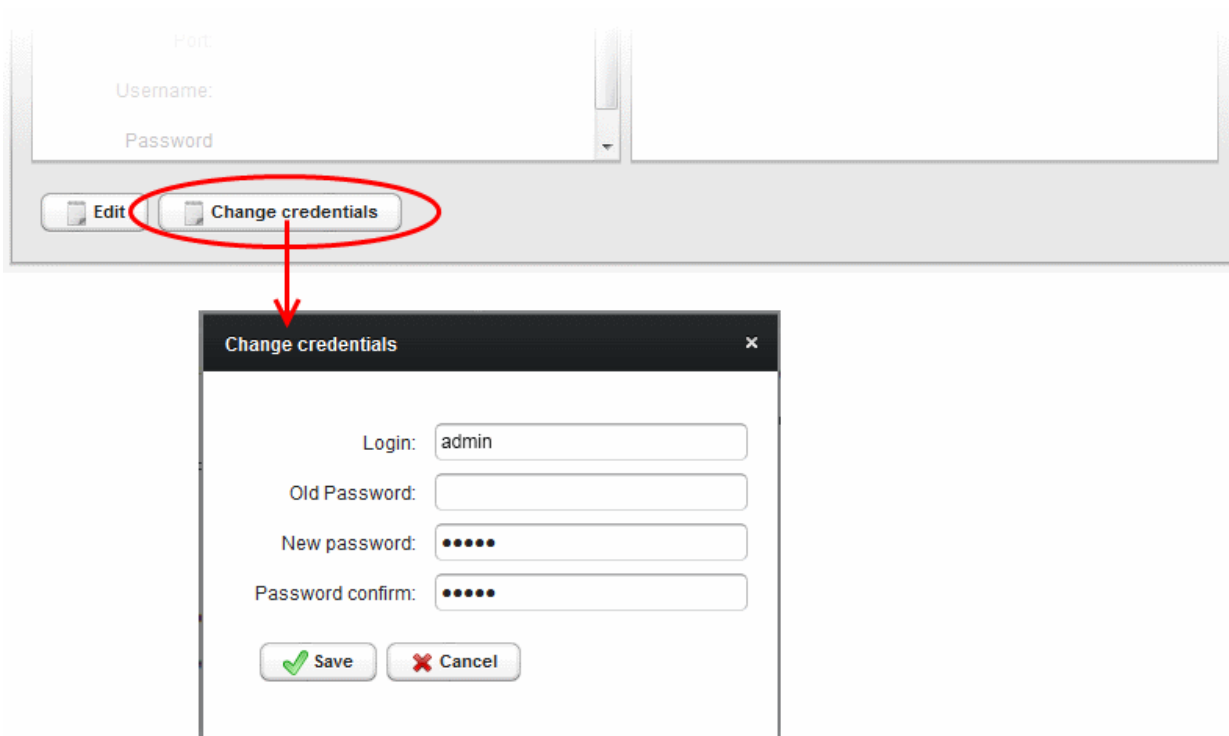
Changing Login Credentials for the Agents Configuration Console

By default, the administrator can use the username and password of their CCM account to login to the agent configuration. If needed, the administrator can change their username and password for the agent configuration console at any time.

To change the username and password

- Click 'Change credentials' from the agent configuration interface.

The 'Change Credentials' dialog will appear.

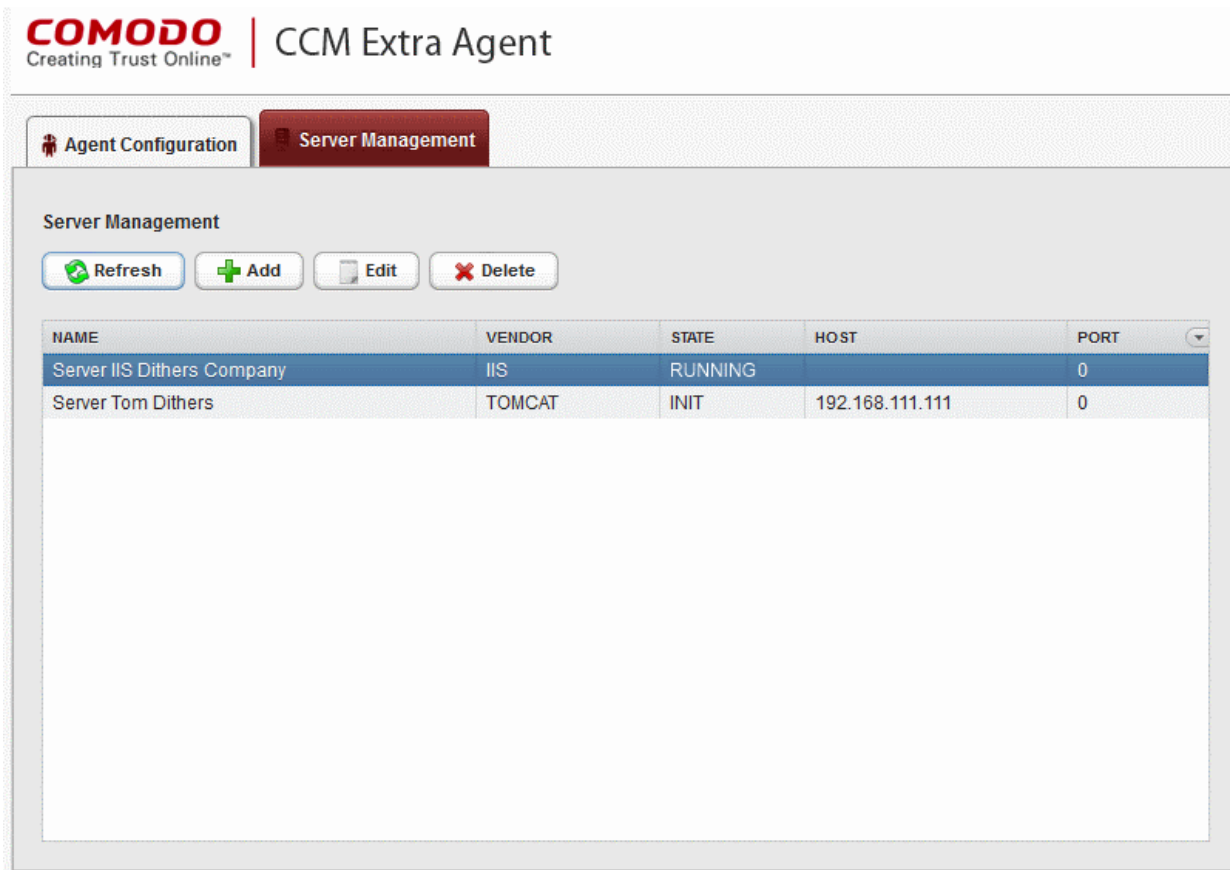


- To change your username, directly edit the Login field
- Enter your existing password in the 'Old Password' field
- Enter your new password in the New password field and reenter it for confirmation in the Password Confirmation field
- Click 'Save'

From the next login to the agent configuration console, you need to use the new username and password.

7.3.5.2 Server Management

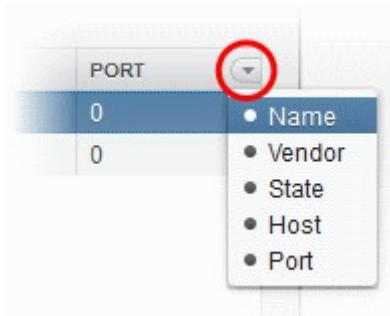
The Server Management tab enables the administrator to view, add and edit the servers for which the agent is configured.



The 'Server Management' tab displays the list of servers added to the agent with the vendor and activation status details. The administrator can add new servers and edit the details like the login username and password for the existing servers through this interface.

Column Display	Description
Name	Displays the name of the server.
Vendor	Displays the vendor of the server.
State	Indicates whether or not the server is initialized.
Host	Displays the IP address or the host name of the server for remote connection
Port	Displays the connection port of the server for remote connection.

Note: The administrator can enable or disable desired columns from the drop-down at the right end of the table header:



Controls		
	Add	Enables the Administrator to add a new server to the agent

	Refresh	Updates the list of displayed servers.
Server Controls Note: The Server control buttons will appear only on selecting a server.	Edit	Enables administrators to modify the Server configuration settings.
	Delete	Removes the Server.

To add a server

- Click 'Add' from the top left. The 'Add new server' dialog will appear.

The screenshot shows the 'Server Management' interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Agent Configuration' and 'Server Management'. Below the tabs, there are buttons for 'Refresh', 'Add', 'Edit', and 'Delete'. The 'Add' button is circled in red. Below the buttons is a table with columns: NAME, VENDOR, STATE, HOST, and PORT. The table contains two rows: 'Server IIS Dithers Company' (IIS, RUNNING, 0) and 'Server Tom Dithers' (TOMCAT, INIT, 192.168.111.111, 0). Below the table is a dialog box titled 'Add new server'. The dialog box has the following fields: 'Server name: *' (text input), 'Server vendor: *' (dropdown menu with 'TOMCAT' selected), 'Path: *optional* Enter path to tomcat' (text input), a 'Remote' checkbox, 'Host: Enter remote host ip' (text input), 'Port: 0' (text input), 'User name: Enter remote username' (text input), and 'Password:' (text input). At the bottom of the dialog box are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Add new server - Table of Parameters

Field Name	Type	Description
Server name	String	Enter the name of the server.

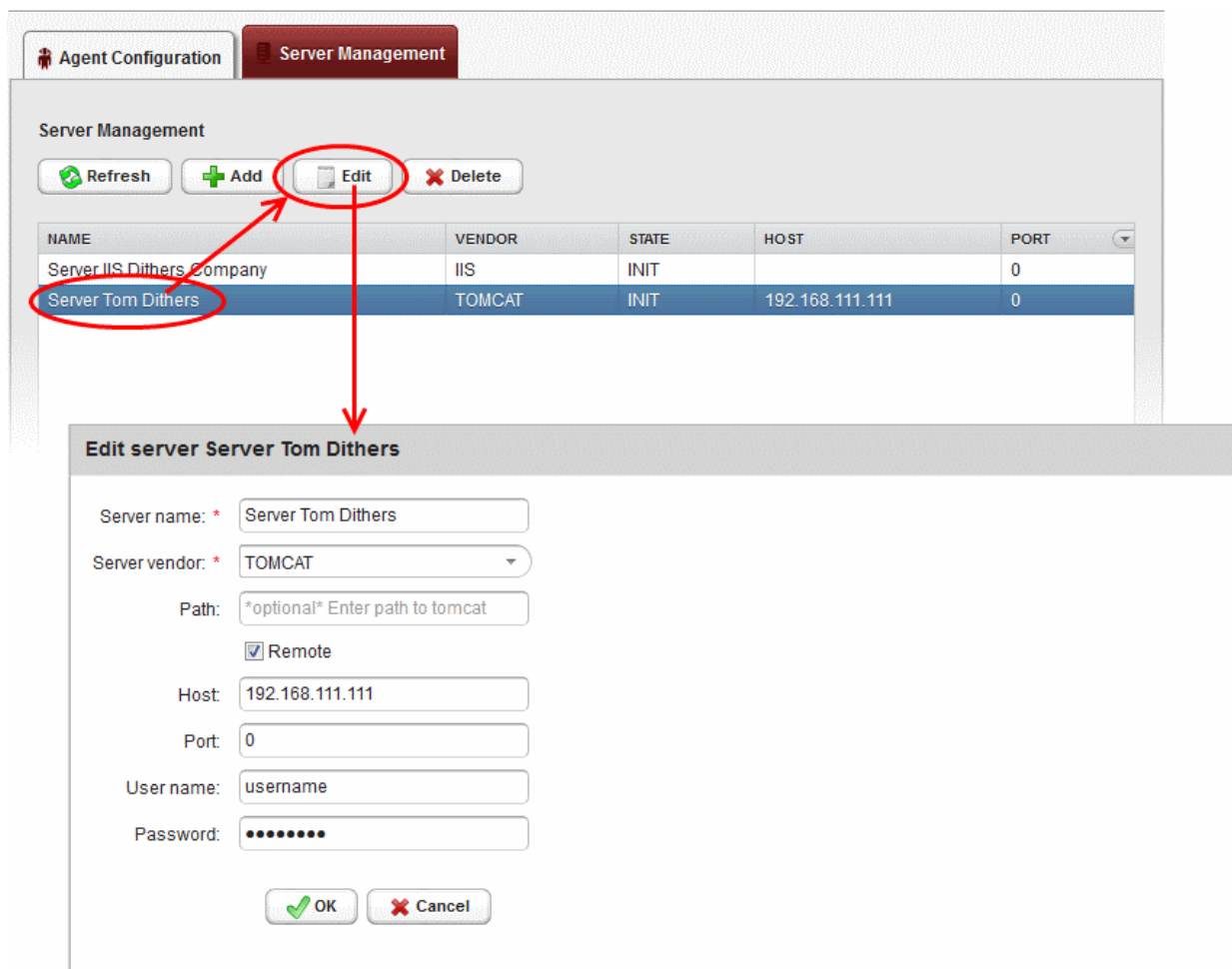
Add new server - Table of Parameters		
Server vendor	<i>drop-down</i>	Choose the vendor of the server from the drop-down.
Path	<i>String</i>	Specify the network path for the Tomcat server. This is required only if the Tomcat server is not accessible from the CCM console. Note: This field will appear only if Tomcat server is selected in the Server vendor drop-down.
Remote	<i>Checkbox</i>	Specify whether the server is Remote or Local. While adding remote servers for agent-less automatic certificate installation, this checkbox should be selected and the login credentials for an administrative account on the server are to be provided.
Host	<i>String</i>	Specify the IP address or host name of the server for remote connection. Note: This field will be enabled only if 'Remote' is selected.
Port	<i>String</i>	Specify the connection port of the server for remote connection. Note: This field will be enabled only for remote 'Tomcat' server.
User Name	<i>String</i>	Enter the username of the administrator for logging-into the server. Note: This field will be enabled only if 'Remote' is selected.
Password	<i>String</i>	Enter specify the log-in password for the administrator account for logging-into the server. Note: This field will be enabled only if 'Remote' is selected.

- Enter the parameters and click OK.

The new server will be added and enabled for automatic installation of SSL certificates and to run scans for certificate discovery.

To edit a server

- Select the server and click the 'Edit' button that appears on top.



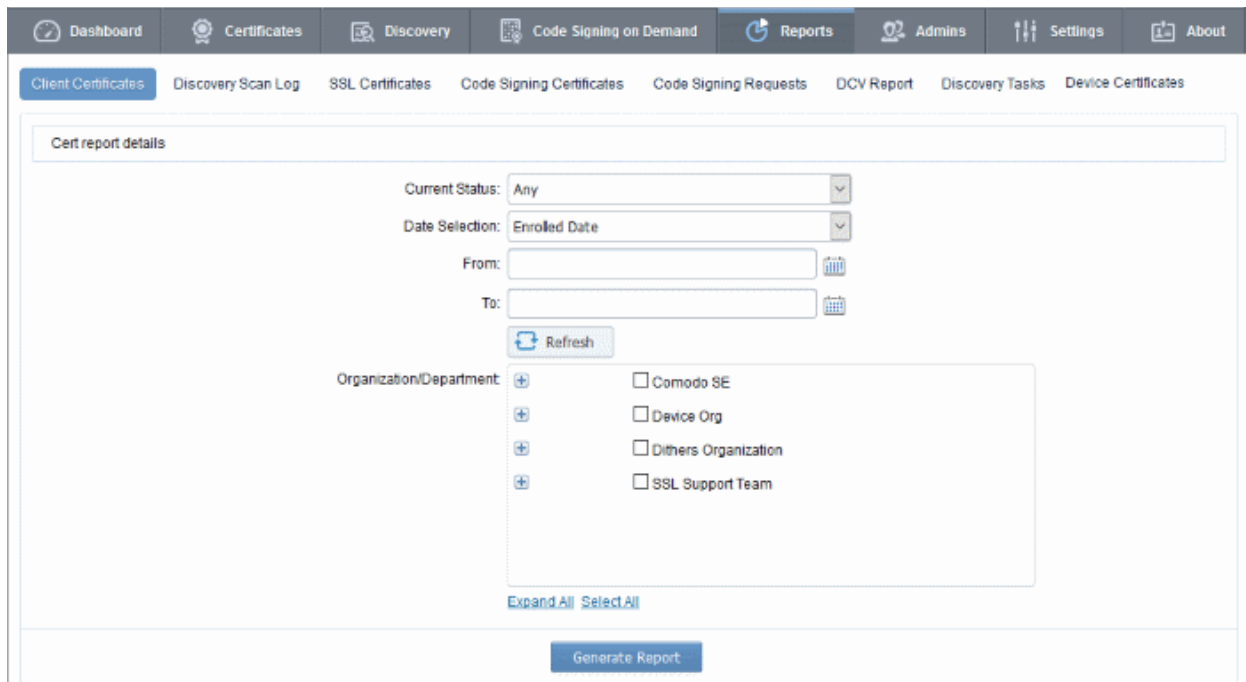
The Edit server dialog will open. The interface is similar to [Add new server](#) interface.

- Edit the required fields and click 'OK' for your changes to take effect.

8 Reports

8.1 Overview

The 'Reports' interface allows administrators to generate and view reports on the usage, provisioning and monitoring of SSL, Client, Code Signing and Device Certificates. There are a maximum of eight main types of reports available: Client Certificates report, Discovery Scan Log , SSL Certificates report, Code Signing Certificates report, Code Signing Requests report, DCV report, Discovery Tasks report and Device Certificates report.



Note: The options available in the drop-down depends on the privilege level of the administrator that is logged in:

- RAO/DRAO SSL admins - can see **Discovery Scan Log** and **SSL Certificates Logs, DCV Logs**;
- RAO/DRAO S/MIME admins - can see only **Client Certificates Logs**;
- RAO/DRAO Code Signing admins - can see only **Code Signing Certificates Logs**.
- RAO/DRAO Device Cert - can see only **Device Certificates** reports

Report Type	Description
Client Certificates	<p>Enables RAO/DRAO S/MIME administrators to generate and view reports regarding Client Certificate Activity. Reports are delivered in .csv format and can be filtered to show only certificates with a specific current status, namely:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any (all certificates of any status) • Enrolled - Downloaded • Enrolled - Pending Download • Revoked • Expired • Not Enrolled <p>The reports can be further sorted by Organization/Department, (status specific) Date and by Time Interval.</p>
Discovery Scan Log	<p>Enables RAO/DRAO SSL administrators to choose between a detailed or a summary reports, generate and view log reports from the scanning processes. Reports are delivered in .csv format.</p> <p>The reports can be further sorted by Organization/Department.</p>
SSL Certificates	<p>Enables RAO/DRAO SSL administrators to generate and view reports regarding SSL Certificate Activity. Reports are delivered in .csv format and can be filtered to show only</p>

Report Type	Description
	<p>certificates with a specific current status, namely:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any (all certificates of any status) • Requested • Issued • Revoked • Expired <p>The reports can be further sorted by Organization/Department, (status specific) Date and by Time Interval.</p>
Code Signing Certificates	<p>Enables RAO/DRAO Code Signing administrators to generate and view reports regarding Code Signing Certificate Activity. Reports are delivered in .csv format and can be filtered to show only certificates with a specific current status, namely:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any (all certificates of any status) • Enrolled - Downloaded • Enrolled - Pending Download • Revoked • Expired <p>The reports can be further sorted by Organization/Department, (status specific) Date and by Time Interval.</p>
Code Signing Requests	<p>Enables RAO/DRAO Code Signing Administrators to view reports containing the details of Code Signing on Demand (CSoD) requests and their activities. Reports are delivered in .csv format and can be filtered to show only certificates with a specific current status, namely:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any (<i>all requests of any status</i>) • Created • In Progress • Declined • Signed • Expired • Failed <p>The reports can be further sorted by Organization/Department, (status specific) Date and by Time Interval.</p>
DCV Report	<p>Enables RAO/DRAO SSL administrators to generate and view a report on registered domains with their Domain Control Validation (DCV) status. Reports are delivered in .csv format and can be filtered to show only certificates with a specific current status, namely:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any (all certificates of any status) • Not Started • Awaiting Submittal • Submitted • Validated • Validated Renewing

Report Type	Description
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Expired <p>The reports can be further sorted by Organization/Department, (status specific) Date and by Time Interval.</p> <p>Note: DCV Report will be available only if DCV feature has been enabled for your account.</p>
Discovery Tasks	Enables the RAO/DRAO SSL Administrators to generate reports on configured Discovery tasks. Reports are delivered in .csv format.
Device Certificates	<p>Enables administrators to generate and view reports regarding Device Certificates. Reports are delivered in .csv format and can be filtered to show only certificates with a specific status:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any (<i>all certificates of any status</i>) Requested Enrolled - Pending Download Issued Revoked Expired <p>The reports can be further sorted by Organization/Department, (status specific) Date and by Time Interval.</p>

8.2 Reports - Security Roles Access Table

The following table provides a summary of the ability of the administrators to generate different types of reports.

Report Type/Organization	RAO Administrator				DRAO Administrator			
	SSL	S/MIME	Code Signing	Device Cert	SSL	S/MIME	Code Signing	Device Cert
Client Certificates	x	✓	x	x	x	✓	x	x
Discovery Scan Log	✓	x	x	x	✓	x	x	x
SSL Certificates	✓	x	x	x	✓	x	x	x
Code Signing Certificates	x	x	✓	x	x	x	✓	x
Code Signing Requests	x	x	✓	x	x	x	✓	x
DCV Report	✓	x	x	x	✓	x	x	x
Discovery Tasks	✓	x	x	x	✓	x	x	x
Device Certificates	x	x	x	✓	x	x	x	✓

Scope	Can view reports for Organizations (and any sub-ordinate Departments) that have been delegated to them	Can view reports for Department that have been delegated to them
-------	--	--

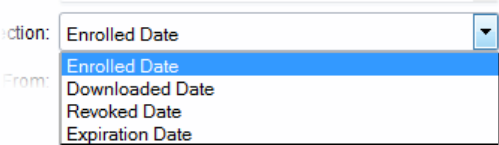
8.3 Client Certificates Reports

'Client Certificates' reports allow RAO/DRAO S/MIME administrators to generate and view reports related to the usage, provisioning and monitoring of client certificates. Administrators are able to filter reports by certificate status.

Once the 'Client Certificates' type of reports is selected the following form appears:

8.3.1 Report Type: Client Certificates - Table of Parameters

Form Element	Control	Description
Current Status	Drop-down list Status: Any action: Any, Enrolled - Downloaded, Enrolled - Pending Download, Revoked, Expired, Not Enrolled	Enables administrator to generate a report in .csv format for Client Certificates with a specific current status: Any - Generates a report for ALL client certificates regardless of their current status. Enrolled - Downloaded - Generates a report of only those client certificates that have been successfully enrolled for by the end-user and subsequently downloaded. Enrolled - Pending Download - Generates a report of only those client certificates that have been successfully enrolled for by the end-user but have not yet been downloaded.

Form Element	Control	Description
		<p>Revoked - Generates a report for client certificates that have been revoked.</p> <p>Expired - Generates a report only for client certificates that have expired and are due for renewal.</p> <p>Not Enrolled - Generates a report containing only those end-users that belong to an Organization and are listed in the 'Client Certificates' tab as a client certificate user but haven't enrolled for their client certificate.</p>
Date Selection	Drop-down list 	<p>Enables administrator to set a specific date for collecting a report. It can be date of certificate enrollment, date of certificate download, date of certificate revocation or expiration. The choices displayed on this drop-down menu is dependent on the status chosen in the 'Current Status' drop down.</p> <p>Clicking on the calendar buttons beside from: and To: text boxes enables the administrator to select a date range for which the report has to be generated.</p> <p>If no dates are specified, the report will be generated for all the scans, regardless of the dates.</p>
Organization/Department	Check-boxes	<p>Enables the administrator to generate reports for specific Organizations/Departments.</p> <p>If multiple Organizations/Departments are selected then the administrator will receive a single report that covers those selected Organizations/Departments. Each Organization will be displayed on a separate row in the 'Organizations' column and each Department will be displayed in a separate row in the 'Departments' column.</p> <p>Clicking on Expand All expands the tree structure to display all the Departments under each Organization.</p> <p>Clicking Select All will generate a report for ALL Organizations that were assigned to that administrator.</p> <p>If NO Organization/Department is selected, the report will be generated for all the Organizations/Departments, delegated to the specific administrator.</p>
Refresh	Control	Enables the administrator to update the information in the form.
Generate Report	Control	Starts the report generation.

8.4 Discovery Scan Log Reports

The 'Discovery Scan Log' option allows RAO/DRAO SSL administrators to generate and view log reports from discovery scans.

The administrator is able to select any one of the following two types of the Discovery Scan Log Reports:

- **Summary**
- **Detail**

8.4.1 Discovery Scan Log Report: Summary type

The Summary type discovery scan log report is generated for a specified time period. The .csv format report generated will have the following information corresponding to each scan run in the specified period:

- Certificate ID;
- Start Date;
- End Date;
- IP Ranges Scanned;
- IP addresses Scanned;
- SSL certificates Found;
- New SSL certificates Found;
- Comodo certificates Found;
- New Comodo SSL certificates Found;
- Other SSL certificates Found;
- New Other SSL certificates Found;
- Self-signed certificates Found;
- New Self-signed certificates Found;
- Scan Type (manual or scheduled);
- Completion Status: (Scan Completed | Scan Failed (if the scan is failed - the fail reason) | Scan Canceled by User);
- Reason for failure (in case of failed scan);
- The person who requested the scan (for manual scans);
- The person who canceled the scan (for manual and scheduled scans);
- Reason for canceling the scan (in case of canceled scan);
- Settings (CIDR range, port settings etc).

On selecting the Summary type, the following form appears.

8.4.1.1 Report Type: Discovery Scan Log :Summary - Table of Parameters

Form Element	Control	Description
Type	Radio buttons	Enables administrators to choose between a detailed report or a summary report. Both types are generated in .csv format.
Scan Date	Calendar buttons	Enables the administrator to generate a report in .csv format for Discovery Scan Log for a specified time period. Clicking on the calendar buttons beside from: and To: text boxes enables the administrator to select a date range for which the report has to be generated. If no dates are specified, the report will be generated for all the scans, regardless of the dates.
Organization	Drop-down	Enables the administrator to specify an Organization for which the discovery scan log has to be generated. Selecting 'Any' will generate a report for the Organizations that have been delegated to the specific administrator. This option is not visible to DRAO administrator.
Department	Drop-down	Enables the administrator to specify a Department belonging to the selected Organization for which the discovery scan log has to be generated. Selecting 'Any' will generate a report for the Departments belonging to the selected Organization. For DRAO admins, selecting 'Any' will generate a report for all the Departments that are delegated to him/her.
Generate Report	Control	Starts the report generation

8.4.2 Discovery Scan Log Report: Detail type

The Detail type discovery scan log report is generated for a specific manual or scheduled scan and will contain in-

depth details of the certificates found during the selected scan. The report generated in .csv format will contain the following information:

- Organization;
- Department;
- IP Address:Port;
- Common Name;
- Valid From;
- Valid to;
- Issuer;
- Subject
- Serial Number
- Subject Alt Name;
- City
- State
- Country;
- Key Algorithm;
- Key size;
- MD5 Hash;
- SH1 Hash;
- Date and Time found;
- Cipher.

On selecting the Detail type, a list of previously run manual/scheduled scans (up to last 10 scans with the most recent on top) are displayed. The administrator can select a scan by clicking on it to generate a detailed discovery scan log report.

Discovery report details

Type: Summary Detail

Organization: ANY

Department: ANY

DATE	STATUS	SSLs FOUND	REQUESTER
08/10/2016 17:09:00	Successful	1	Administrator MRAO
07/22/2016 18:55:22	Successful	1	Administrator MRAO
06/27/2016 21:57:23	Successful	13	Jay Boone
06/27/2016 21:49:01	Successful	11	Jay Boone
06/23/2016 15:36:49	Successful	251	Administrator MRAO
06/21/2016 17:45:34	Successful	251	Administrator MRAO

Generate Report

8.4.2.1 Report Type: Discovery Scan Log :Detail - Table of Parameters

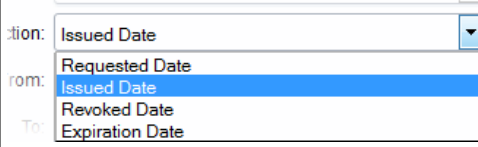
Form Element	Control	Description																				
Organization	Drop-down	<p>Enables the administrator to specify an Organization for which the discovery scan log has to be generated.</p> <p>Selecting 'Any' will generate a report for the Organizations that have been delegated to the specific administrator.</p> <p>This option is not visible to DRAO administrator.</p>																				
Department	Drop-down	<p>Enables the administrator to specify a Department belonging to the selected Organization for which the discovery scan log has to be generated.</p> <p>Selecting 'Any' will generate a report for the Departments belonging to the selected Organization. For DRAO admins, selecting 'Any' will generate a report for all the Departments that are delegated to him/her.</p>																				
List of most recent scans		<p>Enables the administrator to select a scan for which the detailed discovery scan report has to be generated. After selecting an entry from the list, click the 'Generate Report' button to generate the detailed report (.csv format).</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>DATE</th> <th>STATUS</th> <th>SSL S FOUND</th> <th>REQUESTER</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>10/01/2013 21:44:09</td> <td>Successful</td> <td>5</td> <td>admin 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/10/2013 20:20:41</td> <td>Successful</td> <td>5</td> <td>admin 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/09/2013 21:48:08</td> <td>Successful</td> <td>5</td> <td>admin 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/04/2013 20:35:57</td> <td>Successful</td> <td>5</td> <td>admin 1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	DATE	STATUS	SSL S FOUND	REQUESTER	10/01/2013 21:44:09	Successful	5	admin 1	09/10/2013 20:20:41	Successful	5	admin 1	09/09/2013 21:48:08	Successful	5	admin 1	09/04/2013 20:35:57	Successful	5	admin 1
DATE	STATUS	SSL S FOUND	REQUESTER																			
10/01/2013 21:44:09	Successful	5	admin 1																			
09/10/2013 20:20:41	Successful	5	admin 1																			
09/09/2013 21:48:08	Successful	5	admin 1																			
09/04/2013 20:35:57	Successful	5	admin 1																			
Generate Report	Control	Starts the report generation.																				

8.5 SSL Certificates Reports

The 'SSL Certificates' option enables the RAO/DRAO SSL administrators to generate and view reports that reflect an activity and other statistics related to usage, provisioning and monitoring of SSL certificates. The administrator is able to generate the following types of reports: Requested, Issued, Revoked and Expired SSL certificates. Additionally, there is an ability to filter the certificates by date of request, issuance, revocation or expiration. Once the 'SSL Certificates' type of reports is selected the following form appears:

8.5.1 Report Type: SSL Certificates - Table of Parameters

Form Element	Control	Description
Current Status	Drop-down list status: Any action: Any From: Requested Issued Revoked Expired	Enables the administrator to generate a report in .csv format for SSL certificate with a specific current status: Any - Generates a report for ALL SSL certificate types regardless of their current status. Requested - Generates a report only for SSL certificates that have been requested. Issued - Generates a report of those SSL certificates that have been issued successfully. Revoked - Generates a report only for SSL certificates that have been revoked.

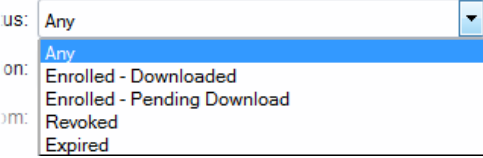
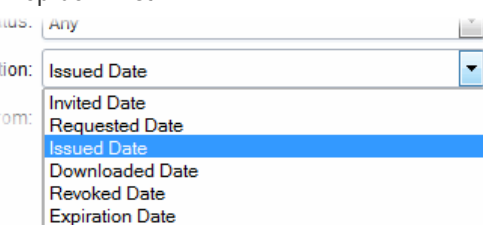
Form Element	Control	Description
		Expired - Generates a report only for SSL certificate types that have expired and are due for renewal.
Date Selection	Drop-down list 	Enables the administrator to set a specific date parameter for the report. The parameters are Issued Date, Requested Date, Revoked Date and Expiration Date. The choices displayed on this drop-down menu is dependent on the status chosen in the 'Current Status' drop down. Clicking on the calendar buttons beside from: and To: text boxes enables the administrator to select a date range for which the report has to be generated. If no dates are specified, the report will be generated for all the scans, regardless of the dates.
Organization/Department	Check-boxes	Enables the administrator to specify reports containing SSL certificates belonging to particular Organizations/Departments. If multiple Organizations/Departments are selected then the administrator will receive a single report that covers those selected Organizations/Departments. Each Organization will be displayed on a separate row in the 'Organizations' column and each Department will be displayed in a separate row in the 'Departments' column. Clicking on Expand All expands the tree structure to display all the Departments under each Organization. Clicking on Select All will generate a report for ALL Organizations that were assigned to that administrator. If NO Organization/Department is selected, the report will be generated for all the Organizations/Departments, delegated to the specific administrator.
Refresh	Control	Enables administrator to update the information in the form.
Generate Report	Control	Starts the report generation.

8.6 Code Signing Certificates Report

The 'Code Signing Certificates' option enables the RAO/DRAO Code Signing administrators to generate and view reports that reflect an activity and other statistics related to usage, provisioning and monitoring of Code Signing certificates. The administrator is able to filter the reports by certificate status. The certificate statuses can be Any, Enrolled - Downloaded, Enrolled - Pending Download, Revoked and Expired. Reports can also be filtered by Organization, status specific dates and time interval. Once the 'Code Signing Certificates' type of reports is selected the following form appears:

8.6.1 Report Type: Code Signing Certificates - Table of Parameters

Form Element	Control	Description
Current Status	Drop-down list	Enables administrator to generate a report in .csv format for Code Signing Certificates with a specific current status: Any - Generates a report for ALL Code Signing certificates regardless of their current status. Does

Form Element	Control	Description
		<p>not display any SSL certificates.</p> <p>Enrolled - Downloaded - Generates a report of those Code Signing certificates that have been successfully enrolled for by the End-User and subsequently downloaded.</p> <p>Enrolled - Pending Download - Generates a report of those Code Signing certificates that have been successfully enrolled for by the End-User but have not yet been downloaded.</p> <p>Revoked - Generates a report for Code Signing certificates that have been revoked.</p> <p>Expired - Generates a report only for Code Signing certificates that have expired and are due for renewal.</p>
Date Selection		<p>Enables administrator to set a specific date for collecting a report. It can be date of sending invitation by the administrator, certificate enrollment, date of certificate request, date of certificate issuance, download, date of certificate revocation or expiration. The choices displayed on this drop-down menu is dependent on the status chosen in the 'Current Status' drop down.</p> <p>Clicking on the calendar buttons beside from: and To: text boxes enables the administrator to select a date range for which the report has to be generated.</p> <p>If no dates are specified, the report will be generated for all the scans, regardless of the dates.</p>
Organization/Department	Check-boxes	<p>Enables the administrator to generate reports for specific Organizations/Departments.</p> <p>If multiple Organizations/Departments are selected then the administrator will receive a single report that covers those selected Organizations/Departments. Each Organization will be displayed on a separate row in the 'Organizations' column and each Department will be displayed in a separate row in the 'Departments' column.</p> <p>Clicking on Expand All expands the tree structure to display all the Departments under each Organization.</p> <p>Clicking Select All will generate a report for ALL Organizations that were assigned to that administrator.</p> <p>If NO Organization/Department is selected, the report will be generated for all the Organizations/Departments, delegated to the</p>

Form Element	Control	Description
		specific administrator.
Refresh	Control	Enables the administrator to update the information in the form.
Generate Report	Control	Starts the report generation.

8.7 Code Signing Requests Report

The 'Code Signing Requests' tab enables the RAO/DRAO Code Signing administrators to generate and view reports that reflect an activity and other statistics related to requests made for Code Signing on Demand (CSoD) by developers enrolled for their Organizations/Departments. The administrator is able to filter the reports by the request status. The statuses can be Any, Created, In progress, Declined, Signed, Expired and Failed. Reports can also be filtered by Organization, status specific dates and time interval.

Note: The Code Signing Requests reports tab will be available only if CSoD feature is enabled for your account.

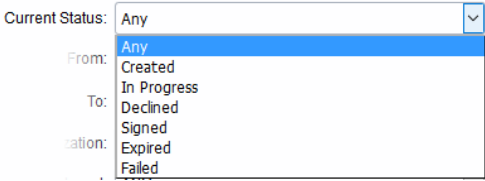
Once the 'Code Signing Requests' type of reports is selected the following form appears:

The screenshot shows the 'Code Signing Requests' report generation interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with three tabs: 'Discovery', 'Code Signing on Demand', and 'Reports'. Below this, there are four sub-tabs: 'SSL Certificates', 'Code Signing Certificates', 'Code Signing Requests', and 'DCV Reports'. The 'Code Signing Requests' tab is currently selected and highlighted in blue. Below the sub-tabs, there is a form with the following fields:

- Current Status:** A dropdown menu with 'Any' selected.
- From:** A date input field with a calendar icon.
- To:** A date input field with a calendar icon.
- Organization:** A dropdown menu with 'ANY' selected.
- Department:** A dropdown menu with 'ANY' selected.

At the bottom of the form, there is a blue button labeled 'Generate Report'.

8.7.1 Report Type: Code Signing Requests - Table of Parameters

Form Element	Control	Description
Current Status	Drop-down list 	Enables administrator to generate a report in .csv format for Code Signing Certificates with a specific current status: Any - Generates a report for ALL Code Signing Certificates regardless of their current status. Does not display any SSL certificates. Created - Generates a report of those Code Signing Requests that are with 'Created' status. In progress - Generates a report of those Code Signing Requests that are in progress status. Declined - Generates a report of those Code Signing Requests that were declined by MRAO or RAO/DRAO Code Signing admins status. Signed - Generates a report of those Code Signing Requests that were declined by MRAO or RAO/DRAO Code Signing admins status. Expired - Generates a report of those Code Signing Requests that were expired. Failed - Generates a report of those Code Signing Requests that were failed.
Date Selection	Drop-down list	Enables administrator to set a period for report generation. Clicking on the calendar buttons beside From: and To: text boxes enables the administrator to select a date range for which the report has to be generated.
Organization/ Department	Drop-downs	Enables the administrator to generate reports for specific Organizations/Departments. If NO Organization/Department is selected, the report will be generated for all the Organizations/Departments, delegated to the specific administrator.
Generate Report	Control	Starts the report generation.

8.8 DCV Report

The 'DCV Report' option enables RAO/DRAO SSL administrators to generate and view reports that contain a list of all domains with their validation status and expiration of the DCV process. The administrator is able to filter the reports based on the DCV status. The DCV status can be Any, Awaiting Submittal, Submitted, Validated, Validated Renewing and Expired. Reports can also be filtered by Organization/Department, specific dates and time interval.

Once the 'DCV Report' type of reports is selected the following form appears:

8.8.1 Report Type: DCV Report - Table of Parameters

Form Element	Control	Description
Current Status	Drop-down list us: ANY im: ANY To: Not Started Awaiting Submittal Submitted Validated Expired	Enables the administrator to generate a report in .csv format for DCV report of Domains with a specific current DCV status: Any - Generates a report for Domains regardless of their current status. Not Started - Generates a report on domains that have been added to CCM but have not yet started the DCV process Awaiting Submittal - Generates a report only for Domains that are being waiting for submission of DCV request to the Domain administrator. Submitted - Generates a report only for Domains for which DCV request has been submitted. Validated - Generates a report on domains that

Form Element	Control	Description
		<p>have been successfully validated.</p> <p>Validated Renewing - Generates a report only for Domains that require renewal of Validation.</p> <p>Expired - Generates a report only for Domains for which the DCV request has expired.</p>
Expiration Date		<p>Enables the administrator to set an expiration date range for DCV request to generate a report on Domains whose DCV request is expiring within the date range.</p> <p>Clicking on the calendar buttons beside From: and To: text boxes enables the administrator to select a date range for which the report has to be generated.</p> <p>If no dates are specified, the report will be generated for all Domain Control Validated domains, regardless of the dates.</p>
Organization/Department	Check-boxes	<p>Enables the administrator to select Organizations/Departments to generate report on Domains of specific Organizations/Departments.</p> <p>If multiple Organizations/Departments are selected then the administrator will receive a single report that covers those selected Organizations / Departments. Each Organization will be displayed on a separate row in the 'Organizations' column and each Department will be displayed in a separate row in the 'Departments' column.</p> <p>Clicking on Expand All expands the tree structure to display all the Departments under each Organization.</p> <p>Clicking on Select All will generate a report for ALL Organizations that were assigned to that administrator.</p> <p>If NO Organization/Department is selected, the report will be generated for all the Organizations/Departments, delegated to the specific administrator.</p>
Refresh	Control	Enables administrator to update the information in the form.
Run	Control	Starts the report generation.

8.9 Discovery Tasks Report

The 'Discovery Tasks' tab allows RAO/DRAO SSL Administrators to generate and view reports on Discovery Tasks, configured for their Organization(s) and Department(s). Once the 'Discovery Tasks' type of reports is selected, the following form appears:

The screenshot shows the 'Reports' section of the Comodo Certificate Manager interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Code Signing on Demand', 'Reports', 'Admins', 'Settings', and 'About'. Below this, the 'Discovery Tasks' tab is selected. The main content area contains a large empty text input field and a 'Generate Report' button.

- Click 'Generate Report' to download the report in .csv format.

8.10 Device Certificate Reports

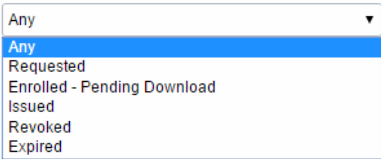
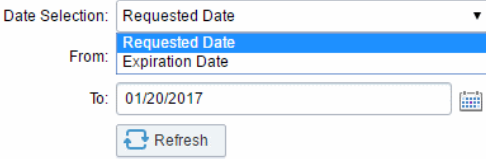
The 'Device Certificates' tab allows RAO/DRAO Device Cert administrators to generate and view reports about the request and issuance of device certificates. Administrators can filter reports by certificate status. Reports can also be filtered by Organization, status specific dates and time interval.

Once the 'Device Certificates' type of reports is selected the following form appears:

The screenshot shows the 'Device Certificates' report generation form. The top navigation bar includes 'Dashboard', 'Certificates', 'Discovery', 'Reports', 'Admins', 'Settings', and 'About'. Below this, the 'Device Certificates' tab is selected. The form is titled 'Device cert report details' and includes the following fields and controls:

- Current Status:** A dropdown menu set to 'Any'.
- Date Selection:** A dropdown menu set to 'Issued Date'.
- From:** A date input field with a calendar icon.
- To:** A date input field with a calendar icon.
- Refresh:** A button with a circular arrow icon.
- Organization/Department:** A list of expandable items: 'Advanced', 'Football', 'Bar', 'org1', and 'org2'.
- Expand All / Select All:** Links at the bottom of the list.
- Generate Report:** A button at the bottom of the form.

8.10.1 Report Type: Device Certificates - Table of Parameters

Form Element	Control	Description
Current Status	Drop-down list Current Status: 	Enables administrator to generate a report in .csv format for Client Certificates with a specific current status: Any - Generates a report for ALL device certificates regardless of their current status. Requested - Generates a report of only those device certificates that have been applied via self-enrollment and awaiting administrator approval. Enrolled - Pending Download - Generates a report of only those device certificates that have been approved by the administrator but have not yet been downloaded. Revoked - Generates a report for device certificates that have been revoked. Expired - Generates a report only for device certificates that have expired and are due for renewal.
Date Selection	Drop-down list Date Selection: 	Enables administrator to set a specific date for collecting a report. It can be date of certificate requisition, date of revocation or date of certificate expiration. The choices displayed on this drop-down menu is dependent on the status chosen in the 'Current Status' drop down. Clicking on the calendar buttons beside from: and To: text boxes enables the administrator to select a date range for which the report has to be generated. If no dates are specified, the report will be generated for all types, regardless of the dates.
Organization/ Department	Checkboxes	Enables the administrator to generate reports for specific Organizations/Departments. If multiple Organizations/Departments are selected then the administrator will receive a single report that covers those selected Organizations/Departments. Each Organization will be displayed on a separate row in the 'Organizations' column and each Department will be displayed in a separate row in the 'Departments' column. Clicking on Expand All expands the tree structure to display all the Departments under each Organization. Clicking Select All will generate a report for ALL Organizations that were assigned to that administrator. If NO Organization/Department is selected, the report will be generated for <i>all</i> the

Form Element	Control	Description
		Organizations/Departments, delegated to the specific administrator.
Refresh	Control	Enables the administrator to update the information in the form.
Generate Report	Control	Starts the report generation.

9 Version and Feature Information

The 'About' tab allows administrators to view CCM version information and to view which CCM features have been enabled.

- RAO admins - Can see features of the certificate types over which they have admin rights (RAO SSL, RAO Code Signing etc)
- DRAO admins - Can see features of the certificate types over which they have admin rights (DRAO SSL, DRAO Code Signing etc)

STATE		CLIENT CERTS	
Version	5.8	Allow Client Certs	Enabled
Extra Agent Version	2.2	Web API	Enabled
Private Key Agent Version	1.1	Allow principal name in certificates	Enabled
Code Signing on Demand Agent Version	2.3	Allow customization of principal name SAN field	Enabled
Active Directory Agent Version	2.0	Web Enrollment Type	
Balance (tokens)	0	Invitation	Enabled
		AccessCode	Enabled
		Secret ID	Disabled
		Auto Revoke	Enabled
		Allow Empty PIN	Disabled
		Allow send notification upon upload from csv	Disabled
DOMAIN			
Domain Dual Approval by MRAO	Disabled		
SSL CERTS			
Allow SSL	Enabled		
Web API	Enabled		
DCV Validation	Enabled		
CODE SIGNING CERTS			
Allow Code Signing Certificates	Enabled		
MaxTerm	1		

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10 My Profile

The 'My Profile' area contains a details summary for the Administrator that is currently logged into CCM. Administrators can view their login name, their full name, the email address that is associated with their account and their administrative role. The administrator can also change the interface language and their password from this interface.

To access this interface, click the username text link beside the 'Logged as' label at the top right side of the

interface.

Logged as: James RAO

My Profile

Login james_raj

Name James RAO

Email james@dithers.com

Role RAO Admin - Code Signing, RAO Admin - S/MIME, RAO Admin - SSL, RAO Admin - Device cert

Title

Telephone Number

Street

Locality

State/Province

Postal Code

Country

Relationship

Current locale en

Password

This area also allows the the Administrator to edit the following details:

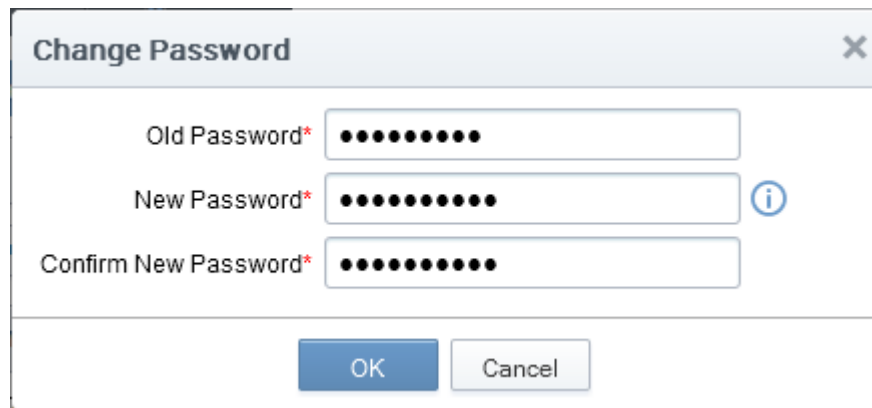
Address Details:

- Title
- Telephone Number
- Street
- Locality
- State/ Province
- Postal Code
- Country
- Relationship

Preferences:

- Interface Language - CCM interface is available in multiple languages. The 'Current locale' drop-down menu enables the administrators to change the interface language according to their preferences. The settings will take effect only on clicking the 'Save' button.

- Password - To change the administrators password, click the 'Change' button next to 'Password' label.



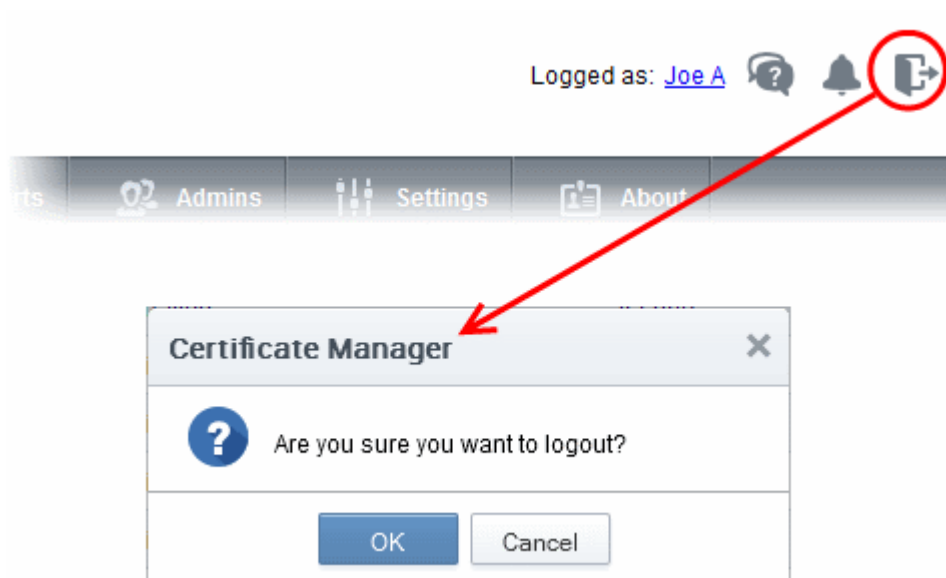
A dialog box titled "Change Password" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. It contains three input fields: "Old Password*", "New Password*", and "Confirm New Password*", each with a password mask (dots). To the right of the "New Password*" field is a blue information icon (i). At the bottom, there are two buttons: "OK" and "Cancel".

Hover the mouse cursor on the help button to view the password policy and change the password accordingly.

- Grid Settings - Click Reset to default to adjust the column widths and sorting preferences customized in various interfaces of CCM to default values.

11 Logging out of Comodo Certificate Manager

Administrator can log out from the interface by clicking on the 'Logout' button located at the top right side of the interface.



Appendix 1 - Private Certificates for Internal hosts

Many companies use publicly trusted SSL certificates from a certificate authority (CA) to secure internal hosts, reserved IP addresses and intranets. However, after November 1st 2015 CA's are no longer able to issue publicly trusted certificates that contain internal names. By November 1st 2016, all such certificates must be revoked. Companies that rely on these publicly trusted certificates for internal services risk service disruption, error messages, user confusion and loss of security.

Request New SSL Certificate

*-required fields

Organization* Comodo SE

Department* ANY

[Click here to edit address details](#)

Certificate Type* Private UCC

Certificate Term* One Year

Server Software* AOL

CSR

Provide CSR Autogenerate CSR and Manage Private Key

CSR*

Max CSR size is 32K

Common Name*

Subject Alternative Names
(optional, comma separated)

Requester James RAO

Private SSL certificates offer continuity by allowing businesses to continue using internal certificates with non-registered names. Under our Private CA system, Comodo will help you create your own private root certificate which is capable of signing end-entity certificate for all your internal servers and users. Once enabled, Private Certificates can be ordered by choosing 'Private UCC' when requesting a new certificate:

Private certificates use the same key sizes, signing algorithms, validity periods and CA protections as public certificates. After issuance, they can be managed, tracked and installed via CCM just like any other certificate type.

Features in brief:

- Create a private root for your company which is used to sign all internal server certificates
- Avoid the complexity, expense and risk involved with setting up an internal CA
- CCM discovers all internal certificates on company networks and allows you to seamlessly replace them
- Comodo expertly supports your deployment and makes sure your certificates are always in compliance with future regulations

If you would like to know more about the Private CA service, please speak to your Comodo account manager or contact us directly on 1-888-256-2608 / enterprisesolutions@comodo.com.

About Comodo

The Comodo organization is a global innovator of cybersecurity solutions, protecting critical information across the digital landscape. Building on its unique position as the world's largest certificate authority, Comodo authenticates, validates and secures networks and infrastructures from individuals to mid-sized companies to the world's largest enterprises. Comodo provides complete end-to-end security solutions across the boundary, internal network and endpoint with innovative technologies solving the most advanced malware threats, both known and unknown. With global headquarters in Clifton, New Jersey, and branch offices in Silicon Valley, Comodo has international offices in China, India, the Philippines, Romania, Turkey, Ukraine and the United Kingdom. For more information, visit comodo.com.

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